Saturday April 23 1983



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NATIONAL

The Director's

personal choice

BRITAINS

ENGINEERING INDUSTRY The hazards of recovery p22

THE CAR HIRE BUSINESS p23 Everyone is trying harder



NEWS SUMMARY

How to get a mortgage

GENERAL

Heseltine launches onslaught \$ loses on CND

Defence Secretary Michael Heseltine has stepped up his attacks on the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament, saying it is aimed at advancing the "Socialist and Communist"

cause. He has written to Tory cendidates in marginal seatswhich GND intends to contest -giving details of links, some CTOURS.

The letter compares CND " hovering members vultures" and says the "conpiracy of the left" .hs

Moscow problems

As Moscow celebrated the 113th anniversary of Lenin's birth-day, Polithuro member Konstantin Chernenko was missing from a ceremony, prompting speculation about his future. Meanwhile, three Soviet cosmonauts returned to earth after an aborted mission and Australia expelled a Soviet diplomat for apping. Page 2

italy's Socialist Party pulled out findex fe of the five-month-old coalition Page 27

government and called for a STERLING rose 20 points to Hitler's diaries The West German magazine Stern said it had found Adolf

extracts tomorrow.

Hitler's diaries for 1932 to 1945. The Sunday Times will publish Shultz flight

U.S. Secretary of State George

Shultz is flying to the Middle East to press for the withdrawal of foreign troops from Lebauon.

Bureaus praised Consumer Affairs Minister Dr

Gerard Vaughan praised Con-sumer Advice Bureaux and said they might get a bigger grant.

Death threat

FT correspondent Jimmy Burna . TERRY BURNS, the Governwas threatened with death if he did not leave Argentina in 24 hours, by the "April 2" nationalist group. Page 2

Nevada blast

Britain and the U.S. tested a 20-kiloton unclear bomb 870 ft below the Nevada desert.

SPG charges

A London magIstrate dismissed charges that seven Special members Group assaulted youths in the 1981 Brixton riots. It was incorrectly reported yesterday that they a 35-hour week. Page 4 were committed for trial.

Song odds Ladbrokes named Luxembourg 5-2 favourites to win today's

4-1 second favourites.

Striking beauty A beauty contest at a Marconl factory in Lincoln was called off because most of the 22 entrants plunged from losses of £92,000

are on strike over pay. Briefly . . . Twelve Poles fied from a cruise ship in Amsterdam.

Iceland goes to the polls today. rights issue. Page 24 Belrut embassy homb death toll rose to 53.

Polynesia; one woman died.

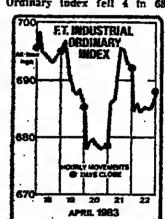
RISES

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

BUSINESS

Equities down 4; ground

• EQUITIES; the FT Indostrial Ordinary index fell 4 to 688



but was 13 points up on the Account. Page 30

• GILTS lest up to i in longs but falls were minor in mediums and shorts. Page 30

· WALL STREET was up 9.39 at 1,197.66 at 2 pm. Page 28

• DOLLAR fell to DM 2.4483 (DM 2.4555), SwFr 2.06 (SwFr 2.963) and FFr 7.34 (FFr 7.3625) but rose to Y236.8 (Y236.4) In trade-weighted index fell from 122.6 to 122.4.

(Y365) but slipped to DM 3.7875 (DM 3.7925), SwFr 3.185 (SwFr 3.1875) and FFr 11.345 (FFr 11.36). Its trade-weighted index was 83.2 (83.1), Page 27

• GOLD was unchanged at \$437.5 in London. Page 37

• OPEC is seeking talks with the Soviet Union on stabilising

the world oil market. Page 2 ENTERPRISE ZONES report will say they have not yet attracted much new investment. Page 4

• CIVIL ENGINEERING Contractors' leader Sandy Shand criticised the raising of private finance for road building merely lo reduce public spending.

ment's economic adviser, has been given a year's extension to bis appointment. Back Page

 BL'S high production costs are a major factor behind high car prices in Britain says an

EEC report. Page 3 • ENGINEERING companies have begun to report a growing

number of industrial disputes, believed to be a sign of greater resistance to redundancies and low pay deals. Back Page

 ENGINEERING workers are to press ahead with claims for

 ICI workers at Hyde, Manchester accepted wage cuts of 5 to 20 per cent in a merger deal with a Marley subsidiary. Page 4

Eurovision Song Contest.

British trio Sweet Dreams are CADBURY - SCHWEPPES Australia had its A\$48.4m (£31,3m) hid for Allen's Confectionery blocked. Page 24

• BLACKWOOD HODGE, the earthmoving equipment group, to losses of £3.69m in 1982. Page 24; Lex, Back Page

SPIRAX SARCO, Engineering, makers of steam control equipment, launched a £16.65m

• CAPARO, the steel stockholder, may raise its offer for Cycline William battered tubing group Barton to 42.5p a share. Page 24

Randfontein Ests. £1041 + 11

Treas 12 pc 1992 ...£110 - 1
Treas 12 pc 93-05 ...£1131 - 2
Blackwood Hodge ... 19 - 5

Lon and Liverpool 380 - 30 RMC 371 - 7 Reckltt and Colman 408 - 12

Da Beers Did 555 — 12 Elandsrand Gold ... 840 — 30

Inflation rate down to 15-year low of 4.6%

BY MAX WILKINSON AND MARGARET VAN HATTEN

BRITAIN'S annual Inflation rate fell to 4.6 per cent in March, its lowest level for 15 years. The fall is expected to conlinue about 6 per cent is likely by the end of the year.

The official figures, published

yesterday, were greeted willing juhilation Mr Norman Tebblt, the

Secretary, Employment . described them as "exceptionally good" and said that the UK was "now firmly established among the seven best countries in the developed world," Pressure on the Prime Minister in call a June election

from those Tories nlready favouring an early date will now almost certainly increase. However, a significant number of

probably start rising again in June is seen by some as a pointer to a later election.

Mr Tebbit sald the slow increase later in the year would parily reflect the very low monthly increases, in the summer months of 1982, and would be partly the result of upward pressure on prices from the depreciation of sterling and some higher world commodity

The Employment Secretary Insisted that the Government's successes in reducing inflation would soon begin to boost cmployment prospects.

Mr Michael Foot, the Labour leader, accused the Prime Minister and Sir Geoffrey Howe,

The Government's frankness brink of a cut and run below their level a year earlier, charges went up by 11.9 per in stating that the rate will election."

The recent sharp depreciation cent. Mrs Shirley Williams, presi-dent of the SDP, claimed that

the initation figures made a June election "more certain than ever" and advised Mrs Thatcher in go to the country as soon as possible. Mr Leon Grittan, Chief Secre-

tary to the Treasury, told a Durham meeting that the erucial effect of low inflation figures would be on pa bargaioing in the current wages round. Yesterday's Department of

Employment figures showed that the Retall Priese Index rose by 0.2 per cent between February and March to 327.9 11974=1001.

In the U.S., consumer price inflation fell to an annual rate of 3.6 per cent last month. Tory MPs still favour waiting the Chancellor, of "orchestrat- compared with an average of until the autumn. They are ine talk about recovery." Mr 4.5 per cent for the final quarter unlikely to be swayed by Denis Healey, the Deputy of last year. West Germany figures which were widely fore- Labour Leader, said Mrs announced that wholesale prices Labour Leader, said Mrs announced that wholesale prices Thatcher was "dithering on the in March were 1.1 per cent

The recent sharp depreciation of sterling appears to have had little upward effect on retail first three months of this year the price of all items except scavonal food was rising at an

Over the six months to March the RPI as a whole rose at the equivalent of an annual rate of only 3.1 per cent.

annualised rate of only 21 per

During April and May the RPI will reflect the Budget tax inges, bringing expectations of a further significant fall in the annual inflation rate. This is because this year's tax increases were substantially lower than those a year earlier.

In the 12 months to March the fastest rate of price in- £1 note then. creases have been for fuel and light, with a rise of 13.5 per cent. This was followed by nationalised industries, whose

Thatcher and

Food prices rose by less than 1 per cent, housing prices by only 1.2 per cent and those of clothing and footwear by only 2 per cent. Durable and house-hold goes's prices rose by 2.7 out went up by 6.7 per cent.

The Tax and Price Index for March was 171.9 (1978=100), rise of 4.8 per cent over the previous 12 months. This imles measures the pre-tax pay rise which would be needed to keep pace with the rise of taxes and

Since April 1968, when the inflation rate last dipped below Europe, which was 7.5 per cent.

present Government came to and Italy, 16.t per cent, nower, average prices have Foot pledge on investment, riscn by 52 per cent.

Retail Price Index

The UK inflation rate of 5.3 per cent in February was slightly below the 5.7 per cent average for the developed world and well below the average for 4! per cent, the RPI has risen
by 404 per cent. This means major countries in February
that a 15 note today is worth
almost exactly the same as a
control per cent; West Germany, 2.7 per cent; West Germany, 2.7 per cent; Canada, 7.4 Since May 1979, when the per cent; France, 9.2 per cent,

Cowley peace moves boost hopes at BL

embarked on fresh talks with national union leaders last night in a new move to end the fourweek-old strike by 5,000 car workers at Cowley, Oxford.

Their hopes that the strike can be broken were thought to be rising, in spite of another

More than 1,000 of the their union leaders. Austin Rover, in a brief statement, said a growing number of employees clearly wanted to return to

In the next few days, the company, will probably try to create a climate in which any return-to-work movement will grow. A key consideration for management will be when to activate the threat, temporarily uspended, to dismiss workers

against dismissing any workers in the dispute. The whole of the rade union movement would be involved and "would not stand idly by ".

His regional committee has a hallot of the workforce."

rival offer from the institutional

consortium—Bassishaw Invest-ments—is now set to lapse in the face of Hauson's 62.29 per

cent control.

While the ownership of the

entire group is now settled after

long and breter contest, the

future of many constituent

parts of UDS could still be

subject to hard negotiation. At stake are the Richard Shops and

chains, which the UDS board

had carlier contracted to sell for £78m to Burton Group, the

fast-growing Dorothy Perkins

and Top Shop.

Bassishaw, headed by Mr

Gerald Ronson's privately-

owned Heron Corporation and

supported by a number of nationalised industry pension funds, raised its offer for UDS

twice before settling at a top

bid of 130p per share in cash.

The executive board of UDS

and the group's lawyer on the

all senior BL shop stewards to vide a base for further negotia-"make the arrangements neces- tions. Austin Rover managesary to defend our members." Mr David Buckle, Oxford concessions. The company district secretary of the trans. believes the union proposals port workers, made light of the would clear the way once more number who had not supported for shop stewards to control the the continued strike call. What pace of work do you expect from workers who

vote to stay out by a mass do you expect from workers who making of workers earlier in have been subjected to such Enter chalman, insists there the day.

On the day. More than 1,000 of the company?" he asked. "They abolition of the controversial estimated 4,000 who attended have already lost four weeks the meeting did not support wages."

Cowley Assembly Iraditionally Mr Buckle told yesterday's end each shift three minutes

mass meeting that the dispute was about human rights, trade union rights, human dignity and the quality of life at work." He went on: "The root of this whole problem is that

management over the past two or three years has run a regime of industrial authoritarism and we will not allow this to con-Mr Buckle asked the strikers

Last night, however, Mr own peace formula, already tary of the Tourist and the strikers to endorse the trade unions' own peace formula, already rejected by the manual strikers tary of the Transport and The unions Insist that the General Workers Union which productivity improvements represents most manual workers necessary to qualify for at Austin Rover, warned BL higher bonus earnings should only be introduced with the co-operation of the workforce. Such co-operation would only be "brought shout by agreement of the trade unions or by

Hanson wins battle for UDS

HANSON TRUST has won the the basis that the consortuim stantial profit should the con-

E260m battle for the UDS had made more specific pledges sartium decide to sell. BassiGroup of multiple and department stores. After a bid campalgu which has lasted the best part of four months, the Hansoo'a offer has been thought to amount to a further

accepted by holders of 47.53 per

cent of the equity, which, with the 14.76 per cent it was able

to buy in the stock market, gave the higher bidder a comfortable platform from which to declare

the offer unconditional and

extend the terms nutil May 6. Hanson offered five of its own

topped up with 20p per share in

cash. That values each UDS

share at 1361p against a market

Some 97 per cent of accept-

elected to take the equity offer.

consortium will be meeting

shortly lo discuss a number of

Members of the Bassishaw

While the formula could pro

carly—a loss of 30 minutes production time a week.

Mr Musgrove says there can be no buy-out of the practice and workers must complete a full 39 hour week. Abolition of the washing up time is central to the Cowley factory being granted Audited Plant statusthat is, meeting internationallyaccepted manning levels and

standards of efficiency. Audited Status, which the company has offered from May 16, would raise the ceiling on potential honos from the present £18.75 a week to £30.00 One "sweetener" the company might offer could be to firm ap proposals for a joint manage-ment-union forum to investigate allegations of "dictatorial" management.

BL blamed over high car

thought to amount to a further

It is also possible that Bassi-ahaw will elect to hold its shares, thus blocking Hanson's

attempt to consolidate its new subsidiary. Bassisbaw may also

choose to bid against Burton

for the John Collier and Richard

acquired. An in-depth break

down of the two multiples' com-

plex property portfolies were

made available by UDS to

April 23 Pravious

10 per cent or so.

Shops subsidiaries.

shares—quoted at 186p, but Hanson, as it has said all down 3p yesterday—for every and, will only now be able eight UDS shares which it to assess in detail what it has

price last night of 135p, up 1p, made available by UDS to Hanson also added an all-cash Burton early in the campaign,

offer at a later stage in the bid when Bassishaw was being

shortly lo discuss a number of options in the wake of Hanson's success. The terms of the win-

which is worth 133 p per share flercely resisted.

lng Hanson shareholders have € in New York

Kohl gloomy on Soviet arms accord By Stephaine Gray

MRS Margaret Thatcher, the

Prime Minister, and Chancellor Helmut Kohl of West Germany agreed yesterday that there was littie hope for a nuclear arms accord with the Soviet Union.
It was probably, therefore, that
U.S. Cruise and Pershing II
missiles would have to be
deployed in Europe by
December.

At a joint press conference with Herr Kohl after a two-day Anglo-German summit in Louprospects of eliminating both Soviet and U.S. medium-range missiles, the so-tailed "zero option," were "very very slen-der indeed."

The Prime Minister said there was probably a much better chance of securing some chance of response to U.S. disarmament proposals once some of the missiles had been deployed.

However, Herr Kohl said he had gained the impression in lalks with President Ronald Reagan last week that the U.S. was doing "everything humanly possible" to achieve an agreeent at the Intermediate Continued on Back Page

reconstruction AURORA, the troubled special reduced to less than half the

Aurora seeks capital

the 1970s, has suffered further Last year's total loss of £17.7m

compares with £19.7m of ordi-nary and preference share-holders' capital in the December 31, 1981, balance sheet. Sir Robert, who remains chairman of Aucora, said in a letter to shareholders: "As a result of these losses, a capital

reconstruction of the company

is needed to enable the group to operate within an acceptable financial structure. Discussions are taking place with the company's principal bankers, Barclays Bank, and with a number of institutional investors," he said.

The company's sbares have been suspended from trading on The Stock Exchange and the directors have been forced to call an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders on May 17.

Under the 1980 Companies Act, an EGM must be called if a company's net assets are

steel and engineering group amount of the share capital. built up under the direction of Also, Aurora's total borrow-Sir Robert Atkinson, now chair-man of British Shipbuilders, in exceed the amounts permitted in relation to shareholders' heavy losses and is seeking a funds under the company's capital reconstruction.

articles of association. Resolutions will be proposed at the EGM to raise the borrowing limits approximately to the

level of the group's borrowing facilities, about £13m. Aurora joined the steel industry on acquisition of Osborn Steels in 1978 for £11.8m and Edgar Allen Balfour in 1979 for £13.8m. These moves were widely supported by the Government and in the City as the much-needed measures to make Britain's ailiog special sleel industry internationally competitive. Both takeovers involved substantial

shares underwritten by fresocial institutions. Sir Robert told shareholders yesterday that the group's steel

manufacturing activities had Continued on Back Page Lazard eyes machine tool

industry. Page 4 Details, Page 24 Lex, Back Page

A high return for those on high incomes

Save & Prosper Sterling Deposit Fund provides a high net return on capital (see table below), combined with capital

security and easy access to funds. The Fund currently invests in a broad range of Prime Money Market Instruments very near to maturity, so that the bulk of the total return comes from capital appreciation. Only a small proportion comes from income.

The table below demonstrates the advantage of capital growth over income for those on high incomes by showing the

total annual return net of differe	ot rates	of tax.		
Income tax rates	Nil	30%	45%	60%
Sterling Deposit Fund (with no tax on capital gains)	9.8%	9.8%	9.8%	9.8%
Sterling Deposit Fund (with gains taxed at 30%)	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%
Bank 7-Day Deposit Account.	8.3%	5.8%	4.5%	3.3%

This table is based upon the 12 months to 15th April 1983. Future returns will depend upon market conditions. For a Prospectus and the latest available report please complete and return the coupon below.

The Pland is incorporated in Jersey and is listed on The Stock Exchange, Landon. This adjectives much does not constitute on offer or incidents in subscribe in or parties; charts in the Frend, Applications will be considered only on the basis of a full Prospectus. It (Annual return over I year to 15th April 1983. The annualised return on capital as at 15th April 1883 was 8,95%).

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IMF set

to approve

THE International Monetary Fund (IMF) was last night expected to approve a \$400m two-year credit for Uurugay, to complement the country's \$950m debt rescheduling and new loan

Representatives of Uruguay's 75 creditor banks held a meet-ing In New York earlier this

ing in New York earlier this week to finalise plans for the reschuddling of about \$700m of public sector debt which falls due this year and next. There is also likely to be about \$240m of new money in bank loans.

The expected terms of the rescheduling package call for refinancing over six years (with two years' grace befine repayments begin) of 90 per cent of the \$786m of public sector debl falling due in 1983 and 1984.

This gives an amount of \$707m on which an interest margin of 24 per cent over the London interbank offered rate (Libor) or 24 per cent over U.S. prime rate will be paid.

prime rate will be paid.

A fresb loan of \$240m would then be made available over six

years at the same margins as the rescheduling.

Uruguay

credit

rescue package.

Shamir tries to dampen talk of war with Syria

By Our Tel Aviv Correspondent

MR YITZHAK SHAMIR, the Israeli Foreign Minister tried yesterday to quash speculation of war with Syria, saying the reports of tension between the

His speech followed charges 55 years in prison for attemptfrom Damsscus that Israel was ing to bribe a U.S. senatur. tactics to build the union to building exercises on the Golan That court case reinforced a major national force, dis-Heights in preparation for a picture of the Teamsters' appeared in 1975 and is generattack. There have also heen leaders which has been ally assumed to have heen gloomy assessments in the provalent in the U.S. for 25 killed by mobsters. And the Israeli press that the situation in Lebanon might boil up into nedy and the McClellan Comsion Fund was exploited on a armed conflict with Syria in the mittee turned the spotlight on

army, was stating reasons why he thought Damascus might resume hostilities. These included the possibility of fierce Syrian opposition to a Lebanese-Israeli agreement.

Israeli officials said yesterday there had been a sudden hardening in the Lebanese position at the negotiations on an Israeli military withdrawal

With Israeli easualties mounting. Mr Menahem Begin's covernment is now being urged by some of its supporters to withoraw Israeli forces from front-line positions to the Awali river, near the southern Lehanese city of Sidon.

leaders, which ended yesterday speech on this symbolic occasion left open the possibility of new was given by Mr Andropov, a talks with Jordan. Palestinian

Our Foreign Staff adds: Mr Douglas Hurd, a British Foreign Office Minister, met Mr Farouk Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, at 52,

However, Mr Francis Pym, also missed by Mr Chernenko. the Foreign Secretary, said in Parliament that there had been | Chernenko was either ill or in no change in British policy political decline came two weeks that Cabinet ministers will not meet PLO representatives until they accept certain conditions, to deliver a speech to mark the including renunciation of centenary of the death of Karl volence and recognition of Mark. He was displaced at the

Presser climbs into the Teamsters' 'electric chair'

the scenes, he was appointed on standing Teamsters' contact Thursday morning as president man, was gunned down in a of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, one of the largest and most powerful trade unions in America and the free world. It is not a joh for the

faint hearted. Three out of his four predecessors have been found reports of tension between the two countries were totally unfounded. "We have no interest in fighting the Syrians, and Syria's allies (the Soviet Union) know this," he told the Tel Aviv Economic Club.

guilty of federal crimes. Mr Presser only has the job today union have been convicted of various crimes, and the FBI has and Syria's allies (the Soviet Union) know this," he told the Tel Aviv Economic Club.

the role of corruption and While Mr Shamir was trying organised crime in the union's interests before it was taken affairs. And it came to a under federal control in the Eitan, a former head of the gruesome climax shortly after late 1970s.

JACKIE PRESSER, at 56, has the convictions when Allen made it to the hig time. After Dorfman, one of Mr Williams' years of campaigning behind co-defendents and a longgangland-style Chicago.

Teamsters' officials complain that they are subject to Congress and the FBI. But they have not all heen exactly innocent victims. Numerous

hined personality and strog-arm massive scale to make questionable loans to various gambling



Teamster ex-boss Roy Williams and successor Jackie Presser

Top Teamsters are highly immediately after his father paid—the president's job earries gave up the job—and of holding an annual salary of \$225,000of his colleagues, Mr Presser of nepotism—be was appointed a vice president of the union

a series of different union jobs and are not over concerned at the same time. This has about democracy. Like a number helped to make him a rich man. Yet there have been remarkhas enjoyed the advantages both ably few complaints from the members of the union, and as of nepotism—be was appointed rank and file over the years—one of the few labour groups rank and file over the years— one and for one good reason. The that

Its strength has stemmed from the character of the U.S. trucking industry, which is where the core of the member-ship lies. There are thousands of trucking companies in the U.S., few of them of any size. Many are undercapitalised, and working too close to the margin to be able to withstand any interruption of their business. One big union, willing to be ruthless when it wants in make a point can make its industrial power felt.

Or at least that's the way it used to be. In recent years, however, the teamsters have been burdened with three major problems. The deregula-tion of the U.S. trucking industry has brought thousands of new operators into the business. often too small to be organised or bullied.

Yet there are still over 11m President

union has delivered the goods Reagan's election campaign, its to its memoers, in terms of real leader remains a power in the wage increases over the long land. Unlike his predecessors, Mr Presser has long wanted to take active steps to improve the teamsters' public image, and he has a reputation as a hard worker and a good adminis-

trator. He can have no illusions about the challenges ahead. Author Steven Brill, in his book "The Teamsters," quotes Mr Presser's views on the presi-dency, as expressed in 1977. It wasn't a throne, he is reported as saying, "it's an electric

On the one hand, the union president was regarded as fair game by government

"On the other hand," he added, "if you're totally bonest and if you try to clean up the union like you say I should, and you try to dn it fast enough and without accommodations so the Government won't get you, the other guys-the hoods-will get you. Just like they got Hoffa when he threatened them. So that's a death chair either way."

Opec seeks talks with Moscow

By Richard Johns

ALGERIA bas been charged by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries with the task of trying to obtain the cooperation of the Soviet Union in stabilising the world oil market in defence of its new reference price of \$29 per

On his return from a London meeting of Opec's "monitoring committee" Dr Manu Said al Otaiba, the United Arab Emirates' Minister of Oil, Said dialogue with non-member producers was planned "with a view to rationalising consump-

tion in the world." While Opec's main attention has focused recently on aligning its price structure with Mexican and North Sea rates an objective successfully accomplished—the increasing volume of crude sold by the Soviet Union bas been a far mor serious

factor undermining prices.
Russian exports this year have been running as high as 1.5m barrels a day about two thirds of them on the spot market.

Union has cut prices, most recently last month. It has been selling crude at about \$28 per barrel, compared with the new official selling rate of \$29 (f.o.b.) for Arabian Light. Opec reference and an equivalent crude variety. In practice, it was charging less on the spot market.

Chernenko's absence suggests Andropov has firm grip on party

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON, MOSCOW CORRESPONDENT IN LONDON

KONSTANTIN CHER-NENKO a Soviet politburo member, failed to appear at Kremlin ceremonies to mark the 113tb anniversary of Lenin's hirth yesterday and so deepened speculation that be has lost a six-month power struggle with meeting of the Palestinian of the Societ Communist Party.

move which marked his emer-gence as front-runner to succeed President Brezhnev. The speech yesterday was given by Tunis. This was the first ollateral meeting between a British Minister and the PLO.

The first indication that Mr volence and recognition of Marx. He was displaced at the late Mr Brezhnev's heir-lsrael's right to exist. Mr Hurd last momen: by Mr Grigory apparent. He was largely ex-is not in Cabinet. Romanov, the party chief in cluded from the ceremonies and

Throgmorton's circular of 20th April:-

overstates the value of the Offers

exaggerates the cost of unitisation;

gives no indication of dividend policy.

Your Board's unitisation proposals: --

can be completed by September;

(ii) an interim dividend for 1983;

Diplomats expelled

The expulsion of two Soviet diplomats from the U.S. and the voluntary departure of a third this week was not in retaliation for the recent ejection of an American diplomat from Moscow, Administration officials said yesterday, writes Our Washington Staff.

The Federal Bnreau of Investigation said the three men were caught red-handed attempting to gather classi-fied material. In Canberra, the Anstralian

Government said it was expelling a Soviet diplomat

explained as "ill bealth." Mr Cbernenko, who had been appearing frequently in public, bowever, seemed to be enjoying his usual robust health. Mr Chernenko was widely recognised to bave been the

THE PENTLAND INVESTMENT

TRUST PLC

A message to all Ordinary shareholders from your Directors:-

—the new Throgmorton shares offered carry no rights to: —

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leave your investment under the management of a large and experienced

-Throgmorton ignores the expertise of the proposed unit trust managers;

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a superior dividend performance to Throgmorton's;

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—and not surrender over half your shares for a debenture stock.

which has over the last ten years given you: -

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substantially eliminate the investment trust discount;

greater growth in your share price.

allow you to stay fully invested in equities

meetings which followed Mr Brezhnev's funeral last November, but Mr Andropov's early attempts to establish a clear political ascendency soon ran into opposition from the multitude of Brezhnev appointees throughout the Soviet system, who feared for their power and

privileges. Mr Chernenko was clearly seen as the main protector of the interests of this large and powerful group. His strength can be assessed by the failure of Mr Andropov to become bead of state shortly after his emergence as party leader.

Mr Andropov, however, enjoys the support of the KGB, the foreign policy establishment and of Marshal Dmitri Ustinov, the Defence Minister. This faction now appears to have

If this were to be confirmed by formal removal of Mr. Chernenko from the polithuro, the way would be open for Mr. Andropov to promote the better-educated technocrats and political hopefuls who will constitute the next generation of Soviet leaders.

Soyuz fails to link up to spacelab

By David Fishlock, Science Editor

THE SOVIET Union recovered its cosmonauts, but not its self-esteem, following

not its sell-esteem, following the failure of its latest space-docking mission.

The mission—the first of its kind for four months—was timed to coincide with Russian celebrations of the 113th anniversary of the birth of Lenin

According to the Russian newsagency Tass, the descent of the Soyuz T-8 spacecraft was made under manual control hy the three astronauts, Lt-Col Vladimir Titov, mission commander, Pilot-Cosmonant Gennady Strekalov, flight engineer, and Pilot-Cosmonaut Alexander Serebrev, the research engineer on board.

The team had failed to complete a complex triple docking which was to join their spacecraft with the already orbiting Salvut-7 space labo-ratory, to which the Cosmos 1443 freight module had already been joined in a remote docking manocurre

last month.

Had it worked, it is believed that the three units would have made up the biggest complex assembled in space. The Cosmos 1443 is believed

to carry new equipment for experiments in the Salynt-7 spacelab, which would have been unloaded and put into operation by the crew. Pilot-Cosmonaut Serebrov,

in a pre-launch interview, indicated that the craft was then to be turned into living quarters for the larger-thanusual crew. The Russians have given

no details of the purpose of the mission, much less why it failed. Spacelabs have evident potential for testing such novel military hardware as beam weapons: as a space control centre for unmanued hunter-killer satellites; and as a means of hijacking or inspecting the satellites of other nations.

Reagan 'no nearer EEC trade stance'

BY JOHN WYLES IN BRUSSELS

THE Reagan Administration is 28-29. not showing any real signs of moving towards key European views on the need for the sum-positions on major international mit to produce a new converand commercial issues in advance of next month's world economic summit. Moreover, President Reagan is putting heavier stress than many of bis officials on the need for stronger action to restrict East-West

This was the impression given here yesterday by M Gaston Thorn, the President of the European Commission, in a re-port to the Press on his talks this week with Mr Reagon at the White House on Thorsday. M valued U.S. dollar and extremely Thorn also saw Mr Donald bigh real U.S. interest rates Regan, the U.S. reasury Secrewoold about the infant recovery tary, and Mr George Shultz, the -which may now be appearing in Secretary of State.

Williamsburg, Virginia, on May

M Thorn set out European gence of policies and co-ordination of efforts to achieve real economic recovery. We appealed to our American friends for more responsibi-

lity," he said vesterday after apparently encountering few indications that President Reagan is yet ready to abandon his Administration's prejudice against intervention to smoothe exchange rate fluctuations, The European are increas-ingly concerned that an over-

their economies.

The Commission President But President Reagan stressed had been invited for talks as that U.S. interest rates had come part of Mr Reagan's preparation down and appeared confident for the seven-nation summit at that they would continue to do

Walesa to resume work at shipyard in Gdansk by christopher bobinski in warsaw

agreed unexpectedly that Mr ment. work at his old job as an electrician at the Lenin Shipyard at Gdansk, the birth-place of the banned Solidarity trades union which he leads.

A phone call from the yard summoned Mr Walesa to the yard yesterday morning, whence he emerged jubilantly, his hands in the air and saying "I will be resuming work on Monday at the post I had before.

Since Mr Walesa recently admitted to baving met with the union's underground leadership, he bas been subjected to official harassment. But the authorities did not interfere with a news conference at which Mr Walesa called this week for an

THE POLISH authorities have agreement with the govern-

back to the yard this year but, despite being put on the payroll, be was not then given a job. (Poland's shipbuilding industry has a labour shortage of 8,000 people.)

The fact that the authorities are willing to have him back in the yards, especially before May 1 a date for which Solidarity has demonstrations, suggests that they are not greatly worried that he will revolu-tionise the 15,000 workers there. He was sacked from the Lenin yard in 1976 but regained his job as one of the conditions of the successful strike in August 1980. He never returned to the shop-floor as he immediately became the bead of

Twice this year the Soviet

This week, however, traders have noted that Neftagazexport,

the state oil selling agency, has been reducing exports and selling at a price, on a c.f. basis, of about \$29 per barrel. One intriguing aspect of Opec's move is the fact that its long-term strategy committee. effectively defunct for the past two years, has been asked to make the contacts with the Soviet Union.

Heritable & Gen. Trust 10

■ Hill Samnel\$10 %

U.S. consumer prices up by only 0.1% in March

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON CONSUMER price Infla-

per cent higher than a year ago. figure somewhat lower.

Department officials said that Consumer prices in was 3.9 per cent.

Most private economists exmaintained its exception- pect a stronger upward movelow rate of recent months ment te begin this month, with with an increase of only 0.1 per the introduction of an extra five cent in March, the Labour Decents a gallon in excise taxes partment announced yesterday, on petrol and the economic re-The increase, compared with covery slowly gathering pace an 0.2 per cent fall in February They believe that the final and an 0.2 per cent rise in figure for the year could reach January, brought the March around 4.6 per cent, although consumer price to a devel 3.6 government forecasts put the

Department officials said that Consumer prices in March the annual inflation rate, based were held back by declines in on the figures for the first quar-fuel, housing and ciothing ter, was now running at only prices, the Department said, 1.6 per cent, after aeasonal although the fall in energy idjustment. Last year's increase prices slowed down compared with recent months.

recently

Triple-A right-wing terrorists.

FINANCIAL TIMES, published daily except Sundays end holidays. U.S. author/pipen rates \$420.00 per annum.

Protection requested for **Britons in Argentina**

M JEAN-PIERRE KUSCH, the threatened with death if they Swiss amhassador in Argentina, did not leave the country acting on behalf of British within 24 hours. The caller diplomatic interests, last night claimed to belong to a group asked the Argentine Government called the April 2nd Commando, to increase its protection of formed British subjects in that country, memorate the first anniversary amid growing signs that a big of the Argentine invasion of campaign to intimidate them is the islands. under way. The Swiss emhassy received

on Thursday a telephone call to nalists who have been threatagainst British companies -Glaxo and Shell were singled the editor of the English-lan-out — and British schools in guage newspaper Buenos Aires retaliation for the ban by Herald, was threatened with Whitehall on a planned trip to "execution" within 48 bours by the Falkland Islands this month by relatives of Argentine war

Mr Jimmy Burns, the Finan-Times correspondent in

Mr Burns and Mr Oliver thus joined a list of British jourened in the last week. On Thursday, Mr James Neilson,

Armtonot Latham 10 %
Armco Trust Ltd 10 %
Associates Cap. Corp 10 %
Banco de Bilbao 10 %
Bank Hapoalim BM 10 %
BCCI 10 %
Bank of Ireland 10 %
Bank Leumi (UK) plc 10 %
Bank of Cypris 10 % Barclays Bank 10 %
Beneficial Trust Ltd. 11 %
Bremar Holdings Ltd. 11 %
Brit. Bank of Mid. East 10 % Brown Shipley 101%
Canada Perm't Trust 11 %
Castle Conrt Trust Ltd. 101%
Cayzer Ltd. 10 %
Cedar Holdings 10 % Duncan Lawrie 10 % E. T. Trust 11 %
Exeter Trust Ltd. 11 %
First Nat. Fin. Corp. 13 %
First Nat. Secs. Ltd. 13 % Robert Fraser

Hill Samnel \$10 % C. Hoare & Co. 10 % Hongkong & Shanghai 10 % Kingsnorth Trust Ltd. 12 % Knowsley & Co. Ltd. 10 % Lloyds Bank 10 % Mallinhall Limited 10 % Edward Manson & Co. 11 % Midland Bank 10 % ■ Morgan Grenfell 10 National Westminster 10 Norwich Gen. 15c. 10 % P. S. Refson & Co. ... 10 % Roxburghe Guarantee 101% Roxburghe Co. Canada 10 % Norwich Gen. Tst. 10 Slavenburg'a Bank ... 10 Standard Chartered ... 10 Trade Dev. Bank 10-Trustee Savings Bank 10 Volkskas Intl. Ltd. ... 10 Westpac Banking Corp. 10

Whiteaway Laidlaw ... 101% Williams & Glyn's ... 10 % Wintrust Secs. Ltd. ... 10 % Yorkshire Bank 10 %

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IGNORE ALL DOCUMENTS SENT TO YOU BY THROGMORTON

Throgmorton's performance is not "consistently superior" over the longer term.

This notice should be read in conjunction with the Rejection Document sent to Pentland shareholders on 14th April, 1983. Each of the Directors of Pentland has taken all reasonable care leither by taking part himself in supervising the preparation hereof, or by delegating the preparation to a duty surporced committee of the Board, and by disclosing to such committee any relevant facts known to him and any relevant. the preparation to a duty surhoused committee of the Board, and by disclosing to such committee any relevant facts known to him and any relevant opinions hald by him) to ensure that the facts stated and opinions expressed herein are fair and accurate. Each Director of Pantiand accepts

de Zoere & Bavan and Morgan Granieli & Co. Limited have given and have not withdrawn their respective written consums to the extended use of he references to them contained in the Rejection Document.

ean long of mide of the in

Opec

BL blamed over 'high' car prices

94.5 97.8 81.0 83.0 78.0 80.7 66.3

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN BRUSSELS

BRITISH consumers pay more for their cars than their cunterparts in other EEC auntries partly because of high roduction costs and limited capethiveness at BL, the runean Commission has con-...cluded.

That conclusion comes in an malysis of the price differences or cars in the member states of the EEC, contained in the annual report on EEC com-

The commission yesterday poblished a table showing that in 1982, car prices in the UK, before tax is added, were twice as high as in Denmark. The price difference between the UK and Belginm was between 9 per cent and 14 per cent in 1976, but it had widened to over 40 per cent by last year.

Belgium was picked out by the commission because it is a source of British parallel imports from the EEC — that is cars purchased by Individuals, bypassing the normal distribution network.

The commission points out that national manufacturers in relatively high production costs

h = 1000-1500 cc. act as the price leader on the market. One reason for higher pre-tax prices in the UK-and by the appreclation of sterling, says the commission. Also, UK manufacturers'

100 100 100

here was the reference to British Leyland—was that, "at least one UK manufacturer has

and this would obviously be more relevant to imported cars, what the com-mission calls "price inertia" probably meant that prices in pounds only partly reflected international price changes caused by currency fluctua-

INDICES OF CAR PRICES IN EEC BEFORE TAX

(UK = 100 in each year)

85.0 92.0

84.0

78.2

Fr.

99.0

Neth

93.4 69.0 78.0 77.0 74.7 65.0 68.0 63.7 65.6

68.5 73.9 73.3

99.9 90.2 65.0 75.0 72.0 70.7 67.8 64.2 65.2 60.0 58.2

But the outlook is brighten-ing for the British consumer, another

commission's vlew Prices in absolute terms are beginning to fall, partly because of parallel imports and prices, when sterling's fall, the drop in inflacalculated in European Curtion and interest rates and the rency Linits, have risen faster than continental manufacturers improved competitiveness of UK manufacturers.
The commission'a analysis

95.7 90.2 93.1 75.0 84.0 87.0 82.0 87.5 80.7 81.6 83.3 93.0

89.2

provides the background for an attempt to regulate selective distribution by car manufacturers. A draft will be pub-lished next month, or in June, and it is expected to contain a clause to keep car prices from varying by more than 12 per cent between one country and

Coated **Electrodes** seeks buyout from BSC

Financial Times Reporter

THE MANAGEMENT of the profitable British Steel Corporaelectrodes coaled businesses is trying to arrange a buyout from the corporation. The businesses became a separate company, Coaled Electrodes, last year with a view to eventual sale.

They provide a service for coatiog and prolonging the life of graphite electrodes used in electric-arc steelmaking fur-naces. The company has two plants, at Sheffield and at Vikmanshyttan, Sweden, and 60 employees in the UK.

It operates a coating process under licence from FTE Technica of Bulgaria and provides a sub-liceoce to Stanton Pipes a whotly-owned Canadian subsidiary of BSC.

The net asset value of Coated Electrodes is said to be about £2m. The proposed sale is in line with BSC's policy of withdrawing from non-mainstream steelmakiog activities.

In recent months the cor poration has disposed or Victaulic a plastic pipe-maker, has disposed of through a management buyout, closed Round Oak Steel Works and London Works in the Midlands, sold part of its chemicals businesses and closed the rest. private financing of roads,

PLANS to raise private finance suggested that changes may on roads. One or two for road building must provide have to be made to the standard a real boost to construction pro- contract terms where these

leader said last night. private sector money. Mr Sandy Shand, president of Federation of Civil a Engineering Contractors, said Japbet, the merchant bank, are the industry was unlikely to support the plan if private finance was to be used merely

BY ANDREW TAYLOR

to reduce annual spending. Mr Shand said last night: There is no point in this whole exercise unless any roads financed in this way are additional to the normal yearly road programme," he told a meeting of civil engineering contractors in Yorkshire. the road programme

He also warned against attempts to "tamper" with the industry's standard form of therefore, road contract, which allows contractors great flexibility to recover unforescen increases design phase. Mr Shand made it clear that in buildings during construc-

The Department of Transport, however, has become concerned that existing contract arrangements do not allow a sufficiently accurate estimate of final construction costs. The failure to provide adequate cost guides could increase the difficulty of raising private

A report presented this week to the joint working party established by the Government. possibilities for to investigate

grammes, a civil engineering might affect the raising of

Contractors' leader seeks real—

roads boost from private finan___

The suggestions, contained in report by Charterhouse understood to have been included at the insistence of the Transport Department.

"There must be no question of tampering with the Institution of Civil Engineers' conditions of contract as agreed between the federation and the department, as being appropriate for use in Civil engineers say they have

no control over the design and choice of road roules and, against rising costs caused hy decisions taken during the

the industry was unlikely to support new arrangements unless these produced extra cash for road building. He did not expect the Government to "dream up" new road schemes, but money raised from the private sector should enable authorities to bring forward the construction of roads already

The Government is keen that contractors should be permitted alternative to public spending

mental schemes may go later this year, dependi the outcome of consul between the Transport I ment and Federation of Engineering Contractors. Contractors would be by the Exchequer thro royalty system for work experimental schemes. ments would be made ofton

agreed number of year would depend on the volu traffic actually using the One obstacle in the wa scheme might be the Gigs Thr ment's determination ne provide performance guar

the possibility traffic flows will not projections. Contractors in France Spain (including, it is a

stood, John Laing) bave able to call on atate guara when revenues have fail live up to original estimat ● Work will start soon of shop final section of the M2al pro Surrey. Mr David Howell, The first port Secretary, said yesteurage Bovis/Bisse Joint Venturarchas been awarded the £14.65 Th contract for the stretch bethen i Leatherhead and Reigate ever

Mr Howell yesterday or an 11-mile stretch of theset a London Orbital Road, 15ines Theydon, Essex, to Cot spectial, London, bringing a ctrica of 62 miles into use.

the UK, as in other countries, and limited competitiveness Vaughan U-turn in Citizens Advice row

BY IVOR OWEN

CHASTENED Dr Gerard Vaughan, the Consumer Affairs Minister, heaped praise on the Citizens Advice Bureaux in the Commoos yesterday and gave a broad hint that their national association may receive a bigger grant in the current mancial year than the £6.04m

here was no question of this noount being cut. If necessary, nicerim action will be taken wiould the Government's decision to authorise only £3m for the first six months of 1983-84 cause difficulties for the national association in arrang. Dr Vaughan urged local ing training or other vital pro-

Dr Vaughan's retreat from the more critical stance which areas. If they failed to do so brought him under attack from it would be "highly regretboth sides of the Commons 10 days ago still failed to satisfy Stockport, who described the

a draconian short leash. national association would be from the public gallery, funder when the six months. The minister underlined that

Mr McNally argued that the restricted funds made available to the national association coupled with the minister's earlier innuendos was likely to

give rise to the suspicion "there is no smoke without fire." He urged the minister to remove any suggestion of doubt reinally planned, about financial probity by the repeatedly stressed that making an immediale announcement that the full grant for

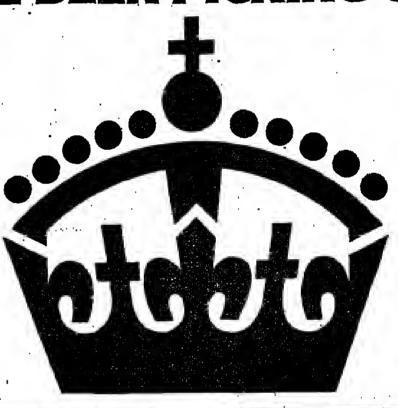
1983-84 would be paid. Dr Vaughan emphasised that his main concern was the allocathe grant provided by the

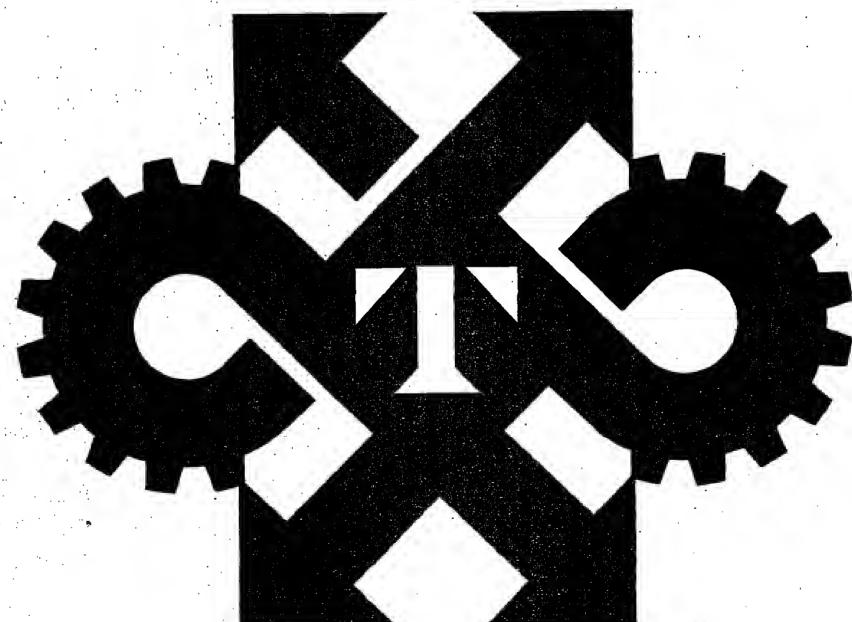
Government ing financial support for the citizens advice bureaux in their

Dr Vaughan, MP for Reading Mr Tom McNally, SDP MP for South, reaffirmed that his action had been in no way influenced limited finance made available by the activities of Nrs Joan to the national association at Ruddock, chairman of the Camthe start of the financial year paign for Nuclear Disarmament. who works part time for the He Insisted that the House Reading Citizens Advice Bureau was entitled to know how the and who listened to the debate

"deadrine" came to an end and there were no grounds for accused the minister of flannel-ling in order to avoid the real work for the Chizens Advice Bureau was open to criticism.

GRASS ISN'T THE ONLY THING FLYMO HAVE BEEN PICKING UP RECENTLY.





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To those who don't, it is conclusive proof that Flymo are still a cut above the competition.

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Jail sentence for insurance swindle

AN INSURANCE agent a Sacromento businessman, lost swindled a Californian business- \$653.000 as a result. man out of more than \$1.5m (£972,000) by claiming he was a Lloyd's broker and was providing reinsurance cover for air-craft, motor vehicles and personal liability, the Old Bailey heard yesterday.

Mr Derek Morrell, 33, of Elms Farm Road, Hornchurch, Farm Road pleaded guilty to 16 charges of forgery and fraud and was sentenced to 30 months imprisonment.

Mr Justice David Tudor Price told Mr Morrell, who ran Brok-maze of Scotland Road, Buckhurst Hill, Essex, that he had reduced the sentence substantially because of Mr

Morrell's frank confession. "You were not a Lloyd's damage to that long-established and reputable company and business community." The judge said Mr Morrell had lied

Ann Goddard, prosecuting, said Mr Gallaway, a surplus lines broker, was

Morrell confessed to him the whole business was "a sbam, based on forgery and decep

ing, said Morrell's offences began in 1977 and ended in everything. He was not charged until last May and bad the matter "hanging over his bead" for a long time.

Cape develops substitute

search for a for

The product, Uni-cem, was unveiled only days after Pilkington, one of the world's largest glass manufacturers, announced a breakthrough in the use of its glass fibre pro-duct, Cemfil II, in the manufac-

to lung disease and cancer among former workers. These employees have mounted millions of pounds worth of

existing asbestos European major

Cape says the future of one of its subsidiaries, Cape Universal Claddings, depends on the success of Uni-cem. "There is no doubt at all that there is a lot of resistance to using asbestos cement. We generally don't think it is harmful. But that doesn't matter if the mar-

ket doesn't want it." Cape Universal accounts for about 10 per cent of the group's turnover, while asbestos products account for about 20 per

Turner and Newall, the UK's largest asbestos products pro specially - treated cellulose, ducer, has been making a reinforced cement based on a polyvinyl alcohol fibre, licensed from a Japanese company. This West German chemicals group, Mr David Llewellyn, a direc- has also come up with an substitute reinforced cement.

product is more expensive than asbestos cement. Hoechst, the

paid for.

broker, but you were pretending you had access to the
Livyd's market. You did great
livyd's market. You did great very substantial damage to the and deceived a friend who been swalle trusted him. Mr Alan Gallaway, ness deals.

unwittingly writing insurance in California on the strength of bogus documents Morrell supplied.

Mr Gallaway paid more than

\$1.5m in premiums. It came as 'a total shock" when Mr

Mr Morrell had accepted the premiums without arranging any of the Lloyd's re-insurance cover Mr Gallaway's clients had

Mr Alan Snckling, QC, defend-

Mr Morrell did not make vast profits because the cash had been swallowed up by bad busi-

for asbestos cement

BY CARLA RAPOPORT

CAPE INDUSTRIES yesterday announced a non-asbestos roofing material as part of the cost-effective asbestos

ture of reinforced cement.

The Inhalation of asbestos fibre during the manufacture of asbestos cement has been linked cinims against asbestos cement companies around the world, including Turner & Newall and

Care Industries in the U.K. Unl-cem is a combination of cement and fillers which Cape says is comparable in price to asbestos cement and similar in strength. The product can be used in roofing and cladding in either corrugated or flat sheets. tor at Cape, the building and asbestos insulation group based in reinforced

London, said yesterday that Uni-cem can be produced on machinery, like Pilkington's glass fibre reinforced cement.
Pilkington is talking to several

cement companies.

cent of the total.

Flymo Limited, Newton Aycliffe, Co. Durham DL 5 6FID.

ittle new investment attracted to enterprise zones

Anthony moreton, regional affairs editor

disappointment.

main finding is that, while I original zones have acted good catalyst between anthorities and private stry also generating con able activity, they have yet attracted much new street. Nor have they published last May. The presented much activity also generating the first report from the conmonitore council.

A reput the council activity also generated much new sultants, covering the first year's council. ed many new jobs.

irthermore most of the actihas been locally oased and ones do not appear to have

azard eyes

achine tool

ZARD BROTHERS, the mer-

are the machine tool industry s different fro mine steel

indry industry, with a greater

riety of products being made.

ight be suitable for schemes here those companies that

mained in business ocmpen-

te those that close, while

hers might best sort out their oblems through mergers or

The important thing is that

is clear to us the industry

ould like a scheme, "nesaid.

There are many U.S.-owned ompanies in the British

eachine tool industry but Mr

legg said preliminary dis-

ussions with some indicated

The UK machine tool indus-

ry has suffered a drop in usiness in recent years. This partly because of a decline n UK engineering industries

nd partly because of sharpir

statistics. This indicator, how-

sector remains low. Orders on

12.5 per cent down on the pre-

relevant index stood at 23 compared with a 1975 base of 100.

Simpler interest

at Giro bank

NATIONAL GIRO Bank will

from Monday he paying a

simplified single rate of 7.75 per

cent on daily balances on

deposit accounts.

month period.

voiatile movement.

rey, too, were interested.

changes of product lines.

expected some sectors

idustry

y ian Rodger

erested.

SECOND REPORT on The report, prepared by prise zones, to be pub. Roger Tym and Partners, has i next week, is likely to now been pigeon-boled in the the Government consider Environment Department for almost six months--some indiaction of the concern with its findings of Mr Tom King. Secretary of State for the Environ-

> sent report, covering the two years to May 1982, is therefore considerably out of date.

de the immediate localities. McClenanghan, director

would show a much better although Corby has done very picture."

Much of the second reporta third is expected next yearhas been based on the experi-ence of Swansea, the first zone tn get under way and one monitored in detail by the local

A report to be published by the council next month will tax, a 10-year rates boliday, 100 show that 1,384 jobs which did per cent allowances on new not exist on March 26, 1980, when the Chancellor of the bureaucracy, the Government
"If you could get a more up- Exchequer amounced the set- boped to show that industry magnets for capital from to-date assessment." Mr Fred ting up of enterprise zones have

weii and Wakefield also has had

Local government circles feel the Government is worried because the consultants' report does not substantiate its original high hopes.

By designating areas where there was no development land tax, a 10-year rates boliday, 100 buildings and a minimum of would rise to the occasion.

The main criticism from the

industry at Corby, the first Eng. However, no other zone has property world, is that the zones lisb zone, said yesterday: "It come near these figures, merely re-distribute industry hy attracting to them companies which were already operating within a short distance. They also distort property values.
"The Government bas cer

tainly been slow in coming to terms with the report," one local government official said yesterday.
"We saw the final version last autumn and it must have been

on the minister's desk since November." Given the nature of the findings in the report it is puzzling that the Government decided to go ahead with a further tranche of zones.

Aircraft makers battle for RAF basic trainer deal

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

nt bank which has arranged onalisation schemes in the of foundry industry, proposes a new basic training aircraft for that of the jets. try similar plans for the the RAF, to replace the ageing British Aerospace Jet Provost. d-pressed machine tool which has been in service since n a letter to 80 companies the UK machine tool indus-

The RAF is about in issue an "Air Staff Target" (AST).

Setting out its requirements in engine. Another UK company. Mr Peter Grant, Lazard puty chairman, said the bank uid be prepared to work on detail. It will probably need h schemes provided at 100-150 aircraft, costing about st half the industry were £150m, including spares, and entering service in the late Wr Duncan Clegg of Lazard d yesterday the bank was

The aircraft will remain in service for upwards of 20 years, during which time the winning manufacturer can expect many millions of pounds of additionat business in spares and other

support facilities. Such big orders are compara tively rare in the world acrospace industry. As a result, there is intense interest in the RAF's plans and competition is fierce.

The RAF is studying not only jet trainers, but also turbo-prop powered aircraft which are to buy and fly, Messerschmitt group) the RFB or early next.

A MAJOR international com- although their performance in Fantrainer. petition is developing to supply terms of speed cannot match

This has substantially widened the field of would-be suppliers. In the UK, British Aerospace is hidding strongly engine. Another UK company, NDN Aircraft, is offering its NDN-IT Turbo-Fire-

cracker. From the U.S., Fairchild Industries is offering its ability. The aircraft would fit T-46A jet-powered "next into the RAF's training sched-T-46A jet-powered "next generation trainer," already selected by the U.S. Air Force as its new trainer aircraft, with a production run of several

hundred aircraft in prospect. Among the turbo-propeiler Switzerland the PC-7; Siai-Marchetti of Italy the SF-260-TP, and Rhein-Flugzeugbau of West Germany (part of the

The RAF has been studying all these types in recent weeks. It is expected to distil from them the basic details of its own requirement, what will be embodied in the formal AST document to be circulated to all interested parties.

Primarily, the RAF wants a tandem, two-seat aircraft (although side-by-side seating is not ruled out), with low oper-ating costs and good manoeuvrule between the Bulldog pistonengined primary trainer and the Hawk advanced jet trainer.

Whichever aircraft is ultimately selected can expect not only a substantial RAF order, contenders Beech, also of the but also substantial export U.S., is offering its T-34C: orders from other air forces Embraer of Brazil is offering which frequently look to the its EMB-312 Tucano; Pilatus of RAF for guidance on training syllabuses and the aircraft to match them.

A final decision is not likely much before the end of this year

FT journalists receive press honours

Financial Times Reporter

FIVE Financial Times journcreased competition from uilders of sophisticated tools nalists received awards or comn Jaoen and standard tools in mendations at the presentation rewly industrialised countries uch as Taiwan.

mendations at the presentation yesterday at the Savoy Hotel, London, of the British Press The Industry Decartment's Awards for 1982.

The Industry Decarment's state volume index for the industry stood at 43 only in Times City Correspondent, was January, compared with a 1975, Specialist Writer of the Year Specialist Writer of the Year by Mr Patrick Neil, chairman of the months to lenuary compared industry and chairman of the months to January, compared Industry and chairman of the

with the previous three months : Press Council. Two other Financial Times to January, compared with the journalists, Mr Duncan Campprevious three months, accordbell-Smith and Mr Jonathan ing to fodustry Department Carr, were commended for their ever, is subject to frequent writing on international matters. Mr Robert Fisk of The Times received the award for Activity in the machine tool International Reporter of the Year.

hand at the end of January were Mr Nigel Andrews and Mr Chris Dunkley of the Financial vious three months and the Times were also commended in the Critic of the year section.

White Paper on cable TV soon

By Jason Crisp

THE LONG-AWAITED government White Paper on cable television is expected to he

Customers with deposit accounts have been paid a hasic rate of 6.75 per cent on the daily balance plus a bonus of 1 per cent a year on the which will apply to companies minimum balance during a six- wanting to provide cable tele-

TV-am to extend its broadcasting hours

BY RAYMOND SNODDY

Authority (IBA) confirmed and programming are carried yesterday that it has agreed to out.

TV-am extending its broadcastThe TV-am branch of the ing hours by 15 minutes a day National Union of Journalists from 9.15 am to 9.30 am.

The agremeent, after consulis designed to increase the for this year. commerciai breakfast channel's advertising revenue potential.

flexibility in redesigning the rise and accept more flexible programme content. The IBA is deferring monthly rental payments on a month by former stand in chief executive. month basis while the financial said carlier this month that

difficulties caused by low redundancies could not be ruled andience ratings and the out.

Equity/Institute of Practitioners

TV-am is believed to be losin Advertising dispute continues. ing in the region of £500,000 a The annual IBA rental is month and weekday viewing £750,000.

figures have been stuck for

THE independent Broadcasting while changes of management

met last night to discuss fears of joh cuts and cancellation of tation with the ITV companies, a planned 9 per cent pay rise

Though TV-am management would not comment last night The extra 15 minutes a day it is believed there is still a rili give Mr Greg Dyke, who possibility that compulsory retakes over as editor in-chief at dundancies can be avoided if the beginning of May, more staff give up the right to a pay shift patterns.

Mr Jonathan Aitken, the

The authority said it was several weeks on 400,000 com-keeping a particularly close pared with BBC. hreakfast watch on programme content figures of 1.3m,

Plea for TV licence aid

BY RAYMOND SNODDY

man of the BBC, yesterday appealed to the Government again to consider paying television licence fees for the deprived.

Mr Howard, whose chairmanship comes to an end in July, argued that licence fees for the elderly, poor and single parent families could be paid through social security.

Social Security, and would be rather than cash.

try in Britain had reached a critical stage in its early

development and the next few months should see further growth, Dr Norman Fast, managing director of Venture

He was speaking on the

second day of a conference on venture capital, in Edinburgh, sponsored by The Financial Times, the Scottish Develop-ment Agency and Venture

Economics of Massachusetts.

Dr Fast, whose organisation provides information on the

venture capital industry, said

there were two approaches to investments in Britain—the tra-

ditional approach designed to

create income with limited involvement by investment managers and "pro-active"

venture capital organisations, aimed at long-term capital gain,

at big successes from a limited

continuous involvement of fund

"Pro-active investments, the

investments.

Economics, said yesterday.

MR GEORGE HOWARD, chair- making representations to Mr William Whitelaw, the Home Secretary.

Last month Mr Whitelaw extended by 43,000 people to include the ossabled living in homes the number eligible for a 5p instead of £46 licence.

Acording to the Home Office, about 500,000 people living in old folks homes or specially adapted homes are covered by He said he would like to the nominal licence fee, but raise the issue directly with the Department of Health and social security benefits in kind

Foot pledge on full employment

By Philip Bassett, Labour Correspondent

LABOUR FACES the greatest task in its history in winning the General Election and then implementing its economic programme, Mr Michael Foot, the party leader, said yester-

Addressing the Scottish
TUC in Rothesay, Mr Foot
made no attempt to minimise the scale of the problem which would face a new

Labour Government.
"Right from the very first day when we get that new Labour Government, we will

set out to put this country back on the road to full employment," he said.

"It will take us some years to get there. But we are determined to re-establish full employment." employment as an essential strand in a civilised society." Immediate action would also be taken to halt the flow of money from the country, and nn the international front hy a British initiative towards unilateral unclear disarm-

Despite these pledges, and the fact that he was intro-duced as "the next Prime Minister of the UK." delegates seemed unconvinced, and after his speech left and right were critical of his address.

Many compared it unfavourably to a speech given to the congress earlier in the week by Mr Jim Mortimer, the party's general secretary, which lucidly laid out Labour's election strategy.

Ir Foot emphasised the arms issue and barely touched upon the newlyagreed Labour-TUC National Economic Assessment Delegates were aware that

n a speech this week in Eastbourne before the predominantly right wing Engineering Workers' Union. Mr Foot had said starkly that the new pact meant "co-operation on page" with a future Labour Government.

Before the left-wing STUC, however, where national union leaders bad fought hard to see the assessment approved rather than leave Congress to pass a resolution expressing outright opposi-tion to an incomes policy, he harely touched on the issue. His only reference to it

came when he said: "Those prople who were locky enogu to bave held jobs under a Conservative government will have to assist us because that is what socialism He was critical of claims

that an economic recovery was underway, and of the fact that "the Prime Minister fiddles with election dates while Britain's economy continnes to collapse."

Mr Foot said the reason the Tories were considering an early general election was that they realised the policies they were considering, such as the leaked Think Tank report last year on cutting social services, would be electorally unpopular and so would have to wait until after an election.

Engineering union to seek 35-hour week

BY DAVID GOODHART, LABOUR STAFF

1983 and insisted that the

wing executive

national level until 1983.

ICI's Hyde workforce

BY NICK GARNETT, NORTHERN CORRESPONDENT

THE WORKFORCE at Imperial The workforce was told that

Chemical Industries Hyde plant, this was in effect a condition of Manchester, has accepted wage the merger which if it did not

cuts of between 5 and 20 per take place would almost cent on basic rates as part of certainly result in the closure the deal to merge ICFs PVC of the Hyde plant.

21 per cent overall - as part formation is one element of a

Wallington Weston had been Britain's PVC sector, is expected

traditionally lower than those at to have an initial yearly sales

Troops train for fire duty

TROOPS are being trained to meetings around the country use Green Goddess Civil suggests that the strike recom-

Defence fire engines in readi- mendation will be supported.

ness for the one-day lightning but this is not yet a foregone

strikes threatened by firemen, conclusion because the remain-

the first of which could take ing meetings could swing it the

extent. Extra equipment has would cut £6 a week from an

More than 300 delegates from would be only £4 because

the Fire Brigades' Union meet pension contributions are not in London on Tuesday to taxable. The immediate, first-decide whether to go ahead stage effect would, therefore, be

out warning or emergency The Government says that the cover, over the Government's cost of the scheme has grown

decision to increase their pen- and that firemen's contribution

sion contributions by 4 per- to it has fallen from 28.6 per

centage points in two stages. cent in 1972 to 17.8 per cent

with the series of strikes, with- only a £2 cut.

Voting so far in mandating now.

heen added, and more of them average fireman's gross pay,

other way.

from November L

the merger. Pay rates at chain of rationalisation in

accepts cuts in pay

processing subsidiary with a

similar subsidiary company of Marley, the Kent-based building

Negotiations for the merger of .1Cf .Hyde Products with Wallington Weston, the Somer-

set subsidiery of Mariey, have

heen completed to form a new company. Weston Hyde Pro-ducts which will start trading

ICI told the 1,250 workers at

judged to range between 8 and

Hyde that they would have to redeploye take a pay cut - initially possible.

BY BRIAN GROOM, LABOUR STAFF

The Home Office keeps 1.000

of the standby appliances

stored around the country.

Many of these have already

been handed over to the Army.
The Green Goddesses were

used during the all-out fire-

men's strike in 1977-78. They

are old vehicles but have since

been modernised to some

next monin.

place next week.

will have radios.

THE ENGINEERING union employer. Mr Duffy said that he had not annual conference vesterday decided to press ahead with the signed any national agreement over the past year unless it has included hours reduction. He an appeal from Mr Terry Duffy, also claimed that several com-panies were now pulling ant of the EEF because they did not union president, not to tie negotiators down to a specific target. But the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers, which dominates the union side in want to get involved in a struggle over the working week. The EEF last night denied. negotiations with the Engineer-

that there had been a spate of ing Employers Federation, re-jected left-wing moves to press for a £20 a week "new money" resignations over the issue.
Several delegates emphasised that while job fears had under-mined wages militancy they still claim for all engineering Instead delegates backed the expected backing over reductraditional claim for a "sub-stantial increase" in the

tion of hours.

A left-wing move backing national minimum time rate. In the two tier, local and national, industrial action to obtain the 35-hour week was defeated hut lt was agreed that any bours bargaining in the engineering industry only a few workers in smaller companies do not earn reduction agreement should not include a clause relating to the maintenance or improvement of above the minimum time rate productivity.

The claim on hours will be On pay the national commit-tee called for a common imple-mentation date of Navember 1, pressed in all negotiations and the first major test, before talks with the EEF begin in Septemcommittee must be recalled to ber, will be at Ford.

Other aspects of the claim, that will still have to he ratified consider the outcome of negotiations. Implementation of the MTR rise is at present linked by the Confederation of Shipto indvidinal companies' anni-versary dates. Recall of the national committee will make building and Engineering Unions, includes: six weeks holiday; retirement at 60 for little difference to negotiations men and 55 for women; and a reduction in overtime. as itse comfortable right-wing

majority is sure to back the recommendation of the right-Harmonisation of conditions between hive and white-collar staff will also be a priority in It is clear that hours reducnegotiations. Mr Duffy criticised tion will be the major issue in this year's regotiations. The the staff unions for dragging their feet over harmonisation AUEW won the 39-hour week in 1979, after industrial action, but they have now agreed to join the AUEW in harmonisahut then agreed not to discuss tion talks with the EEF on the hours and conditions again at basis of a common "convergence on the 35-hour week.

Mr Duffy said: "We can never Mr Duffy underlined the staff solidify our forces behind the unions were not being asked to national pay issue hn there stand still on pay but on will be a struggle on hours conditions they must either reduction—it's the best weapon stand still or get considerably we have got to fight the less than those below," he said.

The new company said the

Ryde site which will he the

headquarters of Weston Hyde

will be employing about 1,100

of the original workforce. Some

have taken voluntary retire-ment but all but a few per cent

of the workforce had agreed

Ali but 20 of the salaried

staff have accepted the wage

cuts but these people would be

redeployed within ICI where

The new company, whose

An element of doubt has been

introduced by the Government's decision to introduce the rise

in pension contributions from

6.75 per cent of pay to 10.75

per cent in two stages-2 per

cent from May 1 and 2 per cent

the reduction in take-home pay

Although the overall rise

the pay cuts.

turnover of £60m.

People's March set to go

By John Lloyd, Labour Editor
THE SECOND People's March
for Jobs leaves Glasgow for
London today — with its

organisers' hoping that it may walk into a General Election.

Its main purpose is to focus national attention on rising unemployment, and the need for policies geared to create more jobs. If a June election is called, it could be a powerful focus for anti-Government fee-ing on an issue on which it is vunerable.

The march, which narrowly escaped an early demise when opposed by seeveral senior union leaders and by Mr Michael Foot, the Labour leader, will now be seen off from Queen's Park, Glasgow, by a number of senior union leaders and Mr Foot.

The opposition was based on fears that Labour would become to be identified with street protests, that its policies would be ignored. However, these differ-largely put aside and the organisation of the march looks impressive.

The main march will go from Glasgow to reach London on June 5. It will be joined by nine feeder marches, starting from Land'a End, Deeside, Liverpool. Newcastle, Keighley. Rotherham, Chesterfield, Hull and Great Yarmouth.

The first People's March, in 1981, was nutside of TUC control hut managed to secure a entered London.

large following by the time it The present march has had its share of political problems. The march organisers have been keen to broaden its appeal as much as possible, and to attract support from right across the political spectrum. They have often found, however, that the most enthusiastic

of the march's supporters have been deeply suspicious of members of other than left-wing parties showing support, and they fear the expected success may be marred by some sectarian feeling.

Clothing workers to lose jobs

REDUNDANCY notices have been given to 185 women workers at a dothing factory who refused to accept pay cuts of up to 20 per cent.

The management at the Bent-

wood Brothers factory at Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, have now said that the factory will close on May 31 unless a buyer can be found.
Mr Peter Bentwood, chair-

man of the Lancashire-based Sterling Group, which owns the factory, had warned the staff two months ago that it would close unless the workers accepted the cuts in their pay

of £120 a week The company had said that it was paying 20 per cent more than other employers in the area and that the money saved would be used towards a £100,000 reinvestment programme for new equipment

Mr Bentwood said: "The union has misled the staff over the wage rates and made them think we were bluffing. The plant will now close on May 31 uniess a buyer can be found."

Talks over cutting the pay of the workers have been going on for nearly three years.

An official of the National Union of Garment Workers. which has been involved in the negotiations said: "The com-

pany have played a pantomime.

They intended to close it all

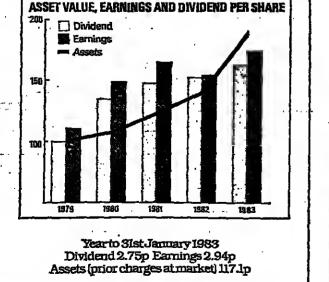
Docks crisis talks adjourned

A MEETING of the Port of London Authority's board called yesterday to discuss the financial crisis facing Tilbury, where dockers have been on strike for five weeks, bas been adjourned until Tuesday.

The board has no plans for

Pro-active investment 'reaches critical early stage'

BY MARK MEREDITH AND TIM DICKSON THE VENTURE capital indus-



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United Kingdom

United States of America.

FINANCIAL TIMES **VENTURE** CAPITAL

CONFERENCE

capital organisations including

TDC, which is part of ICFC. Prutech and Advent Manage-The Pro-active funds used experienced entrepreneurs or technical experts to follow through investment with clientcompanies, rather than the traditional aproach which relied on chartered accountants or

people with financial backgrounds. Each staff member of a venture fund would have no more than five investments under his charge and spend a considernumber of investments and at able length of time with each. The growth of the unlisted managers with their client securities market and the start

Britain has eight venture and France made liquidation of

from institutions such as unsurance companies. Only 12 per cent came from private individuals, compared with an estimated 20 per cent in the U.S. Major corporations in Britain were still sleepy as to the need to use venture capital. In the U.S. this sector accounted for 15 per cent of investments. He listed bome-truths for the

UK venture capital industry: the UK was limited in the size the UK was limited in the such of the developments, such that director of Advent Manage the industry would need an ment, emphasised the importance of businesses emerging ance of businesses emerging market.

Mr Ro international perspective; there and of businesses emerging was a high level of technical from university-based research innovation but the investment "There are still tremendous industry was behind in not barriers in the UK though, for developing its interest in this the university professor who sector; and, middle-managers wishes to cross the road into a needed more training in running companies to ensure rapid may be.

growth. of similar markets in Sweden ture was shown in the short- country but a question mark former had no restriction on these ideas would translate into

The industry's future was pany."

good, given this Government's Venture capital funds would risk. Even businessmen do need to keep a good arm's length from their source of finance, to focus on the big winners as opposed to the small busi-

ness, he said. science park, or whatever it

There are plenty of inno-

venture capital investments more straightforward and spurred development.

Dr Fast said threequarters of the funds for venture capital investment in Britain came

Telationships and their under-bave get to help entrepreneural managers. We have got to help entrepreneurs got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business and their under-bave got to help entrepreneurs got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business Expansion Scheme would be extended to include share-based in under-bave got to help entrepreneurs got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business Expansion Scheme would be extended to include share-based in under-bave got to help entrepreneurs got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business Expansion Scheme would be extended to include share-based in under-bave got to help entrepreneurs got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business Expansion Scheme would be extended to include share-based in under-based got to be provided to be enjoyed under the Business Expansion Scheme would be extended to include share-based got to be provided to be extended to include share-based got to be provided to be extended to include share-based got to be provided to be extended to include share-based got to be got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business and the got to be got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business and the got to be got to build management teams, to be enjoyed under the Business and the got to be got to build management teams. management for a small com-

Mr Bert Twaalfhoven, a interest and the changing public Dutch industrialist, entreattitudes. Employees attitudes preneur and venture-capitalist, could change through further said institutional investors

the risk is."

His talk covered experiences of NV Indivers, the Dutch company of which he is president. Mr David Cooksey, managing He said it was vital for European countries to develop a satisfactory over - the - counter

pany such as his own was a well-designed vehicle for investing in unlisted companies. example in sheltered bousing.
He said the difference between diagnostics and health care. investment companies and in Venture capitalists should be The industry's fragile struct vatious and inventors in this vestment trusts was that the thinking five years ahead, when term nature of venture capital still hangs over the supply of the percentage of their assets purchasing power.

ness Expansion Scheme would be extended to include shareholders in listed investment companies.

In a talk on where venture capitalists were placing bets now Mr Ronald Cohen, manag-ing director of Alan Patricof Associates, drew attention to the many spin-offs from computer tembnology. There was a fantastic number of applications, he said, citing instrumentation and the defence industry as areas of interest to venture canitalists.

known in the U.S. as the "grey wave"—the likelihood that by Mr Ross Peters, a director of Murray Technology Investment, believed an investment com-

44.2%

32.8%

credit "

The second secon

Opec

Es Timery fig.

US DE LANGE

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THE WEEK IN THE MARKETS-1

Brakes come on just short of 700 mark

enough descended on the environment." London market this week. Though early favourable indicators encouraged shares to in February that the company attempt to breach the 700 announced a slump in its 1982 harrier of the FT Industrial profits to a 10-year low of £259m share index, after several attempts some of the enthusiasm

began to wane. The week began with the U.S. were on sale at below 24.

parket continuing to clock up One of the main factors market continuing to clock up records on the back of better money supply figures and signs U.S. money pouring into London, of recovery in the American But several City analysts, in comomy. At home better world particular Mr Stuart Wamsley economic prospects helped of stockbrokers W. Greenwell, power the FT index to 698.4 are sceptical about the extent

including the All Share, to all crucial sterling-deutschemark time bighs. But suggestions that exchange rate has started to the market had now discounted many of the favourable factors, including a Tory victory at the next general election, and that equities were no longer cheap, cheap, applied a brake on Tuesday, in the shape of the largest single day's fall for over: a month The FT index: recovered but finished the week

at 688, down 7.5. Sterling remained much bapsterning remained much dap-pier than of late and touched \$1.5615 before falling back below \$1.54, but equities were relatively uninspiring.

ICI surges -

Imperial Chemical Industries has traditionally been regarded as the classic UK "bell-wether" stock and the announcement by its chairman on Thursday that the company had enjoyed an upsurge in profitability in its first ouarier sent its share and sustained turn-around.

Mr Howard Coates, the chemicals analyst at stock-brokers de Zoete and Bevan, places more emphasis first ouarter sent its share price shooting up by a record 32p to

Index also soured by 17 points holders: "There do seem to be the success of the heart drug, some hopeful and positive signs Tenormin in the U.S.

A FEELING that enough was of change in the economic

The uprating of ICI has been remarkably swift, as it was only pre-tax. Last year ICI shares were languishing at well below £3, and only a month ago they

behind the price surge has been of stockbrokers W. Greenwell; early on Monday.

Gains were widespread enough in demand in Europe noted in to push 16 FT Actuaries indices.

March has been patchy and the including the All Characteristics. exchange rate has started to work against ICI again.

The UK labour force, which numbered 1\$0,000 in the mid-70s, has been cut by 25,000 over the past two years and should fall to 50,000 this year. But the company is still suffering from massive excess capacity.

The agriculture division is

not expected to aee much improvement in demand for its fertilisers this year, especially with Australian farmers over-whelmed by the lements. In the longer-term, the dumping of products from Eastern Europe and by 1985 from the new plants in the Middle East may prevent the heavily lossmaking petrochemicals and plastics division from achieving

favourable effects that rising stock levels should have demand on ICI's petrochemical The FT Industrial Ordinary and plastics products. Profits of a sourced by 17 points in 1983 from pharamceuticals before lunch after Mr John should rise from £138m to Harrey-Jones had told bis share around £780m thanks largely to

Whereas Mr Wamsley belives appeared to be over and recent the market has lost sight of all the fundamentals amid the froth it is generating. Mr Coales

The dependence of the content of t believes that ICI's improvement is a favourable omen for the prospects of general economic recovery. "This time it looks like the real thing, he said.

Dunlop skids

Some 17 months ago a leading City firm of stockbrokers published a research paper for its ellents entitled "Dunlop—the bounce back." The view was shared by other commentators were studying the tyre manufacturer's struggle to halt a severe profits decline from the £79m pre-tax profit record of

When the troubled group turned in a break even position for 1981 on a 5 per cent sales advance the signs were that this was the hottom. The UK tyre operations were responding to savage surgery. But significantly, its European activities

remained weak.

By June the chairman, Sir Campbell Fraser, gave an optimistic statement to the annual meeting and in July the group struck a deal to sell its Malaysian interests to Pegi Malaysia Berhad for £73m. The caah generated promised to pull borrowing helow the level of shareholders' funds.

In September the optimism appeared confirmed as Dunlop showed a recovery to a £4m profit on a well over 11 per cent rise in sales. There were some cautionary sounds but the worst

But it did not turn out anything like that. Not surprisworst performers of this week when the group reported that it bad lost £7m in 1982 on turnover 5 per cent up at £1.53bn, and omitted its final dividend. The shares, which had traded up to 78p last year, fell 3p on the day to 52p, close to their 50p par value, capitalising the company pear £75m.

Despite restructuring and cost cutting the group's European tyre business remains the chief problem with better per-formance in Germany being offset by difficulties in France ln an oversupplied market. At the operating level profits

were down from £52m to £41m representing a margin of only 2.7 per cent. At the same time, desplte an easing of interest rates the financing charges were up from £45m to £56m because of a change on the accounting treatment of certain

accounting treatment of certain overseas borrowings.

On top of it all payment of £24m cash relating to the Malaysian deal had been delayed and the group bad to look to a property revaluation to keep gearing below 100 per cent

Hawker Siddeley

The diversity of Hawker oil prices on those regions' Siddeley's products — from spending plans.

whisky to railway trucks—has Profits in the electrical provided valuable stability engineering division advanced the group's Canadian markets in during downturns in its various only slightly, hampered by a the current year and order

the group lingering on the points while changing track from

recession to recovery. Last year's results, showing a 4 per cent decline in pre-tsx profits to £116.2m, were burdened by slack markets in the heavy capital goods sector. which accounts for the balk of the group's business and which the economic upturn will "take a little longer to reach.

The squeeze on profits was

LONDON

ONLOOKER

substantially eased, however, by defensive cash management, which produced a cash inflow of £34.1m, enough to knock £4.7m off the interest bill.

Trading conditions were toughest in mechanical engineering, where trading profits contracted by 15 per cent to £54m and the market for smaller industrial dlesel engines felt a sharp decline in the second half. Order books were bealthier for the bigger machines, but the division's exposure to Africa and the Middle East will come under pressure in the current year from the effect of falling

MARKET HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

	FRC	Change	1382	1303	
	y'day	on week	High	Low	
F.T. ind. Ord. index	688.0	– 7. 5	<i>6</i> 75.5	598.4	Erratic nearing 700
Arlen Elect	377	+80	380	119	Persistent buying
BOC	231	+17	232	170	Good demand
Bellair Cosmetics	78	+24	78	17	Fenton Hill bid talks
Black (A. & C.)	183	+35	183	133	Excellent results
BP	382	+18	392	296	Hopes of oil price stability
Currys	368	+70	368	280	Excellent results
Dubilier	128	÷16	131	t04	Interim figs. & div. forecast
Dunlop	49	-11	60	43	Year's loss/final div. omission
East Dagga.	362	+57	363	148	Speculative buying
Fobel Intril.	180	+47	190	10t	Investment seminar
Humphries Hidgs.	42	+to	42	to	Technicolor bid approach
ici	460	+24	476	350	Ch'rman's optimism/1st 1 figs Th
Jo'burg Cons.	£88‡	+ 81	£88 <u>†</u>	£52}	Cape buying/stock shortage
Lorlin Electronic	t 30	十50寸	t32	110	USM debut
RTZ	585	-23	614	455	Charter's 9.1m share placement
Security Centres	492	+139°	526	260	In wake of U.S. acquisition
Tate of Leeds	175	+38	180	t03	Possible offer

† Based on placing price of 80p. * Based on pre-suspension price

price war in the British cable industry. The sector's high con-centration on exports should benefit from the weakness of sterling in 1983, but like mechanical engineering it is also vulnerable to retrenchment by oil producing customers.

Weak markets for housing, pulp and paper meant that the Canadian forestry company continued to make a loss, albeit a lively profits growth in due reduced one, reflecting a late course. improvement in bousing starts. Economic recovery in the U.S. should produce a spin-off for

books are already improving in year ended January, its shop the transportation company,

The company sees little evidence, bowever, of a widespread upturn in most of its market and bas lifted the final dividend a modest 5 per cent, giving a total of 9.8p. Nevertheless, the strength of its product

Busy high street

Currys Group was expected to produce good results in the it reported on Tuesday.

packed full with electrical pro ducts, TVs and videos, the firstarget for shoppers encourage be the easing of hirer purchas and lower inflation. To £15.06m pre-tax profit when i came on Tuesday was eve better than forecast.

Along the High Street a W. H. Smith and Son, busines is brisk but not quite as spet tacular as in the electrica sector. The newsagents, book sellers and stationers busines revealed profits of £26.71m. fo the year to end January when

CURRYS Share Price Relative to ET-Actuanes Alf-Share 200 150 100 1982 1981

Economy on track?

NEW YORK RICHARD LAMBERT

CENTRAL PARK is at last beginning to show signs of spring, but down in the south of Manhattan it is already high of Mannatian It is already ingin summer. In just ten trading sessions, the Dow Jones Indus-trial Average rose by nearly 80 points to a new high in heavy trading before pausing for

breath on Thursday.
Like any good bull market,
Wall Street is looking for excuses to go up at present—and this week, it found several. Wednesday's upsurge was built on the old cliché about what is good for General Motors: the world's biggest car maker reported first quarter profits which were significantly better than most expectations, and as if to show that this was not a fluke, Chrysler did the same on

Thursday.
It now looks as though General Motors could be heading for earnings this year of \$99 per share or more, compared with just over \$3 a share in 1982. That would put its shares on a prospective price earnings multiple of about 64. Chrysler's earnings are very hard to predict, but at a rough guess its price earnings ratio at around \$25½ may be comparable

But the traffic lights are still not all set at green in Detroit. The motor companies book their profits when the cars leave their factories—rather than the show-rooms—and the rise in retail sales this year has been nothing to shout about

One result of this is that the manufacturers appear to have been trimming back their steel orders in recent weeks. Republic Steel, one of several major steel makers to report big first quarter losses in the past few-days, said that it had seen an improvement in demand during the first two months of 1983, mostly from the consumer durables area. But demand had reached a plateau in March. and the company was still not making enough steel to get it back into the black during the current three month period. Another big steel maker. Armco. cut its dividend

yesterday.

This will worry those who believe that the 3.1 per cent annual rate of increase in the economy during the first quarter was little more than an automatic reaction to the record levels of destocking in the preceding quarter. Busi-

ness inventories have been

or two, and consumers are still behaving cautiously.

But most of this week's news was much more positive. Wednesday's figures on the growth in gross national product during the first quarter seemed to indicate that the Reagan Administration was broadly on track with its forecast of a near 5 per cent growth rate between the fourth quarter of 1982 and the final three months of this year. And a series of top com-pany officials bave been painting a generally encouraging picture of an economy which is picking itself up from the

Dow Chemical is a good example. Its first quarter earnings were way below those of a year earlier-but were much higher than in the final three months of 1982. The company said that its rate of capacity utilisation was improving with every month that passed, and that the general environment for prices was also getting better. So the second half of this year is expected to pro-duce a "dramatic improveduce a ment.

That could mean overall earnings in 1983 will rise from a depressed \$1.77 a share to around \$2, putting the shares on a prospective price earnings multiple of about 15. Next year's earnings, Wall Street devoutly hopes, will be substan-

tially higher.

The chemical companies traditionally lag behind the economic cycle, but other basic industry sectors, like the forest product and building material product and building material groups, are already beginning to abow a strong measure of profits recovery. And last year's stars in the pharmaceutical sector are continuing to show very stron profits growth, with the exception of companies like Merck which have been held back by the strength of the back by the strength of the

dollar. Things were more subdued down in Atlanta, where Ameri-can Telephone and Telegraph held its last annual meeting before the great divestiture, and confirmed that first quarter earnings—after excluding the impact of an accounting change last year-were broadly un

While the giant telephone on breaking itself up, Wall Street is working on the "Son of AT and T." Never one to miss a trick, Merrill Lynch is reported to be putting together an investment trust that will recreat the present group

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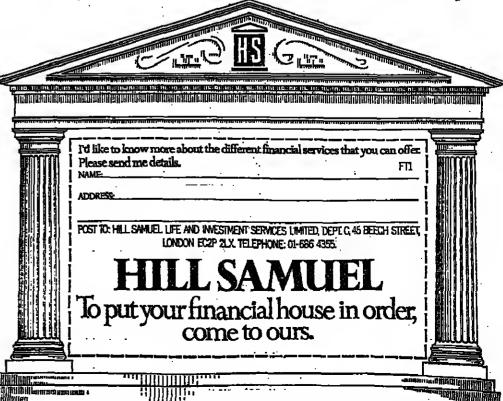
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THE WEEK IN THE MARKETS-2

The tide is turning

bottom of the cycle in the last reduced its burden of unsold quarter of 1982. We are, of nickel stocks by 29 per cent course, not out of the woods to 75m lb. yet, but there has been substanfrom Mr William James, chairman of Canada's nickel-produc- distance away. ing Falconbridge.

He expects a 10 per cent rise in non-communist world consumption this year and he points to the recovery in nickel prices that has taken place since November. So the company's losses are expected to he much smaller in the current quarter.

Transatlantic companies like to compare the results for their latest quarter with those of the same quarter of the previous year. But the improvement which is now getting under way is better seen by comparing the first quarter results now being announced with those for the final quarter of 1982.

Thus the first-quarter loss of C\$22.1m (£11.6m) just declared hy Falconbridge goes against a loss of C\$29.3m in the previous three months. In the case of the major nickel producer, Inco. the picture is different with a first-quarter loss of US\$76.9m (£49.8m) comparing with US\$63.7m in the final quarter

However, there were US\$61m two quarters and these will fall sharply in the current period. mines will be back in produc-

"I BELIEVE that we hit the Meanwhile, Inco has further tion again.

tial improvement in the market man, thus expects results for place." This summing up of the the current quarter to be subpicture for the metal mining stantially better than in the industry has come this week first quarter, although the profit-making stage is still some

> On the copper front, the leading U.S. producer, Phelps Dodge, has reported a fall in the first-quarter loss to \$3.9m which goes against a loss of \$9.5m in the previous three months and one of \$19.1m in the first quarter of 1982.

Last April the company was forced by the poor conditions in the copper market to close all its copper mines together

MINING

KENNETH MARSTON

with three smelters in Arizona It later resumed mining and was operating at 75 per cent of capacity in the first quarter of

As a result the copper and other primary metal operations managed to make modest operating profits in the quarter and, thus emboidened. Phelps is to reopen its Tyrone mine shutdown costs in each of the in New Mexico on May 2 which will mean that all of its copper

The giant U.S. natural resource group, Amax, still lost as much as \$48.7m in the first Mr Charles Baird, the chair- quarter of this year, but this was not nearly so painful as the loss of \$244.5m suffered in the previous three months which hrought the total loss for 1982 to \$390m. So, here again, Amax says that it is "beginning to

recovery." There is one thing that all these major companies have in common and it is important: they have all slimmed down into much more efficient opera-Lessons have heen learned and the companies have ouce again become lean and aggressive animals.

per pound of nickel produced by as much as 25 per cent, making the company one of the lowest-cost nickel producers in the world. This kind of policy pays far better dividends than does complacency.

Copper prices have also been improving and 1 have been intrigued to note that the Chinese have been buying strongly this week, I don't know whether they are more shrewd than others, but 1 remember that late last year they moved in at just the right time and thereby profited greatly.

group with its profitable Palabora and Bougainville mines It thus seems surprising that after the parent company's sharp recovery in the second half of last year that Charter Consolidated has sold its remaining holding of 9.1m RTZ shares this week for-£51m, equal to 560p per share.

henefit to the Rio Tinto-Zinc

This does not mean that Charter has lost faith in RTZ. The move fits in with Charter's stated policy of investing directly in mining and industrial operations rather than economic taking the more pasive role as an investor in those of others. Kloof ... And, of course, with the price of RTZ now riding high, the money has come in useful.

This week has brought the completion of the March quarterly reporting season of the South African gold mines. In U.S. dollar terms they have received on average a price rise reckons that its austerity pro-gramme has cut corporate costs revenue in South African currency has risen by only 5 per

> Still, costs have been quite well maintained despite a rise of some 16 to 18 per cent in electric power charges and most of the pre-tax profits have been increased over those of the previous quarter.

> Capital expenditure ranks as tax-offset so those mines which have spent less in the quarter have seen an increase in tax liability which has resulted in some of them reporting lower net profits.

Ruffeisfootein 11,339 14,584 109,845 8.801 Decikraal Doornfontein 5,649 17,019 Durban Deep +6,140 2,487 East Rand Pty East Transvaal Elandsrand FS Geduld 6.749 22.890 19,296 30,773 33,820 14,317 41,721 2,443 16,647 4,034 751 24,224 29,515 67,906 37,322 1,823 Grootylei Harmony 33,082 Hartebeest 15,198 34,480 3,215 r.eslie Libacon Loraine Marievale President Brand President Steyn Randfontein St Helcna South African Land Stilfontein 9.370 Vaai Reefs Venterspost Village Main Western Areas 46,032 28,980 10,598 61.885 53,203 Western Deep Western Holdings Winkelhaak 33,807 12,637 13,726

Loss † After receipt of State aid. ‡ After repayment of State

of R45.4m (£26.8m) compared is only temporary. with R67.9m in the previous three months. Even so, the latest reduction in capital ex-gramme which will cost some penditure leaves the mine with R178m in all, to be spent over a 36 per cent increase in earn- the years to 1987. The money ings per share despite the higher tax charge. But I must The current rise in copper Randfontein, for example, add that the fall in capital totalled R308m and prices must also be of great has thus turned in a net profit spending in the latest quarter be higher this year. add that the fall in capital totalled R308m and which will

Vani Reefs is going thead with a major expansion prowill he provided by earnings which in the year to March 31

The height of a Cypress hedge

Our neighbour's Cypress hedge has now grown to a height of 10 feet and completely blocks our view. Could you tell me, is there any limit to the height to which such a hedge may be 🗀

If the hedge is a means of enclosure it would appear to be subject to the two metre restriction on development without planning permission in the General Development Order.

Allotment in a false name

Some time ago, to a question under the heading Allotment in a false name, you replied: "We think that it is not unlawful to apply for an allotment in a different came. even if that is not a name by

which the applicant is normally (or ever) known." This seems to be an almost foolproof method of avoiding efforts to deter stagging. Since the

FINANCE AND

THE FAMILY

BY OUR LEGAL STAFF

object of stagging is to obtain pecuniary advantage, is it not possible that the use of false names in making multiple. applications for shares in new Issue amounts to some sort of .. an offence under the Theft Act since the applicant, in those circumstances, is using deceit, in order to obtain a pecuniary advantage, such advantage

being obtained to the disadvantage of others who have behaved, without deceit, to .. apoly for shares in accordance with the instructions of the. issuing house or its hankers?

If your advice remains that applications for shares may be made in false names then,

5,500

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49,500

presumably, it is equally in order (subject to prior arrangement with the bank) for accompanying cheques to be signed in the false name.

also. Is this your view, too? Finally, could you let me have your guidance on the practical interpretation of the word "multiple" in relation to applications for shares in new

We doubt if the making of an application for shares in a name other than that which the applicant normally uses would constitute theft, although in some circumstances a case might be made out on that The cheque would have to be

signed in the name of an account, holder if a different name were being used and it is doubtful - whether -a bank would knowingly be party to such an arrangement. The terms of the issue would be crucial in determining whether there were any obtaining of a pecuniary advantage deception.

word in this cootext, and It seems to amount to no more than a means of reserving to

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in error In 1971 1 had a large doubleglazed window installed in my Ayrshire home, and this was covered by a 10-year guarantee. A little more than 10 years

Money paid

afterwards, as I thought, condensation appeared and I had the glazing replaced by the same firm which quoted £320 for the job. Shortly after paying the bill for this sum, I found the original guarantee form and discovered that in fact the

10 years was not up when the fault appeared. I applied to the firm for a refund hat the upshot of the matter was that they have failed to make me one. What, please is my position under Scots law?

mistaken belief that it was due can be recovered. The recipient of such monies is under an obligation of "repetition" and the action to enforce this is called in this regard, who will also be Condictio Indebiti. This is clear able to give you an estimate of law in the case of a mistake in fact but is in doubt when the mistake is one of law. The condiction of the concept of for the recovery of money paid Condictio Indebiti depends on in error is extinguished after

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deemed to be an error in fact. It is impossible for us to advise you with certainty as to your own position in this regard as consideration would require to be made as to the guarantee In Scotland it is generally which you hold, the terms of held that money pald under the the original contract, and the which is now under discussion.

We would suggest therefore that you consult your Solicitor the expenses in which you would become involved.

The right to raise an action equitable considerations and it five years in terms of Section 6 has been held that a mistake in of the Prescription and Limitathe construction of a private tion (Scotland) Act 1973.

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CTT payable

of £3,500= 71% of £2,000 = 150.

of £2,500=

of £2,500=

30% of £4,500 = 1,350

71% of £3,000=

questions about CTT I am still somewhat puzzled. Could you please tell me (1) If death occurs within three years of the transfer of estate, will this transfer be included in total asset, and liable for CTT? (2) If death occurs after three years of such a transfer, but before 10 years of cumulative period expired, would the CTT be charged on a life time gift basis of reduced rate or death rate? (3) If the transfer was made on, say, May 10, 1974, will it be completely CTT free ? I mean, the entire £55,000 (£60,000 now) on May 11, 1984 ? (4) If this is so what will be the position of someone making gradual transfer of, say, £5,500 every year, apart from the £3.000 annual exemption of gifts, and the person died In 1983 (originally he started gradual transfer in 1974?) If

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Coovi Divo Current

-22.1

Cheap (+) Dear(-)

Despite your recent replies to . this person has left a total estate of £64,500 (£49,500+ £15,000 yet to transfer): what would be his liability to CTT? You will find general guidance

in a free booklet, CTT1 (January 1983), which is obtainable from the Capital Taxes Office, Minford House, Rockley Road, London, W14 ODF, 1-Yes: the CTT bill will he recalculated on the death scale Up to £60,000, of course, the rate is zero on both scales. 2—On the lifetime scale. -Yes: a non-exempt gift of up to £15,000 on May 10, 1974, would have been chargeable at zero rate, and it will fall out of the cumulative total after ten

4-If a man who had made annual non-exempt gross gifts of £5,500 since May 1974 were to die in Anril 1983 possessing assets worth £15,000, the CTT bill would be as shown in the table above.

A transfer of specie

wife for her life with simple reverter to himself. In August 1971, expecting he would die first, he declared that he held the Reversion for their two adult children absolutely as

H settled in 1962 shares on his

The wife has now died. Can he as trustee transfer the share in specie to the two children? Does he incur CTT and/or CGT: You can transfer in specie. No capital Transfer, Tax exigeable, but Capital Gains: Tax will arise under Section 55 (1) and/or Section 54 (1) of

Pre-tax profits rise by 42%

Britannia Arrow

Summary of Results: Year to 31st December, 1982 Pre-tax profits up 42% to £6.0m (1981 £4.2m) Total ordinary dividend increased to 1.7p net (1981-1.5p net) Earnings per share up to 4.5p (1981 4.0p)

The Rt. Hon. Geoffrey Rippon Q.C., M.P. makes the following points in his Chairman's Statement:-

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> Annual General Meeting at Ironmongers' Hall, Aldersgate Street, London, E.C.2. on Thursday, 19th May, 1983.

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How to get a mortgage

William Dawkins looks at the state of the housing market

NOW IS traditionally the time when many people like to take action on the housemoving plans they have been hatching all winter. But with few exceptions, housebuyers will find that they have to wait for between one and three months to get a loan-when they could have picked up a mortgage practically on the spot six

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**** ** m.

Building societies blame the squeeze on the banks' recent substantial withdrawal from the home loan market, which took place at a time when demand for mortgages was increasing.

The societies' lending reached a record £1.95m last month, while the influx of savings has lagged so severely— burdened by the comparative lack of attractiveness of build-ing societies' share accounts— that most major societies are having to dip deep into liquidity to meet borrowers needs. Liquidity shrank by £382m in March, the fourth consecutive monthly decline. Much of the building

societies' argument may be rbetoric, simed at putting pressure on the Government to reduce interest rates further, thereby restoring the attractiveness of their savings accounts. The half-point cut in bank base rates this month bas helped a little. Nevertheless, the queues remain. As one building society manager put it: "The banks really left us holding the bahy."

However, the problem is not so damaging to housebuyers as it at first seems. Since most vendors are also having to wait for a loan to make their own purchase, mortgage queoes have tended to lead to general delays in completion times, rather than large numbers of abortive deals.
And few building societies have changed their traditional policy of making mortgages freely available through bousing estate developers, which means that people buying, say, a new Wimpey bome will be unusually unincky if they get stuck in a

For those who do have to wait, the Abbey National has attempted to soften the pain by giving a written commitment to successful applicants detailing the date on which the money will be available. In the present climate the control of can be up to 12 weeks ahead, although. half that period is the average. However, it is accepted by banks as security for bridging finance and is a useful guarantee to renders that money will be

loans almost entirely to mem-bers, in contrast to last autumn when mortgages were available

to all financially suitable comers. Priority is given to those who bave invested in the society for two years and with a "reasondeposit-which usually means 10 per cent of the pur-chase price—as well as first time buyers and members moving because of their jobs.
The criteria Abbey National

is using ere very much in line with those used by other major

LITTLE NORTHWICK PARK The queues are lengthening," says Mr Tom Taylor, assistant an investor with the building general manager. Members only society of your choice and has also become the rule and the society is looking increasingly critically at the quality of mem-

bership when deciding how to

apportion mortgages. For instance, a newcomer who leposits a substantial sum with the society today and applies for a mortgage next week is likely to be disappointed, as he would be at most major societies. The ideal applicant would be one who bas gradually accumulated 5 or 10 per cent of the purchase price over six months or a year or even a saver who had put aside a smaller amount over a longer period, says Mr Taylor.

Unfortunately, there seems to be no quick solution for housebuyers who have not boilt up a long-standing relationship with a building society and want an instant mortgage.

"What we are looking for is a consistent approach," says Mr Taylor. "If people want to move next autumn, they should start developing a relationship with a building society now, rather than trying to get a loan while they think there's still money left. It is only because Abbey National has restricted that there are bottlenecks like

> Nationwide reports average delays of between two and three months and says it needs at least 50 per cent more in savings receipts to meet the demand for borrowing without dipping into liquidity. Mr Horace Fielder, the Nation-wide's general manager of housing and planning, says the average size of loans has also increased. The typical first time buyer, for example, wants to borrow nearly £18,700, almost

societies.

The Halifax, Britain's biggest f2,000 more than a year ago.

building society, reports delays of between four and eight weeks. that offered by the Halifax, things happening."



society of your choice and recognise that you are not going to be able to open an accoun one day and get a mortgage the next. The saver should be pre-pared to make a reasonably serious commitment."

The Anglia is another building society which has recently been forced to turn non-members away. "We don't like turning any form of business says Mr Leonard Wilson, the general manager.
"But the intake of money over the past three months has not been enough to maintain previous levels of lending." Queues at the An glia average between four and six weeks, with no indication that they will get shorter, says Mr Wilson.

Mr Alan Cumming, chief general manager of the Wool-wick and chairman af the Building Societies' Association, warns that the societies cannot continue-eroding their liquidity indefinitely. His society is already quenes of eight to 10 weeks and like the others has restricted lending to members only. "We are in the business of sharing out a scarce commodity," he says,

In his view, the societies have three options in the short term: fall, thus encouraging a badly needed improvement in the inflow of funds.

• Reduce lending allocations further.

 Increase mortgage rates. "One of those things has got to hoppen," he says. "It is not going to happen tomorrow or next week, but it is going to happen within the next three months. It is unpalatable politically, but I don't know of any magic pot of gold that is going to stop at least one of these



Arbuthnot Securities Limited, one of the unresearched. Consequently they provide leading (IK unit trust companies, announces the formation of a unique unit trust, Arbuthnot World Penny Share Fund. The Fund will be managed by Arbuthnot's team of highly successful investment managers.

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Penny shares describe companies whose shares are priced in pennies rather than pounds and are usually little known and

excellent opportunities for entrepreneurs to launch them into profitability and these activities are thriving especially in America, Japan and the U.K.

The aim of Arbuthnot World Penny Share Fund is to achieve maximum capital growth (estimated gross starting yield is 2% p.a.).

Remember the price of units and the income from them can go down as well as up. Until 6th May 1983, units in the new Arbuthnot World Penny Share Fund may be purchased at the fixed launch offer price of 10p. You can invest simply by returning the application form below with your

Applications will be acknowledged and unit catifi-cates will be issued within six weeks. Units can be purchased or sold back daily. Repayment is made within 14 days of our receipt of your renounced catificate. The Trust offers investors accumulation

able on request).

Offer price includes 5%% service charge. The maximum permitted annual charge is 2% of the value of the Fund plus VAT but the managers will levy this at 1½%. Three months notice of any increase will be given. Offer is not open to residents of the Republic of Indeed.

ovicent.
Trustee: The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
Managers: Arbutinot Securities Limited (Reg in
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Members of the Unit Trust Association.

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ARBUTHNOT The Unit Trust People



are unapproachable City slickers rolled umbrella on arm, who are usually ont for a

long lunch. Brokers not surprisingly are keen to live down this sort of regutation. Instead many seek to project the relaxed informal style of a professional who can grapple with every aspect of an individual's financial affairs.

It'a best to remember that when consulting a stockbroker or any investment manager there is no such thing as free stockbrokers rarely charge directly for their views, this does not mean they are not aiming to generate income indirectly through brokerage commissions. through

Indeed one stockbroker was honest enough to admit that his firm charges well above the Stock Exchange's commission on small transactions in order to make the business profitable. So the lesson is clearly to ask just bow much stockbrokers will be earning from your business. All financial advisers make money out of their clients, otherwise they would not stay in business. but do make sure you are not paying over the odds.

Despite much mumbling about small clients being unprofitable, most of the large City brokers have flourishing private client departments and many send their London staff around the country promoting the firm's virtues,

Services offered by brokers fall into three categories. First there is straight dealing in

FOR MANY people stockbrokers ad hoc advice thrown in. There

Finally, brokers are increas-ingly pressing clients to band over responsibility for the products they sell.

FOR PEOPLE with £10,000 who

is no minimum figure required but anyone with small sums to invest tends to be penalised by relatively high commissions. Next there is portfolio management in various packages. Here, as with the banks, individuals with less than £20,000 may find the choice restricted but brokers are much more flexible than the

running of their investment affairs. Several firms have set up subsidiaries, which are often gistered insurance brokers, to do just this. These subsidiaries normally take commission from the insurance companies whose

Capel-Cure Myers

The firm says it will help people in most circumstances, even those with as little as £500 to invest. Anyone with less than £7,500 will be advised to put the funds in the firm's own unit trusts which it says are run conservatively and not aimed at hitting the heights of the per-formance tables. Those with E7,500 plus are offered discretionary portfolio management with funds invested in unit trusts other than the firm's and also in individual stocks. There is no direct charge for either of these services but the firm trusts, brokerage fees on shares and a management fee on inYou and Your Money:

Rosemary Burr continues her series

There's more to broking than a long lunch

shares only, the firm has a per-sonal portfolio service. Clients able.

cretionary service is also avail-sions generated will cover cost are grouped shared investment objectives and invested in bulk. The service is run in conjunction with Bank of Scotland and commis sions are 30 per cent higher than the minimum in order to make the service feasible. Anyone with £30,000 or more can have a personally run indivi-dual portfolio constructed specially. Again there are no direct fees, but the firm earns its keep through commissions on share deals, and on sales of insurance

The firm's financial services subsidiary offers advice on insurance, tax and complex CTT schemes. It is also currently developing a growing presence in the expatriate market where it detects a gaping bole in the market which is leaving people working abroad in the bands of "unprofessional" frequently

 Grievson Grant The firm stresses there is no minimum amount required. Those with less than £50,000 will find their funds placed in unit trusts, some of which may be in-house. If a client bas an existing portfolio of shares this will gradually be turned into a portfolio of unit trusts. Again, no charges, although the firm earns commissions and/or management fees on in-house trusts. Those with more than £50,000

are offered a discretionary service which consists of a portof individual British stocks and funds invested in stocks and shares with a little prefer to invest in individual overseas markets. A non-dis-

FIRST

The firm's subsidiary financial services company is a registered insurance broker. Tax planning, insurance and general advice is dispensed by this sub-

● Hoare Govett

Clients with less than £6,000 10 per cent. The construction will be advised to invest in unit trusts or single premium bonds. Those with between £6,000 and £25,000 can opt for the firm's unit trust management service where for an annual fee of ‡ per cent per annum, minimum £15, the firm will construct a portfolio of unit trusts run by other groups. Three portfolios are available: growth, income or combined growth and income. Clients can monitor the performance

Planned Savings magazine. There is a free nominee service for clients with dividends paid quarterly. The firm earns money by bolding the dividends on average six weeks.

Anyone with at least £25,000 can opt for discretionary portfolio management which include gilts and equities. An advisory portfolio management service is available for those wbo wish to make their own decisions with £50,000.

Advice on capital transfer tax, school fees, pension schemes, unit linked insurance and life assurance is also snp-

 Quilter Goodison Advisory service for those with the dividends before sending a minimum of £20,000. No fee

A full discretionary management service is also offered those with £20,000 at no fe-

More unusually the firm offer a managed investment accoun for anyone with £2,500 or more The client choses the level income desired from nought of the portfolio depends of level of return requested by may include gilts and un trusts. The idea behind th

scheme is that income can be sacrificed for capital gain. The firm also offers a compr bensive range of advice on ta planning. Quilter specialises i visits to homes and ha regional seminars at regula

Sheppards and Chase

Clients with a few thousand ponnds will be advised to ne their money in unit trusts. Fo those with at least £25,000 portfolio management service given. A fee of £13.50 pe annum for a half yearly value tion is charged irrespective o portfolio size.

Fourteen months ago the firm launched a financial ser vices company which offers the usual gamut of tax and insur ance advice. A free nominee service

provided with dividends col lected and sent to clients quar terly. In addition, transactions records acceptable by the Inland Revenue will be pro vided. The firm earns interes:

PUBLIC OFFER

The technological revolution is having a profound impact throughout the commercial and industrial world.

Robots are replacing workers on the production line. New strains of diseaseresistant crops and new varieties of drugs are being made by gene-splitting and other genetic engineering techniques. Radical new methods of producing cheap and plentiful energy are being evolved. Expensive and increasingly rare metals are being replaced by new materials, such as plastics that can conduct electricity and ceramics that can be worked like metal.

The significance of this mounting technological revolution lies in the opportunities for capital growth that are

> AMERICA... LEADING EDGE **TECHNOLOGIES**

created as innovations leave the laboratory and find applications in the commercial world.

For the investor, it is important to identify the market which can provide the best opportunity for participation in the growth potential offered by the technology sector.

America has by far the largest. research and development budget of any country, spending 48% of the world total, compared with 14% for Japan and 13% for West Germany. As a result, America is at the leading edge of every aspect of . technology, from telecommunications and micro-electronics to bio-technology and fusion power.

Besides being the heartland of research, America is also the country in which venture capital is most freely available and where conditions for new company growth are at their most fertile. On-the-spot Investment



in the tide of American **Technology**

MARKET-LEADING

INVESTMENT

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The principal investment adapter to the francival be L.R. Natherhild Laterberg, Lowdin, acting thirties the investment manager; I. Notherhild Capacide Sangement Corporation. Established in 1899. I. Thorischild Universe; Lowdin, Sangement Corporation, Established in 1899. I. Thorischild Universe; Lowdin, Sangement in the sangement of the L.R. Sangement in the sangement of the L.R. Sangement is bight rectionalists security for the L.R. Sangement in the later markets and immergently 781 and 1987 and 1987

term growth through investment in companies which are believed to have AMERICA...

THE HEARTLAND OF RESEARCH

Identifying the Opportunities

Having identified America as the most

With the launch of Target

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exciting growth sectors available today.

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applying its resources to the investments of

Target Technology Fund has been

designed to provide unitholders with long-

the difficulty in selecting the right

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investments still remains.

dynamic region in the technology sector,

exceptional prospects because of their ability to introduce and exploit new technology.

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For your investment to achieve maximum growth, you should invest in Target Technology Fund without delay. Investors should remember that their holding in Target Technology Fund is a long-term investment, suitable for only part of their portfolio They may therefore wish to consult their professional adviser.

Many of the companies in which the Fund will invest retain a substantial portion of their earnings to finance future development. Consequently, the initial yield on an investment in the Fund is estimated at 1.0% p.a. gross. The initial offer price of units is 50p.

Investors should remember that the price of units and the income from them can go down as well as up.

OFFER CLOSES		
	TOT	

- 5	· L_		FT23/4
	TAR	GET 1	ECHNOLOGY FUND
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		6	in Targer Technology Fund at 50p per unit. I/We enclose a

We wish to invest.	cheque made payable to Tun (Minimum initial investment	ger Trust Managers I ed. LCL 1,000.)	
I/We wish to have income automatically re-	invested in further times.	☐ Please tick	
I/We hereby declare that the units are noc). Sectors of America.	seing acquired directly or indir	ectly by a citizen or resident of th	e United

t are joint applicants all must sign and attach names and addresses sej

This offer is not available to residents of the Republic of Include or to chizens or residents of the USA.

Investment Managers: J. Rothschild Capital Management Corporation

Applications and the ones will be acknowledged. Certificates will be sent within 42 days of the close of the Applications and thegues will be acknowledged. Certificates will be sent within 42 days of the close of the offer. You may sell your units at any time at a price which will not be less than that calculated by Department of Trade regulations. Payment will be made within 10 days of receipt by the Managers of the renounced certificate. Prices of units and yield are quoted deily in the National Press.

An initial charge of 5% is included in the sale pide of units out of which remaneration is paid to qualified intermediaties. Rates are available on request.

The Managers reserve the right to close the offer before the date stated if the offer price of units varies by more than 25%. After the close of the offer units will be available at the daily price.

Income less tax at the basic taxe will be distributed on 15th March each year. The xid date is 15th January and units purchased by 15th January, 1984 will qualify for the distribution payable on 15th March, 1984.

The Managers are entitled to deduct an animal charge of 1946 of the value of the Fund plus V.A.T. from the gross income of the Fund. However, the animal charge will be 1% for the time being and should the Managers subsequently wish to charge the maximum permissed by the provisions of the Trust Deed, they will give unisholders 3 months' witners notice in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Trust Deed empowers the Managers to execute a supplemental Trust Deed to allow the Fund to write or purchase useded call options, or purchase useded purceptions.

Trustee: Williams & Glyn's Bank pile Managers: Trust Trust Managers Limited (A member of the Unit Trust Association) 2/9 Becams Buildings, London BC4A 1EU. Telephone: 01-831 8244.

cermone. The first cates investors accurrication units only. The net income is automatically reinvested and the price of units is adjusted to reflect this, income accumulation statements will be sent to investors on 31st August each year commencing 1984. Daily prices appear in leading newspapers. Remuneration is paid to intermediaries (rates available or premiser) Morithly Savings Plan Arbuthnot's range of unit trusts Sumame(s) Mr/Mrs/Miss Full Name

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Only a strong economic

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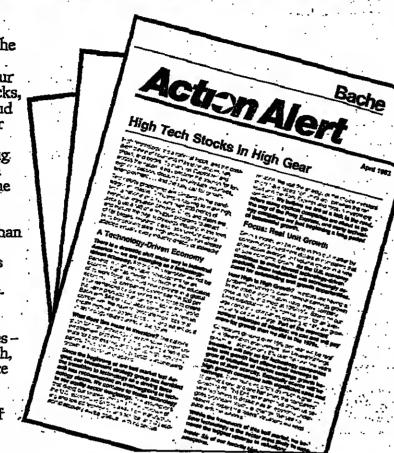
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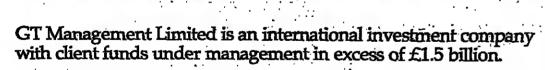
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YOUR SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS-2

Eric Short looks at Vanbrugh Life

A property bombshell

Abbey Life .

Hambro Life

Property Growth ...

Merchant Investors

Equity and Law

Norwich Union

Albany Life

be running down.

though equity growth both in

the UK and overseas could also.

Some fund managers now feel,

in fact, that the time is coming

to start reinvesting in proper

ties again. Graham Knox,

deputy investment manager of Scottish Amicable, intends to do this again in 1983 on a very

selective basis. Arthur Peirce, chief executive of Providence

Capitol Life Assurance, aiready

Sun Life Unit

L and G Unit ...

Standard Life

the unit-linked life company in the Prudential Corporation, dropped a bombshell late last week when it announced that from 25 per cent to 17.5 per the unit price of its main cent property fund was being Ma changed from an offer to a bid basis. This is a method of protecting the fund from a wave

of withdrawals. Investors holding Property Bonds, with any linked-life company, and not just Vanbrugh, must now be wondering whether they should switch out of property into some other investment medium such as UK or overseas equity funds.

Before considering this ques-

tion one needs to take into account not only general conditions in the UK property market, but the actual method of calculating unit prices on property funds.

Consider the second point first so that investors are clear on how the unit price is arrived at and what it means. The value of a property, unlike equities, is not determined on the open market. It is the subject of a valuation by an independent firm of estate agents and therefore somewhat subjective.

The usual price, referred to as the offer price, is based on the assessment of the market price on a willing buyer, willing seller, basis plus the property acquisition costs, less a deduction for capital gains tax liability. The lower bid price, however, bases the valuation on a forced sell situation including sale costs and can include a full deduction for capital gains tax.

price between the offer and the bid values, but the usual price on which investment and cashin is based is the offer price.
The Pru is the largest property investor in the UK with a

Life companies can quote any

total of over £3bn of properties in its various funds. The 1982 report of Prudential Pensions the managed pension fund investment arm of the Pru contains a very gloomy review of property in 1982.

In summary, last year was difficult year. This was primarily because the recession caused a reduction in demand for accommodation from all types of occupiers. This coincided with a reduction in investment demand from many funds — both private and-institutional. The Pru admits that "the majority of forecasts over-estimated the performance of property this year" (mean-

The report concludes that the competitive attractions of equities and gilts were particu-uarly strong in 1982, and less money was invested in property

Vanbrugh's action may well restrict the outflow. But it can be argued that investors who cashed in previously received more than their units were worth based on realisable

Other property funds are reporting a higher than usual number of units being switched inflow of regular premiums. .

position from some of the life company property funds.

So should investors switch out of property? The Pru report in referring to prospects for 1983 simply states that there are still many uncertainties, but it sees some evidence of an upturn; in

The table shows the current

compared with previous years. Indeed, the Pru in handling chems' pension fund money cut the proportion held in property

Many investors in Vanbrugh did not just stop investing in property. They actually with-drew, and put their money into other funds - either within Vanbrugh or elsewhere. Several professional investment advisers offering bond switching advice services have used Vanbrugh funds, partly because of the Pru name and partly because Vanbrugh has made switching character of the part the part cheap and easy. Over the past six months, some £71m of the fund (now £85m) was switched to other Vanbrugh funds-UK

Vanbrugh altogether. All this time Vanbrugh maintained the offer price until last Friday when it went straight to the bid price with full Capital Gains Tax deductions. The reason given was the need to staunch the outflow, and an admission that the price was overvalued compared with the "real" value of properties

and overseas equities—and another £5m went out of

Vanbrugh still maintained the offer price while the outflow nsed up all its liquidity. Now the fund has started to sell properties on the open market. So the price has been moved straight to a bid basis with full deductions for Capital Gains Tax

property values.

or cashed, but nowhere near the level experienced by Vanbrugh There are two reasons for this. Firstly, other funds are not so widely used by professional investment advisers for switching purposes. Secondly, Vanbrugh was predominantly a single premium company. Abbey Life and Hambro Life—which run the two largest property funds-are still getting a steady

the market.

Even so, it is likely that property prices will continue dull during this year and if investors want growth quickly

Target aims at U.S. technology

group to tune into high tech-nology with the launch of the Target Technology Fund.

The group sees technology, especially American techno-logy, as the next great growth logy, as the next great grown area now energy stocks have lost steam. And the way it aims to avoid the piffalls of this inevitably high risk and volatile sector is by enlisting tha services of on-the-spot investigation. ment managers J. Rothschild Capital Management Corpora-

Capital Management Corporation in New York.

Target says the Technology
Fund is the first UK trust to
have such a large U.S.-based
team at its disposal. The principal investment adviser will be
L F Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin, a major U.S. investment banking firm which has built up a long experience in tech-nology issues.

J. Rothschild is a subsidiary of RIT and Northern, which on January 1 took a \$30m stake in the advisers. L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin.

This is the first major co-operative venture between the wo since the link-up and they nsist that the situation will only benefit Target and that at all times the advisers and investment managers will work at arm's length.

Art Sbeer, president of J. Rothschild, has 10 years experience in the management of technology stocks. Ha has developed an investment philoso-phy which be describes as a "risk averse way of maximising opportunities with a superior return."

In English that means building up a portfolio of companies of varying risk. Some will be established technology com-panies with growth potential, others might be utility companies, like a telephone company, which could become to-morrow's great technology in-vestment, but has minimal downside risk. Mr Sheer says he will not rush to invest the Target Technology Fund, but will wait for the right opportunities. Up to 5 per cent of the portfolio may be invested in unquoted companies with an extra-high growth potential, and Mr Sheer is cautious about iovesting in too many new

Target Technology Fund is launched at an initial offer price of 50p per unit. The starting yield is estimated at 1.0 per cent per annum growth. The management charge is an initial 5 per cent of the amount in-vested plus an annual charge



of the expertise of both J. Rothschild and L. F. Rothschild Unterberg Towbin.

Target does not see its Technology Fund as a fast moving one, but a "buy and hold." It is confident that U.S. high technology still has a lot of mileage.

Alison Hogan

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YOUR SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS-3

Clive Wolman examines the the problems for investors making money in a volatile market

How to survive as a clever bear

THE TEMPORARY fall of 20 selling a house you don't own may be over-valued and that to become "uncovered bears." the bull market has passed its.

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If you accept the argument, that the market's level is becoming dangerous, or you believe that Labour will win the next election, or even that the prospects of a particular company are about to plummet, you should consider allernatives to merely running down your equity portfolio. Prescient bears can make as much money as prescient bulls, even if their lives are rather more compli-

own and buying them back are bearish. Most people are later, before delivery of the uncomfortable on a bear tack. share certificates to your purchaser is due when, you hope, their price will be lower.

Short-selling shares has acquired a raffish reputation. among the more conservative

poiots in the FT 30-share index to some onive purchaser. this week between Monday and Jonathan Carr, a partner of Wedoesday revived fears that stockbrokers L. Messel refuses the shares of UK companies to accompdate clients who wish

"It's just not our style." be said. "We prefer to do genuine husiness rather than encouraging people on the fringes of the market to speculate."

But most brokers recognise begrudgingly that short-selling provides, inadequately, a mechanism for allowing the views of both optimists and pessimists to be reflected in a share price, ideally preventing it from becoming over-inflated. The trouble is that the whole of the Stock Exchange is geared

cated and hair-raising towards ories going one way
The traditional method of making money in a bear market
Is by selling short the shares
you're pessimistic about. This only 10 per cent of stockinvolves selling shares you don't brakers circulars on companies
own and busine them beak are hearts. Most people are and they panie on the way down. As a professional, I don't said. agree with what has been pappening."

The risks of going short on stockbrokers, as if it were like the ris 3 of buying as, at least worth about 25 per cent of the Revenue will take stamp duty.

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1.4 1.6 6.0

the short-seller of UDS last any interest. December. The most important thing is to be disciplized and to cul your losses by buying

you sel yourself in advance. There are also administrative obstacles to be overcome. Delivery of the share certificates you have sold is normally expected at the end of the Stock Exebange account period which lasts for only two or three weeks. But demands for immediate delivery are rarely pressed. According to David Cohen, a partner at stockbrokers Simon and Coates, an uncovered position cao usually be maintained for up to five account periods. "Most brokers

Simon and Coates allows its private elieots to go short, after The risks of going short on giving them due warning, but a share are usually greater than demands that they pay a deposit

as at 31st March 1983

are relaxed for this length of

tione although they can't afford

to have too many debtors," be

theoretically, a share price can value of the shares being sold. produces one of the commonest other securities rather than buy an old-fashioned put option. forms of "bear squeeze." Pily cash, so that he will oot lose

But some brokers refuse to provide such facilities. "They may not want the extra risk back to cover yourself if the involved if a client defaults or share price rises above a level the extra detailed administration," said Cohen.

> Suppose that after holding out for five account periods or so, you have still not covered your position, but you are convinced that the share price will tumble once some other analysis get round to putting the company uoder a microscope. You ean try to persuade your broker "borrow" the shares from other clients and deliver them to the market on your behalf. If he refuses, you can buy back on the last day of the account period—and then go short again the following Monday morning. Bed-and-breakfast in reverse. Your broker should be able to persuade the jobber to take a smaller turn. But he

will take one lot of commission

for himself and the Inland

tive solution for a hear is to will give you the right to sell a share at the current market price of, for example, £3 at any lime in the next three mooths.

the share price folls allowing you to buy at only £2 in the market, you make a profit of 70p on each sbare (£3-30p-£21. If the price shoots up to. say, £4, then after three mooths you can just throw away your option away. knowing that your loss has been limited to 30p per Your broker, if he is worth

If your forecast is correct and

his salt, ought to be able to negotiate a pul option with the option jobbers for almost any listed e o m p a n y, however obscure. But for a small com-pany, in which the tradiog is thin, the cost of buying the put option may be large.

But if you are bearish about a large company, you may have the alternative of dealing in its traded options. You may either buy a put option, which you can re-sell at any time in the mar-

If selling short seems too ket, or go short on a call option rise by more than it can fall. The client is advised to hand messy or too risky, an alternative work an unexpected takeover hid over to the broker gilt-edged or live solution for a hear is to limited to paying up a margio as a deposit to your broker. But For a price of, say, 30p this only about 20 companies are represented in the traded options market.

> Finally, if you are pessimistic about the prospects of a particular sector in the market, for example oils or banks, or you believe that the whole market is about to erash, then betting is the simplest and most taxefficient method of converting your outlook into profits. You may decide to bet £10 for each point the FT 30-share index. or the FT Banks index, moves downwards within a specified period. The maximum period is between three and 12 mooths. If you close your bet after the lndex has fallen 50 points, you will make a £500 profit free of capital gains tax but liable to

Such a service is offered by Ladbroke's and by the IG Index, based in Grosvenor Gardens, London, SW1. But the widest range of indices on which you can bet is offered by the Futures Index, whose offices are

betting tax.

as at close of business on Monday 18th April 1983

INVEST BY 30TH APRIL for next quarterly payment on 15th June Objectives—to produce a high and increasing income, paid

quarterly.

446% Preference Shares, 63% Equities, 21% Investment Trust

Income Shares. (These percentages may vary).

The Managers reserve the right to close this offer if the current price has risen by more than 21.7% from the fixed price and Units will be allocated thereafter at the current price. During an offer Units may be bought and sold daily—otherwise on Fridays. A wider range trustee security authorised by the Department of Trade. The price of the Units range trustee security authorised by the Department of Trade. The price of the Units and the income from them can go down is well as up. An Initial charge of 6% is included in the price. A monthly fee of 0,1% * VAT is deducted from income. The Managers have such ority to charge up to 0,125% + VAT on giving 3 months notice in writing to Unit holders. The Trust Deed contains provision for the Managers to ask power to write or purchase traded call options on behalf of the Trust. Trustee: Oydesdale Bank PLC (Member of Midland Bank Group), Lawson Fund Managers Ltd., 43 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh, EM2,4HL, Tel. 031-225 6001 or 2813.

FIXED PRICE OFFER UNTIL FRI. 29TH APRIL 1983 (or daily price if lower)

Income Units 21.3p Accumulation Units 21.6p E HE HE HE HE HE HE HE WARPLICATION FORM THE HE HE HE HE HE

TO: Lawson Fund Managers Ltd., Freepast, Edinburgh EH20DB. Tel. 831-225 6001 or 2813.

Ma. Holdeg £900	2% Discount. By very of extra units, borne by the Managera for total investment of \$2,000 and over. For Accuration Units
rs./Miss/Tide me	(Income reinvested) Please X'
ames in full.	

The Association of Investment Trust Companies as at close of business on Monday 18th April 1983

THE INVESTMENT TRUST TABLE

The figures in the columns below are based on information supplied by the companies named, which are members of The Association of Investment Trust Companies. The figures are unaudited.

as at 31st March 1983

HY15 FT 23/4

Total Return

<u> </u>	as at close of ousiness on Monday 1811.1	npru 130					TATELY I		<u> </u>	Total Return		to the cooke of occasions of the contract of t						-1 C	1		Total Return
Total Assets less current liabilities (1) £ million	Company (2)	Share Price (3) pence	Yield (4)	Net Asset Value (5) pence	UK (6)	Nth. Amer. (7)	Japan (8)	Other (9) %	Gesring Factor (10) base=100	on N.A.V. over 5 years to 31.3.83 (11) base=100	Total Assets less current liabilities (1) £ million	Company (2)	Share Price (3) pence	Yield (4)	Net Asset Value (5) pence	UK (6) %	ographic Nth. Amer. (7)			Gearing Factor (10) . base=100	on NAV. over 5 years to 31.3.83 (11) base=100
88 320	VALUATION MONTHLY Aberdeen Trust Alliance Trust	126 442	4.9 4.1	168 622	67 41	29 46	2 8	2 5	104 96	234 245	24 12	Montagu Investment Management (cont.) English & International Trust. Montagu Boston Invest, Trust.	166 104	4.9 1.7	226 - 120 551	60	25 98 3	9	- 6	100 93	208
5 † 89	Atlanta, Baltimore & Chicago British Invest, Trust First Scottish American Trust	140 246 190	1.1 6.7 3.9	142 + 248	10□ 47	90 †	†	. †	106 † 105	236 † 232	25 21 20	xCity & Commercial Invest. Trust xDusivest plc. xFundinvest plc.	368 567 176	=	551 848 262	92 85 91	3 10 5	5 1 4	4	128 120 117	226 263
156 7 105	Investors Capital Trust New Darien Oil Trust Northern American Trust Co.	170 - 46 207	2.8 0.8 3.7	222 68 272	28 4 46	51 87 41	12	9	111 90	235	57	xTriplevestpic Morgan Grenfell Ltd. Anglo-American Sec. Corp.	417	-	725	82 40	10	3	5	128 98	† 234
. 32 20	River Place & General Invest, Trust xSave & Prosper Linked Invest, Trust, Scottish Invest, Trust	147	5.8	202 301	100	17	1 1	14	107 99 141	246 177	158 49	North Atlantic Sec. Corp.	189 220	3.9 1.8	267 253	-	63	26	12	96	247
241 169	Scottish Northern Invest Trust Scottish United Investors	181 121 74	3.7 4.2 3.3	254 †	25 30	42 † 48	200 11	13 † 11	99 101	227 † 211	93 148 43	Murray Caledonian Invest. Trust Murray Clydesdele Invest. Trust Murray Glendevon Invest. Trust.	105 102 221	7.5* 2.9* 1.9	143 140 293	57 32 35 18 28	25U 57U 37U	80 7 180	10 4 10	96 97 104	234 247
106 4 151	Second Alliance Trust. Shires Investment. United States Debenture Corporation	377 .150 169	3.8 11.2 5.5	540 167 218	100 68	46 32	8 -	.5	98 90 101	247 152 210	58 161	Murray Northern Invest. Trust. Murray Western Invest. Trust. Rivermoor Management Services Ltd.	221 118 131	1.9 2.4* 3.1*	155 178	18 28	16C 58C	29C1	37 5	110 90	227 238
5 317	West Coast & Texas Regional Baillie Gifford & Co. Scottish Mortgage & Trust	248	1.5 3.1	155	9Œ 28	91. 50C3	167	-	107	212	20 58	London Trust Moorside Trust River and Mercantile Trust	78 78 91ac	6,9 6,4 6,5	98 119ac	48 55	44 28	1 3	† 4 14	96 100	198 256
123 16 13	Monks Invest. Trust Winterbottom Energy Trust Baillie Gifford Japan	106 53 132	3.2 1.8 0.4	143 67 132	25 6	43 91	16C3 23C1	3	100 87 97	250 144	† 40 ·	JRothschild Invest. Management Ltd. RIT and Northern. Ailsa Invest. Trust.	202 61	4.7	79 130	36_	† 37	† 15	120	94	‡
6	Mid Wynd International Invest. Trust Baring Bros. & Co. Ltd. Outwich Invest. Trust	78 85	3.1	103	12 57	50	. 27□ 10	11 .	97 114	221	16 22	Precious Metals Trust NM Rothschild Asset Management Ltd. New Court Invest. Trust	115 296	0.6 6.3	130	96:	61.	1	2811	82 105	† †
51 56	Tribune Invest Trust East of Scotland Invest, Managers Ltd. Pentland Invest, Trust	152	3.8 3.2 3.5	201 318···	33 53	21 42 39	13	12 3	89 98	214	44 58	J.Henry Schroder Wagg Group Ashdown Invest. Trust Broadstone Invest. Trust.	288 348	3.4 3.2	396 410	44 45	43 47	6 5	7 3	93 94	240 229
105	Edinburgh Fund Managers Ltd. American Trust Crescent Japan Invest Trust	92 490	3.6*	123	31,	69	_	-	102	236 226	94 62	Continental & Industrial Trust Trans-Oceanic Trust Stewart Fund Managers Ltd.	390 135	3.2 4.8 2.7	538 156	45 24	51 64	7	4 5	103 9 6	240 246
32 27 _4	General Scottish Trust New Australia Invest. Trust	98 81	0.4 4.5 2.2	477 130 74	47	37	120	100	99 99 121 95	272	158 9	Scottish American Invest. Co	177 34	3.7 1.7	242 48	39 35	52 54	4	5 6	116 121	253 †
17 12	New Tokyo Invest. Trust. Wennyss Invest. Trust Electra House Group	157 423	0.0 6.8	168 548	39	32	100	29	87	176	17 92	*Throgmorton Secured Growth Trust Throgmorton Trust Touche Remmant & Co.	198 155	6.0	306 211	100. 100	- .	_ =	-	104	185 282
451 60	Globe Invest. Trust Temple Bar Invest. Trust F& C Group	179 76	6.3	265- 103	68 95	19	-	8 .	100 98	207 209	65 24 76	Bankers Invest, Trust. TR Australia Invest, Trust TR City of London Trust.	122 154 107	4.6 3.2 6.7	166 170 156	66 19	23 5 8	7	4 75	97 101 98	250 196 225 233 211
48 42 8	Alliance investment Cardinal Invest. Trust. P& C Eurotrust	129 120 58	3.3 4.3 2.4	179 161 93	51 55 13	26 25 1	15 5	8 15 86	120 106 104	282 233 155	336 88 64	TR Industrial & General Trust TR Natural Resources Invest, Trust TR North America Invest, Trust	96 200 148	4.5 4.8 3.0	148 289 179	19 90 51 55	22 28 86	20 .	7 • 16	104 102 106	233 211 253
395 55	Foreign & Colonial Invest. Trust General Investors & Trustees Robert Fleming Investment Most. Ltd.	87 110	3.7 4.7	126 157	40 55	33 22	19 5	8 18	114 104	251 †	72 60 215	TR Pacific Basin Invest. Trust. TR Property Invest. Trust. TR Technology Invest. Trust.	164 102 133	1.7 .3.1 3.5	198 133 193	13 10 70 38	5 15 38	66 3 18	19 12 6	101 108 102	255 221 212 255
76 24 21	Fleming American Invest. Trust Fleming Claverhouse Invest. Trust Fleming Enterprise Invest. Trust	384 168 157	1.6 5.9 5.9	238 208	99 100	97		1 - -	91 100 98	233 271 238	126	TR Trustees Corporation	89	4.8	134	69	22 .	8	6.	105	240
114 16 54	Fleming Far Eastern Invest. Trust Fleming Fledgeling Invest. Trust Fleming Japanese Invest. Trust	195 102 317	1.0 3.2 0.8*	216 127 351	82 4	14	72 95 8	26 4	105 94 97	233 369 249	30 5 12	Dundee & London Invest. Trust Lancashire & London Invest. Trust Oil & Associated Invest. Trust	96 89	4.1 4.3 6.5	177 125 119	71 71 60	20 29 36	- -	2 -4	97 73 95 98	240 190
207 138 64	Fleming Mercantile Invest. Trust Fleming Overseas invest. Trust Fleming Technology Invest. Trust	85 238 235 202	3.2 0.8* 4.6 4.2 2.6 4.2	.128 311 .320	44 23 46	38 40 41	22 12	12 15 1	96 90 98 96	249 256 223 261	20 15 20	Safeguard Industrial Investment Scottish Cities Invest. Trust Scottish & Mercantile Invest. Trust	148 96 . 89 129 280 250 187	4.3 6.5 6.5 6.4 3.7 5.5 4.6	176 431 351 239	60 100 77 71 71	18 29	= .	5	71 103	219 † †
65 53	Fleming Universal Invest. Trust GT Management Ltd. Berry Trust	202 236 97		296	62 30	41 25 35	18	19	120	214 333	30 †	Yeomen Invest, Trust Young Companies Invest, Trust Ivory & Sime Ltd.	197			Ť	-14	†	†	96 Ť	247
15 31 18	GT Global Recovery Invest, Trust GT Japan Invest, Trust Northern Securities Trust	497	1.1 3.7 1.4 2.2	123 419 427	17 1□ 36 35□ 33□	3 35	92 14	25 4 15 5	125 117 123 112	278 293	22	First Charlotte Assets Trust North Sea Assets Trust	13 122	0.6 . 3,3	13 186	58 54	42 46	=	-	96 91	†
2 2	xChild Health Research Invest. Trust. xMarine Adventure Sailing Trust. Gartmore Investment Management Ltd.	328 235 137	1 -	261	33□ 33□	36 36	24 21	5 10	117	†	NOTES TO		unl	isted at d	firectors' v	aluation.			OF FIVE		
15 48 54	xAltifund plc Anglo Scottish Invest, Trust English Scottish Investors Group Investors	288 100 100 187	0.2 3.6 2.9*	385 129 130 216	93 48 44 41	2 44 43 5t	2 4 4	3 6 9	117 104 113 101	319 247 296 299	x Split capital Applies to Or s Does not inc More than or	trust (capital shares). (c) Col. 4 fdinary A' Ordinary only. inde special dividend. se quarter in non-equity investments. (d) Cols. 6	Bas firm	ed on las 1 forecas rest0.1 pe	nt declared t, plus ta ercent	dividend z czedit,	or G	TActu	rust Ave aries All d & Poor	erage Share SComposite	244 247 175

NOTES TO THE TABLE

- † No data.

 * Split capital trust (capital shares).

 * Applies to Ordinary A Ordinary only.

 * Does not include special dividend.

 | More than one quarter in non-equity investments.

 More than 20% in securities or other assets included at directors valuation.

 ac Adjusted for scrip issue.

- (b) Cols. 1, 5

(a) Cols, 1, 3 to 5 Figures supplied by Wood Mackennia & Co. members of The Stock Exchange.

Col. 1 to nearest £1m; Cols, 3 & 5 to respect persons not a fair of the color of nearest penny per share. Statistics simulated to date shown based on latest valuation supplied (f) Cols. 5, 11 by the companies and made available to The Stock Exchange. In these valuations listed securities are valuations listed securities are valued at mid-market prices and

(d) Cols. 6 to 9 (e) Col. 10

Percentages of total assets less cur-rent liabilities. Currency balances are allocated to the relevant geo-graphical sector.

graphical sector.

The gearing factor indicates the percentage amount by which the net asset value per share would rise if the value of the equity assets increased by 100 per cent. Further explanation is given in the booklet Investment. Trusts today.

Prior charges and preference share capital deducted at market value; convertible stocks deemed to be convertibl; warrants treated as not exercised.

(g) Col. 11.

General Trust Average F.T.-Actuaries All Share *Standard & Poors Composite *Capital International World

*Adjusted for exchange rate changes.

Figures supplied by AITC Statistics Service, to nearest one per cent. A full description of the information shown in this column is given in the Investment. Trust. Year Book. In summary, the figures show the percentage changes in the net asset values over the period assuming that dividends paid, excluding tax credit, were reinvested in the underlying assets of the company.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO PRIVATE INVESTORS

With effect from Saturday 28th May 1983 the describing the main objective of their investment easy-to-use sectorised format.

Investment Trust Table will be published in a new policy. The new format will highlight the wide range of investment opportunities which are available in The Trusts will be divided into thirteen categories the sector to suit every investor.

1983 Available next month

The INVESTMENT TRUST YEAR BOOK 1983, published by Macmillan Investment Trust Year Book The INVESTMENT TRUST YEAR BOOK 1983, published by Macmill Publishers Ltd., is the comprehensive and authoritative guide to the industry. It contains a unique analysis of the main investment objectives of nearly 200 Trusts, extensive company and management details, statistics on performance, and analysis and comment by informed observers.

The INVESTMENT TRUST YEAR BOOK 1983 is available next month in a new hardback format at £20.00 per copy plus postage and packing, but you can reserve your copy by sending in the coupon now together with your remittance. To: The Secretary, The Association of Investment Trust Companies. FREEPOST, London EC2B 2JJ. Telephone: 01-588 5347.

Pleasa send me_____copy/copies of the Investment Trust Year Book 1983, at £20.00 per copy (plus £2.00 per order for postage and packing in the UK). I enclose a cheque/P.O. for £______ payable to The Association of Investment Trust Companies.

If you are an investment advise; please indicate your profession: stockbroker 🗌 accountant 🔲 solicitor 🛄 insurance broker 🗌

(No stamp required if posted in the UK). Name_ (BLOCK CAPTINIS PLEASE) I am an Investment Trust shareholder

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Greene speaks his mind

BY RACHEL BILLINGTON

The Other Man: Conversations with Graham Greene

Marie-Françoise Allain. Bodley Head, £6.95. 187 pages Graham Greene agreed to

give this series of interviews because the young author is daughter of his friend, Yves Allain, a French Resistance leader, murdered in Morocco in 1966. The title, The Other Man, recalls the epilogue in Ways of Escape, Mr Greene's second autobiographical work where he discusses half humorously and half seriously the presence of the "Other" Graham Greene in his life. This man has a physical reality, appearing in the kind of dark corners of the world the author himself is prone to visit. Graham Greene quotes from an Edward Thomas poem on the

"He goes: I follow: no release Until he ceases. Then I also

Marie-Françoise Allain ia nsing "The Other Man" in a become the conductor of an more practical sense, a meaning approaching storm. There is more akin to "The Secret also the ability to make per-Man," as she entitles her first sonal a situation hy a pen-chapter. She refers to the portrait of some, apparently famous Greene insistence on insignificant, character who has privacy. This month, as it hap-caught his attention and pens, he made bis first hecomes by this means a chan-appearance on television — at nel for our understanding, the age of 79. This was part of just as a fictional character his campaign against what he does in a novel. Accused by describes in the final sentence Mile Allain of travelling in a of this book (the interviews cold-blooded way for research held the pen that produced the Malaya during the Emergency I still don't understand how it does try to steer him onto the Escape.

writing that this man has escaped long ago into the web of his novels. There can be no neat separation between the writer and the writings. Morediscuss no detail of his personal and self-disgust. Here, his life nor any important private answer to why he travels so relationship over the last 50 mnch. becomes simpler: "Curio-years, any ambition to lift the sity. Curiosity." curtain off the private man is viewer and Mr Greene seems ing of the self. Let the Other determined to give his old friend'a daughter some good material. The result is an absorbing read which even survives Mile Aliain'a misguided attempt on the first page to liken her distinguished author to a stick of Brighton Rock "which reveals the name of Brighton to matter where of Brighton no matter where you hreak it." Guido Waldman has translated from the French. The first half dwells mainly

on Graham Greene's travel and political involvement. Yet again one is amazed by his ability to

and his travels in Kenya during works." But it is clear from Graham the Mau Man uprising. Which From the unconscious to Greene's own antobiographical is, of course, no real answer. travel as a perfect combination answers, over since Graham Greene will to defeat the devils of boredom

Graham Greene admits with doomed to defeat. Nevertheless his usual charm that he dis-Mile Allain is a dogged inter- trusts too great an understand-



roam free or the magical side of writing may disappear. In contradiction, his youthful his passing reference to a him a respect for dreams to investigate further the which he will often note on origins of Monsignor Quizote, took place in 1979) as the purposes, he points out that awakening and has ou occasion Her own interests are clearly "criminal milieu of Nice." The some of his most dramatic used in his writings. The more political, geared to expublic activist dies hard. The experiences have never turned Honorary Consul was inspired tracting his view that England-"Other" that Mile Allain wants themselves into fiction. He in this way. He says, "I work is "stifled in its everlasting to pin down is the man who gives as example his visit to closely with my unconscious but parish-pump mentality." She

religion is a short step. God, he One is reminded again of defines, as "a mystery, an Ways of Escape-in more ways inexplicable force." Asked than one. There, he pinpointed whether faith gives an addithe therapy of writing and tional dimension to writing, he

Human being are more important to believers, than they are to atheists. If one tells oneself that man is no more than a superior animal, that each man has before him a maximum of eighty years of life, then man is indeed of little importance.

He goes on to explain the flatness" of the characters created by E. M. Forster, V. Woolf or J. P. Sartre in comparison with the vitality of those created by Joyce. Balzac or Dickens as due to "the absence of the religious dimen-sion." This attitude has presumably won for him the label of "Catholic writer" - a label he rejects vigorously, pointing out that his mentor Cardinal Newman, refused to admit such term. There can only be a writer who happens to be a Catholic.

Personally, I found these more literary discussions the most interesting in the book, though I wished Mile Allain had taken Mr Greene through some of his later novels with more detailed questions. She does not, for example, pick up experience in analysis has given priest he travels with in Spain



Graham Greene: talking to friends' daughter

difficult matter of sexuality. He manoeuvres quickly from himself onto the matter of fiction, saying that "pornography" which is how he refers to descriptions of sexual acts, does nothing to "advance the story" hat merely attracts the reader towards very trivial points."

Graham Greene reinforces this statement by citing the reader response to the "porno-graphic scenes" in Henry Miller's work. "It is not the characters that interest them but their own arousal." In other words, the author has had to relinquish his God-like role which gives him total control. Clues to the "mystery" and inexplicable force" that

create a writer like Graham Greene are always welcome and on that level Mile Allain's offering can be placed alongside A Sort of Life and Ways of

Gone West

BY JOE ROGALY

The Squandered Peace: The the East. World: 1945-75

£14.95 (hardcover), 455 pages hefore very long. John Vaizey's book tries to tell us how we are we in the present mess? stumbled into this terrible Can we get out? situation; it does not pretend

to suggest that there is a way

trust of the British, could not be retrieved at Potsdam when new players, Truman and Attiee, came in for the West was set: Stalin had his East European colonies, while the West Europeans started on the road that unburdened them of their possessions in Asia and Africa.

Misconception was the uni-versal weakness. It did not take long for statesmen like Churchill to proclaim the intentions of the Soviet Union, hut it took many decades—perhaps until the Gulag was fully revealed—for some intellectuals of the West to see the point. On our side the basic insecurity of the Russian position, and the consequent effect on their national psyche, has never been least arguable that a neutral, unified Germany on Austrian lines might bave created a more reliable political sense of security (of far greater real

in each half. the divisions within the Communist world until Mao made attempt to retain half of Vietlist, at the very least a Tito of

So the "how" is a quick if by John Vaizey, Hodder and depressing read: a potted his Stonghton, 58.95 (paperback) tory of the first 30 years after War-flawed, perhaps, by its inevitable reliance on The odds appear to be in secondary sources - but even favour of the proposition that so, useful for everyday the world will blow itself up reference. The interesting part, however, is the "why." Why

John Valzey is ready with the answer to the first part of question. The "how" is relatively America." he says flatly. "The straightforward. Roosevelt's central weakness of the West misjudgments at Yalta, born was for its biggest and most of too great trust of the liberal state to fall to give a Russians and too simple mis-This is not the

Americanism of mixed-up Western Europeans or bitter "anti-colonialists." It is rather in the closing minutes of the the sad reflection of one who final half. The postwar world sees the central position occupied by Washington, and wisbes that Washington were a better master of grand strategy. In the ideological game the Marxists have had it all their own way; it might have been different if short-term perceptions (the wealth of South Africa, the power of the Zionist lobby, see-sawing rela-tions with Chinese nationalists or Iranian dictators) had been American position on totali tarisnism and anthoritarianism

wherever found. One does not have to be a soft-beaded Jimmy Carter so support this line; all that is properly allowed for: it is at required is to attempt, at least a long-term consistency of pur pose. In open societies "Real, politik" fails if it is not infused with a sense of purpose.

Those who shrug and say that value than military counter- open societies are by their balance) than has a divided nature subject to frequent tacti-Germany with superpower bases cal changes as governments The West did not perceive go are in effect saying that a dreadful fate, feared by so many, is inevitable. Perhaps it them clear, even though Stalin is-but if the Americans could bad supported Chiang Kai-shek only elect Presidents with during the war. It could not greater cumning, and better see that the French attempt awareness of the way ef the to recolonise Indo-China was world, it need not he. We canforedoomed, or that the U.S. not, change the nature of the Soviet character; we can but nam was doubly foredoomed; hope that Washington will pronor did anyone, apparently, duce a world leader with a mind have the vision to arrange that able to take in more compli-Ho Chi Minh be built up as cated notions than shoot-outs an independent-minded nationa. between goodies and baddies.



Allies

BY ISABEL QUIGLY

Milena hy Maggie Ross. Collins, £8.95.

The Tiger, Life by Sarah Gainham, Methuen, £8.95. 415 pages

The Diary of a Good

Neighbour hy Jane Somers, Michael Joseph £7.95. 253 pages

Milena, in which the beroine is making a collage from first page to last, uses a kind of collage technique, connecting past and present, cutting out pictures from this or that world, decade, historical moment.

The real-life Milena was Kafka's translator from German into Czech. She was also important to him for some years but like all his relationships with women except. I think, one, his with her died. She struggled politically after Hitler's takeover in Czechoslovakia, ending in Ravensbruck, and a woman who was there with her wrote a book describing their friendship, and Milena's personality. illness and death. A recent radio play about her gave her a vivid, vehement preseine.

Milena's life across the terrible centre of our century, at ... its tragic navel. Prague, obsesses the herotoe of Maggie Ross's novel, Amy, who plans a collage about it and begins, very tentatively, to work on it. While she lives imaginatively in Milena's almost unimaginable past, she is, in today's world, being taken over, mostly by correspondence. by a man called Frank, a Jewish writer with a presence, nature, writings, illnesses, obsessions. family and relationships that seem exactly similar to those of Franz Kafka.

Maggie Ross won the James Tait Black memorial prize for The Gasteropod some years Here, her writing is so good - within its idiosyncratic framework that one accepts the diosyncracies of form and transpositions of time and even character. The whole thing— Amy's collage, Maggie Ross's the all-too-recognisable Frank/Franz-seems to be asking how art and life can be reconciled.

There are no gaps and precious few ironies, in Sarah Gainham's The Tiger, Lifc, a realistic conjuring of an extraordinary time and place, postwar Berlin. Rose is married to Freddie, a high-powered and unpleasant newspaper corres-pondent and part-time secret gent; she meets Francis, another journalist, younger, bandsomer and nicer, with whom she has a passionate affair. In between are several sub-plots involving the secret lives of people whose past and present are generally suspect. The other characters in the forefront, journalists and administrators in the curious world where for a spell the Allies ruled supreme over a corrupted defeated people, are strong and often vivid: the sense of place is powerful; there's much discussion of the sort journalists go in for, and you pick up a good deal of factual know-ledge of, even atmospheric familiarity with, the shartered post-Nazi city.

Very small-scale by comparison, a likable, unpretentious little book is Jan Somers' The Diary of n Good Neighbour. Between the paid Good Neighbours - (some say busybodies) the old and feeble, and the unpushy good-natured others who are just old-style neighbours and do what they can, there's an ever-increasing gap.

. It's a moral story, readable and often funny, with good points to make and a warm beart at the centre of them.

The price of The Use of Pub-lic Power by Andrew Shonfield (Oxford University Press), reviewed on April 2, is £9.95.

The Mad Mosaic A life story

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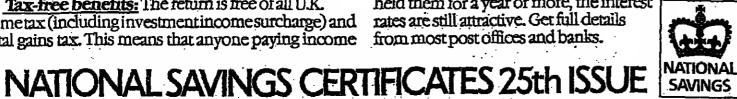
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Shah's man

In The Service of the Peacock Throne: The Diaries of the Shah's last Ambassador in London hy Parviz C. Radji. Hamish Hamilton, £12.50, 343 pages

. My assignment began, and ended inauspiciously. There was Amirteymour's death on arrival; and now, as I leave, the Shah has departed, the monarchy is endangered and Iran is in the grip of revolutionary turmoil." So hegins the last entry in the

diary kept by Parviz Radji, the last Ambassador of Imperial Iran to London. The death referred to was that

of Mr Radji's predecessor in the London Embassy. For, less than 24 hours after Mr Radil arrived in the UK to take up his new assignment, Ambassador Mohammed Reza Amirteymour was found dead. The Iranian authorities said at the time that the death was a case of suicide, caused by gambling debts (put by Mr Radji at around £1m). No autopsy was ever performed in the UK and under the cover of diplomatic immunity the body was quickly returned to

hetter known. For many Mr Radji's hook will be an unsurprising record of the doings of a diplomat, apparently far removed from the growing pressures for radi-cal change in his own country, leading a very full social life. Mr Radji served in London from June 1976 till January 1979:

Yet while the diaries tell one

The inausplcious ending is

little about Iran and the mass rebellion by millions of its people against the dictatorial rule of the late Shah, they have much to tell about the way the old order worked and the way that those who ran it thought. Mr Radji, one of the gilded youths of the imperial order, joined the Prime Ministers office (under Premier Amir Abbas Hoveda) in the mid-1960s at the age of 29, From 1965 until his London appointments, he served Mr Hoveda (later to become one of the first victims of the Islamic regime) with the exception of three years in the office of Princess Ashraf Pahlavi, the Shah's twin sister.

It was Mr Radji's close association with the Princess that enabled him to land the plum London job, something of a surprise to both the incumbent they are "utterly truthitil, and career diplomats. In his edited with no particle of hinddiaries Mr Radji speaks in glowing terms of Princess Ashraf, a woman to whom even ardent supporters of the monarchist cause. have never warmed.

with "foreign

in London, like its counterparts elsewhere, spent a great deal of time and money spying upon the various opposition groups throughout the time Mr Radji was at its helm. Several times in the book Mr Radji refers to meetings with Colonel Moinzadeh, "my head SAVAK man," who controlled the secret police's operations in the UK from within the Embassy under cloak of diplomatic immunity.

Within a month of Mr Radji'a ppointment, Iranian students published documents stolen from the Consulate in Switzerland revealing among other things, that Colonel Moinzadeh was to co-ordinate surveillance of opposition activists, searching their bomes (presumably without permission), and to keep a special watch on members of Parliament known to be anti-Shah. William Wilson and Stan Newens were singled out to have their bomes watched. According to Mr Radji at the time the charges were. preposterous. We have no SAVAK operation here." In the diary the incident is recorded without comment in eight lines.

In the same month a second secretary in the London Con-sulate was discovered to be operating an agent inside one of the Iranian student groups. The hapless agent had been forced into aiding SAVAK by pressure, hoth physical and financial, on his family and himself. More than a year later, in late 1977, the student section of the

Consulate was found to have financed a "research project" aimed primarily at establishing the whereabouts of all Iranians studying in the UK. According to Mr Radii Press reports of the affair were "totally inaccurate." The academic from the University of Kent involved in compiking the list destroyed his records when informed of the use to which they could be put. The dairies also detail relations with the foreign Press and Mr Radji's no doubt genuine confusion over the failure of his superiors to see the writing upon the wall in Tehran. Like latter day Neros and Romanovs they are presented as fiddling while their empire burned.

The published extracts from the diaries rest for their credibility largely on an assertion printed on the book's cover that If this is true then the book presents a useful record of the unreformability of the Pahlavi regime, its imperviousness to the attitudes and In spite of the rhetorical policy ideas of the well intentioned, among whom. Mr. Radii,

What a life' David Niven 'A rich and rewarding memoir' Observer

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Tank Odek You

The right mix of investments, liquidity, pension and insurance protection should be the aim in assessing individual financial affairs

When doing your homework is vital

BY ROSEMARY BURR

CHOOSING THE right savings both institutional and personal products is becoming increase money in the City. Different ingly difficult. Investors are groups of prefessionals are bombarded with a proliferation busy vying for investors custom of offers purporting to provide and it is aften virtually impossible. of offers purporting to provide unique opportunities to multi-

Nearly every week a handful of schemes are launched. Few are original in conception but identikit products is confusing

As one chief executive of a leading insurance company admitted candidly. "I can't say my product is any better than the next company's. It will dopend on our future investment performance and we don't even know for sure who will be run-ning our investment portfolio in

Allena

-Stie Reg

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Neighbour

say, ten years' time. So for the individual it is often better to concentrate on getting the right mix of invest-ments, liquidity, pension and in-surance protection rather than concentrating too hard on try-ing to back the elusive number

one performing company. This is not to say that past performance should not be examined as a guide. But an extrapolation of past experience is not the same as a pre-

Investment is not a science and there are, therefore, no simple solutions to arranging your financial affairs. The most important consideration is that you do in fact try to plan for the future and map out a financial strategy that will cope with the changing circumstances during your lifetime.

At this stage enter the key player, the financial adviser. Anyone in this country can offer tax and financial advice, so it is essential to choose someone suitably qualified who belongs to sional organisation with a code of ethics and disciplin-

The choice of investment

sible to compare the costs and

Some investment managers charge a flat percentage fee de-pending on the sum invested while others, such as insurance brokers, appear to give free advice but are remunerated by ns-based on sales Still others such as accountants may benefit from both the cuser, digging into his pocket and the company, passing back

Once you have picked a suitable investment manager the standard of advice handed ont is by no means certain. The Government is considering the introduction of new rules on licensed dealers in securities which would for the first time include a measure of quality

Huge gaps

Under these rules, which are designed to clamp down on fraud and provide the investor with a higher standard of care, licensed dealers would be required to provide reasonable dvice for each customer. For example it would be considered unreasonable to put a pensioner seeking income into a high risk growth stock on the USM.

Even if these more stringent rules on licensed dealers in securities are introduced, however, there are still huge gaps in the web of protection afforded to investors. Professor Jim Gower is preparing his final report for the Government on the whole savings industry and how it should be regulated. He is known, for example, to be contory regulation in commodities. A complete report from Professor Gower with a draft

banging over the whole scene it la unclear at this stage whether this will ever be enshrined in statutes.

Much will depend on the political colour of the next-Government. The current Conaervative Government, and In particular Dr Gerard Vaughan. e Minister for Consumer Affairs, is a strong proponent of self-regulation. Dr Vaughan, for example, supports the moves by Insurance salesmen to develop their own system of licensing.

Dr Vaughan thinks that It is np to the Individual to look ont for himself or herself. Indeed, given the current lack of comprehensive and up-to-date statueat emptor is the message. So what should clients look out for? First, when it comes

to individual products as a rough rule of thumb the more extravagant the claims the higher the risk. Anyone who bas discovered a sure fire way to double his money in two years is hardly likely to be broadcasting It to the world.

Second, cbeck the background of the company which is launching the particular scheme you are considering. A guaranteed bond is only as secure as the company which sells It, Particular attention should be paid to offshore companies which operate outside the supervisory eye of the Department of

Third, investments described as "unique opportunities" often turn out to be far from unique. Fourth, beware of someone who tries to sell you any investment product without first ascertaining your individual needs and details of your financial affairs. A building society account, for instance, may be ideal for an employee considering buying a house but is inappropriate for a pensioner paying no tax.

hard-earned cash. If you bave satisfied yourself If you decide to take the



to do some homework. Before management agreement. Don't you even step outside your front be put off by glib phrases about door decide how much money management agreements being wish to invest, what your aims and objectives are and what, if anything, you do not

wish to invest in. Many people turn up at their first interview with an investment manager unaware of their assets, and unclear in their own minds as to what they expect ont of the encounter.

Having sorted out your requirements try to track down an investment manager whose approach and philosophy are in tune with your own needs and idcas. Although personal recommendation may be a good method of finding a financial adviser don't be mesmerised by fast talk from someone you

meet in the pub. Before you hand over your money to investment managers it is essential that you have satisfied yourself of their ethical atanding and financial

expertise Try to find out something about the company's track record, preferably from an official source. Get a copy of the company's report accounts. This will give details of its directors and the company's financial position.

Warning sign

If no un-to-date accounts bave been filed, the report is qualified or the auditors have resigned then this should be treated as a warring sign. A company that cannot manage its own affairs smoothly is hardly one to which yon should consider giving your

manager is wide, varying from Bill attached is expected by the plunge and band over the runthat the company's financial interest in the proc
the man in the High Street to end of the year. However, with ning of your financial affairs pedigree is of the finest, the You, after all, have on
some of the largest managers of the possibility of an election to a professional it is necessary next hurdle is scrutinising the best interests at beart.

superfluous; they are essential and should be read with extreme care.

Unfortunately many management agreements are written in legalese which makes them virtually incomprehensible. Don't be afraid to seek legal advice if need be. It is better to be sure at the outset than sorry at the end.

Things to check in the management agreement include: Terms under which the money is to be managed including a list of selected investments. Timing and adequacy

managers' reports. · Costs. Are fees paid in advance? Are you charged the actual rate for a share transaction, for example, or the standard rate?

 Separation of clients' funds from company. Company's internal security

·Whereabouts of any stock held on your behalf. Whether you get interest on unippested cash. • Does the company have indemnity insurance?

 External controls over company such as independent audit. It is important to make sure all these details are formally included in the agreement. In the unlikely event of a court case it may be insufficient to

argue that you relied on information in a brochure. Do remember to keep tabs on You, after all, have only your

sonal balance sheet of assets and liabilities, current and anticipated, pormally becomes

most pressing at the moments to be drafted. in a life-time of greatest joy or anguish: a marriage or a divorce, the birth of a child or a bereavement, the purchase of a bouse or the loss of a job, the receipt of an inberitance or an impending retirement.

With auch a variety of investment opportunities now being marketed to the general public, and wilb the taxation of returns from investment and of gifts growing ever-more complex, professional advice should professional advice should always be considered. And there is plenty around, of varying quality. Free advice can often be

orse than none at all, because it is likely to be given by someone who will take a commission if the inquirer invests in the schemes he advises. Watch out in particular, for firms who offer general financial services and dvice and wax enthusiastic about life assurance policies The chances are that they will also be insurance hrokers.

Stockbrokers, too, bave a temptation to emphasise the attractions of investment in Even your bank manager may bave a pre-dis-position towards the in-house unit trust or insurance brokerage services provided by his bank and he is unlikely ever to recommend a building society

The most impartial advice will probably come from some-one who charges a flat fee, or at least gives an estimate of his likely charges after an interview with the potential client—and agrees to deduct from the fee any commission he may earn. Several of the larger accountancy firms, merchant banks and fund management comhave departments specialising in personal financial planning that charge on such a basis. There are also firms that specialise in giving financial advice to personal

Impartial advice, however, does not come cheaply. Such firms usually charge between £30 and £60 an hour for their services. A family with total assets of £100,000 including a house (net of mortgage) and your investments. No investment manager worth his salt face a bill of £1,000 plus if its shortcomings, trustee. The trust was made a bound be cross if clients question his advice and take a lively chaotic and inefficient particularly attractive if your a method of avoiding fetidal dues and, even today, 700 years envisage incurring a large item

When drawing up a personal future outgoings which you would regard as essential. These will normally include the repayment of a mortgage, a retirement income and some provision in case of death (at least you have a family to worry

about). Provision for these abould be made through low-risk investments which offer a secure positive real rate of return after inflation-adjustment. Tax concessions give

assured advantage over others to two investment media

Planning over a lifetime

CLIYE WOLMAN

pension funds and life assurance. Employees are permitted to put up to 15 per cent of their earned income into a pension fund and claim full tax relief on the amount-if you are putting in less at present, consider making additional voluntary contributions, if your company's pension scheme allows it. For the self-employed, the limit is 174 per cent.

Life assurance schemes are. despite their names, primarily a form of contractual savings lasting for a minimum of either ten years or, with a few complications thrown in to satisfy the taxman, four years. The pure insurance element is minimal. Investment in them is risky in two ways: a long-term commitment, in the form of regular payments, is necessary for the full benefits to be reaped and only a nominal return is guaranteed whose real value could be wiped out by a period of high inflation.

The gross annual returns from assurance companies bas frequently been poorer than those of unit trusts or even than of building societies, but the tax breaks are sufficient

to the norm—and that is before of expenditure in the longer-later, it continues to deductions for commissions term, for example, providing tax avoidance schemes

THE NEED to draw up a per- which can sometimes wipe out for a child's school fees or for the bill entirely. In addition his/her marriage or for a move there may also be legal fees if, to a larger house. But even if for example, trust deeds have you have taken out a set of policies which you now regret be wary of following a broken balance sheet, single out those advice to surrender them all and start afresh.

> He will probably gain a handsome commission from the exercise hat your costs may be cut considerably by undertaking a more modest re-organisation of the existing policies.

Even if taking out a life assurance policy has little to do with contemplating the prospect of death, drawing up a will has. This is perhaps why most people don't give the matter sufficient thought.

As Mr Ron Simmons, of the personal financial planning consultancy firm Grant Simmons, said: "Most men don't like tothink about what will happen when they die, so they just say that everything should go to their widow. But they ought to consider the tax position not only when they die but when the widow diea."

He took the example of a man earning £15,000 a year who dies leaving his wife all his assets. With death benefits of, say, £60,000 (four times his salary), a house of £50,000. £25,000 of personal savings including life assurance policies, and £15,000 of personal property. his total estate of £150,000 would pass to her free of capital transfer tax. But when she dies, the children's inheritance might be slashed by the payment of as much as £40,000 to £50,000 in capital

transfer tax. The liability to capital transfer tax can be drastically reduced by making full use of the variety of exceptions and concessions that are available. These include the £3,000 annual exemption on lifetime gifts, the £60,000 cumulative lifetime nil rate band, the exclusion from the cumulative total of any gifts made more than 10 years before death or any subsequent gift and the exemption granted to the "bounty" element in an interest-free loan.

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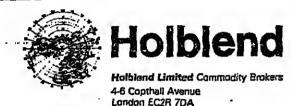
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Buying shares on overseas stock markets can be rewarding but it needs a sophisticated approach

Adventure trail for the risk takers

the more adventurous minded investor but one has to beware of being dazzled by the glamour and of failing to see the many

For most investors the British investment scene presents enough headaches to call for professional advice. Investing overseas multiplies these problems and throws in currency fluctuations for good

As with domestic investment the success of investing abroad can only be truly measured by the returns in the hands of an individual investor as dependent upon personal tax and other circumstances and needs. For everyone the risks involved

International investment

C. CAMERON-JONES

must necessarily be higher than for a domestic investment. For example in 1982 most of the world's major stockmarkets enjoyed a boom, particularly in the second half of the year. Despite the plight of its corromy the U.S. equity market

produced the best returns. The weakening of sterling, during the period which produced overall market gains of 22 per cent, led to more than 18 per cent appreciation of the U.S. dollar, thus producing a total gain of some 44 per cent. By contrast last year was disastrous for the Hong Kong market. An investment there would have fallen by 37 per cent, offset by a currency gain of only 3 per cent. At another

INTERNATIONAL investment markets Mexico's fell locally by has always held an appeal for a quarter. Take into account the 79 per cent devaluation of and the cumulative decline was

more than 84 per cent. Bearing in mind the added complication, including the various dealing costs and rules, international investment can only be justified if the actual returns exceed a similar but farless exposed investment at

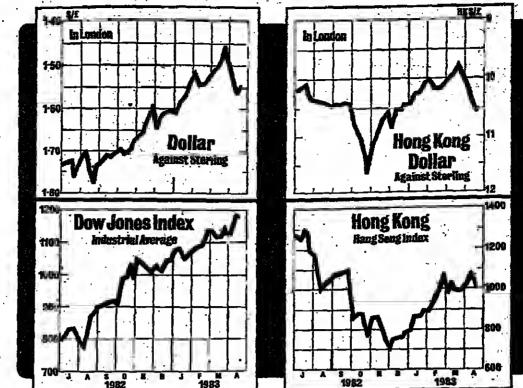
In sterling terms the effec-tive advance of an investment in U.S. equities was still great enough to show growth against ordinary shares in the UK. Measured relative to the FT Actuaries all-share index the increase was near 12 per cent. Of all the world equity

markets the largest increase over 1982 was recorded by Sweden with a 64 per cent in-crease. But here a near 11 per cent devaluation of the Swedish krona against the pound left the gain at 46 per cent. Relative to the FTA index the return emerged over 13 per cent hetter. If, for reinvestment reasons, the gain had been taken in dollars the devaluation was approaching a quarter.

These movements all relate to investments held for a full 12 months. The story would have been different, of course, with different timing. In the case of the U.S. and Sweden the growth came in the second six months while for the UK it was throughout the year while Hong Kong went into a sbarp decline after reaching a peak fer the year in June.

The performance pattern of the markets, however, was not matched by the timing of the exchange movements. The most significant declines in sterling and the U.S. dollar did not occur until early November.

During November and Decem-



Ups and downs of shares and sterling: came right for the U.S. investor, double blow for the Hong Kong buyer

the otherwise negative returns which may respond to the trend result of a defensive action to shares held there. . More recently, sterling dived to an all time low, near US\$1.45 at the end of March, before regaining some ground, though it is likely to remain a long way from the US\$1.93 when it entered 1982. Yet both the London and Wall Street markets have continued

As always, therefore, the principle of spreading risks applies to successful investment overseas to smooth out market and currency fluctuations, if the direct investor is not to bave sleepless nights. The extreme, among the small stock strongly, helping to turn round as one closes another is opening

of the markets just closing or set its own course.

A factor that has to be remembered is that equity markets tend to reflect future expectations. If this were not the case the U.S. and the UK markets would not have been surging when both these economies were in the depth of recession last year.

Currencies on the other hand are more influenced by interest rates which are very often a direct reaction to existing economic conditions.

In 1982 interest rates in both the UK and the U.S. were edging down from their historic peak of the previous two years, hut they were still comparatively high in response to inflationary pressures. Rising interest rates may also be a there had been a steadily grow- the chase.

support a weakening currency. ments and other institutions competing to raise money through the hond markets must make their wares equally or more appealing than deposits. It was not surprising then that the U.S. and UK bonds offered the highest yields

in the key world markets with the exception of France. It would appear much essier therefore to invest in foreign bank deposits or near cash instruments offering interest while also taking advantage of currency fluctuations than to embroiled in the vagaries of the overseas equity markets

It was to offer this service that over the last two years

ing list of international currency funds. Most offer investment in cash or near cash instruments in the five major currencies of the U.S. doi:ar, the German deutschemark, stending the French franc and the yen either as self-switching funds or on a managed basis with a slightly higher fee. The attraction of the funds to

the small investor is that they can secure the higher interest rates normally only evaluable to the very large depositors. Minimum investments start at £500, but certain funds are aimed at the corporate or institutional investor with mini-

mums up to £100,000. The managers of these funds usually have a track record with other funds with which to judge them. After that selection, perticularly of the newer funds, comes down to comparing fees. Unfortunately because of a variety of fee structures, some of which are a simple monthly percentage of the sum invested and others involve entry fees and switching charges, this is not so easy.

Some funds offer a broader range of currencies, including Dutch guilders, Swiss francs and Canadian dollars, and funds that deal in more exotic cur rencies can be expected, but at no time should one lose sight of the risks, particularly with currencies in countries less stable politically and financially than the major Western markets. For the less adventurous or agile, but with a yearning to taste the litter-national financial or equity markets there is always the unit trusts. There is now a wide the general international variety to the Far Eastern or American markets or more specifically one invested in a single market such as Hong Kong, Japan or. Australia.

Last year it was a U.S. invested unit trust that came out on top with a near 65 per cent not mind missing the scent of

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asks Bill Wagstaff. 'After all, they all offer pretty much the same interest rates, the same security, the same general services, and so on. So is there anything to choose between them? Well, we believe very firmly that there is.

'Naturally we set great store by being thoroughly businesslike and professional. And we're certainly no sluggards when it comes to advanced technology – we were the first UK bank to have on-line computer terminals in all our branches. But the thing that makes Williams & Glyn's so different – and don't take my word for it, ask any of our customers – is the fact that we never forget that we're human beings dealing with human beings.

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Strong competition for the top saver's purse

IN THE past few years a growing number of institutions bave in recent history. Two factors have boosted this

pressure in the savings cauldron during the last 12 months. First, the Inland Revenue in a remark-able voite face last September backed away from confrontation with investors in roll-up funds. Roll-up funds enable clients'

investment income to be rolled up into capital gains. Offshore roll-up funds had been virtually dealt a body blow when the Inland Revenue decided to assess investors in these funds on the basis that they had un-

vestors and fund managers alike breathed a sigh of relief. Ad-vertisements for various offsbore currency funds began to might move to squash the funds in the Budget but this fear proved mistaken. It now seems

From the investors' point of view the sterling roll-up funds have two main advantages. There is the much vaunted tax There is the much vaunted far break. Since the taxman now adjusts capital gains for inflation clients pay 30 per cent less indexation abatement instead of between 45 per cent and 75 per cent on investment income.

In addition the return is reater than on an ordinary deposit account as the client obtains a rate only marginally beneath the wholesale money market rates on the fund. The management fees on these type of funds are relatively small, although this is a factor worth checking when choosing a roll-up fund.

which has intensified the battle for deposits has been the launch of higher interest deposits of higher interest deposit accounts by merchant banks. These simply reward bigger savers by giving them a gross return which is closer to the wholesale money market rates than that normally given to ordinary depositors.

with a genuine winner.

However, last autumn the

House changed their minds. Inappear with growing regularity. Some tax advisers warned clients that the Chancellor. that as long as the roll-up funds do not become the exclusive province of a few wealthy people the Inland Revenue will

By far the most successful entrant in this field has been the Save and Prosper high interest account. This account bas now passed the £100m mark and the novel combination of a chequebook plus higher interest for those with at least £2,500 to deposit is clearly proving a

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Personal Lending Schen (I am over 18 years of age) Schroder's seven day account which offers similarly juicy returns but does not give depositors n chequebook has proved far less successful. Admittedly Schroder's has adopted a lower profile in the

The only proviso for would be funds and higher interest needs of the individual deposi-tor. Both the clearing banks account is that it pays to watch regulations, which managers and building societies now face the rate carefully. Unlikely offering both types of product tougher competition for the Schroder which states interest must adhere to.

High interest deposits

ROSEMARY BURR

money market rates, Save and Prosper gives no such guaran-

The coming year is likely to see at least one more higher interest account emerging from the Hambro Life stable under the Dumbar label. This is expected to be more innovative than the Save and Prosper account and could well offer a guaranteed line of credit as

Money market funds have been around for many years but the recent surge of interest in alternative deposit yehicles. These funds provide a similar service to the investors giving them a higher gross return than available on an ordinary deposit account but they are off-balance

The Bank of England is keep-

growth of both money market

their money in a higher interest vehicle should be sure they are aware of exactly what type of commitment they have made; what protection is available in the unlikely event of a default; how quickly they can have access to their money; and how frequently interest is paid. When shopping around for a

home for your money do make sure the interest rates you are dooking at are indeed compar-able. There is no legislation which lays down rules for describing the rates offered to depositors and it can be quite tricky to make rational deci-sions on the basis of differently formulated rates.

For the future it seems un likely that the clearing banks will sit idly by watching some of their best customers siphon off funds to merchant banks. money brokers and life assur-

ance companies. The clearers in the past 18 months have begun to fight back against the societies albeit slowly and with reluctance. Now they have to face another threat at a time when they are being forced to rely on costly money markets a growing proportion of

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Canterbui Lei Center If you can sidestep the demands of the taxman your investment potential increases sharply

When to steer for tax havens

work do so for one overriding money. For many it is the only chance to accumulate a sizeable "cash pot" free of British income and capital gains taxes. Inevitably the business of providing financial advice and investment schemes for British expatriates has turned into a real growth industry.

A survey carried out by the specialist expatriate magazine, Resident Abroad, showed that more than half its readers regularly invested sums of over £500 a month. That survey was carried out some time back and inevitably the figure would be higher today with many rates having as much as £1,000 a month surplus to

requirements. Before any investment considerations can be played out the individual has to take stock of his tax position. Someone who is only going out of the country for a short while faces few problems. Assuming that

ton for

HISE

tax any income belonging to a British resident are no longer UK resident no matter where viable once non-residency has arising in the UK no matter to whom it belongs. Sidestep him and your investing poten-

tial is substantially increased.

To be considered resident for tax purposes a person has to be actually in the country for at least part of the year. If he is in the UK for 183 days or more in a tax year he is considered to be a resident. He will also be considered a British resident if he visits tha UK in four consecutive years and his average stay is three months or

A non-working expatriate will also he considered resident if be retains accommodation inthe UK no matter how hrief his visit to Britain and regardless of whether he actually uses that accommodation. An expatriate working full time overseas need not concern himself with this worry though the provision will apply if the person owns, or is a partner in, a business mainly active overseas but with a hranch or permanent establish-ment in the UK.

Having sorted out the tax angles—remembering to try and avoid taking any capital gains hefore establishing non-residency, if assets have to be sold—the next move is to consider investment strategy.

Before turning to ment—while exchange controls no longer exist in Britain they do in some other countries so anyone moving into one of these areas must make sure to have only enough paid to himthera to cover his living expenses. The rest should be diverted to a control free area, for the British the tax havens of the Channel Islands and tha Isle of Man are ideal. In his latest book "Working ning to depart.

Abroad, The Expatriate's Gulde" David Young says the expatriate's first priority should he to get adequate insurance cover. Only then should be consider what investments to make though no moves should be made for six months-at least no investments of a regular nature. Mr Young argues that even with the most generous salary it takes six months before the new expatriate stabilises his spending and can judge how much regularly to invest.

During the first half year of working abroad surplus funds should be put away on deposit

Working abroad TERRY GARRETT

with a bank so they will be at least 30 days have been spent. readily available for investment. working overseas then the Inland Revenue will allow a other investor, has to consider quarter of the locoine relating his investment portfolio in to that time to be free of British terms of performance and tax readily available for investment. taxes, efficiency, Many of his tradi-The tax man's ambition is to tional investment routes as a expatriates are uninterested in income but concentrate their efforts on capital appreciation.

Initially - a cautious approach Only when the investor has built a sound base portfolio should he consider taking on more speculative holdings.

Probably the first investment should be geared towards one of the offshere gilt or fixed interest though the investor quickly step forward funds, when it comes to international equity funds geared towards capital appreciation, again offshore. The next step might be to aim for a more direct stake in one of the major markets catered for hy offshore funds such as North America or Japan. The choice of funds is seemingly endless—equity, fixed interest, specialist by area or type, commodity and currency.

The best move is to seek pro fessional advice to get a tailor-made portfolio. The UK clearing and merchant hanks are an obvious port of call. They all have plenty of expertise in guiding the expatriate investor and they will be represented in tha tax havens which is an

obvious advantage. Unless the investor has considerable amount at his dis posal—say £50,000 and above— he is unlikely to get a personal investment service.

Nevertheless, whatever the

expatriate has to save be should shop around to get an idea of what is on offer, bow much it costs and what past performance has been. The golden rule must be to get sound advice and the expatriate will need it just as much when planning to return to the UK as when he was planA look at the similarities and differences of these two markets in shares

The basic difference is marketability

ARGUMENTS ABOUT the investors have still the freedom to give him the best price for relative merits of investment to buy and sell as and when the unloved share. in quoted or unquoted shares they please. in quoted or induoted shares must revolva around the question of marketability. The basic distinction is that unquoted, or privata companies place restrictions on the transfer of their shares, whereas shareholders in quoted or public companies are completely free to buy and sell shares in their company on the shares in their company on the stock exchange.

Unquoted shares are often referred to as "unlisted." This tends to cause confusion because in November 1980 the stock exchange created the unlisted securities market. The is currently high with investors, but the title is extremely unfortunate identical properties to the so-called fully listed stocks.

The main distinction is that

USM companies need only float

Off 10 per cent of their equity

to the public, rather than the

security of his shares."

Against these undentiable disadvantages, the investor in the quoted company can, of course, for his shares in qualifying com-25 per cent minimum required on the main market. This tends to make for a narrower and less fluid market in the shares of those USM companies which will encounter—via a stock- as a blind underwriter to risk exploit that rule to the full, but broker—stockjohbers competing capital.

An investment in unquoted shares is most unlikely to generate any short or medium term capital appreciation because of the lack of any ready market in the shares. In addition private companies very often tend to place restrictions on the trans-fer of shares. Mr Christopher Glover of accountants Ernst & Whinney, says these restrictions are usually designed to keep control of the company within a family or similar power base.

Mr Glover adds: "the purchaser of a minority interest in a private company therefore puts himself at the mercy of title is extremely unfortunate the controlling shareholders and since in one sense the shares directors. He might get an artion it are actually listed—that ficially low price if he tries to is, they are quoted on the stock sell his shares. He has to accept exchange a daily official list the dividend policy of the Moreover in almost every directors. The possibilities of respect shares on the USM have realising a capital profit are few and far between. He may find it difficult to borrow against the security of his shares."

vote with his feet if he dislikes panies, which does not finance any aspect of the company's companies or trades carried out policy from dividends to disposals. And when he sells he Government is effectively acting

So what is there to be said for investing in an uncoted com-pany? Quite a lot, thanks to

legislation proposed in tha recent Finance Bill. The Finance Bill-it should be

unquoted companies

is the same as mortgage in-terest tax relief.

The scheme applies to investors in companies whose authorised stock exchange—and that includes the USM. How-

noted that it is not yet the Finance Act—greatly increases the tax advantages under the old

Quoted and

DOMINIC LAWSON

Business Start Up Scheme. Under the new rules of what is now called the Business Expansion Scheme an investor taking a first time stake in an unquoted company will get tax relief on his purchase at his top marginal rate of taxation. The principla

ever, it appears that the scheme in theory would encompass companies traded on the market made by Granville, formerly M. J. H. Nightingale, much to the Stock Exchange's dis-

Under the new scheme the maximum which can be invested by any individual was doubled from £20,000 to £40,000, and the restriction which limited relief to 50 per cent of a company's share rapital has been dropped. The relief will not be granted to investors who sell their shares within five years of the purchase, and the relief is not

into their own businesses. Despite these restrictions, the Stock Exchange seems concerned that its own market is to hecome a victim of fiscal inequality and that business is going to be lured away from its capital market.

available to owners, directors

and employees putting money

New ventures, sometimes alled "Greenfield" companies are particularly suited to the Business Expansion scheme, and it is believed two new venture companies that had been preparing for a USM quote, may

On April 8 Io Technology, a microprocessor company launched on the USM a year ago, announced that it was in receivership. The shares were auspended at 230p each, leaving unforunate investors nursing large losses. Had that company been unquoted and qualified under the other rules laid down in the Business Expansion Scheme, the top rate taxpaying sharebolder would bave bad the considerable consolation of seeing the Government effectively

paying out 187.5p per share—75 per cent of the 250p placing price of the shares.

course tha fact that potential beneficiaries of the Bill must hold the shares for at least five years appears to rule out the short- to mediumterm capital gains possible in some quoted stocks. But it aeems there is nothing to stop investors taking a stake in an unquoted company, and if it does go public, then to take any resultant capital appreciation as profit, sell, and forego the tax

There is a possibility which could ensure that the halance will not he so far tilted to the unquoted share qualifying for tax relief, as appears at first or no tax relief, a loss is a los now pull out and attempt to sight. For it is a feature of is a loss.

the bousing market that t provision of mortgage tax r lief has had the effect of pus-ing up house prices to leve that would—and could—neve be paid if the Government w not footing a large part of th bill. It is quite easy to envisag exactly the same princip operating in the share prices of unquoted Business Expansion

Scheme companies. Just as the people who most benefit from the mortgage to relief seem to be the agents t the purchase, such as solicito estate agents, who are pa percentage commission. of the Government's schem could be the financial agent who package any qualifyin husiness start up, rather that the would-be investors.

Another danger is that, in i desire to help small business the Government could in fa encouraging some har hrained ventures, which would never be bazarded by the inven for if the Government was no underwriting much of the risk Whether investor is to pu

money in quoted or unquot shares he or she should be certain as it is possible to be that the company is sound based and managed. Tax relief

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4.00%=5.71%*

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PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING = 4

In an era of falling inflation rates fixed interest offers look attractive

A time for quick decisions

from an investor after a general realising that what they were reduction in investment rates.

The writer pointed out that falling inflation rates meant that his bills were not increasing quite as fast as previously, but nevertheless they were still rising. The society, however, in lowering its interest rates, was cutting his income from which he paid his bills.

This letter sums up the problems facing investors after a decade of high and generally rising interest rates. While interest rates were rising, it appeared that investment fixed-interest securities, such as the various building society investment products, local

Interest rates

ERIC SHORT

authority bonds or the National Savings Bank Investment Account, provided an income that matched inflation, when it did nothing of the sort.

The problem with many investors is that they still value everything in money terms and in securities where the rates are still keep a rigid division fixed over the investment period between capital and income and do not vary with changes in the original money invested is the general level of interest. still treated as their capital and rates.

They do not appreciate that category. if they want to preserve the real The 25th issue of National value of their capital, then they Savings certificates provides a interest to maintain its value.

of a well-known building society regarded all interest payments received a letter last autumn as income and spent it without

doing was eating into capital. Indeed, despite the very high rates of interest paid over the past decade, for most investors the interest received after tax has been insufficient to maintain the real value of their capital, such has been the level of inflation rates.

High interest rates go handin-hand with high inflation rates. Now that inflation rates bave come down, interest rates have also fallen. Investors, like the writer of the letter, are now dis-covering that they have been living, at least partially, on their capital.

The second lesson to be learnt in dealing with investment during a period of falling interest rates is that decisions have to be made and acted upon

When interest rates were rising investors could afford to wait because higher rates could possibly be secured next month. At least they would not be lower. This does not apply when interest rates are falling - rates next month could be lower.

Again in an era of falling the interest earned on that fixed-interest National Savings investment is still regarded as Certificates and guaranteed income bonds fall into this

The 25th issue of National must reinvest enough of the yield, net of all taxes, of 7.51 per cent over its five year invest-Instead over the past decade ment period, irrespective of



what bappens to interest rates during that period. In contrast, the current interest rate paid on ordinary building society investment is 64 per cent net of basic rate tax and if interest rates

come down this will be reduced. The table shows the current pattern of yields on investment products available to individual investors,-

The next consideration is the role of index-linked investments in an era of falling inflation. At present, the general level of interest rates is well above the rate of inflation, thus providing investors with a positive rate of

return on their investments.

Thus Index-Linked National Savings Certificates, still known as Granny Bonds even though they are available to all investors, is giving a current part of 51 return of 5.3 per cent net of all tax compared with the 7.51 per cent on the fixed-interest Certificates. Investors are busy cashing-in their Granny Bonds and switching to the 25th issue.

This course of action is justified if current conditions are going to continue for some time. Investors in the 25th issue are effectively locked-in for the five-year investment period, such are the penalties of early cash in. Thus investors in choosing their savings pro-ducts have to take account of the future trend in inflation and

As stated, if interest rates continue to fall to lower levels, following inflation rates down, then the highest returns come from those products where the rate is fixed over the term.

To secure these returns, the To secure these returns, the investor has to stay with the plans for the whole period. Either he is locked-in, as with many guaranteed income bonds, or he has to pay a penalty in the form of much lower returns if he cashes in early. The price for higher peturns is less of facilities. for higher return is loss of flexi-

Many investors must think that interest rates and inflation rates are likely to stay down, for more and more of them are busy switching out of Granny bonds and going for the new National Savings Income Bond -which offers the highest gross return af present.

One would have thought that was still early days for in-

Comparison of Current Returns VARIABLE RATE National Savings Income Bonds National Savings Investment Account... Building Society Ordinary Share 7.35 6.25 7.25 Building Society Term Share 4.725 FIXED RATE National Savings Certificates 25th Issue 7.51 Guaranteed income bond: 2 years

FIXED INTEREST SAVINGS

vestors to be making decisions year. based on low inflation and lower but there is no penalty on decisions. But now they have surrender and one can switch to make their own decision as to other forms at short notice. to when to start drawing their Such a course of action does pension.

mean: that investors have to the constantly the situation have accumulated a cash sum and if it looks that lower in and after taking the lump sum terest rates have become more benefit from this amount, they permanent, then to move into the other types of stock.

At this stage, investors should seriously think about the prospects offered by equity type in company in whose name the

pecis offered by equity type in trusts. The high income funds are now matching building company in whose name the plan is written or they can shop around for the best amounty rate in the market.

society products for income.

The net of basic tax yield on the range 44 per cent-5 per cent takes have come down as interest takes have come down. When takes have come down. When takes, but the gap has been always advantageous to delay taking the pension for it meant taking the pension for it meant to the investor's capital investor. these high income funds, now in of the investor's capital increasing over time.

over 16 per cent in under a the 60th birthday.

Finally, the self-employed interest rates. At this stage in have their own problems cona transition period, it would cerning their pension. Up to appear preferable for investors the time of retirement, they to retain flexibility in their in have been contributing to their vestments and select those propersion plan and leaving the ducts where interest rates are life company to make all the

Annuity rates are based on current interest rates and these have come down as interest;

higher annuity rates.
Now delay does mean that
the cash sum continues to rise, To overcome the drawback of but this could be offset by interest payments being made annuity rates falling. It may twice a year on a particular well be advantageous for the trust. Towry Law has designed self-employed to draw the pena scheme to provide monthly sion slightly early to take payments by investing in six advantage of higher annuity high income funds—its "High-rates. The self-employed do not Rise" Monthly income Porthave to stop work in order to folio, yields 7 per cent gross, draw a pension. The pension with a capital only growth of can be taken at any time from

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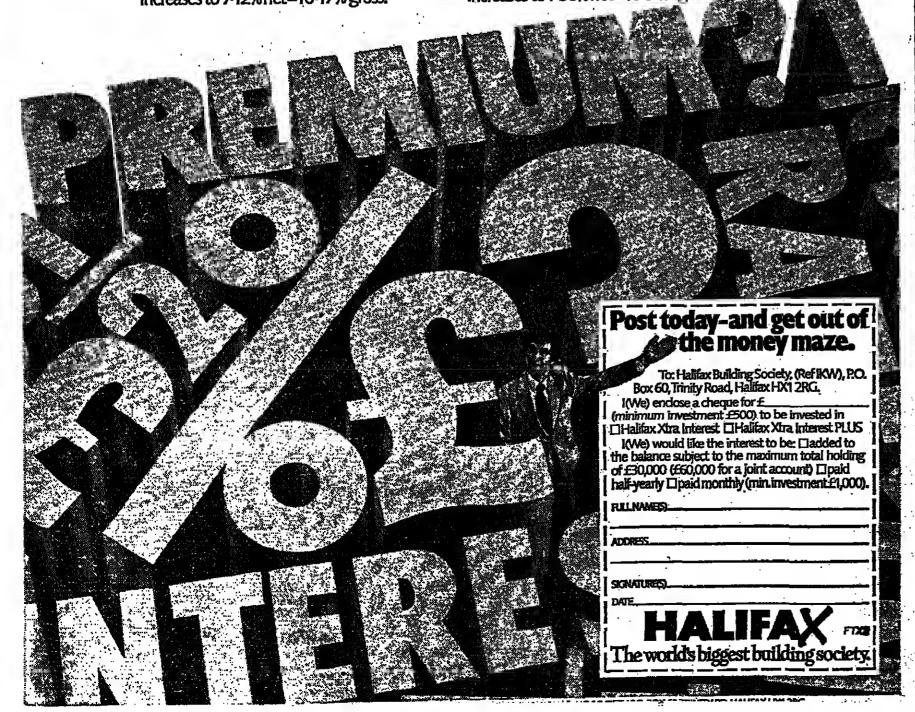
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PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING - 5

Spring brings signs of home prices moving up again

footed and reluctant to enter a

round of rate increases so soon after last November's optimism. In this atmosphere the societies marketing men have

been working overtime to come up with ideas to attract funds

interest and discount cards are

chief general manager of the Halifax, came up with wide-

ranging ideas to expand the

activities of the movement into

The societies are suggesting

that their powers he increased

so that they can acquire land for housebuilding, act as estate

agents, carry out surveys, offer

conveyancing services, operate banks and insurance companies,

make personal loans and offer

Not surprisingly, some other

interested parties have hardly welcomed the societies' sug-gestions. Still so far that is just

what they are and the move-ment's efforts to spread itself

in all directions is unlikely to

be totally successful. Indeed few

societies would want to adopt

The main event of the past

year, if a long-heralded one, has been the introduction of MIRAS

Source. In a nutshell this re-places the old system of paying

interest gross and getting allowances from the Inland

Revenue with a system of

higher rate only tax allowances but reduced payments. That is

theory-inevitably. practice is

vastly more complicated. This

newspaper ran a whole series

-Mortgage Interest Relief at

all the measures even if they

did get Government approval.

HP agreements.

Main event

among the innovations.

cheque share accounts paying

"For Sale" boards shoot up in "For Sale" boards shoot up in front gardens with as much certainty and timing as the year's crop of daffodils. So far 1983 has followed the typical seasonal pattern but the hope is that this time round those signs will be soon uprooted and replaced by "Sold" boards.

For this year the housing market has an air of assurance missing since the late seventies. The housing market is based on confidence—that of the buyer and in turn the housebuilder. That ingredient has been in very short supply as a succession of blows from recession, high unemployment and record interest rates has left demand, and prices, in the doldrums. The fall in interest rates over

XTRA

Nationals,

- 2000 - 2000

the winter months has, however, generated a more relaxed attitude on the part of house-owners towards gearing up their though the outlook for mortgage rates remains uncertain. The raising of the tax relief limit on mortgages from £25,000 to £30,000 in the last Budget can only serve to fuel demand.

Pundits agree

The pundits generally agree that 1983 should be the year when house prices start to move forward again in earnest after the last couple of years, when only small increases were recorded and in some areas prices were falling. But a return to the palmy days of soaring selling prices is not at hand. Gone are the times when anyone who could scrape together a deposit was on his way to securing a substantial capital

profit, if only on paper. Yet just as fresh life is being breathed into the housing market there are signs that mortgages are getting tougher to find and the grim prospect of mortgage queues looms. Not aiming for a wider appeal. It surprisingly the building was not until last year that their societies are blaming the level of lending accelerated out clearing banks, whose attitude of proportion and around

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months. To a certain extent the

COULDN'SH.

building societies accusations are reasonably based but that is not the whole story. The major clearing banks came wading into the home loan market with all the finesse of a herd of charging elephants. But last year three of the High Street majors virtually aban-doned the market, leaving just National Westminster and the Trustee Savings Banks fighting hard for a share of residentia mortgages. The banks talk of having applied a brake to their mortgage lending but in some cases that brake feels more like

the hand-brake It was Lloyds that really got the banks advancing into the traditional domain of the building societies. Lloyds started in a fairly modest way in January 1979, gearing itself towards the top end of the market with minimum loans of £25,000. The others followed suit though

Even Lloyds, which has been lending mortgage cash for over four years, probably pushed out £1bo of its £1.6hm portfolio dur-ing the past year. At one point it was injecting £7m a day into the private housing market. Barclays has the most money committed to residential mortgages, with around £2bn out on loan. It too had its fill by last

Buying a house

brake was family on during the tail end of the year its lending

for house purchases would have put it into the top ten of building society lending. This year it is hoping to restrict new

Midland found itself directing £80m a month at one point last year, a rate which far exceeded ts earlier estimates of how far it wanted to go. With £1bn of mortgage loans Midland is adopting a softly softly approach to new applications.

To slow down their lending the banks have changed their rules for new borrowers. No longer do they boast that some-one can walk in off the street and be welcomed with open arms. Lloyds, for example, is limiting applications to people who have been customers for six months, lending on main residences and not secondary or holiday accommodation, reducing its maximum leading from 100 to 80 per cent of valuation and putting an extra i point interest on endowment-linked mortgages.

National Westminster stands aside from its High Street competitors. At the end of last year it had around filbn of residen tial mortgages on its books and it continues to lend at about £100m a month. "We went into the market on a long-term basis," says NatWest a senti-ment which rings a little hollow elsewhere in the sector.

Impact limited

The 16 banks within the TSB grouping are still lending mortgage money but their impact is limited while they are governed by their Treasury masters. Last November they had a £0.7bn portfolio and even though £45m of new money was lent in March alone: they cannot go above £0.9bn by next November. Units demand slackens the TSB too might find themselves hard pushed to keep saying "Yes."

So perhaps the huilding societies do have some points in their criticisms of the clearing banks' short but aggresive foray into their bone ground. building - societies still account for around 80 per cent of all mortgage loans and if they are having to keep potential borrowers waiting it is a difficulty largely of their own

making.
In order to step up their horrowing they have to attract new funds and clearly huilding society investment returns have become uncompetitive. During March the movement lent £1,912m against net receipts of just under £400m. Last autumn the societies were attracting

The problem really developed last November when the societies cut the recommended ordinary rate to 64 per cent and mortgage rate to 10 per cent.

Survey

For further details and advertisement rates please Nigel Pullman

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The view held then, and not of articles before the intro-just by the societies, was that duction of MIRAS at the beginning of April, going into st rates would continue to fall through into 1983. That has far more detail than is not happened and now the practical here. societies find themselves wrong. Briefly, howe Briefly, however, there are

two ways of repaying a mortgage; straight repayment or the endowment method. The endowment method creates few problems in the change-over to MIRAS whereas the repayment method does. Because the interest relief gradually diminished as the loan progressed emong the innovations.

Perhaps these are just the tip
of the iceberg, for the recent
report of the Building Societies
Association working group,
chaired by Mr John Spalding,
chief weneral manager of the the cost of a mortgage in the early years was relatively lower to the borrower under the old

While the banks were willing

to put the repayment method over to MIRAS without any fuss, the huilding societies, attracted by the convenience of steady payment levels, have pressed the Government into allowing them to keep a constant level of net repayments over the term of the loan. Thus repayments have gone up.

Borrowers using the repay-ment method had the choice of three routes when switching to

system. It was the Inland • The constant net premium Revenue which had to keep system, as favoured by the societies, involving an imme-diate net increase in net costs. • The extended net premium system which keeps net costs unchanged but extends the term of the loan.

The gross rate system, pre-ferred by the hanks, which keeps initial net costs unpayments over the term of tha mortgage.

The introduction of MIRAS has made the endowment method far more attractive for many borrowers. Because of the

way the cost profile of straight repayments has changed the gaj hetween them and the cost of the traditionally higher endow ment has narrowed. Moreover the endowment method has the sum when the mortgage is re

Each horrower must compare figures for his own particula position. The choice is not eas; but those contemplating an en hasic points—the premium level, the overall return and the prospects for the life com

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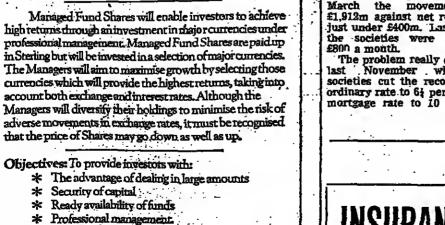
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Incorporating The Burnley Building Society



INSURANCE

Financial Times to be published July 18 1983

PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING = 6

Losing a job means reappraisal of all outgoings

Time for a vital trim

ith all categories being hit and the remainder, if any, at om senior executives to shop full rate.

it can be immense but among

Employees being made undant are legally entitled to clothes and so on. ayments provided they have t the time of being made

If employees have reached age 1 and are below the state rerement pension age (65 for ien and 60 for women), they re entitled to 13 weeks pay or each completed year of serlce with an employer. If the mployee is between age 22 and 1. the entitlement is one week's ay for each year of service. For employees between 18 and 2. the entitlement is half a

reek's pay for each completed There is an upper limit f £135 on the weekly pay taken oto the calculations. Maoy employers endeavour to nake much more generous rene month's payment for each or rank ann file employees

andshake, if not the golden landshake class. The taxation position of reundancy payments is someroat complex. The first £25,000 ment should be used to boost ncluding the statutory redundncy payment, is tax free. Other- scheme. vise it is added to the has a company

ringing many into the silver

the current economic scene the f25,000 tax free limit is tion scheme. the rising numbers of em- taxed at half rate-the next oyees being made redundant, £25,000 at three-quarters rate regarded as being in non-

So the redundant employee The social problems that has the decision of what to do company being made redund-it can be immense but among Ironically, for many it will be ie dark storm clouds there is the first time that they have ie silver lining in the lump received such a large cash payim redundancy payments re- ment. Many persons made regived by workers hit by the dundant go on a spending spree with holidays in exotic places, new cars, kitchen equipment,

For many, this is a reaction impleted at least one year's to the trauma of being made ervice with their employer. The redundant, but the person rale is dependent on the age should think carefully before spending.

The best advice to give the redundant employee is to sit down and take stock of his situation-easy advice to give but much more difficult to apply in practice for persons endeavouring to recover from the shock

The individual should first assess the prospects of getting another job. The official figures show that the chances of getting another job are quite low and get lower for the older

If the employee considers the prospects good for getting another job then be may well feel tempted to spend. The advice is to wait until the new materialises. Redundant employees should also remem-'ear of service is not uncommon ber that they have lost much of their pension rights from their previous job. Moves to get redundant early leavers treated better than voluntary early leavers have yet to bear fruit.

Part of the redundancy paypension in the new pension If the new employer pension imployee's earnings for the scheme, the money can be

NE OF THE saddest features rate. The first £25,000 above Additional Voluntary Contribu- It will be one worry less.

Otherwise, the employee is pensionable employment and can take out a Personal Pension Contract from a life company.

But for most amployees, the chances of another job are much more remote, at least the economy picks up So they must assess their income and outgoings

Redundancy

under the new circumstances, For the first year, they will be entitled to unemployment benefit and redundancy pay-ments are not taken into account in essessing the right to this social security benefit. But this is at a very low level and, almost all employees will need to invest their redundancy sum to boost income.

The easiest way to do this is to reduce outgoings and the first consideration should be existing hire purchase arrangements. The effective interest payments on these are at a high level so consider paying off HP as soon as possible.

Next look at the house mortgage. Mortgage interest payments are eligible for tax relief, bnt the redundant employee is not likely to be paying tax. Many building societies will allow some deferment of payment while the individual sorts out his affairs. Others have now made

arrangements for redundancy insurance on new mortgages. But the individual, especially

Similarly overdrafts and loans should be cleared off at least while the individual is out of

Then the individual should consider investing what is left of his payment to boost income. There are a number of plans being offered the unemployed, mainly by insurance inter-mediaries, that really do not suit his requirements.

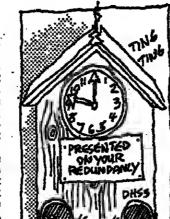
The redundant employee faces a very uncertain future so any capital he has should not be locked away in a life contract irrespective of how attractive the yield offered. Life policies. whether single or annual premium plans, are long-term investments and thus not immediately suitable for redundancy

The money should be invested in a savings product that gives accessibility. Building societies look the natural baven for redundancy money but the individual should think carefully.

In the new circumstances the individual will not be paying The non-taxpayer reclaim tax from a buiding society account (see the article falling interest rates for a comparison of vields). It is better to invest in a gross fund. The Save and Prosper Money Fund offers 104 per cent gross with easy access to the money.

After the year is unemployment benefit ends and the individual moves to a means - tested supplementary bene6t. Here his entitlement to receive these social security payments will depend on his income and his capital. The capital limit has just been raised to £3,000 but the bouse is not taken into account in assessing this limit.

Many unemployed spend their



on investment in an era of below this limit but the asses sing officer could well ask questions on what has happened

> Employees made redundant need expert advice on being made redundant and at sub sequent intervals. Many organ isations are offering advice. Some employers hire specialist firms to provide the advice to employee

> Douglas, Deakin, Young is one such firm that has been active in the newspaper industry and others. The company believes strongly in individual counselling and is hired on terms that look after the employee for at least 12 months

Paying for children's education calls for considerable sacrifice by parents

Plan ten years ahead

INFLATION RATES have due, a combination of regular One common scheme is the purtumbled over the past year, but this has not been reflected quite so dramatically in school fees. This year they are rising and receive the LAPR hoost. by about 10 per cent and over the past decade, school ree increases have comfortably outpaced price inflation and on average have moved ahead of earnings inflation.

This does not augur well for parents wishing, for whatever reason, to have their children educated in the private sector and hoping to pay for the fees out of current income. For most people, such methods of financing are the only means they have of meeting the cost of private education and such figures will merely warn them of sacrifices ahead.

The regular surveys carried out by school fee specialists C. Howard and Partners and School Fees Insurance Agency both show the extent to which many families are prepared to make financial sacrifices to have their children educated privately. Some wives go out to work solely for their earnings to be used in school fees. Others take in lodgers, cut out family holidays and so on.

Thus it makes sense for parents to consider utilising whatever resources they have and to plan as far as possible in advance to save towards meeting those fees when they arise.

One point needs to be stressed. Term fee levels for a top boys' school are about 200 for boarders and £700 for day boys. For top girls' schools, fees are £1,030 and £570 respectively. It will require considerable sacrifices to save in advance to meet

Savings should be regarded as easing the fee burden — the bulk of the fees will still have to be paid for out of cur-

There is no tax incentive to have children educated pri-vately, at least not yet. But if parents use regular premium life assurance policies as savings vehicles for future fees, they can get a tax credit through Life Assurance Premium Relief (LAPR). The present credit is 17.65 per cent added to the net premium paid by the parent.

The other advantage of regular premium life policies is that all the benefits of the policies are pald free of taxes after 10 years. Earlier cash-in could result in higher-rate tax on the profits, while cash-in within four years could result may be available. Cash sums, which are available free. These in full or partial clawback of including money on deposit in include names and addresses of

There are several arrange-

ments of the policy clusters. For Many schools will accept instance, if fees are due to start lump sums in advance. But taken out with terms of 10 to 14 years so that each maturity, market. Some schools offer very coincides with the start of the school year when fees are due. are still quoting terms that
The school fee planners have applied years seen in a seen been devoting a lot of effort to

designing schemes that will meet the parents' requirements. These include schemes where the initial premium is some-what lower and builds up in the first five years to coincide with the rise in parents' earnings. A word of warning at this

Parents have to plan such school fees schemes very carefully taking into account their other commitments, particularly mortgage repayments.

School fees

ERIC SHORT

LAPR is given up to gross premium limits of £1,500 or onesixth of income whichever is the greater.

If the mortgage is being re-paid by means of low-cost endowment then this will use up most of the LAPR entitlement. parents savings towards school fees through life policies should use the repayment method to repay the mortgage covered by a mortgage protection contract.

Thus parents should also he wary of off-the-peg schemes that appear on the mar-ket. Planning of school fees is essential if the best use is to be made of all available resources, and reliefs.

Most parents will not start saving when the child is born, simply because they do not de-cide on private education until the child is getting near school age. So there is often less than 10 years to go before fees are However, parents can still

use life assurance schemes—the

building society linked schemes that offer good returns over four, five and six years. But this will entail higher rate tax. So, providing parents start ing society, could be more profit- from Independent Schools In-

premium life contracts will chase of a deferred anualty. The enable parents to accumulate specialist usually has a special substantial sums, paid tax free, arrangement from a life comannuity rates.

Surc.

in 10 years, five policies can be parents should compare the terms offered with those in the competitive terms, but others applied years ago in a very different savings climate:

Again, parents should take the trouble to review the market rather than invest in the first

plan they come across.

But it is more likely that grandparents and other relations. have capital sums available indeed, the surveys previously mentioned show that grand-parents are assisting fully or partially in meeting fees in some 25 per cent of cas

Parents do not have any prob-lems with Capital Transfer Tax if the gifts are for education of their children. The legislation accepts that parents have a right to educate children and get involved in expense.

The schemes on the market claim to have sorted out the CTT problem, in that they have obtained counsel's opinion. But they could be challenged by the Revenue. It is a point that needs checking.

If grandparents wish to contribute to their grandchildren's education, then covenanting out of income is a highly tax efficient means of helping.

Under current tax legislation, child can receive up to the single person's tax allowance of £1,785 a year without the child or its parent incurring a fax hability. If the income is gifted under coverant, the donor can deduct the basic rate tax from the gift and the child can reclaim the tax. This applies to gifts, from any donor except

Thus, grandparents helping out with fees should covenant the payments to the grandchild. If grandparents make gifts in vance of the school fees being due, the money should be saved in a plan that does not deduct tax, such as the National Savings Bank Investment Account.

There are now several compamies offering school fee planmag advice. The independent Next, parents should consider School Information Service has --using any capital resources that two leaflets on the subject a bank or investment in a build- many of the specialists. Details early, at least 10 years before ably invested in one of the formation Service, 56 Buckingfees at the senior school are capital schemes on the market. ham Gate, London SWIE 6AH

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CHESS/BRIDGE

Korchnoi through

BY LEONARD BARDEN

in Viktor Korchnot's chess career. This week the 51-year-old Soviet exile, borribly out of form for most of the past 12 months, triumphed in fine style in his world title candidates match against the solid Hungarian. Lajos Portisch. Korchnoi virtually destroyed his opponent'a chances with three wins in the first four games, then held off some desperata counter-attacks to reach a 5-2 lead.

Needing only one draw from three games, Korchnor denided to take the inxury of a time-out and also sent homa his two trainers Gutman and Ree. It was tempting fate too much, and Portisch promptly won the eighth game, but then Korchnoi reasserted his superiority for another victory and a convincing 6-3 margin. Latest scores in other candi-

dates matches are Smyslov 5. Hubner 6; Ribli 4, Torre 2. FIDE rules provide that in the event of a 7-7 tie (ten games of the original match plus four in extra time) the warner is decided by lot unless both sides agree in advance to settle it by two games of one-hour chess.

Portisch, a zealous grand-master who likes to prepare individual openings for each opponent, is known to be vulner-eble when on the receiving end of a novelty. Korchnol exploited this weakness to the full with new moves in both the first and third games of the series. Contrary to general impression, the most telling innovations occur in simple positions rather than in complex lines like the Najdorf Sicilian. Korchnoi's surprise in this week's game on move 11, made when the queens and a pair of minor pieces are already exchanged, at once reduces his opponent's maximum bopes to passive defence and chances of a draw. Clearly unsettled. Portisch overlooks a hidden finesse and Korchnoi pounces for a winning endgame. :

White: V. Korchnoi (Switzerland). Black: L. Pordsch (Hungary). English Opening (3rd match game, Bad Kissingen 1983). 1 P-QB4, P-QB4; 2 N-KB3,

N-KB3; 3 N-B3, N-B3; 4 P-Q4, PxP; 5 NxP, P-K3; 6 N(Q4)-N5, P-Q4; 7 B-RB4, P-R4. A critical moment. This

simplifying move turns out badly, so Black should consider. the gambit line 7...B-N5; 8N-B7 ch (8 PxP, NxP; 9 NxN, PxN; 10 QxP, B-N5 ch also gives-Black good play), K-K2; 9 NxR, P-K4; 10 B-Q2, P-Q5; 11 N-Q5 ch; NxN; 12 PxN, QxP. -White will soon lose his QRS knight, when Black, with a pawn for the exchange and an active osition, has significant compen-8 PxP. PxB: 9 PxN. PxP; 10

than the book move 11 R-Q1 puzzle, send your answer (b), K-B2; 12 P-KN3, B-QB4; (White's first move only is required) will be the control of Protecting his centralised knight by the tactic 13...BxN;

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14 N-N5 ch.

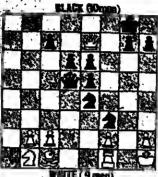
14 N-N5 ch.
13...PxP; 14 RPxP, B-R3?
Portisch plans a defensive
barrier on the long white
diagonal, but misses a hidden
point after the next few forced
moves. Black hes to try the
passive B-Q2, although White

THERE IS rarely a dull moment can then settle in for a proionged siege of the week OBP. 15 NxP: B-N2; 16 N-R4, BxP ch; 17 KxB, N-K5 ch; 18 K-N1, BxN; 19 B.N2, QR.K1; 20 R.R4, P.B4; 21 P.KN41 The winning move, which

undermines Black's pawn chain and forces a decisive material gain for White. The point is that the natural reply 21...P-N3 that the natural reply 21...P.N3 falls to 22 PxP, PxP, 23 R.R6. As played, Black quietly loses two minor pieces for a rook.
21...P-R5; 22 RxB chl KxR; 23 N-R3, K-R4, 24 Bin, K-Q5; 25 B-B3, R-QN1; 26 N-R4, R-N5; 27 R-R5! B-Q1.

27 R-R5! B-Q1 Black cannot play RxN because of 28 R-Q5 ch, K-B5 (K-K6; 29 R-Q3 mate); 29 P-N3 ch winning the rook 28 P.N3 P.KR3; 29 K.B2, R.Q3; 30 R.KB5 P.N4; 31 R.B7, K.R4; 32 R.RP, R.Q7; 33 N.B5, R(N5)-Q5; 34 R-R6, R-Q3; 35 R-R5, Resigns. The coming N-K4 will win more material and put

White a piece shead. POSITION No 471



This position from a USSR tournament game is quite a stiff test of skill in chess analysis even for strong players. White is ahead on material and threatens Q-K8 mate, but Black (to move) also has an attack Does Black win, lose or draw?

PROBLEM No. 471



White mates in two moves against any black defence. This problem is the first strige in the annual Lloyds Bank Problem Championship, to, find Britain's champion solver. The 1982 championship was won by Jonathan Mestel, grandmaster and ex-British champion, from a field of 2.260 entrants:

If you think you can solve this Relations, 71 Lombard Street, London EC3, marking your solu-tion "Financial Times" and the envelope "Chess Contest."
A correct answer qualifies for the next stage, which leads on to a final in London next January with £100 and the national title for the winner.

Position solution Page 20

The Blue Teams

BY E. P. C. COTTER

bave read is Bridge with the It is obtainable from Bibliagora, the Bridge Magazine, and Inter-national Popular Bridge Now watch Avan Monthly. It costs £9.95, but it is in a pairs event: worth it. It is a magnificent collection of bands played by the various members of the famous, and well-nigh invincibla Blue Team.

Let us look first at a slam superbly played by Giorgio • K Q J 3 Belladonna:

4 9 8 5 ·· OAKJ5 → 10 9 4 + Q J 10 7 3 2
 7
 4
 3
 2
 ♥ Q 10 9 7 6 * K J 7 6 5 4 4 2. OAKQJ8 + A 9.8 . .

With both sides vulnerable East dealt and bid two spades, which showed a weak two-suiter in spades and hearts, South doubled, and North replied with three hearts, and after four diamonds from South, North said four bearts. These - two responses in the light of East's opening bid were clearly strength-showing coebids, and South jumped to six diamonds, which became the final contract.

threw two spades and two bearts and dummy parted with bearts, and dummy parted with not yet satisfied. He continued a spade and a heart. At this with dummy's Knave of clubs. point it seems safe to lead a If West won, he would be forced club return, and squeeze East dummy's diamond tenace, while automatically. But West can if East rose with his Ace, be defeat this line by ducking the last two tricks to declarer's club the squeeze will not work be cause there is no entry back to original ending.

dummy's hearts. flist and then lead the low club. excellently edited by Ron

ONE OF THE BEST books I return A club was immediately fatal, a beart would be won by Blue Team by Pietro Forquet, the King, and then the club It is obtainable from Bibliagora, Queen would catch East in an Now watch Avarelli at work

> A 7 5 4 OJ 10 ♦ K J 10 5 3 ... #J2 ·

O 7.62 + A 9 7 5 4: + K Q 6 OAKQ9854 ◇ A 2 + 10 8 3

With neither side vulnerable West dealt and bid one diamond, East replied with one spade, and South said three hearts. West raised to three spades, and North'a four hearts concluded the auction.
Winning West'a spade King

with dummy's Ace, declarer returned e spade and ruffed in hand crossed to the beart Knave for another spade ruff. crossed again to the beart tan to ruff tha last spade, and drew East's last trump. Ten tricks were on ice, but Avarelli was after overtricks. He cashed his remaining heart, then the diamond Ace, and finessed the Knave in duminy. In the three-card ending West beld Queen, nine of diamonds and the club Giorgio won West's heart four with dummy's Ace and proceeded to cash five rounds of while East held Ace, nine, seven diamonds, to which West followed four times, discarding that three clubs with which he club four on the fifth. East started. One overtrick was guaranteed, but Avarelli was club to West's King, win the to concede the last two tricks to

The book contains some 140 The declarer saw that it was hands of like calibre can you essential to cash the club Ace wait to get it? And it has been

PROPERTY

Time for first timers

BY JUNE FIELD

HAVE YOU noticed how busy tor, formerly deputy chairman bedroom unit, up to £54,000 for with visitors most builders sites of Barratt Northern. (He will four bedrooms and two bathere? "At last people are send an explanatory leaflet from rooms, some of the first phase actively looking for new Barratt, Wingrove House, bave already been snapped up houses," reports one Southern Counties builder with a satisfying increase in serious reservareally flat season towards the end of last year."

The latest House-Builders' Federation "State of Trade" survey shows that sales of new were 30 per cent up in the first three months of 1983 compared with the same period last year. And with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors currently claiming pricerises of around 5 per cent for second-hand homes, prices for new homes, although moving up slightly, are still competitive while land supply lasts:

Lovell Homes have just bought 65 acres in Slough from Eton College, for 1,200 dwellings over the next five years.
McInerney Homes turned the first sod in January on e site for 30 terraced houses in Portsmouth, joint venture with the City Council, and the Declan Kerly Group, who currently bave work under development to the value of £44m, are marketing Couran-furnished "singles" apartments in Ifield Sussex; while Costain have a £2m venture with Wycombe District Council for 100 new bomes.

Most of these developments

strongly wooed by expenses-paid, and cash-back incentives. Now et last second-time advises if you see a one- or two-around purchesers and others bedroom property and you think are being given a chance to the price is reasonably realistic. claim their share. Barratt heve buy now, because it could just revised their "Open-Door increase £350 to £400 per Scheme" to be available to all month. "Even if the property purchasers of their new homes, appears to be marginally over-(Well nearly all. The scheme priced et the time of reservawill not apply to the company's £400,000-plus properties in Hampstead where presumably purchasers are not going to worry too much about discounts.)

This means you get the carpets, cooker, refrigerator and washing-machine included in the price as well as the stamp duty and land registry costs, bank or building society survey fee, and your solicitor's bill: and removal costs up to £200 are offered, with the company making the arrangements on your behalf. "We feel that this will pro-

involved in trading up," says cupboards The first choice

Wingrove House, Road, Newcastle Ponteland Road, Newcastle upon Tyne NES 3DP, plus details of homes if you say in what area you are interested, and the price bracket.)

Obviously these costs will have to be built into the asking price of a home, but it is quite a bonus to be able to earmark a set amount to buy a property. Since the Budget enabled builders "trade in" homes to qualify for atock-relief along with their land, raw materials, work-in-progress and completed new houses, part-exchange has become more popular, with even quite small firms willing to accept a purchaser's home part-exchange for a new one. A recent survey by The New Homes Marketing Board, a non-profit-making organisation formed about a year ago to promote the advantages of the new house, found that approximately 15,000 second-hand houses were taken by builders in partexchange last year, and that about one in four new home sales to owner-occupiers involved the buying in of an existing home quite a high

figure.

house builders—Sunley Estates of Croydon, W. S. Try of Dorking, and Thornton Heath-based are suitable for first-time Addley Homes — have got buyers, who are still being together to promote themselves through Victory Marketing Services. Peter Kerry, of VMS, tion, bear in mind that it will be true 'value' by the time you actually move in."

Some of the small to medium

British bastion in the Canaries

NEAT ROWS of bungalows by the palm-fringed beach gleam white and bright against the picon, volcanie black ash that is native to Lanzarote, the 310-square mile island in the Spanish Canaries. Not very distinguished look-

ing outside, the interiors are vide a tremendous boost for pleasing, with polished tile those worned about the extras floors, textured walls, plenty of and fully-fitted Michael Norton newly appointed kitchens and bathrooms. At dent on the island, now group sales and marketing director. As

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by British buyers—a solicitor from Sussex, a Yorkshire tele-

branch of Barclays. Director Derek Ashworth at

day. Mr

British timber-framed bouses at Puerto del Carmen on the firms when asked to export."

make the complex possible for the disabled, and special arrangements can be made to widen doors to take a wheelchair. A communal swimming pool was being dug when I was there last month, and a restaurant is planned for June. Nearby are tennis courts, and a nine-bole golf course referred to as "challenging" by club captain Barry Dalby, an insurance agent from England resident on the island, now

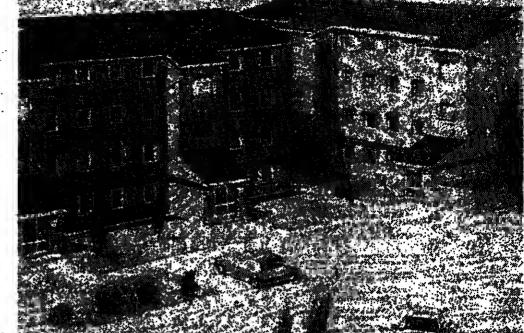
vision director, a civil servant, an artist, a policeman and a sprinkling of company directors. Only a lava field away from

King Hussein of Jordan's new villa, the development is called Playa Bastian. It is 16 acres on Costa Teguise bought from ERT (Union Explosives Rio Tinto), for some 13m. The owners and developers are Ladyland S.L., a private com-pany recently registered in whose directors are all British citizens residing in the UK. So your own solicitor can check the title to the land through the company's legal advisers, Downs, 156 High Street, Dorking, Surrey, and your own bank can take up references through the Ashtead

Ladyland, Waterlands, Sidlow, Reigate, Surrey, will send a brochure of what is on offer (a villa with its own pool can also be tailor-made at around £60,000), plus some notes on buying procedures and costs; that is, notary's fee about 10,000 ptas, translator's fee around 4,000 ptas, and depending on the size of the plot and the rate of exchange on the land transfer tax, which could be in the region of 38,000 Asbworth, who built

island in 1968, feels that Lanzarote provides a challenge to UK property developers willing to forget recession. He is disappointed that UK manufacturers of furniture, sanitary ware, kitchen equipment and electric goods evinced so little interest when asked to quote for supplying their products. They showed the now traditional apathy of so many British Smooth, sloping pathways

Chestertons



Baynes Street, Camden Town, NW1, built on a former lorry park overlooking the Regent's Canal is one of New Ideal Homes' latest scheme for urban redevelopment in London. Prices are between

£33,000 and £48,000, with interest-free loan, up to £1,000 cash-backs and part-exchange incentives. Details David Calverley, Managing Director, New ideal Home Holdings, Goldsworth House, St John's Road, Woking, Surrey.



Fairview Estates flats at Victoria Park Road, Hackney, E8, on the site of two demolished Victorian and two bedroom units are selling from (24,000 to

£30,000 which brings them into the new tax re bracket. Furnished show apartment open 10-5 Thursday to Monday inclusive. agents Copping Joyce, 416 Mare Street, E8. (01-986 7321).

visit can be organised through Tabiche Villas from around £144, flying Gatwick to Arrecife. Another British initiative is

always, it is essential to go and Wimpey's Las Casitas, in the told me that since I was ther look at everything, and ask fishing village of Playa Blanca. last year, over 75 per cent of the questions. A week's holiday Chartered surveyor Peter first phase has been sold, and first phase has been sold, an over half of the current one Rogers, who sells the operation through International Property Prices are now around £600 to Marketing, Plaza San Antonio, £2,000, a once-only payment fo

Playa de los Pociblos, Lanzarote, a week's ownership a year. Taylor & Tester

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TRAVEL

SYLVIE NICKELS

WHEN YOUNG Gavrilo Princip stood on a street corner in Sarajevo on June 28 1914 and fired those fatal sbots at Archduke Franz Ferdinand, he launched himself and the town into world history, and the rest of us, soon after, into the holo-

caust of World War L Today Sarajevo is preparing to make history of a more palatable kind as it beavers away in the final months of preparation for the Winter Olympics from February 7-19, 1984. Existing stadia of this sportsminded city are being modernised, and entirely new ones built, along with an Olympic village, new hotels of all sizes and, on the surrounding mountains, all the necessary and apphisticated paraphernalia to cater for the elite in ski jumping slalom. downhill, crosscountry and bob-sleigh events. In town, thousands of Saraievo's citizens are preparing to open their houses to provide

extra accommodation. Sarajevo has good rail, road and air links via Yuogoslavia's main cities with the rest of the world; in addition. Olympics packages will feature direct charters. winter weather

permitting. of the competition grounds to club. tbe city. Farthest will be tha Bielasnica or Jahorina, respecthe city boundaries itself.

to the Adriatic coast.

It has always deserved better. young as anywhere else. Its mountainous surroundings are truly stunning and if ever East meets West it is bere, in the historic core of the city that backs up against those mountains and along the little

Once past the industrial installations and the high rise suburbs, Sarajevo's turbulent history is spelled out in architectural terms: the solid central European structures of the Austrian Habshurgs who arbitrarily annexed the region in 1908 following a mandate of administration granted by the Congress of Berlin in 1878; and the mosques and mansions and higgledy piggledy streets that represent over 400 years of Turkish rule before that.

Heart of the latter district is Bascarsija, the hazaar area, wbere entire little streets are still devoted to the crafts of copper, or silversmith, jeweller or shoemaker, and the double doors of tiny shops stand open to reveal both artisan and merchant at vonr service.

Across these alleys fall the pencil shadows of minarets like too much longer. that of the grand 16th century mosque of Gazi Husref-Bey with its adjoining Clock Tower, or than between the Yugoslav the more solid hulk of ancient warehouses or bath-houses that mountains that separate them now shelter folk art exhibitons, are magnificent. A big "plus" is the proximity or restaurants, or even a night

Such transformations have burek (pastry layers stuffed In the past, this capital of with a variety of tasty fillings) Yugoslavia's central republic of or the ubiquitous cevapcici old town of Mostar, famed for

Bosnia-Herzegovina has been for (grilled and spicey minced meat the most part a transit stop for pieces with a garnishing of raw the average visitor on the well- onions). More recent are the worn trail from the inland cities coffee house-discos which are as noisy and jammed with the

> Those not totally preoccupied with the Olympics will find historical and cultural interests The State, well catered for. Jewish and orthodox church museums are excellent of their kind: another is devoted to the clandestine Young Bosnia movement with the footprints of Gavrilo Princip impressed on the pavement outside.

> There is good opera and topclass folkloric ensembles. But one of the bonuses of central Yugoslavia is that peasant culture is still alive and thriving in the little towns and villages that punctuate tha valleys and mountain plateaux

> It is more evident, of course, in summer when the sight of a woman spinning yarn or a boy whittling away at a piece of wood as they tend a handful of sheep, or a family clip-clopping to market by horse-drawn cart are not yet rarities in this part of the world, even though things have changed a great deal since my first visit 20 years ago. It is all the more argument for not delaying a visit

> It would be hard to find within Europe a greater contrast interior and coast, and the

The 186-km route from Sarajevo to the Adriatic is a fair example, its highlights includsisiom and downhill events on been tastefully contrived, but ing the watery sprawi of maneven more an intrinsic part of made Jahlanicko Jezero (lake) the local scene are innumerable and some spectacular gorges little eating houses dispensing carved out by the Neretva river as it scampers down to the sea. Straddling it is the beautiful

point the youth of the town prove their manhood by diving with Yngoslavia's coastline, exinto the ice-green waters. Nearer the coast, the once-deserted Turkish-era village of Pociteli

Sarajevo: preparing to make history again

its slender 16th century single- only just beginning to feature arch bridge from whose highest on a few tourist circuits. This is not the place to deal

cept to mention a new way of exploring its glorious, clear, island-studded waters this sumhas become something of an mer. Flotilla sailing, catering artists' colony, steeply stacked for most levels of skill, offers against a hill above the Neretva. the freedom of wind and canvas There is wild mountain coun- and the companionship of liketry, peppered with prehistoric, minded souls in small fleets of Roman and medieval remains yachts under the supervision of pilot boat with experienced

> Phoenix Holidays, for example, market very flexible arrangements of one-or two weeks sailing off the Istrian coast or a combination of a week with the flotilla followed by a week with half board ashore at Porec. The latter arrangement costs £230-£400 per person (of fonr) exdepending on season and choice of hotel.

> Further information: Yugo slav National Tourist Office, 143 Regent St. London W1R SAE. Winter Olympics arrangements are handled by American Sports Travel, Dorland House, 388 High Wembley, Middlesex. salling details from Phoenix Holidays, 29, Thurloe

Oldies from East Europe

was cheap? Last year, 32,230 Britons did just that and tha indications are that even more will do so this year.

Tha cars I am talking about are, of course, from Eastern Europe. The Lada from the Soviet Union scored 16,752 registrations compared with 15,508 in 1981. Czechoslovakian Skodas were bought by 9,272 Britons (8,507 in 1981). Figures for the Polish FSO were 3,105 (2,329) and the Yugoslavian Zastava 3,101 (811).

The trend continues nowards this year. Latest statistics from the Society of Motor Manufac-turers and Traders show that in the first quarter Lada sales went up from 3,577 in 1982 to 5,155; Skoda reached 2,538 (1,785); FSO 1,026 (649) and

MOTORING

STUART MARSHALL

Zastava 942 (505). The Lada that heads this invasion from the East is a Fiat 124, modified over the years and due to appear on the British market soon with a face-lifted body. One can't call it a new model because it has been on sale in some European countries for many months. The original Fiat 124 dates from the 1960s and Fiat stopped making it themselves nearly ten years

was quite nimble and sporty in its time. The Lada, despite recent cosmetic changes, is dated in appearance. Anyone accustomed to modern European or Japanese cars will find it plodding and rather uncouth. It has been beefed-up and rides pretty well over bad roads to have improved.

(they have a lot of them in The Yugoslavian Zastava is is poor. One.1 drove some weeks. ago—it was the "new" 1983 design, with front-wheel drive model—had a radio speaker and all-independent suspension. grille on the fascia with ends It sells from £2,700 to £3,550 that curled up like a stale sand- with 1.1 or 1.3 litre engine and



four-door family-size saloon, £3,242 a 1.5 litre estate. Next in the charts is the

One might call this Skoda. Czechoslovakian machine a reincarnation of the mid-1950s Renault Dauphine, though made of thicker metal. Other than the massive Tatra (also Czech and reserved for official use) the Skoda is Europe's lastsurviving rear-engined car.
Plans for putting the engine and power train up front have nothing has happened. Skodas (from £2,300) are even cheaper than Ladas. I haven't driven one for years but they are reputed to have minds of their

vn on wet roads. FSO cars, once called Polski-Fiats, are based on the long defunct Fiat 125, fitted with a smaller and even older engine. The original 125 was quite a dashing car but the FSO drives like an Austin Cambridge. I ran one for a year from new and prefer not to think of the problems I had with it. We finally parted company when both of the swivelling quarter lights (do you remember lost their securing catches on the same day. They WORRIES about driving on the just dropped off. Again, they are cbean; £2,800 buys a big boot. A smert looking but back called the Polonez .. is

Toyota reliability plus Euro- has a slick change (a four-speed pean-type sophistication. It automatic with lock-up in top should be a formula for the new costs \$410 extra), the light Camry's success. This spacious four door, five seaf saloon ous four door, five seat saloon lated discs. This quiet, nimble WOULD you buy a new car ous four door, ave seat saloon lated discs. This quiet saloon costs £6.070 and should that you knew was completely is Toyota's first car with both saloon costs £6.070 and should out of date merely because it front-wheel drive and a transverse engine. Driving it in journey. Top speed is 116 mph Spain recently I found it (104 mph for the automatic) cornered securely on mountain and the all-indirect gearbox has roads and the all-independent two overdrive ratios. in arthsuspension gave an excellent 3,000 rpm equals 70 mph for ride. The five-speed gearbox relaxed motorway cruising.

money; £2,500 buys a 1.2 life But it still lacks the finess visual and mechanical, of cars made in countries where the consumer has completely free choice. This is, I suspect, the key

to the differences between the East European and West European/Japanese product. In East Europe, a citizen is grateful to pay full list price for any kind of car. Here, we demand discounts (and why not?) or have to be bribed with offers of colour TV acts to buy cars that been spoken of for years but are the stuff of which dreams would be made in Russia Czechoslovakia or Poland, So, with an Aladdin's Cave of cars to choose from why does Britain buy ever-increas-

ing numbers of East European oldies? The obvious answer price. It must be tempting to obtain a medium-size family car for less than the list price of a Mini. I can believe that they offer the undemanding mutorist fair value for money, always providing they are reliable How reliable are they. I would be glad to hear from owners and will publish a selection of views.

On the right. . .

wrong side of the road still . would-be motoring robust-looking four-door with a holidaymakers from taking their cars over the Channel mechanically geriatric hatch. The AA have just come to their aid with a reassuring and informative travel video. This bour long guide to what to The Yugoslavian Zastava is expect in mainland Europe Russia) but the steering is not like the others, a Coinecon examines ferry bookings, routes heavy and vague. Detail finish product. This Flat 128 derived to take, French motoring law batchback is of more modern and how to cope with emergencies. Ask for "Motoring in France" from any AA Travel Agency. The three-day hire charge of £2.95 is refunded if wich. Current Ladas are un- three- or five-door bodywork you make holiday travel bookdeniably a lot of car for the and goes rather well, if noisily. ings through the AA.

Three big problems of spring: greenfly, frost and weeds

LAST WEEK I was looking at Is in an exposed field but there which is apt to go unnoticed an uncommonly comprehensive the greenflies were feeding until plants, and particularly trial of periwinkles (vincas) in greedily on the tender young roses, have been checked quite the Royal Horticultural Society's shoots and visibly affecting severely. The greenflies at the Royal Horticultural Society's garden at Wisley, Surrey, when I was astonished to see that many of the plants were already attacked by greenflies. The weather had been cold and damp for weeks, Wisley is a notori-

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Viaminck, Nictiolson, Monet, Cratter, Oally 10-5, Sat. 10-4. AGN=W GALLERY, 43 Old Bond St. WI n1-529 6176. LESLIE WORTH-Recom Water plours. Until 5 May, Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30. of prints published by Adnew. 29 April. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30. Wartyw GREGORY GALLERY. English Waterchines 1871-5711 April. 10 am-f. pm (Weekdwyl. 10 am-1 pm (Salv-dow). 74, Purv Toeet, St. James's, SW1. 01-639 3731.]

CLUBS

musicians, olamorous hostesses, exciting floorshows, 189, Rogent St. 01-734 0557.

dangers that await gardeners they are not the only ones and

seen this spring but I am sure it would be wise to keep a sharp look-out for the little pale green lice which are quite effectively camouflaged hy their colour on the young shoots and ahove all others. Nowadays there is no difficulty in controlling greenflies

Wisley were the first I have

at least a dozen readily avail- adequate. able aphicides with which they launched too late after the growthere are many other good ones hioresmethrin. malathion.

day, which is unlikely to be severe now in any but the even prettier blue bird's eye, coldest places but the much another early starter. more insidious radiation frosts which occur at night or very early in the morning when the experience how best to deal sky is clear and there is little with them. If the soil is reasonwind. The earth then loses beat ably clean to start with and rapidly to the sky and the one can start early hand-weeding hill to collect in and cause the cient for some weeds but not

cause serious injury to plants named alloxydim sodium and somewhere and sometimes the marketed by May and Baker as effect is widespread. It is young seedlings, half-hardy grasses, particularly plants and blossom that are most at risk but in my own Sussex slowly but surely even when garden, part of which is a frost they are growing in clumps of pocket, I have seen the young growth of nettles and oak threes fond of doing.
blackened in May. Admittedly Bindweed starts to grow late this is exceptional but hardly risks there are times when I

unwarranted risks. fined to certain areas where berbicide. the spring frost risk is at a minimum and it is also one frosts. Very fine mesh netting it can be done with a small draped over fruit bushes or drawn across the strawberry bed piece of cardboard or a flower may be sufficient or polythene

GARDENING

ARTHUR HELLYER

guard which emits a long low howl when the temperature falls to 1 deg.C which might be a Place, London SW7 2HP. bit daunting for neighbours. flower buds which they prefer But such instruments are only likely to be required for safe guarding valuable crops. For most garden purposes the broadand other aphids for there are cast weather reports should be

The third danger of spring is can be destroyed in a matter that weeds may take a giant of hours. The danger is that leap forward before one is ready the counter attack may be to deal with them. The same warm, moist conditions which ing tips have been destroyed bring all the lovely spring and the plants forced to start flowers also favour many weeds all over again. One of the but some much more than fastest acting of these chemicals others. The little bitter cress, is pirimicarb and it has the which looks so harmless, is not additional merit of heing speci- only already flowering but some fic to aphids and harmless to plants are actually distributing other insects, including bees and seed. As ona grasps the plant useful predators such as lady to pull it out the tiny seed birds and lace wing flies, but vessel explodes and the seeds are thrown far and wide. Grass including pirimiphos-methyl, is a bad offender for it starts permethrin, to grow very early, as soon as dimethmoate, formothion and soil temperature reaches about 7 deg. C. and the red dead The second danger that nettle hardly ever seems to atoo threatens plants in spring is growing or flowering. It is a frost; not so much frost by pretty weed but an awful nulsance, almost as bad as the

Every garden has its own weeds and one learns with chilled air flows steadily down- and hoeing may be quite suffi most serious damage to plants for all. I battled with couch growing in what might seem grass, bindweed and ground to be sheltered valleys and eider for years until three herbicides solved my problems. For Every year spring frosts couch grass it is a newcome Weed Out It is specific to grasses, particularly conch grasses, and will kill them garden plants as they are so

when temperatures climb into a year passes without some the 20sC and then it falls an plants suffering damage, for easy victim to that old salective though I am well aware of the lawn weedkiller, 2.4-D. One can paint it on the leaves or draw am caught unprepared or the the long stems through a frost occurs while I am away gloved hand dipped in a from home or when I have taken normal dilution of the herbicide. It is wise to don two The danger to fruit blossom gloves, first a rubber one to is one of the reasons why com- keep liquid from the skin, then mercial fruit growing is con- a woollen one to absorb the

Finally ground elder, which is even worse than either of reason why camellias and early the others at getting itself inflowering rhododendrons do extricably mixed up with garden better in woodlands than in the plants, can be killed with open since even a canopy of bare glyphosate (Tumbleweed or branches gives some protection. Roundup). Again it is neces-'sary to get the herbicide on to Indeed, it is surprising bow sary to get the herbicide on to little cover is required to ward the weed leaves and keep it off off the worst effects of radiation garden plants. With great care trigger operated sprayer and a pot to screen the plants. sheets may be used in similar Murphy are now marketing an ways. Polythene is a poor ingenious Tumbleweed, a metal material to retain heat but it tube with a specially designed is excellent in sheltering plants bottle of herbicide at one end from wind or preventing the and s wick at the other which alow downward flow of cold air. can be stroked across weed Devices are available which leaves without stooping.

warn when frost is imminent, could be just the thing to nip

BUILDING SOCIETY RATES

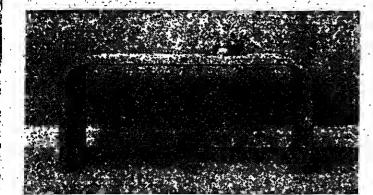
, Demon				
		Share accounts	Sub'pn shares	% Others
Abbey National	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 1-year high option
				7.25 6 years sixty plus 6.75 min. £100, 7 d. not. no int. lost
Aid to Thrift	7.00	7.25		<u> </u>
Alliance	6.00	7.25	7.75	7.25 3 years Money Monthly £1,000 min. Interest paid monthly
Anglia	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 3 yrs., 2 mths. withdrwl, notice
Birmingham and Bridgwater	6.00	6.25	7.75	7.25 Extra Interest Shares
Bradford and Bingley	5.75	6.25	7.25	7.00 1 m. not or on dem. (int pen.) 7.25 High L a/c 3 m. not (no pen.)
Britannia	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.50 Option Bond, 7.25 2 mths.' not.
Cardiff	-6.00	7.00	7.75	
Cardiff		*7.50		— * Share a/c bal. £10,000 & over
Catholic	6.00	7.00	7.50	7.50 6 months' deposit, £500 min 8.00 2-4 years
Chelsea	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.50 im. wdl. (int. pen.) or 1 m. not.
Cbeltenham and Gloncester	6.00	6.25	7.25	
Cheltenham and Gloucester	_	7.25	. —	Gold Account—savings of £1,000 or more. No notice—no penalty
Citizens Regency	6.00	6.50	8.00	7.50 3 yrs. Doobla Option shs. 7.40
City of London (The)	6.25	6.60	7.50	8.09 £10,000-£30,000, monthly income, 3 months' notice no penalty
Coventry Economic	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.75 4 yrs., 7.50 3 yrs., 7.25 3 mths.
Derbyshire	6.00	6.25	7.50	6.75-7.35 (3 months' notice)
Greenwich	6.00	6.50	7.75	7.75 2 yrs., 7.50 28-day pen/notice
Guardian Halifax	6.00 6.00	6.50 6.25	7.25	8.25 6 mth., 7.75 3 mth., £1,000 min. 7.25 Extra Interest Plus, 3 months'
Heart of England	6.00	6.25	7.50	wdl. notice or loss of interest 7.00 1 mth. not., 7.25 flexi, tm, 3 yr.
Hemel Hempstead	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.75 3 yrs., 7.50 3 months
Hendon	6.50	7.25	_	8.00 6 months, 7.75 3 months
Lambeth	6.00	6.50	7.75	8.00 6 mths., 7.75 28 days, 7.25 3 m.
Learnington Spa	6.10	6.35	6.60	To a suit of the suit of the suit
Leeds and Holbeck Leeds Permanent	6.00 6.00	6.25 6.25	8.00 7.25	7.75 5 yrs., 3 mths.' interest penalty, 7.25 HRAS, 7.00 E.L. a/c £500 min.
Leicester	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 3 yrs., 7.25 3 months
London Grosvenor	6.00	6.60	8.50	7.10 3 mths. notice 1 mth. int. pen.
London Permanent	6.00	6.75	_	7.50 1 m. not. or on dem. (int. pen.)
Midshires	6.00 6.80	6.25 7.30	7.50	7.25 1 year, 3 months' notice no pen.
National Counties	6.25	6.55	7.55	8.00 28 days, 8.25 6 mths., £500 min.
National and Provincial	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.50 3 yrs., 7.25 2 mths., 7.00 1 mth.
Nationwide	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 3 yrs., £500 min. imm. wdl. with penalty." Bonus a/c 7.00 £500
Newcastle	6.00	6.25	7.50	min. imm. wdl. with penalty 7.75 4 yrs., 7.25 28 days' notice, or on demand 28 days' int. penalty
New Cross	7.00	7.25	-	7.25-8.25 on ahare accs., depending on min. balance over 6 months
Northern Rock	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.00 High int. sh. 7.25 Prem. share
Norwich	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.25 3 yrs., 7.00 2 yrs.
Paddington	5.75 4.75	6.75	8.25	7.25 7 days' notice
Peckham Portman	6.75 6.00	7.00	n ine	7.50 2 y., 8.00 3 y., 8.50 4 y., 7.25 Bas.
Portsmouth	6.35	6.25 6.55	7.75 8.05	7.75 2 mths., 7.25 Flexi-Plus
Property Owners	6.25	6.75	8.25	8.40 5 yrs., 8.00 6 mths., 7.50 1 mth.
Scarborough	6.00	6.25	7.50	8.25 4 yrs., 8.25 6 mths., 7.75 8 mths.
Skipton	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.25 Money Care + free life ins. 7.00-7.15 (1 mth.), 7.25 3 yrs.
Stroud	6.15	6.25	7.50	7.85 3 mths., 7.25 1 m. (no penalty)
Sussex County	6.15	6.40	8.15	6.90-7.90 all with withdrawal option
Succes Marinal	6.25	6.50	8.00	6.75-8.00
Thrift	6.15	7.15	·	9.15 5 yrs. term. Other access. avail.
Town and Country,	6.00	6.25	7.50	7.50 3 yrs., 60 days' wdl. notice imm. wdl. 28 days' interest loss
Wesser	6.25	7.30	<u> </u>	
Woolwich	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 90 days (int. loss) 7.25 Special Interest Shares 90 days
		•	· · ·	not or imm. wdf. with 90-days' interest loss (min. #509)
	e in			7.00 immed wdl 28 days int loss "
Yorkshire formerly Huddersfield &	6.00	6.25	7.25	7.25 5 Star Bond min: £500, 2 mins.
Bradford and West Yorkshire All these rates are after basic	rate ta	z liabili n	has hee	imu. wdl. 28 days' pen. interest

All these rates are after basic rate tax liability has been settled on behalf of the investor.

era PP

HOW TO SPEND IT

Woodwork from the workshop



Small table with a lagginate finish by Innova

something the big boys can't-

workshops around the country.

thing by hand, others set up

small production runs which

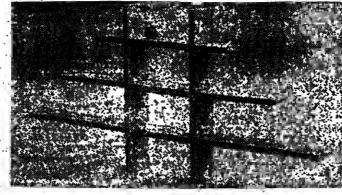
allow for special orders and

Some of them make every-

FOR SOME years now, as to keep costs down to some-much of our mass-produced thing nearer the manufac-furniture has apparently failed tured versions. furniture has apparently and the two enterprises whose to meet the needs of the The two enterprises whose British public, small groups of work is shown photographed sketched here offer

have set up their own small exactly this choice. workshops where they can offer. Up in Suffolk, Tukan Timber offers a range of tables and an individual service. Those chairs, in straightforward and who want cabinets, or dining-tables, or chairs, or anything table sketched above right) else, made to special dimen-sions, or in special woods and is that tables, for instance, can finisbes have almost more the produced to any size. The choice than ever before. The whole "small is beautiful" and some years, importing whole "small is beautiful" and some years, importing craft-orientzed movement has led to a proliferation of small from Brazil. They use local Suffolk craftsmen to make all the pieces entirely by haud aud find that they can usually cater for special lengths, widths and shapes at no extra cost.

craftsmen use tradisizes but at the same time helu tional mortice and teuon refectory



One of Innova's combinations of shelves

methods for all the frame- straightforward joints, pegged to form a sturdy one, a round or an oval one but unit. Table-tops are tongued if there is anything else you and jointed with the strong have a year for (maybe modern glues to make one hexagonal?) then try them, piece tops. Tops come in a because service is what the variety of thicknesses from one company is all about.

To give some idea of prices -a 7 ft by 3 ft rectangular table, with a I inch thick top, top made from a single, very wide board cau do so—these is £255, a 4 ft diameter round table with a 2 inch thick top is £275, while a refectory table is about £395. Solid mahogany chairs are between £70 and £90.

If you want to see a sample baving flexibility to offer f the woods on offer the com- customers a wider choice. of the woods on offer the com-pany will send them and if you want further details there is a very explanatory leaflet setting out the major design types, prices and options avail-are able. Write to Tukan Timber, ssic 2 High Street, Saxmundham, or Suffolk with a sae.

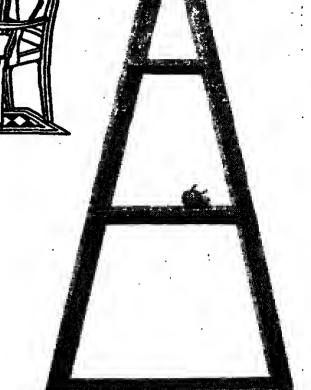
Innova is a company which Each is about £150.
offers a slightly different, more Besides the woods phisticated range of products. It makes no bones about the fact that it actually manufactures (as opposed to making by hand) most of its furniture but it is all made to order so

> variety of sizes and finishes.
>
> The idea behind the company is that small production runs of mainly free-standing design would allow it to achieve high standards at not too high a cost while at the same time

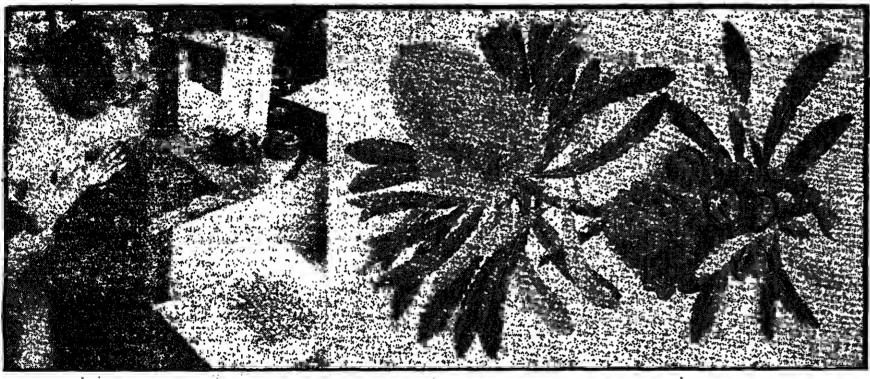
range is of wooden construc-There are some fine sets of shelves-two of them photographed here, above second from the left and far right-made from solid timbera like asb, oak, beech or cherry.

Table of solid mahogany from Tukan Timber Besides the wooden shelving units there is also a collection which incorporates materials like Perspex, laminates and metals—in particular I liked a fine selection of simple tables designed by Phillip Hearsey for the company (one of them is photographed above left). This mers have the choice of a entire range can be ordered to any reasonable size, or can be finished in any laminate colour (a very chie dark grey or black graph Formica has been very popular). The table photo-graphed is about £370.

St Owen's Street, Hereford HRI 2PL. The company has brochures it will send to any interested readers but much of its work is special commissions from hi-fi installations through to one-off pieces



A pyramid of shelving from innova



Anybody who wants a table

logs are rare but the company

bas access to them from time to time and keeps them for

Besides the Brazilian mahog-

any the company also has stocks of Brazilian cherry, and other

hard woods like oak, elm, ash or

beech so that all the designs

they do can be ordered in any

The basic tables on offer are

farmhouse design, a elassic

dinlng-table

special orders.

Master Printer Edward Egerton-Williams, left, preparing a plate for printing. Right, Plate 285 of Banks' Florilegium, Banksia Serrata Linnaeus.

botanical dream comes

IT IS seldom that I dare to write about anything that has as high a price-tag as the £50,000 plus it will cost anybody who wants the complete set of engravings that make np Banks' Florilegium but this seems to me a project so extraordinary, an enterprise so bold and unique that even those who will never own it would like to know that it is happening and to know where it may be seen.

Anyone who takes an Interest in the modern artist's print will have heard of Editions Alecto—they were one of the early pioneers of this art form, commissioning and encouraging some of our best contemporary artists. For the last three years, however, modern artists bave been temporarily abandoned while Joe Studholme, one of the original founders of Editions Alecto, and his team devote themselves and all their resources to producing 100 sets of the 738 botanical engravings made by Joseph Banks on Captain Cook's historic first voyage round the world in 1768 to 1771.

As an article in the Smithsonian Magazine recently put it—this is a story that began over 200 years ago and will only be finished some time in early 1988. For on that historic voyage abound Cook's Endeavour, Joseph Banks, as well as the botanist Dr Solander and two draughtsmen, determined to collect and record every detail of every botanical specimen they came upon. As the ship called in at many places, including Madeira, Rio de Janeiro, the Society Islands, Australia and New Zealand, the water-colours and drawings were an amazing record of a wide range of botanical bistory.

Banks himself wrote something of the method he used. "We sat at the great table (in the Endeavour) with the draughtsman directly across from us. We showed him how the drawings should be depicted and hurriedly made descriptions of all the natural history objects while they were still fresh . . These completed accounts were immediately entered by 2 secretary in the books in the form of a fiora of each of the lands we had visited."

It was not always possible for the draughtsman to catch all the colours before they faded but in this case be would make a quick, outline field sketch in pencil, colouring in just enough detail for accurate completion later. So good were these notes and sketches that artists were later able to complete all the water-colours.

When Endeavour reached England, the watercolour drawings were finished first under the fine eye and supervision of Joseph Banks himself (be used his own money for the task). From there some 743 fine copper plates were made. This took some 13 years and Banks himself having become an eminent botanist and president of the Royal Society, was never abte to find either the time or the energy to finish the process and publish the colour prints from the copper plates.

On Joseph Banks' death the plates and drawings were left to the British Museum and there they have lain in the Natural History section until Editions Alecto embarked upon the huge task of printing

Publishing the work in the way that does it Justice has meant uot only finding the right premises (a warehouse near Fenchurch Street) but also bringing together many rare skills and crafts, tracking down the right sorts of papers and inks, as well as approaching the museums, libraries and institutions which would eventually buy the completed work.

Banks' Florilegium is what the whole publication is called

-in January 1981 the first parts (Australia plates 1-225) were published, the last will only to be completed in early 1988. Of the 100 sets being published, the Australian and North American allocations have already been taken upthe toug article in the Smithsouian Magazine last month seems to have brought in subscriptions which took care of the few remaining sets designated for America. A very few sets remain and it is the ardent bope of Joe Studholme and the Editions Alecto team that more British Institutions will realise the inherent heanty and unique scientific value of the works-Oxford and Cam-

Certainly anybody who looks at the finished works cannot help but be overcome by the infinite patience, care and scholarship that has gone into the venture. Each and every print is a work of great beauty, and of such historical importance that it is quite overwhelming. Anybody who wishes to see either the original dried specimens brought back from the voyage or the water-colours done by the draughtsman ou the voyage and those who com-pleted the job thereafter may see these in the British

bridge bave yet to find the

funds (or the donor?) to buy

Museum (Natural History) in

the Botany Ilhrary.

If you want to see what the finished published parts of Banks' Florilegium look like, the city libraries of Edinburgh, Cardiff, Birmingham and Belfast have each subscribed to a set and if you ask to see them you ought to be able to. In London visitors to Editions Aeleto, 27 Keiso Place, London, W8, or to the British Museum (Natural Ristory) can also ask to see them.

REGENT STREET

LONDON W1

Tel: 01-734 1234

The wireless telephone

I AM NOT sure how much of the market for cordless telephoues has atready been satisfied by the many illegal ones still to be found in bouses and stores up and down the country but those who would find it more comfortable to operate within the law might like to know that it is now possible to huy a perfectly legal version. The price of peace of mind, bowever, is high-Fldelity's new Wanderer, as it is somewbat fancilully called, costs £170. Hlegal versions, I am reliably informed come up to £50 cheaper.

The need for a cordless telephone might seem to be somewhat esoterie (visious of anded gentry who might he al the other end of the greensward or lounging by the swimming pool when the nrgent transatlantie eall comes British Telecom, who will shortly be selling its own folly-approved version, think that the market might run to about 1m a year.

Certainly a cordless telephone would do away with the need for many extensions, would enable oue to answer the 'phone when in the bath, out in the garden, or washing the ear.

Il you are confused as to what the difference is between the officially approved tele-phone and its frowned-upon rivals the answer ites in the frequencies the appliance operates on—the Fidelity Wanderer, for instance, operates on a frequency which has been approved by the Home Office and British Telecom and which does not cause interference with other services or disturb exchange equipment. The illegal interlopers are using frequency ranges that could



possibly laterfere with emergeoey services, police or other people's telephone lines.

The principle of the 'phoue seems to be quite simple-a hase unit plugs luto a normal socket and is also connected to the mains. The bandset can then be used anywhere up to 200 metres (or 600 ft for the nou metrically-miuded) for both receiving calls and

dialling out. The design looks sleek and next enough and there are those for wbom the £170 it eosts will no donbt seem wett worthwhite. The Wanderer will be available early in May and demand is expected to be heavy so those wanting one should start placing orders now. It will be stocked by shops like Boots (80 branches), Comet, Dixoos, John Lewis Partnership and Rumbelows.

TELEPHONES in the car, or even better, on the yacht. bave heen a status symbol for some time, however most of them work via au operator. A new ear telephone has just been launebed which is one of the few to enable the owner to dial and receive calls directly himself. Air-Phone is the system (it does not bave Home Office approval but no known prosecutions bave yet been recorded), it bas a radius of up to 40 miles in good conditions.

The user can speak for as long as be likes—as opposed to the two minutes restriction that some operator-controlled systems operate. The system is British-made and costs £1.500 from CallSaver, 3 Caledoulan Road, Kings Cross, London N1 (tel. 01-278 5187).

Peru by post

INCA has been happy hunting ground. for Sloane Rangers for many years now. Conveniently situated plumb in the middle of Sloane country, at 45 Elizabeth Street, London SW1 (tel 01-730 7941), its brightty coloured knitwear, ablaze with folklorie figures, its soft grey and camel Alpaca sweaters, its rugs and exotic-looking baskets, have added considerable colour and a striking ethnic note to that rather elegant corner of London.

The shop has always been happy to help customers alt over the country but it has now brought out, for the first time, a full colour leaflet from which anybody may buy by mail. Everything in the shop, as the name suggests, comes from Perueverything seems almost embarrassingly priced, considering what hand-knitted pure wool sweaters by British designers

are currently selling for. Prices start at as little as £12 for a hand-framed 100 per cent sweater in a variety of patterns and colours. Pure Alpaca ones are about £16 and the new and ravishingly pretty aweaters made from .



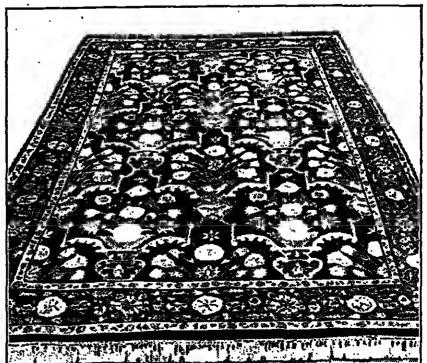
vegetable dyes are a little more than £30. The Inca range for children is particularly pretty and most children would love it—lots of brightly-patterned leg-warmers, socks, gloves, small purses, hats and sweaters. The leafler warns that everything has been made by hand by neonle

Drawings by Anna Morrow



factory or a sizing chart, so workmanship and sizing tend to be a bit erratic but this is, after all, part of their charm. If you'd like to see what the shop sells and have a chance to order by mail, send a sae to linea at 45 Elizabeth Street, London SWI and you will approximate and to the street.

MAGIC PRICES



or two weeks only, Liberty offers you a very special opportunity to buy superb Coriental carpets at magic prices. Come and see the outstanding selection of all-wool, hand-knotted carpets from India, Kashmir and Turkey, all with rich colour and exquisite Oriental design

Examples:	Original Price	NOW
Indian Agra (6'0"×4'0")	£330	£220
Turkish Doseamelti (6'1"×4'4")	£530	£330
/ Kaimuri Indian (11'2"×8'2")	£1,700	£850
Free fine Kachmir (8'9"×6'0")	£3.550	£2,,225

12 months interest free credit on all single carpet pure

Hell's bells

religious broadcasts earlier in Carmen Martin Galtes, transthe day, Radio 4 offered on Sunday evening Inferno Revisited, written and composed by Peter Howell, and directed by him too, summons, with an imperiousness in collaboration with Brian born of ignorance, the doctor Hodgson, from the BBC Radiophonic Workshops. If you had happened to have a UHJ matrix decoder by you, you could have beard it in Sensurround.

The guide on our trip to Hell greeted us in Italian, a tongue still much spoken down there, it seems. Our guide, however, being Alec McCowen, soon returned to his and our native language. How friendly and enticing be was as he led us through the great stone gate with its familiar inscription. Lasciate ogni speranza, voi ch'entrate. But as the trip progressed, over the Acheron stream with its blood-red tint due to tin deposits, past the

RADIO

B. A. YOUNG

mist-enshrouded valley Limbo, through the Second with its memories of Paolo and Francesca and the Third Circle, where the visitors were allowed to gorge themselves with fruit from the dead trees, over the Styx, to the gate that leads to the centre of Hell, he became rather more threatening. Just push the gate, there's no turning back. You want your money's worth, don't you? You want to see Satan? Then the ultimate business—deep down in a back room of your brain, is there not one final

I suppose one mustn't expect to enjoy oneself in Hell, but oh. now I've beard this I shall abandon all my weaknesses and concentrate on salvation. Such combination of pretentiousness and tedium I've never heard. The little flags of programme music, played by Serenata Notturna to illustrate each of Mr Howell's thoughts, the chatter and despair of the touring Radio Drama Company, the chanting song of Singcircle, for me they added up to a total zero. You are inanimate, Mr McCowen told his charges, no longer part

Friday, was A Clear Conscience, chemistry.

For listeners overcome by the a tale by the Spanish writer lated by Lester Clark, about a poor girl in desperation at the apparently imminent death of ber illegitimate daughter. She who had treated her in a clinic long hefore. He consents to go to her, knowing there will be a row with his fiancee if he can't keep his appointment with her. But the child dies en route for the bospital; her mother, equally imperiously, now demands that the doctor shall take her into his home. He doesn't; but he doesn't see his flancee either. It is a simple story, but touchingly adorned with appropriate colour. It was nicely read by Stephen Moore

Thursday's Anorexic Cuckoo, was an anecdote telling how the cuckoo in a Swiss clock scored a deathbed victory over an electric clock presented to its owner us a retiring gift. The author, Jack Emery, bas treated the eponymous bird anthropologically, thus giving the tale the feeling of a nursery story. Come to think of it, its intellectual content was strictly at a nursery level, even the jokes. Especially the lokes. Why Timothy West should have pronnunced the first syllable of "cuckoo," when detached from the second. to rbyme with "duck" was hard to understand, unless it was to emphasise the moments when it was naughtily made to suggest something else. This really was not one of Radio 3's better times

On Wednesday on Radio 3, Professor Christopher Zeeman, FRS, was interviewed in a programme called How Science Works and left that problem completely untouched. Professor Zeeman, director of the Mathematics Research Centre at Warwick University, deals in pure mathematics, where, as he frankly told us, mathematicians in different fields are unable to talk to one another. "Most mathematics is a closed book to me," he said genially. He could tell you (if you were able to follow him) how to untie a sphere knotted in five dimensions, and he would be the first to admit that the only value of such a problem is its intrinsic

So I still don't know how science works; but I'm reinof anything. That's just how I forced in my belief that science is fun. "Far more amusing Less pretentious, and (in one than crossword puzzles," one of case, anyway) less tedious were the science-masters at my school a couple of stories read on uesd to say as be demonstrated Radio 3. The better of them, on some enjoyable reaction in

Pulse of the Friendly Islands? (5-4)

amendment — lofty paper!

13 eg putting on a fsce? (5-4)

17 She likes a long run-Cresta's tipped (7)

19 Pickle-fruits from small

island leaves (7) 21 Scientist's dish of tripe (5)

22 Listener in outskirts of

Solntion to Puzzle No. 5,153

CAPTA/MCOOA BUS A E E A V 7 R H ZOPES TRE/LLASE C P O O R O J K VMEXP/RED HEWCE Z R A I E V L VMEQUAL DART S O P T P A

OF PUZZLE No. 5,148

Marre, 44 The Vale, London,

London can pick things up

7 Pulse



Sir Michael Levey and 'Virgin and Child' (follower of Antonello da Mersina)

Sir Michael's choice

BY ANTONY THORNCROFT

celebrates his first decade as director of the National Gallery. As a small present to himself he has selected 25 paintings from the Gallery's lower floor to bang in the Boardroom until

All the National Gallery's 2,050 paintings are on view but around 1,200 of them can only be displayed in the lower depths, a jumble of the good, the bad, and the not quite discernible, which is frequented by few of the Gallery's 2m-plus visitors. The paintings tend to be the less distinguished works given to the Gallery over the years but there are undoubted reasures, mainly works which fail to get a better display because of worries about their attribution.

Sir Michael has chosen paintings for enjoyment with no need to worry about who the artist was. An attractive portrait of a young girl has the ook of a David about it, but then the background seems to be Italian. Is is late-18th century, or much earlier? Who cares; what matters is its charm.

BBC 1

† Indicales programme

in black and white

6.25 am Open University, †8.55

" 9.15 Get Set. †11.00

Edgar Kennedy In " Noisy Neigh-

Sir Michael Levey this year whose work might not match the National Gallery into the the masterpieces on permanent 20th century with the sequisi-display in the main galleries, tion of a Picasso and a Matisse, but which has considerable and the northern extension. He merit. Many of the paintings have been cleaned to show up more money to plug the few their virtues; many of them are gaps in the National Gallery's puzzles, and Sir Michael bopes. that bringing them into the spotlight might encourage an expert to more accurately date

> A few of the paintings from downstairs may get promotion when the extension to the National Gallery is completed (in five years' time?). But the extra space will be devoted to early Renaissance works, and the opportunity will be taken to imprave air conditioning and the hanging of the major paintings in the main gallery. Also the National Gallery acquires around five paintings a year 50 the extension will really be coping with the accumulation of masterpieces. The lower gallery will remain a bappy hunting ground of eccentric works, outsize pointings, and, by today's taste, the second rate.

or attribute some of them.

Sir Michael has some satisfactions at the end of ten years. He Another particular favourite of is pleased with the new restaur-Sir Michael is by Otto ant, with the 50 or so paintings that March saw over 250,000 of growing up in Thatcher's unlikely Scholderer, a friend of Manet, acquired, in particular bringing admissions, the best for years. Britain. The overriding impress lawyer.

titles). 11.05 News Headlines.

wants a lecture theatre and collection, notably a David and more German paintings.

He would also like to build up the late 19th century sector, but with a grant this year of £3.3m, the price at auction of perhaps just one real master piece, he is dependent on gifts, or the working of private treaty sales to round off the National Gallery. Sir Michael has shown that he is quite prepared to spend virtually a year's grant on a very fine painting, as is the case with Rubens's "Samson & Delila," and he has started negotiations to acquire some other important works. But it would require Government action, perhaps in the form of alloying tax credits on works of art offered to the nation, to greatly affect the National Gallery collection. Since it is perbaps the most comprehenwe in the world Sir Michael should perhaps concentrate on bringing the public in to see the paintings. He is encouraged

Tony Palmer's Wagner BY CHRIS DUNKLEY

Palmer's Wagner are that it is thousands of dripping candles. might have found his philosophy nine hours long—12 with meal often elsewhere the words on In an enviable casting breaks when seen in the cinema breaks when seen in the cinema the soundtrack are at odds with all at one go-stars Richard the lip movements.) The sur-Burton in the title role, is prise is that Palmer, whose filmed on some enchantingly skills in television have often beautiful locations, and provides seemed to be primarily those of an account of the man's life an outstanding film editor, has which, by the standards of previous composer films (the romantic gush of Song Without such set pieces. End on Liszt for instance, or the sheer exploitation of Chai- Vanessa Redgrave as the comkovsky in The Music Lovers) is, historically speaking, remark-

ably accurate and honest. That was perhaps to be expected since Palmer's prerious recent work has been the award-winning television biographies of Britten and Walton. Less predictable was the special dimension added to Wagner by Vittorio Storaro's photography. The film looks like a vast gallery of narrative paintings by Turner and the pre-Raphaelites illuminated by irregular shafts of dusty sun-

Moreover, the powerful sense career of the peculiar manner in which artistic and political revolution tive images—fire and water, overlapped in 19th century molten metal and the anviland light: Wagner's political Wagner even though we have probably end up.

left Wagner looking far too often like a rough assembly of

Starting with a rather drab poser's second wife Cosima accompanying Wagner's coffin down the Grand Canal, the film flashes back to the days spent as kapelimeister in Dresden during his thirties with his first wife, Minna (Gemma Craven, versatile as ever) and then follows him from country to country, bed to bed, and from one exploited mentor to enother crossing frontiers on cart and into a Venetian palazzo, becomes the symbol not only of Wagner's calling but of his itinerant

Yet that and a few other repetiwhich are occasionally reminis- isations. The greatest schieve-

The main facts about Tony speech in a theatre lit by been shown that Genghis Kahn

WIN

In an enviable casting coup Palmer has brought together for the first time Britain's three theatrical knights; Gielgud Olivier and Richardson. They have a wonderful time as Ludwig's bickering courtiers, Laszlo Galffi (Wagner is a British/ Hungarian co-production) just controls an urge to go over the top with mad Ludwig himself. and Marthe Keller as Mathilde Wesendonck, Wagner's great cassion during the writing of Tristan and Isolde, effortlessly steals every scene she appears in

Yet although hopest, historically accurate, and often beautiful the film is also heavily. flawed. Burton slightly resembles the portraits of Wagner but he is saily miscast pursued by creditors and even not only because he is incapable the police. His wrapped plane, of looking 30 but because he never conveys the passion and sledge being hoist from a barge fire which the music tells us seethed within the composer. His director could have helped

Above all, and most astomishingly given Palmer's preoccupations and the unconscionable time he allows himself, the film never gets to grips with the Europe seems almost as much a are the only patterns which product of Storaro's virtuoso use of the camera as of palmer's original vision. Together they create set pieces are fused to make neat rational system in a big cinema. So see Wagner there if and when it cent of Max Opbuls in their ment is that in the end we be- appears again rather than solit treatment of space, movement lieve in the humanity of Richard into bits on television as it will

Hard Knocks BY MARTIN HOYLE

Hard Knocks, a new play by sion left by Simon Curtis's pro-Stephen Wakelam in the Royal duction is of the author's ear for Mike Leigh territory with his Court's Theatre Upstairs, begins verbal incongruities. Some of self-made spiv of a solicitor, with a brisk sequence of blackout vignettes punctuated by gem, the gormless Janette, geance. Unlike Leigh he shows flashbulbs that freeze the whose lugubriously low-key con- a certain charity towards his speakers into typical celebration fession of bigamy ("I thought characters, and both explains snaps at the wedding party, of ringing Capital Radio at the man's ruthlessness This includes Danny, black, gay and on the game; slaggy Gloria shrewdness of ber dead-pan his widowed mother) and who's "bad the whole football near-blackmail of a homosexual softens it with the vulnerteam": sexually indecisive Mark; and Mark's girl-friend from university, Alison, a middle-class

legal career. The beavily-bandaged groom and his mate (not his wife: we're into male bonding) have an affray charge hanging over them. Colin is as awkward in his new role as busband as be is as a reluctant adult; Paul is a cheerful petty crook, I'homme slightly sub-moyen sensuel.

You'll wait in vain for class

first") conceals the intuitive solicitor ("Do you do a lot of ability of homosexuality. jogging?" she politely enquires of a male tart on Hampstead liberal at the beginning of a Heath).

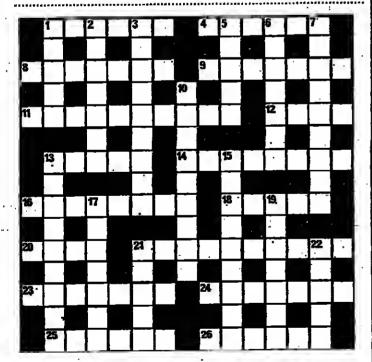
"I'm torn between a farm in criminal," is the busband's wry self-appraisal. A disorientated idealism leads him health-food fanaticism and the rejection of offered work. His best friend bad less hesitation in a childhood drift to crime: "Saturday morning it's not Swap Shop—you nick from Wooly's," he snarts during an polemics or a tract on the evils Wooly's," he snarts during an of growing up in Thatcher's unlikely affair with the wynan

Mr Wakelam ventures on to the funniest lines go to a comic upwardly mobile with a ven-(memories of early injustice to softens it with the vulner-

The Activists Youth Theatre's cast has the virtues of unactorish freshness and sometimes unnerving authenticity. Scotland and becoming a master Its main defect is occasional woodenness in speaking lines. But over-familiar themes (young marriage under stress, sex-role reversal, male comradeship v domestic responsibility) are surveyed with a battered, resilient optimism, as bracing as young adulthood when, to quote the play's conclusion, it's all "fresh alr, springand bloody freezing."

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,154

A prize of £10 will be given to each of the senders of the first three correct solutions opened. Solutions must be received by next Thursday, marked Crossword in the top left-hand corner of Street, London EC4P 4BY. Winners and solution will be given



ACROSS

1 Most popular type ending 10 Probate document needs journey—gypsy (6)
4 It held watch, wide-awake around Beachy Head (6)

8 Dicey ways of climbing on 15 Latest reports hold good board? (7) where you buy your FT (4-5) board? (7) 9 Sporting honour to tease group of players (7) 11 Bonhomie could become a motorway skili (10)

12 Buck up or bring up (4) 13 True skin-wound is follow (5) to 14 Lor! endon sort? (8)

16 Extract of little girls' make-up. . . . (8)
18 . . . Welsh sign of girls

grown up (5)
20 Satirical piece from the mask stself (4) 21 In a winning style, court defence taken individually (10)

23 Favour shown to trees coming to grief (7) 24 Is its product served in red Chins? (7) 25 Antiquated old person found

in digs. . . . (6)
26 . . inventor of unaffected manner when retired (6)

1 True number in the province SOLUTION AND WINNERS 2 Third note played and time

went wrong (7)

Mrs Carter, 5 Michleham

3 He fancied himself as a Down, London, N.12. Sir Alan

nockwinner (2) pools-winner (9)

12.30 Grandstand including 1.00

News Summary; Football Focus (12.35); World Snooker (1.05, 1.40, 2.40, 3.55) Embassy World Professional Championship; Racing from Leicester (1,25, 1.55, 2.25); Squash (2.10) Reports on Pakistan's World and British Open Champion; Tennis (2.40, 3.55) The State Express Classic; Swimming (2.40). The Yorkshire Bank International: Great Britain v Holland: 3.45 Half-time soccer scores; 4.35 Final Score.

5.10 Tom and Jerry. 5.25 News. 5.35 Regional Variations. 5.40 The Dukes of Hazzard.

6.25 Date with Danger: "The Beasts Are On The Streets," starring Carol Lynley... 3.00 Eurovision Song Contest

1983 from the Rudi-Sedimayr-Halle, Munich, News and Sport. 10.25 Blood Money. 11.25 Saturday Late Film: "Steel Cowboy," starring

James Brolin and Rip Regional variations:

Wales-5.35-5.40 pm Sports News Scotland-5.35-5.40 pm Score

Northern Ireland—12.39-5.10 pm. Grandstand—All details as BBC-1 except: 3.05-3.55 Rugby: AIB Cup Final, Collegians v City of Derry from Ravenhill, Belfast; 5.00-5.10 Northern Ireland results; 5.35-5.40 Northern Ireland News. 1.00 am Northern Ireland

News Headlines. England—5.35-5.40 pm London and the South-East: Sport; South-West (Plymouth): Spotlight Sport; All other English regions Sport/Regional news.

BBC 2

6.25 am Open University, 3.10 pm Saturday Cinems: "Father Goose," starring Cary Grant and Leslie Caron. 5.05 Grand Slam.

5.30 World Snooker. 6.10 States of Mind. 7.00 News and Sport. 7.15 Alfred Brendel Master-

9.30 Film International "Pas-

SMITHV PERFORCE TWI ERREW ROTATE CLUEIESS A EW TS ED IN GARDEMIA AMMINE S P R W G I T N LOOM EVENOUE

COM EYEMOLI LATALAP SCRIMOS IMGE OTMITATA EROIG CELERIAC

7.15 Alfred Brendel Masterclass.

8.00 Rigby Special: AIB Ulster Predicamonts. S.75 When a Picturel Challenge Cup: Collegians 3.40 As Good as Naw. 4.05 The Year V City of Derry.

9.00 Röger Doesn't Live Here Anymore by John Fortune. Or Cayydd. 9.00 Capstick Capers.

9.30 Film International "Pas. as Westle 3.00 Cy 105 V 480 Ebwards.

REGIONS

11.20 Lou Grent

11.10-12.35 am World Snooker. LONDON

torale," (with English sub-

"Trouble Brewing," starring Programme. 9.30 Sesame Street. George Formby. 12.27 pm 10.30 The Saturday Show with Programme. 9.30 Sesame Street. Isla St Clair. 12.15 pm World Of Sport, intro-

duced by Dickie Davies: CHANNEL

12.20 Karting—The TV

Times Superkart Challenge from Domington; 12.45 On the Bail with Ian St John

GRAMPIAN

5.00 am Liz the Night at the Ni the Ball with Ian St John and Jimmy Greaves, 1.15 News; 1.20 Ice Hockey—The Stanley Cup; 1.40 pm The FTV Four from Sandown (introduced by John Oaksey): 1.55 Cycling—Liege Bestogne
Liege; 2.05 The ITV Four
GRANDA Liege: 2.05 The ITV Four from Sandown; 2.25 pm Speedway—England v USA from Wimbledon Stadium; 2.45 pm The ITV Four from Time. 11.20 The Stackhorn Carts 2.45 pm The ITV Four from Sandown; 3.10 Speedway (part two); 3.25 The ITV Four from Sandown; 3.45

Balfine Soccer News and HTV Reports; 4.00 Wrestling; 4.45 Results. 5.05 News. 5.15 The Smurfs. 5.30 Metal Mickey.

6.00 The Fall Guy. 7.00 Russ Abbot's Madhouse. house.

8.35 T. J. Hooker. 9.30 Tales of the Unexpected. 10.00 News and Sport. 10.15 The Big Match. 11.15 London News Headlines,

11.45 The Leeds Folk Festival. 12.15 am Close: Sit Uo and Listen with Michael

CHANNEL 4

2.20 pm Go Fishing with Jack †2.50 Milestones of the Movies: 5.65 Brookside.

6.00 Square Pegs. 6.30 pm News Headlines, followed by 7 Days.
7.00 A Week in Politics. 745 Swindle. 8.45 World of Animation.

9.25 Wreelo. 10.05 Y Mass Chwares. 10.55 U.S. Independent Movies: "Pumping from."

All IBA Regions as London except at the following times: 8.30 am Oed's Story. 9.50 European Folk Teles, 10.05 Metal Mickey, 5.15 pm "Escape from the Plenst of the Apes," eterring Roddy McDowell, Klm Hunter and Bradford Oillman, 10.75

9.30 am God's Story. 9.50 Larry the Lamb in Toytown. 10.05 Vrcky tha Viking: 5.15 pm Saturday Cineme: 6.00-9.15 am TV-am Breakfast Viking: 5.15 pm Saturday Cheme: "Please Siri" attring John Alderton, Oato The Saturday Show with 10.15 Star Soccer, hosted by Gary Sala St Clair.

S.35 em .God's Story. 8.50 Noddy. 10.05 Metal Mickey. 5.15 pm Feature Film: "Escape from the Planet of the Aces." etarting Roddy McDowall, Kim Hunter and Sredford Ollimen. 10.20 Scotsoort. 11.20 Reflections. 11.25 The Gangater Chronicles.

Meeters Cup. 11.55 The Late Film: "The Last Run," sterring George C. Scott. 12.13 pro HTV News. 5.13 HTV News. 5.15 "Escape from the Planet of the Apes," starring Roddy McCowsil, Kim Hunter and Bradford Oillman.

11.55 The Gengster Chronicles. 12.00 Making a Living. SCOTIISH SCOTTISH
3.30 ani Wattoo Wattoo. 9.40 The
amurfa. 10.05 Matel Mickey. 5.15 pm
Feature Film: "Escape from the Planet
of the Apes," sterring Roddy McClowsii,
Kim' Hunter, Sredford Dillimen and
Ricardo Montalban. 10.20 Scatsoort.
11.20 Late Cell. 11.25 House Cells.
11.55 The Two of Us.

London News Headlines, followed by International Darts—The Joshua Tetley Mark Siturday Show. 10.28 Gus Honsybun's Mark Sirvings Show. 10.28 Gus Honsybun's 10.30 Btus Fiest. 10.50 The Funtive. 11.40 WKRP in

Dartathion.
The Leeds Folk Festival.
am Close: Sit Uo and
Listen with Michael
Hordern.

CHANNEL 4

pm. Go Fishing with Jack
Chariton.
Milestones of the Movies:
"Miracle On 34th Street,"
Starring Edmund Gwen.

Password.

10.50 The Fugitive. 11-00 WKRP in Clocknest. 12-12 pm. TSW. Regional 12-12-pm. TSW. Regional 12-12

TYNE TEES
9.26 om Morning Glory, 9.30 The
Fentsetic Four. 10:00 "TT" Time.
10:05 Metal Mickey, 12:13 pm North
East News, 5.10 North East News, 5.15
Escape from the Planet of the Apea "
estrring Roddy McDowall and Kim
Hunter, 10:20 Shootl 11:20 Thriller,
12:30 am Poer's Corner,

8.45 World of Ammanum.
8.55 Malu Mulher.
10.00 Bouquet of Barbed Wire.
11.00 The Late Clive James.
11.50 The Naked City: "The Pedigree Sheet," starring Suzame Pleshette and Eric Portman.

ULSTER
10.05 am Metal Mickey. 1.12 pm lunchtime, News. 5.00 Sports Results.
5.13 Ulster News. 5.15 Feature Film: "Plesses Sirl" starring John Alderton. Onyck Guyler and Joan Sendergun.
10.14 Ulster Westher. 11.15 Lou Grant.
12.10 am News at Bedtime. YORKSHIRE

YORKSHIRE

8.30 cm Meltoone, 8.40 Terzen, 6.15
pm "Escape from the Planet of the
Anes" starring Roddy-McOowell and
Kim Hunter, 10.20 March TimeAction from these of the day's most
important games, with Elton Welsby
and Denis Law, 11.25 in Concert
(Anthony Newley). RADIO I

RADIO I.

(S). Stereo-(when broadcast on VIF)
8.00 ent Tony Bleckburn's Seturday
Show. 10.00 Days Lee Travis. 1.00 pm
Guitar Greats: James Burton (S). 2.05 Peol
Gambaccini (S). 4.00 Seturday Lhua
(S). 6.30 in Concert festuring Loudon
Walneright III (5). 7.30 Janice Long.
10.00-12.00 Gery Daylez. Match of the Week. 11.15 Studio. RADIO 2

Sounds of the Series of the End of the Day.

Sounds of the 60s. (5). 10.00 Q-Q5 ch; 5 B-K3! (not 5 R-B2?

Sounds of the 60s. (5). 11.00 Album. QN5 ch; 6 K-B1, Q-Q8 mate).

ng Roddy McDawsil. and Kim lend; Racing from Sandown Park at 2.55, plus two other top races on the n with a top north-west game. Lou Grant.

TRAL

O am God's Story. 9.50 Larry the ln Toytown. 10.05 Vicky the g. 5.15 pm Saturday Cineme: as 5iri" starring John Alderton, east from the Os Monitort Hall, cert from the Oe Montfort Hall, Leicester (S), 10.00 Nordring Festival 1982 (S). 11.02 Sports Oeak. 11.10 Pate Murray's Late Show (S), 2.00-5.00 am Liz Allen presents You and the Night and the Music (S).

RADIO 3
9.00 em News. 8.05 Aubade (S).
9.00 News. 8.05 Record Review (5).
10.15 Stereo Release (S). 11.30 Kerajen end the Berlin Philharmonic: Mozart (S). 12.00 Intervel Reading, 12.05 pm Beethoven (S). 1.00 News. 1.05 Haydn and Dvorsk (S). 2.00 The Music of Spein (S). 5.00 Jazz Record Requests (S). 6.45 Critica' Forum. 9.35 The Iberian Organ (S). 7.15 Sun and Moon (short atory by Ketherine Mansfaid). 7.30 8BC Symohony Orchestre from Maide Vala, part 1: Carnicar, Albeniz, Turins (S). 9.25 Cross Purposes: Fraderic Rapheel, 2.45 8BC S.O., part 2: Helffer (S). 9.30 Phyllis, Tata and Beathoven, song recirel (S). 10.65 Revel (S). 10.60 Music for Pieno (S).

RADIO 4

RADIO 4
7.09 am News. 7.15 On Your Farm.
7.45 in Perspective. 7.50 it's A Sergain.
7.55 Wasther, travel, programme news.
8.00 News. 8.10 Todey's Papers. 8.15
6port On 4, 2.45 Yesterday in Zarliement. 8.57 Weather, travel. S.00 News.
9.05 Braskaway. 8.60 News. 10.06 The
Wask in Weatminster. 10.30 Ocity
Service (c). 10.45 Pick Of The Weak
(s). 11.35 From Our Own Correspondent. 12.00 News. 12.02 pm Money Box.
12.27 I'm Sorry, I Haven't A Clue (s).
12.55 Wasther, programme news. 1.00 set. 12.00 News. 12.02 pm Money Box. 12.27 I'm Borry, I Harvan't A Clue (s). 12.55 Westher, programme newe. 1.00 News. 1.10 Any Questions? 1.55 Shipping Forecast. 2.00 News. 2.05 Thirty-Minute. Tharts. 2.35 But. Chancellor: An Inquiry into the Treasury. 3.05 Wildlife. 3.30 Groundswell. 4.00 News. 4.02 International Assignment. 4.30 Oceas He Take Sugar? 5.00 From Osfinsy's Creek. 5.25-Week Ending (a). 9.50 Shipping Forecast. 5.55 Westher, travel, programms news. 6.00 News and 5ports Round-Up. 9.25 Oesset Island Olsca (e). 7.20 Step The Week With Robert Robinson (a). 9.00 In Spite Of All Temptations: Patricle Sear reflects on being English, 2.10 Saturday-Night Thestre (a). 9.58 Westher, 10.00 News. 10.15 The Joker In The Pack: What is the Franch Inclear strategy and do they understand R? 11.00 Lighten Our Osrkness (a). 11.19 Stop The Week With Robert Robinson (a). 12.00 News. BBC RADIO LONDON

BBC RADIO LONDON
7.32 em Good Flehing. 9.04 London
Today. 9.33 The Magic Carpot Comteny. 9.03 Openings. 9.30 Comidors
of Power. 10.02 All Thet Jazz. 11.30
Robble Vincent's Seturday Show. 2.02
pm Breakthrough. 3.30 The Great Composers. 5.30 Evening Star. 6.39 Redio
Replies. 7.00 Book Now. 7.30 Az Radio
1. 12.00-5.00 zm Join Radio 2.

CONDON BROADCASTING
7.00 am AM with Magnus Carter
and Jenny Lacey. 10.00 Jellybons with
Clive Bull. 12.00 LBC Reports with
Des Fehy. 1.00 pm Sportswatch with
Dominic Alian. 6.00 LBC Reports with
Des Fahy. 7.00 Gest Male. 8.00 Network. 8.00 Heyas on Seturday. 10.00
Kighttins with Phillip Hodson. 1.00 am
Night Extra. 4.00 Travel '83. 4.30 Oscision Makers. 5.00 Morning Music.

CAPITAL RADSO
7.00 am The Dave Cash Show, 10.00
Pick of the Pops Taks Two. 12.00 Miks
Allen's Music Centra. 2.00 pm Afternoon Delight. 5.00 Gary-Crowley's Magic
Sox. 7.00 Sool Spectrum. 9.00 Roots
Rockors. 11.00 View From The Top.
12.00 Mildnight Special.

Solution to Position No. 471 Black draws by 1 . . . N-P ch; 2 RxN (not 2 K-N2? N-Q5 ch; 3 KxN, Q-B6 ch and wins), N-R5

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0-37 SHATS SHERW 26-29 APRIL FROM 5
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0-3 BLOOMSBURY, Gordon St. WCE, S. CC. 387 SE29. Last 2 Perfs today 2.0 & 6.0 MARIO MAYA Gypsy Flamento Th.

LONDON BROADCASTING

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GREENWICH. 01-858 7755. Last week.
Evos. 7.45, mat Sat 2.30. MAKING
IRACIS by Alan Ayckbourn, Music by
Paul Todd Extended to April 23. From
April 26 BETRAYAL by Harold Pinter. HAYMARKET THEATRE ROYAL 9832. Gp sales 01-379 6061. HARRISON, DIANA RIGG, ROSEM HARRIS EPANK MIDDI FMS 0 HARE MEL MINTERES DORE
WHITEHEAD, PARTIN PAXTON
SIMON WARD IN HEADTISHEAK HOUSE
BY Bernard Shaw, Oir by John Dache.
SVGS 7.30, mals Wed. SST 2.38. mg seems (no booking charses).

LONDON PALLADISM. D1-437 7375.

EVEN 7.30. Matiness Sat only '2.45.

INE TWO RONNIES. SPECIAL NOTICE.

Oue to Mr Ronnie Corbett's lines.

Dierc will be no perfs of The Two

Months revue until Taesday April 25 an

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May 2 See 375 ON SALE ROW POR

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LONDON PALLADISM. OI-437. 737. LYRIC HAMMERSMITH S. CC 741 2311.

8EN KINGSLEY IN EDMEND KEAN by
REYMUND FIRSTMORE. FPS 7.30, Set 8.15
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WHITE GLOVE by Richard Maher &
Roper Michell. LYRIC THEATRE 437 3686 S. CC Groot sales 379 6061. Eves 7.30, mets Wed 10. Sales 500 8 9.18. BARBARA DICKSON In SLOOD BROTHERS. The WILLY, RUSSELL Musical. MAY FAIR. S. CC 629 3036. Mon-Thur 8.00, Fri and Sat 6.00 & 8.30. Richard 10dd. Eric Lander, Briglo C. Harri 1745 BUSINESS OF MURDER THIRD GREAT YEAR. GYBLE AT GOOF ESCH CLAY.

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Sat 8.16. Prices 32.68 (not suitable for
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SECOND YEAR SECOND YEAR
SECOND WELL SECOND YEAR.

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ALC CALLES

A Floancial Tir survey to be published or dily 18, 198

18-27- Vies 5

(At Clark burners

The 1961 clarets come of age

BY EDMUND PENNING-ROWSELL

recall the reports of tastings at the dinner table of firstgrowth clarets when they have reached their first 10 years—the period traditionally allowed in Bordeaux for a leading claret to develop before the cork should be drawn. Now it was the turn of the 1972s. But although this drying-up, excessively acid vintage has its

supporters, it would beve been e sad occasion, and one of little value to report to today's claret drinkers.

more appropriate, we decided, to drink the firstgrowth 1961a when they reached their majority. Among the top two or three vintages of the century, It bas been the object of intense interest since it was made after the dryest summer in Bordeaux of the Fifties and Sixties. As a result the wine was very deep in colour, concentrated in aroma and flavour, and very short in supply. The 550,000 hi of apellation red wine remains today unchallenged as the smallest since the last war (3,500,000 hl were produced in 1982). A further consequence was that the wines opened at what were then reckoned as very high prices. Lafite came out at FFr 27,500 a tonneout (equal to 96 dozen then), as against FFr 11,500 for the highly considered 1959. The other first-growths ranged from FFr 15,500 (Cheval-Blanc) to FFr 27,000 (Pétrus), about 21 times higher than their 1959 opening prices. Initially, British wine merchants, replete with 59s and even 60s, bought very sparingly of these excessively dear " wines. I remember. the finance director of one concern confounding his colleagues by asking rhetorically: "Who will pay 28s 6d for Lynch-Bages 1961?" They were as sure as

he was that no one would. Nevertheless, it-has become a most sought-after vintage, of opinions, although there was 'younger wine; a "vanilla nose," and today in the auction room nearly all the first-growths easily exceed £100 a bottle. (Before we go any further, I should like to make it clear that I did not pay such astronomic sums. Many years ago M Jean-Pierre Moueix, partproprietor of Pétrus, generously bricks and brick-dust in hot sun. character . . medium dry, full showed their fine quality, and gave me six bottles of his '61 This generally agreed, but one body, full flavour, perfect what goes for the premiers crus vintage. The other six bottles suggested a "volcanic" aroma. balance; lovely now, long will also apply lower down the that we opened cost me, at The flavour distinguished, but future." "Lots of fruit, still charet social scale.

COLLECTING

JANET MARSH

Lyons, is preparing to celebrate

of aeronautics. It was from Annonay's market place, on

June 5 1783, that the brothers

Joseph and Etienne Montgolfier

first demonstrated a hot air

and paper, and raised by means

of lighting a fire of wool and

The balloon was un-manned,

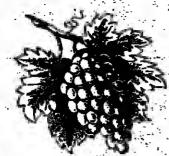
and did not get very far, but

straw beneath the open neck.

THE TOWN OF Annonay, near

. the two hundredth anniversary

A SECTION



total of £17 at retail prices; an indirect encouragement, per haps, to early purchase of the already esteemed 1982s. This time we were drinking Cheval-Blanc and Pétrus, as well as the four Médocs and the

Graves, Haut-Brien: But in a rather shorter 10-year-old exer-cise in 1972 (Financial Times, July 5 1972) the two right-bank wines were omitted. On that occasion a party of eight voted Latour first, Monton-Rothschild and Haut-Brion equal second, Laste fourth and Ch. Margaux fifth. This result was not mentioned at the recent dinner, attended by six experienced claret drinkers, three of them women; but it is interesting to compare with the recent assess ment. Six is a more appropriete number to drink any serious bottle of wine, as it permits a refreshment of the glasses.

The order at such a tasting always presents a problem, because the special sweetness of St. Emilion and, still more, of Pomerol, can easily obscure the more elegant Médocs, while Haut-Brion, tending to be rather dryer, is always different from the others. Accordingly we placed it first, followed in that order by Margaux, Lafite, Monton-Rothschild, Latour, and then Cheval-Blanc and Pétrus.

The following notes were made independently during a three-course meal (plus sweet), but there was exchange no unanimity in the placing of the wines in order, 1-7, but no great disagreement either. The notes are basically mine, laced with those of the other tasters. Hant-Brion. Fine clear colour. Typical fine Graves erome that reminds me of the smell of

Wonderful men in their machines

the

Three and a half months later, this field.

up a balloon carrying a sheep,

a cock and a duck. When these

creatures, survived, the ex-

brothers turned their attention

November 1783 Pilatre de

Rozier and the Marquis d'Arlandes became the first aeronauts in history. Their

voyage lasted 25 minutes and

Meanwhile the Montgolfiers

of the Annonay ascent first

reached Paris, the Academy

look into it. Charles-wrongly

appointed Professor Charles to

covered five and a half miles.

balloon, constructed of linen already had rivals. When news:

manned ascents. On 21

perience unscathed

drier than all the others and this put it at a slight disadvant-ege. Although certainly fine, ege. Although certainly fine, and one taster wrote "not full or opnient but elegant," I felt it lacked a bit of body, and was probably already at its hest, but two others thought it "vigor-

than Haut-Brion or Lafte that followed, it bad still plenty of depth. Everyone agreed that the bouquet wes outstanding, always e great feature of Ch. Margaux. Very elegant, true fine Medoc flayour, soft and round, a complete wine. Other com-ments included "werm, forthcoming, very rich, zestful. Mcrlot fruit . . perfect drink," and "more lightweight than I expected from the nose, v. round and complete." Delightful on going back three/four times." On the re-fill that preceded the final voting. I detected a "cooked raspberry

Lafite. Full colour, very full bouquet, with some tannin and a hint of acidity confirmed on the taste. Bigger body than Margaux. Aroma developed in glass, but acidity remained. Others noted "edge of iron on the nose . . . but still not charm-lng on the palate . . . lean "; lng on the palate . . lean";
"surprisingly deep colour, impressive, lively . . as usual slow to develop its fragrance ... silky, tennic, good length but dry finish."

Monton-Rothschild. Very big colour and blackcurrent nose at first, but some acidity, which was intrusive on the palate. A very big wine, but currently at least lacks expected roundness and balance. All agreed about the intensity of colour, and tha fine "Cabernet" nose. "Much more delicate than succeeding Latour, but not lively and dull. Dry, fleshy and fruity, but noticeably

Latour. Biggest colour of all, with an aroma like a much very fruity, well-balanced wina not really ready, but long on the palate and much behind it. Others commented "Marvellous depth of colour, wonderfully spicy nose, zesty, citrus-like character . . medium dry, full

ems even now quite startling. Independent experiments in perils came from the earth than the skies: the early history of Paris, the Montgolfiers sent Charles sent np a small exballooning is full of tales of

Champ de Mars in Angust 1783.

One of the spectators on that

occasion was Benjamin Frank-

lin. A sceptic asked him wbat

use a balloon could possibly be.

Franklin pondered, and replied:

"Of what use, pray, is a new-born child?" This child grew

fast: in December Charles

ascended from the Tuileries,

with a passenger, and landed

It is hard to over-estimate the

safely 27 miles, away, at Nesle.

courage of these first aeronauts.

exploring an element quite un-

known, and with no print ex-

perience to teach them the very demanding skill of navigat-

ing their frail and vulnerable

perimental balloon in

tannic and scid." "Very good

length and delightful to drink.
Raspberry Jam nose developed.
Not the charm of Margaux.

Cheval Blaine. This was not a good bottle, showing distinct signs of oxidation, though the cork bad been very tight. Very ns" or "yonthful?" deep colour, deeper than Petrus.
Margaux. Lighter in colour Slightly porty nose, but the
nan Haut-Brion or Lafite that flavour flat. All agreed on the colour, some less critical on flavour. One found it "portlike, distinctly sweet, easy agreeable, slightly malty, at peak now." Another, "Good length of flavour but hollow in

> Petrus Wonderfully deep colour and very rich nose. Very comparant very fich hose very rich, spicy tasks, and big fruity wine, almost burgundlan in style. Perhaps lacks a little complexity, but with Latour surely the most long-liveable. Everyone enjoyed this, and echoed each other. "Sweet, fleshy, perfectly lovely, but not a challenger, almost too rich."
> "Almost black, very plummy
> nose.": "Cherries and chocolate on the nose . . . very spicy and

When if came to votice Margaux came top, and I begrowth '61 today, although the put that ahead for me, but only one other agreed, though it came second. This pushed Pét-rus into third place, but no criticism was intended by this Very different in style, the first three might have been bracketed equal-first. Lafte, which did not show wonder fully well came fourth, followed by Haut-Brion, which was per-haps a little hard on that, but it was slightly dry. More serious, Mouton-Rothschild was disappointing, owing to the acidity, and came sixth. May-be it is going through a phase. If Cheval-Blanc came seventh

and last I am sure it was a dis-appointing bottle, for I have drienk some excellent examples. As must always be said on occasions, bottles vary, when quite young, and were 21-year-old wines. On returning to it, distinct There is always, too, an element "raspherry jam" on the nose, of subjectivity and personal of subjectivity and personal preference in wine-tasting, but it is certainly best done with food. All in all these top 1961s

stones and pitchforks by fearful

and superstitious peasants. Bal-

loonists learned to hover a little ebove ground till they could be

certein that the natives of the

locality were not likely to be

The hydrogen balloon quickly

superseded the "Montgol-fières"; and the "firsts" followed at a dizzying pare.

1784 saw the first woman to fly

-a Madame Thible, who went

up at Lyons; the first flight in

England, when the dashing

Vincent Lunardi ascended from

the Artillery Ground at Moor-

fields; and the first British aero-

naut, an Oxford confectioner

called Sadler. Lunardi took with him a cat, a dog and a

pigeon. The pigeou flew away,

and the cat proved to be no

stayer either: she abandoned ship et a touch-down at North

Mimms. Lunardi and the dog

covered the 24 miles to

Standon, Herts in two and a

only the first man to ascend in a balloon, but also the first to be killed in one. It must be admitted that his plan of com-

bining hot air and hydrogen in

the same balloon lacked fore-sight: his craft hed hardly left

the ground in Boulogne before the fires ignited the hydrogen. Not long hefore this melan-

choly event Jean-Pierre Blan-

chard made the first channel

The new and thrilling spectacle of these great globes, often brilliant in colour and

decorated with mythological

creatures, soaring over familiar

landscapes proved starring to painters and print makers of the turn of the 19th century;

and the iconography of balloon

ing is a rewarding, if rather chusive field for the collector.

The London salerooms have taken note of the bicentenery.

On May 10 Phillips are selling the contents of the Historic

Aircraft Museum at Southend,

and alongside the historic aero-

planes are a few items of

ballooning memorabilia, includ-ing a fine porcelain tile depict-

ing a balloon circling the newly

built Elifel Tower at the Exposi

Next Tuesday, April 26, Christic's South Kensington include in a sale of Aeronanti-

cal and Nautical Art and Litera-

ture a fine collection of balloon-

ing prints and paintings. Among

them is perhaps the finest of all ballooning prints, the equatint after Louis le Coeur

of the marriage of Napoleon,

showing the majestic ascent of

five ballonns in pink and white,

adorned with leurel wreaths.

An important library of

ballooming literature in the

same sale includes a collection

tion of 1889.

crossing by balloon.

The following year saw the first aerial fatality. Pilatre de Rozier was destined to be not

quarter hours.

dangerons.

Judith Stares previews the power-boat Grand Prix A speed-queen from M & S

first leg of the current World Grand Prix series. The sport has a tremendous national following in Italy, with average crowds of 10,000 at each race meeting. In Britain there may be fewer speciators, but last year we provided not only John HiH and Mark Wilson in second and third place, but also the only woman competitor, who

finished a creditable fourth. Mrs Fiona Brothers has rapidly been making a name for herself in this man's world, and the publicity potential, on top of her skill and dedication, heve been enough to prompt her sponsors, the Gloucestershirebased Colt Car Company, to back ber with £100,000 for the coming season. This is the highest figure ever known for the sport, and has been the cause of not inconsiderable envy-in particular among the entirely male competition.

Fiona is holder of the

women's world speed record of 116.7 mph. She says that without substantial sponsorship, entry to world championship level is almost impossible. "Power boats cost up to

£12,000. I have to have two marathon boat for the long races and sprint boat for the shorter ones. On top of this there is transport, wear on equipment and people's time, style mobile bome and trailer been kitted out in team colours as a woman is lack of bru We have worked out that it carrying both boats by ferry by M & S for the first time this strength," admits the lady." B costs about £2,000 just to attend and road to the European year, and Fiona herself quietly I make up for it in cunning!"



a meeting. If my family weren't prepared to act as my crew, then in spite of this sponsorship money I just couldn't do it." Her bushand goes with her when his business—yacht building...allows.
To prove the point, 28-yearold Fiona, a maths graduate

from Exeter University, spends her weekdey career on the shop floor. She commutes by hydrofoil from ber home on the Isle of Wight, to the Southampton store of Marks & Spencer where sha is a departmental manager. "Fortunately, race meetings take place at weekends. On tha Thursday, my parents and mechanics take an Americanstyle mobile bome and trailer

venues. I work as normal until Friday lunchtime, then rusb off to Heathrow to catch a plane, knowing they'll meet me at the other end (a Colt Lancer Turbo

"I fly back to Britain on the

Monday morning to start work at mid-day. A long weekend like that takes all my days off for a fortnight, but I just can't afford to give up work as well as run a professional-like team." Sha is philosophical thet her employers feel no need to invest money in her endeavours, and thet she was forced to seek sponsorship elsewbere. However, the Brother's Team have been kitted out in team colnurs

promotes the efficacy of M & S thermal underwear beneath her

racing gear.

If all goes to plan, she hopes that 1983 will be "make or break" year. "There are only three people in front of me in the World Champlonship—and there are an awhol lot more already behind. If I can win the title this year, then I should very much like to turn full-time professional. The strain of a five-day week in a retail store, followed by flying off all over the place to race gets pretty

the place to race gets pretty extreme at times."

Three heats will take place this weekend in Milan, and the overall winner will be decided by an accumulation of points, which vary according to placing.
These points will also go towards the tntal needed to
qualify as World Champion. Tha British Grand Prix will be held on June 12 and 13 in Bristol Docks-considered one of the most dangerous courses in the world. They are narrow and the course is hemmed in by high

stone quays. Last year the World Cham-ion was Michael Werner from West Germany. By the end of the season, which ends in Paris in October, innocent spectators may be surprised to see the winner remove that Darth Vader-style helmet and reveal cascade of blonde curls.

One of the handicaps I have as a woman is lack of brute strength," admits the lady. "But

England's chances against Clive Lloyd. Trevor Bailey reports

A good cricket summer ahead

I AM optimistic about England's chances this summer, irrespec-tive of who captains the side in spite of our record last winter. I expect us to reech the Prudential World Cup Final when the odds suggest that our opponents will be the West Indies, the holders and favourites. It would come as no great surprise if we stopped. Clive Lloyd from carrying off the title for the third time on

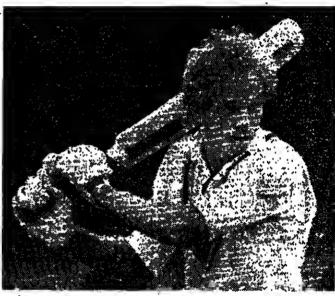
England have been drawn in the same section of the cup as New Zealand, Pakistan and Sri Lanka, who despite a couple of surprise wins over Australia, should be only making up the

Although New Zealand with Richard Hadlee, and Pakistan with Imran Khan, have more formidable opening bowlers the aeronauts being attacked with than England, we should have no problem in fielding five men expert in keeping down the runs. This should give us an edge and a place in tha semi-final where I would expect us to meet and beat

Australia. Although, after our Australian Tour, this is diffi-cult and at times almost impossible to believe, especially when Bob Willis allowed New Zealand to win with overs to spare after we had amassed a little metter of 295-5-we are acknowledged experts in limited or elternatively if Alan Wells overs cricket. I am sure that or Martin Moxom are able to we cannot show quite the same naivety again.

As well as reaching the Prudential final at Lord's on June New Zealand who will be without their most accomplished batsman, Glen Turner. But this victory would be only by a Darrow margin.

Why am I so optimistic? First, there is the hope that Ian to win the Tests against New Botham re-discovers his excep. Zealand.



David Gower: most elegant batsman

tional all-round form, especially his bowling, which largely deserted him in Australia. Secondly, David Gower, Allan Lamb, Derek Randall, Mike Gatting and Botham form an impressive hatting line-up. It they were to be strengthened by somebody like Alen Butcher or Bill Athey, who have made the advances they have been promising for several seasons translate obvious polential into big scores in the middle order, there should be no shortage of runs. Thirdly, although we are 25, I am expecting England to light on match winning bowlers, win the four-Test rubber against we bave sufficient "break" bowlers for the limited overs matches, while we should not bave too much trouble in finding one or two seamers, cepeble supporting Willis and Botham. This should be enough

Finally it must be remembered that pacebowlers can become a major force in international cricket in a very short time. Nabody hed heard of Terry Alderman when be came with Australia on their last tour in England. But be captured 42 wickets on the losing side in tha series. Despite disappointments last winter, Cowans could well make it to the top and Williams (Middlesex), Newman (Derbyshire), Land, although suffering from Piggott (Sussex) and Foster are all interesting propects. And Dilley is certainly young enough to appear again,

losing speed. My optimism about the summer, bowever, does not as many as 50 per cent of our extend to our visit to Pakistan Australian team will never be next winter. There I anticipate Pakistan's captain, pleyers and umpires will be a hard trial for —not for the first time—off England.

winter for English cricket. We lost the Ashes, rather more easily than a final scoreline of two tests to one might suggest We failed to reach the final of the Benson and Hedges World Series Cup—a triangular tourna-ment in which we met each of our opponents, Australia and New Zealand, 10 times—so that our defeat was not a question of just bad luck. Finally, wa were beaten in three limited overs games in New Zealand, to end one of the most disastrous tours every undertaken by this

The party of 16, which flew to Australia under Willis, was increased to 17 when Jesty flew out as a replacement. However, it was short of international class and there were several other deficiencies. These cluded a somewhat insipid bowling line-up, apart from Willis, still our best fast man though past his prime, and Botham who lost his rhythm. We also had an inexperienced opening pair. However, the big disappointment was that England failed to pley to their potential in both Test and limited overs cricket.

Only Devid Gower can really be said to have boosted his reputation and sbown that be is new possibly the-most elegant batsman in the world.

Our South African Allan rather more than his share of dubious umpiring decisions, demonstrated that he has come to stay. Derek Randall continued if ba can sort ont his run up to live dangerously but someand bowling action without times brilliantly and Bob Taylor was effective behind the stumps. However, it could well be that picked for England again, which suggests that our selectors were target.

A success story of Scottish soccer, by Tom Lynch

Aberdeen goes for the treble

current Aberdeen team—the Dons—is the best Scottish side since the late 1960s. They have recently beaten Celtic and directors prepared to exchange Waterschel of Belgium to reach success for cash.

Their success has assisted by the financial crisis in the English game. No longer abla to make cross-border raids exmed with cheques for Indicrows sums to plag gaps in their

That is not the whole story.

lowever. Aberdeen's performsoce in the last couple of years is not the flash in the pan it might seem to those who take only a passing interest in Scot-tish football. It is the crimination of years of steady effort by an ambitious club envious to reflect the tone of a confident and prosperous city. Since their Scottish Cup win

in 1970, Aberdeen have seldom been far away when the honours have been shared out. They beve been better than other Scottish chies at helding on to their best players—though tha permanent departures of Martin Buchen, Arthur Greham and Steve Archibald and the temporary loss of Joe Harper were notable exceptions. Their ability to keep players of the calibre of

lure of English wages and a —Aberdeen players are reputed share of a large transfer fee, to be the best paid in Scotland, or have been exported by

Waterschel of Belgium to reach the finals of the Scottish Cup and European Cup Winners' club has improved its ground, cup and are in contention for so that it was the first all-sected stadium in Britain. almost all the seats being under cover. Ian Taggart, the club secretary, said it was difficult to put a figure on the money spent alowly over such a long period, but reckoned it must be somewhere around £2m.

The board is very careful how it spends money and doesn't spend money it doesn't have." He pointed out that bank interest was crippling many businesses, not least football clubs. If, like Aberdeen, you do not need an overdraft, you pay no interest. He recalled the crisis in

England that followed when Bristol City got into trouble. It was like a pack of cardseverybody owed everyone else money. They operated on money that didn't exist. "Scottish clubs tend not to get involved in those sort of

deals. They sell because they need money.

That money is no longer available to lure the stars away even if freedom of contract might have made prices more realistic. That Aberdeen have not suffered must be of books on the Andree expedition to the North Pole in 1897, and, so far, Gordon Strachan, partly because of the terms and the last great enterprise of is in marked centrary to the conditions offered to the conditions offered to

a reputation Mr Taggart under-

Another small factor might

be that players' international

experience is considered in the

boasts six internationalists and

Aberdeen

pricing formula.

11 junior internationalists in their main pool of 16, in which the average age is less than 24. This mixture of buck and good housekeeping has helped nurture a team of great character which somehow com-bines traditional Scottisb fire and no-nonsense tackling with equally traditional ball skills; while not succumbing to that other great traditional Scottish feature-lack of self confidence.

They win matches partly because they really believe they are better than Rangers, Celtic and, yes, even Bayern Munich. Since their success has coincided with the improvements to the ground, it was herd for Ien Taggart to estimate what effect the better facilities have had io encouraging the fans to come back week after week. His impression is that the im-

rovements have been successful in bringing in more families. The number of parent and child season tickets has increased. And, he said, more women were coming as customers to the ficket office. "They know what they are talking about, they are

THERE IS little doubt that the whose stars have left for the few English clubs could match coming to see the games." The excitement surrounding the Dons' success has affected the whole city. On the day of standably refused to comment the first leg of the Watersche game. most shoppers in the busy main streets seemed in have chosen to wear something red-the club colour. The game was the main topic of conversation all day, and, in the euphoria of the 5-1 win, it seemed that the final whistle had hardly blown before someone was organising a cruise liner to take fens to the final against Real Madrid in Gothenburg an May 11.

Aberdeen's Premier Division match with Celtic today may turn out to be decisive in what has been a thrilling contest for the Scottish championship. If Aberdeen fail to win, they will find it bard to keep up with Celtic and Dundee United another classy east coast team with a fine record—in the title

Alex Ferguson, the Aberdeen manager, who is reputed to be one of the game's most articulate spokesmen, has only to coax his talented squad through another seven games, including two cup finals. If they win them all, they might pull off a remarkable treble, adding the league title to the two cups.

If they win only one of the championships they are playing for-and most Scots feel natural justice cannot deny them thet -they will still have given Scotnot just eccompanying their tish football a season to talk



INSURANCE A Financial Times

survey to be published on July 18. 1983

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Saturday April 23 1983

Pre-electoral excitement

more general and more Sustained recovery," Mrs Thatcher told the annual dinner of the Confederation of British Indus-

In Westminster and the City people were more inclined to believe that we were entering a period of undiluted preelectoral excitement, in which Mrs Thatcher would be tempted to go to the polls while her stock remained high and the recovery low-key.

The Prime Minister herself was not loth to encourage speculation, with tantalising references to a possible June election that teased cries of cut and run" from Labour and added to the huoyancy of sterling. At Cowley, meantime, BL's workers did their hest to dampen proceedings hy voting unanimously to continue their strike; other disputes, notably at Tilbury docks and Timex in Dundee, grumbled on.

Are the economic indicators so mixed, then, as to justify the jibe of cut and run? Hardly. Indeed, the trouble at BL is just one tangible indication that the recovery is under way. The motor industry is almost invariably beset with disputes when successful models sell well on the upturn; shop stewads know that management wants the cars and may pay to get them

The problem at BL does, however, raise longer-term questions about the nature of Mrs Thatcher's economic experiment. Trades union leaders (and others) have warned for some time that the gains won hy authoritarian management in an exceptionally deep recession would be eroded when workers sought redress as the opportunity presented itself. And certainly there bas been a strong authoritarian strain in the handling of the dispute over washing-up time at Cowley.

Yet it is questionable whether BL would still be pro-ducing cars on anything like not been made to reestablish discipline. And it is required of BL is to keep pace international the competition.

Disruption

What can be said is that the motor industry is not typical of the manufacturing sector as a whole. The Engineering Employers' Federatioo has produced some evidence of a recent increase in industrial disruptinn. But figures from the

"THERE MAY be signs that we Department of Employment, may be entering the period of due shortly, are expected to show that in the first three running at an all-time low.

> anecdotal evidence to suggest that attitudes in industry have changed in some key prospects. Most importantly, some union officials say that their members are conscious for the first time of the link between their company's market position and their

The economic statistics also And this is not simply a ones and husiness optimism. This week's figures for consumer ture of huoyant consumption .

One final measure of comfort, which gave a marked fillip to the atock market on Thursday, was an improvement in the fortunes of Imperial Chemical Industries. At the annual general meeting shareholders were told to expect a "distinct improvement" in the for the quarter, after an exceptionally depressed year in 1982.

With the year-on-year increase in the rate of retail price inflation down to 4.6 per cent, while the latest figures for total earnings were 7.75 per cent, Mrs Thatcher bas precisely the sort of gap hetween pay and that prime ministers yearn for in the run-up to an election. The fly in the ointwhose sterling. behaviour is capable of casting different complexion on things from month to month.

It is no longer hopelessly overvalued: but since the end of March the poimd has appreciated by more than 6 per cent in trade-weighted terms, rais ing the prospect once again that too much of the recovery provide employment for Britain's trading partners as cheaper imports are sucked in.

the present scale if the attempt level of prices in the stock over election dates will not doubtful whether anyone bas help confidence. If the FT a pat managerial formula that Industrial Ordinary index is to would permit the company to break through the 700 index it move to more harmonious may need something more to may prove academic. Comindustrial relations as well as go on than quotations from long-term decline—such as

unpleasant surprises. .

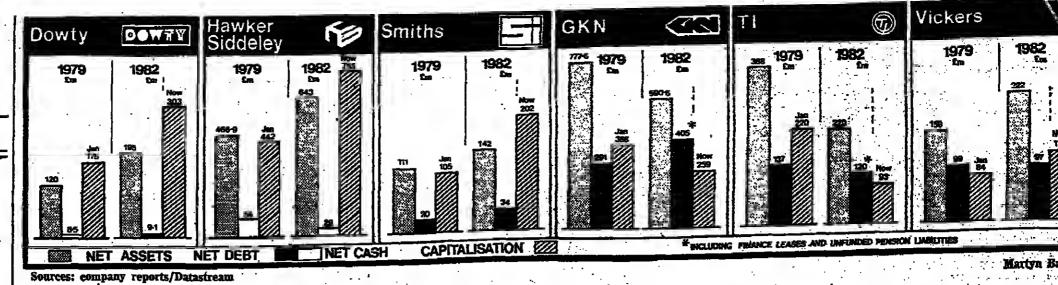
months of this year recorded industrial stoppages have been

There is, moreover, plenty of

lend powerful support to Mrs Thatcher's claim about recovery. tion of leading indicators hased on forward-looking share prices spending in the first quarter, up 3 per cent over the comparable period, confirmed the hroad pic-

Since the prospect of a Tory victory is already built into the market, continuing uncertainty

There are, in addition, some less palatable things to look forward to. The present strength of equity markets around the world is beginning to flush out calls for capital, as industry rebuilds its balance sheet after the worse recession since the 1930s and the banks put their house in order after an international credit bale-out that could still produce some



BRITAIN'S ENGINEERING INDUSTRY

The hazards of recovery

By David Freud

rather more benign economic ally as GKN made no play at environment. Many companies all of better prospects. have been squeezed so hard that coping with recovering demand could, ironically, create as many problems as the recession

So last week's decision hy one of the shrunken giants of the sector, Guest Keen & Nettlefolds to raise fresh capital from its shareholdera is heing watched with unusual attention. If GKN's shareholders respond with enthusiasm, other companies will he jostling in the queue to put on a repeat performance. A poor reception would crystallise a widespread accusation that the timing is premature.

And if the GKN issue hits the share price and requires support from the underwriters, it would queer the pitch for other companies, some of whom may be in real danger of further drastic surgery without a capital injection in the near term. Many companies have sur-

vived the recession by running down their working capitalthe funds required to maintain appropriate stock levels and give credit to customers. An economic upturn certainly creates opportunities for boosting sales and profits. But the danger is that companies will not have access to enough

"Right here and now we need to make a return on capital of 25 per cent. Michael Garner, finance director,

TI Group.

funds to rebuild their working capital to the necessary levels. For others this cash problem motor components-may see only limited recovery. The marketplace may bave changed decisively against some of these

companies Meanwhile the success of the GKN issue is halanced on a knife-edge. The company's shares had moved np from 116p at the heginning of the year to 178p just before the announcement. The extra shares

years of battering, tive discount of 181 per cent. Britain's hard-bit UK en. But while GKN hardly qualified as a shock rights issue candigineering sector is beginning to date, the timing of the issue contemplate its prospects in a did come as a surprise, especi-

> The difficult reception for the rights issue is closely related to GKN's motives for having it. Traditionally, companies tell their ahareholders that they need cash to plough into various lucrative areas of investment. For good measure a buoyant profits forecast is thrown in. Yet GKN said not a word about its prospects, and currently the trading return on the total operate the business is running on the most generous possible interpretation, at only 10 per cent, no more than investors could earn in the risk-free Government bond markets.

Even in the peak year of 1979 GKN's return on capital was helow 14 per cent. Instead, GKN chose to justify the appeal for funds by stating that they. were needed "in order tn rebuild the group's capital base" after the restructuring of its operations.

company at the industrial sharp end to be emerging from the recession with a smaller equity capital hase and high borrow-ings. Yet the plight of such companies is disguised in the aggregate figures. According stockhrokers' Phillips and Drew the average industrial or commercial company quoted on the Stock Exchange currently has net debt - borrowings less - worth about 17 per cent of its net assets, compared with a range over the last decade of between 18 and 26 per cent.

But as always the averages give a misleading picture. Some companies are busy building up casb mountains on the model of GEC, whose liquid resources and building up its medical gearing look more respectable. climbed above the fihn-mark supplies and aerospace inlast year. Others have ploughed terests. deeper and deeper in deht.
A range of companies in the

engineering sector seem to bave passed through the recession relatively unscathed. Among the larger ones in this category have been Dowty, Smiths Industries and Hawker Siddeley. Their net debt ranges from the modest to the non-existent, while even after some slippage, return on capital remains in the region of 20 per cent. In the market these companies stand

Hawker's.

can be. Net debt has climbed from below 40 per cent to above 60 per cent of net assets, and even after some recovery in recent months GKN is valued on the stock market at barely half its stated worth. The company's position is hardly unique; large engineering stocks in the

"A low level of borrowings gives you maximum flexibility to react to difficulties on the one hand, and take advantage of opportunities thrown up on the other."

Alan Hornsby, finance director,

same boat include Vickers and the TI Group as the charts show. The pivotal difference heveen the two sets of companies is their return on the capital they use. Engineering busi-nesses require high levels of capital expenditure and therefore need high returns, especially in inflationary conditions. If they don't get it cash will be continually draining out of the business, whatever the profits show. Finance directors say their aim is a return on capital above 20 per cent and preferably above 25 per cent in historical cost terms.

The divergence in rates of return mainly reflects the different businesses into which management has steered the companies. GKN, for instance, ploughed its steel nationalisation compensation back into the most basic end of the metal business, while Smiths was busy shrinking its auto sector

Other companies that have Spirax-Sarco which came to the On that basis debt levels look market yesterday with a rights much more of a burden. TI's issue—have strong positions io specialised areas, an easier strategy for smaller companies. market valuation, GKN's at A handicap of size is that a about 150 per cent and Vickers' company will tend to cover a wide product spectrum, and pulling out can prove very

The three companies in difficulties-GKN, TI and Vickerson offer were priced at 145p, at a premium to their stated net are doubly burdened. Not only

Smiths' and some 18 per cent in expensive attempt to make the dangerous, because volatile insame jump as the other three

the engineering industry. But they started much later than the others, only when caught np in the current recession. Several began from positions of high debt. Alan Coats, analyst at Quilter Goodison, argues. "They huilt np quite high borrowings in the late 1970s in a rush for growth, when they diversified by acquisition without making disposals to

raise cash." The costs of restructuring have been huge. In the last three years GKN has spent a total of £178m on reshaping its business, of which £86m has been cash redundancy payments. The net assets of the group have correspondingly tumbled by the same figure over the period to £590.6m. The cash outflow has in fact been modest, because GKN has managed to

run down its working capital at he same time, by nn less than £165m. So while borrowings have risen it is the shrinkage of net assets that has been responsible for much of the worrying rise in the proportion of debt to assets also known as "capital gearing.

The uncertain value of assets

in low-return businesses makes capital gearing a more unreliable measure of the financial health of companies than usual. After all, in the words of David Lees, GKN's finance director "there are some businesses that are undivestible." Yet few of the assets in such husinesses are written down to zero in halance slicets; quite the reverse, examples of judicious revaluations of selected choice assets crop up regularly in the engineering sector as companies strive to make their capital

The stock market's valuation of the worth of a group's assets may well be closer to the truth remained healthy-like APV or than the balance sheet figure. cent of the company's stock at 85 per cent.

Attitudes to debt and gearing seem to have undergone a sea-change in recent years. Many more finance directors are bethrough the eyes of GEC, which nesses is one, and some com- ments are beyond them.

terest rates mean a company GKN's experience illustrates companies we have chosen to cannot accurately predict the just how misleading the average symbolise the trends affecting true cost of its bank funds from one month to the next.

Mr Charles Brasher, Dowty's finance director, points out: You can see many companies where horrowings are too high. When recession comes along, they are suddenly in serious difficulty."

Manipulation of asset values is not the only weapon used by companies to reduce their apparent capital gearing. Balance sheets are often struck on days when borrowings are seasonally low. Accordingly, many analysts have switched to monitoring the level of income gearing. This reflects the extent to which profits from trading are pre-empted by

The measure again underlines the divergence between the two types of engineering company. Smiths' gearing runs at 18 per cent, while Hawker's and Dowty's are negligible. For GKN. TI and Vickers the range lies between 42 and 83 per cent, and that is a significant under-statement, since it excludes all restructuring costs - an item bound to recur on some scale

payments

for years to come. The share prices of the prob-lem companies have picked up in recent months, as investors have reacted to signs of an economic recovery. Because of their high debt levels, the pretax profits of such companies

Our capital base has been squeezed by the pincer movement of maintained investment in Europe and the U.S., and wholesale restructuring in the

should advance sharply on higher turnover, as—with the interest on the debt already covered—any further increase options are limited:

FTER NEARLY four at what then seemed an attrac-years of battering, tive discount of 181 per cent. Downy's case, 42 per cent in they are all now making an any amount of debt can be great skill in disposing of businesses in a way that takes borrowings off the balance sheet. But the most unwanted and unprofitable. husinesses lmost by definition, masale.

> This leaves an appeal to shareholders for funds as the only effective option. Even this is not a panacea. The most a company can realistically hope to raise is a third of its valuation in the stock market, and

Running a business is like running the mile: you shave off a fraction of a second each year. It's hard graft."

> Sir Kenneth Bond, firence director, GEC.

at their low valuations that may not be much. Yet a sustained upturn is

likely to absorb cash. Just as companies have been able to survive by running down working capital as volume has declined, so they are likely to need to rebuild stocks if volumes rise: There is marked disagree-ment among finance directors on this issue. Michael Garner at TI argues that the extra profits generated in a recovery should rapidly cover the extra working capital costs. Other companies Dowty, Hawker and Smiths which may be better able to contemplate higher cash demands—are less sanguine.

More than a rights issue will be needed to see many companies out of the financial wood, especially if there is a strong turn-round in working capital requirements. And investor support may anyway prove a fragile reed; if GRN's rights issue were lo prove a failure, investor entipathy to companies in need of capital injections David Lees, finance director, would increase. Such com-Guest Keen and Nettiefolds. panies would then have to wait until they could show strong evidence of profits growth-by which time the financial strains might be acute.

It is no accident that as many in trading profits flows directly companies go bust coming out through to shareholders. At the of a recession as in it. Even same time the companies are in without the drama of a banka weak position to commit fresh ruptcy, it is certain that many funds into the chase for expand- of the weaker companies will ing markets. Their cash-raising continue to fade away as they are pushed out of markets in The sale of unwanted busi- which the investment require-

Letters to the Editor

Taxation

Sir,-There is one aspect of British tax law which is making a mockery of the Government's intentions. That is the element of capital expenditure, when part of such expenditure is offset against income of later At present, the expenditure which is carried forward to

later years is not increased in line with inflation. So when the expenditure allowance (without inflationary correction) is applied against inflated income, the investor has lost out before he has ever got started. I concur with Mrs Thatcher's policies regarding increased productivity and efficiency, but if people are going to continue heing penalised in this way for investing in an enterprise, investors may well look to other countries to get a husiness

There is some talk about replacing this aspect of accounting with a "current value" While this would he fairer in many cases, this would be less fair regarding certain equipment such as word processors and other electronic aids. These items are coming down in price, and such an accounting basis would be no encouragement for people making use of the new technology, which Mrs Thatcher recom-

Paying tax is a necessary thing in a civilised society, but wben a tax is unfair as the present system is, society itself suffers the consequences. G. Brian Lamb. Top Flat. 13 Castle Hill Ave.

Spending

Folkestone, Kent

From Mr C. Dobson Sir .- I object strongly to the ioference in Lex (April 14) that local authorities have acted irresponsibly. I quote "A set of central government borrowat the end of the financial

cannot be revenue spending because that has nothing to do with local authority utilisation of central government funds in a way which could adversely affect CGBR. Neither can it he capital spending hecause, as l am sure Michael Heseltine remembers, councils did not spend as much as the Government wanted them too.

The town ball influence on the CGBR figures for March is a direct result of adherence to the wishes of the Bank of England and the Treasury that local authorities should now borrow much more from central government, through the Public Works Loan Board than from the banking sector. This horrowing originates very largely from the re-financing of debt incurred over the past years and reflects "new" spending only slightly. If the powers that he decide

to change the borrowing hahits of local government to suit their "macro plan" then they have to take the consequences and the March CGBR results are one of them. Butler Till,

Adelaide House, EC4

Tapes

From the Chairman, Tape Manufacturers Group.

Sir,-With reference to comments by film industry spokesmen (April 13) concerning their efforts to win fresh subsidies for their industry.

They ask for a levy on the means by which films are seen, naming blank tape as one, and say that it would be an extenfilms and training within the the same as a similar two-car-industry. I fear that, if not cor- household next door occupied rected, this claim could by several income earners. On seriously mislead the public. average less than half of those

Eady levy is that it is paid at pay rates, so the system iog requirement figures for the box-office which guarantees strongly favours the election of March which suggested that that it is a fair levy , in that spending councillors. Industry the local authorities were en- filmgoers are the only people and commerce are disen-

A levy on all sales of hlank video tape, however, Rubhish! What spending? It overturn that fairness by heing non-selective. Everyone who bought blank video tape, for whatever reason-home movies. education, business uses, etcwould be required in subsidise the film industry through payment of the levy. That, I suggest, would not be fair to the consumer and would, therefore be completely contrary to the

nature of the Eady levy. Film makers should admit that although the beneficiaries would be the same, the "rough justice" of the new levy they propose is an entirely new concept. ft should not be

Bill Fulton, c/o Marcom Public Relations (UK), Friars House, 39-41 New Broad Street, EC2.

Rates

From Mr T. Whittle

Sir.—Desmond Goch (April 5) is partially right that "The real problem behind local rates has... been the lack of firm central government control over manpower costs, not least at county level where the spenders are to some extent insulated from the electoral consequences of their decisions ..." Perhaps manpower has contained. but

markedly reduced. The real problem of local rates is surely their sheer inequity. A charge on occupancy (not now realistically assessed) to pay for local services has become an easy means to dispense local socialism. Rates are a direct tax imposed without reference to sion of the Eady levy, intro-income or ability to pay - the duced in 1950 to help fund new widow living alone has to pay The essential point about the on the electoral roll actually

John C. Hancock writes (April 13) that on a modest pension he is able to claim a rate rebate. But the thrifty oner, who has saved many years to remain independent and create a modest investment. income has no such escape. Yet both enjoy the same local

Precisely because "rates are easy and reasonably cheap to collect (and impose) and virtually impossible to avoid " that there is strong resistance to change, not least by vested interests involved, but not by those who pay.

Given funding of education through central government and charging water and

aewerage directly through meters, a local sales tax would he broadly equitable, fairly spreading the cost of local aervices pro rata among the heneficiaries according to spending power. Many countries operate local sales taxes presumably without much evasion which might not cost appreciahly more than the massive hureaucracy of rate assessment

and rebate systems. As a direct tax, rates might fairly be replaced by an income levy on employees and occupational pensioners in exactly the same way as national insurance, hased on gross income, with cut-off points top and bottom. Relatively cheap to collect through PAYE and difficult to evade.

Almost any tax which takes account of income and ability to pay would be fairer than ontdated local-rates. Thomas E. Whittle. 19 Kildoon Drive.

Maybole, Ayrshire.

Romantic

From Mr D. Thomas Sir,-Mr Scholes (April 18) is rightly surprised at the oil industry's response to falling demand by raising prices. It is far from the nely industry to follow this curious path, how-British Rail seems to

passenger miles. The Post Office likes to stick up the price of a stamp if not enough are stuck on in the normal course of husiness. It seems to be a feature of monopolistic or oligopolistic (and very often nationalised) industries that they try to turn the rules of the market place upside down. The idea of trying to improve their margins by being more efficient is clearly bopelessly romantic. It is perhaps heartening to see that it isn't as easy to repeal the laws of supply and demand as they seem to think nowadays. David Thomas. 3. Hatfield Road, Chiswick W4.

Delays

From Ann Westoby

Sir,-With reference to the recent correspondence regarding collection of debts through the courts, there is an increasing trend nowadays for county courts to award judgment on an

This is clearly unsatisfactory as far as the creditor is concerned and provides further encouragement to pursue dehts over £600 through the High Court. On debts under £600. however, the creditor has no alternative but to accept the payment plan. To add to the problem, where payments are made to the court the administration grinds exceedingly slow. I know of at least one instance where the creditor had as big a problem in obtaining monies from the court as from the

original debtor. Clearly the time is now ripe for creditors to be aided by the courts to ensure that debtors fulfil their obligations. Ann Westoby, 65 Pork View. Hoddesdon,∶

Customers

Hertfordshire.

Sir,-Bob Ramsey's eulogy to think that raising fares is a the customer (April 14) is, I

If all customers were roughly equal then customer satisfaction could be the universal panacea that Mr Ramsey Unfortunately this possible unless the problem of ownership, which he leaves open, is first resolved. He need not feel ashamed; Adam Smith made the same mistake. In conditions

ates remorselessly. Other factors
—political, religious and ethical for example—check the process hut, in the world as a whole, not enough. There are answers but not containable in the space your correspondence column can allow. Meantime if wealth flows increasingly to a few, the productive system similarly distorted to serve their

needs. Thus service to all

competition inequality acceler-

hecomes, something more akin to slavery. G. S. Irving. 3 Cumberland Drive. Hinchley Wood, Esher. Surrey.

Winchester

From Councillor T. Watson Sir.—Is the Financial Times telling the people of Hampshire something they don't know about the county's geographic position? 1 notice that the announcement of the Department of Transport's contract to John Mowlem and Co (April 15) for construction of part of the appeared in the overseas contracts section.

more for this work to get under way, I hope Mowlein doesn't build the road in Winchester. Virginia or in other towns of the same name. Wykehamists be considered other worldly and Wintonians reserved but we would like the road built in Hampshire. (Councillor) T. A. Watson. Members' Room,

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Why everyone is trying even harder

AT FIRST sight it is difficult to cast M Jean Ordner in the rola of villain. He is a trim Parisian in his mid-50s. M Ordner's 12 years in British and U.S. boardrooms have not robbed him of his French accent, but bis English is as carefully considered and unarguably precise as the neat suits be tends to prefer. He is charming com-pany; a hospitable host.

In the headquarters buildings of car rental giants Hertz and Avis, however, Jean Ordner, a married man with three children and a law degree, is pretty close to being the devil incarnate. Jean Ordner ia president of Europear.

Europear is the French stateowned, via Reoault, car rental organisation whose growth over the past decade has been spectacular. "Ten years ago we had 4 per cent of the European market," says Ordoer. "Today we bave 25 per cent. We are now No. 1 in Europe and No. 1 in Britain." He has been president of Europear since 1972.

That claimed status in Britain is the direct result of the pur-chase of the Godfrey Davis car rental activities in 1981, a takeover which initially worned the British Government but which was finally cleared by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. The UK Government is not the only body to bave been worried by Europear's expan-The American based majors matter darkly about consistent loss-making (Ordner. reckons he has been in profit since 1978: "Building a system takas time, you make losses") and a Gallic attitude to helping

the home team along. You could oever prove anysays an Avis man who was in Fraoce in those crucial years in the 1970s. "But ask yoorself, if one company is Covernmentbacked, and the others are American which one is going to

ran into difficult times io Europe a few years ago. At the start of the 1970s it had been assumed that the U.S. giants would quickly sweep local opposition aside and rapidly rule the roost. Instead, a couple of all criess torally disa couple of all crises totally disrupted traditional car rental trading patterns, while domestic companies, refusing to allow themselves to be steamrollered. fought back.

In France Europear began to show its muscles and in Britain the market leader Godfrey Davis was joined by Swan National, initially a subsidiary National, initially a subsidiary of UDT and now part of the Trustee Savings Bank. Swan, under its chairman Mr Freddie Aldous, has moved rapidly up the league table. Now, after the Godfrey Davis takeover, it is the sole entirely domestic representative in the British top four.

Io the past two years Europe, and particularly Britain, has seen a remarkable recovery on the part of both Hertz and Avis which, like the U.S. fraochise group Budget which also hit a bad patch in the late 1970s and is now climbing back, are trimmer, better managed and more attuned to local market conditinns than they once were.

The scene is thus set for a year of intense competitioo, with all the majors reckoning they are well placed to reap the rewards of careful planning. So far the battla seems to be being fought oo convectional grounds - prices, service and foot-in-the-door selling to the UK'e major corporate clients: What no ooe is keen to see is ao outbreak of the crippling marketing war currently edging the U.S. car rental business towards financial disaster, with companies offeriog gifts of ever greater value to rental clieots. Hertz's parent company, RCA, has said it is open to offers for its car rental business and

You have just dimbed off an hour flight. You waited for your luggage Hertz can just stop yo Hertz Not Cub

the trade gossip is that Norton similar thoughts.

American companies are now said to be giving away 3 to 5 per cent of their gross revenues in the form of gifts. In a busi-oess which already gives away buge slices of its notional revenue lo the form of com-missions and discounts that 5 per cent is extremely difficult advertised rates suggest.

In Britain, the rental companies ahow signs of being abla to edge their rates up. Five years ago the most popular rental car, the Ford Cortica. taken for a day and run for 60 miles or so, would bave cost just over £12 if rected from one of the big four and the client wae one of those increasingly rare people who did not get a discount of some sort. By last year the price bad risen to around £24. The official price for a Sierra this year would be around £27 for the sama reotal.

However, oot everyone pays the full rate. Discounts come in several forms. Usually a straight percentage off is offered for colleagues

those customers who are regular vehement about this because car-hirers. This can rise to as much as 30 per cent for big clients. However, nther special rates, for weekends, for one-way trips to airports or for bolidays as part of a package, are all discounts. Hertz reckons that a car rental company's actual revenue can be between 20 and 40 per cent less than the

But, even with discounts, the achieved rates ere going up in line with the advertised rates. Companies (business travel is the backbone of car rent and the areas of the biggest discounts) know that they have to pay for the service they are getting," says Swan Natiocal's

Aldous bas long been claiming that UK car hire clients get and difficult. They only bave to a far better deal than most people realise, in that British to be nearly £1m adrift in its rental levels, expressed in profits forecast, which would terms of a percentage of the not be good news to the French usually higher, car purchase taxpayer. price io Britaio, are among the lowest in Europe

Last year Aldons and his at the moment, one of a series it-there facilities for those who there still runs a keep delight able to do better than you said olleagues were particularly of factors which makes the want them and can pay; boliday on the part of all the big four you would." were particularly of factors which makes the

rental companies a little opti-mistic although, as Avis declares: "We are a long way from the good old days". The strength of the dollar

might push up custom from the U.S. (at Heathrow last year Avis was market leader, ahead of Hertz GDE, and Swan) and there are even hopeful signs of growth in domestic business travel demand. Cost factors have led to a decline in the number of corporate pool cars—that is cars that sit in the company garage until needed—and, the rental groups claim, in private second cars.

In both cases the trend is for the one-time owner to turn to rental for those occasions when a car is needed.

The real target of the major groups remains, however, that sector of the market which is still in the hands of the smaller rental companies, ranging in size from others in the top 10. such as Kemings, to local garages with only e few vebicles. "There are 677 members of the British Vehicle Rental Association," says Cod-frey Davis. "No-one has ever beard of 672 of them."

Those 672, nevertheless, retain more than half the UK the total value of the UK car rental market and present the major companies with a challenge they find very difficult to beat. Loaded with overheads crucial to car rental. Codfrey Davis Enropear (CDE) ordered £35m worth of cars for the for central corporate organi-aations, airport locations, sophisticated computer technology with satellite links, and with promises to customers always to have cars and to offer a 24-bour belp service, the big groups find themselves consistently undercut by local operations. be worth £100 less each for CDE

"We are learning to adjust to this," says Avis, "We are constructing our tariffs on three Those levels are delevels." If anything, however, secondsigned to offer customers Underneath this talk of the
hand car values are hardening international rent-it-here, leavelittle man and his competition

America: the great profits give-away

"It has been called "the dumbest marketing programme in years" and it is punching a buge hole in U.S.

punching a buge hole in U.S. car rental profits.

Most major U.S. car rental companies not only hand over the keys when you rent these days, they also ply their customers with gifts. At first it was luggage, anything from airline hag to a complete set, including golf bag. It now runs to calcubag. It now runs to calculators and even TV sets.
Avis set the give-away

campaign rolling last autumn and other U.S. companies joined in. At first Hertz "sat nn the side-lines hoping it would go away." says Mr Frank Olson, chairman and chief executive. "Frankly we received a great lesson in human nature." Customers whom Hertz had reckoned tempted by gifts and showed a great willingness tn switch

"When the September share reports came in," says Olson, "we had slipped from 38 per cent of U.S. airport business

per cent. In October, we slipped to 35 and Avis moved up to 28." At that point Avis

told the world it was catching up on old No 1.

The gift programme was due to end on December 31. It was extended to January 31 and when this sourced Hertz. and, when this spurred Hertz to take the plunge, to June 30. "The January results are in and as we had some in and as we had forecast, the Hertz share of U.S. airports rebounded to 38 per cent and Avis slipped back to its pre-gift rate of 25 per

cent," says Olson. He argues that the war will "only pay off if it sharply increases the size of the total market, which has already proved unlikely . . All it will do is shift the existing volume around at higher volume around at higher

The big worry now is wbether the gifts war will end before July 4 (U.S. Independence Day), or wbether it will go on through the summer. Sighs Olson: "I know that security analysts are con-vinced that the airline industry and the car rental industry share one common they call it a death wish. This programme won't do anything to dilute the analogy."

and leisure rental; and a local in putting one over oo their aervice for people who simply counterparts. Large groups are want a low-cost vehicle that given remarkable terms, not will be brought back to the place where it was rented, but also in other services. "It Europear'a Ordner also talks of has been a buyer's market," says the real target being the Avis, "People have been numerous small reotal opera-promising the earth." Avis tions, which together are bigger salesmen have to be disciplined than Hertz or Avis.

nnly in the form of discounts against being over-anxious in outdoing rival offers in order

Weekend Brief

lii-chosen words at

the CBI?

speeches tonight and the more. vehement one came from Sir a guest at the Confederation of Thatcher's re-election. Britisb Industry's annual dinner earlier this week.

could have been an orchestrated with the Conservative Party, pre-election Conservative Party although its policy documents rally of industrialists, as 1,200 and recent messages to the people responded to the beady political parties makes it clear mixture of sitting down to that it would regard a general dinner with the Prime Minister election victory for Labour as at a time when the excitement a disaster. An SDP-Liberal of possible-economic recovery is raising the temperature of pre-

election fever. The mood was built op by Conservative and led by Mrs Sir Campbell, the CBI president. Despite his usual claim But Sir Campbell decided not that the CBI is "political but to drop the words and indeed not party political," he brought

His speech was bullish about industrial prospects and was firmly pro-Government. It iochided one key and now con-troversial phrase to Mrs Thatcher about the general election which brought instantaoeous and loud applause: When the time does come I have no doobt that many of the people in this room will believe you oeed a second term of

Some senior members of the CBI leadership would have preferred him to have omitted that passage and told him so. They realise that despite the careful phrasing which did not commit the CBI as an organisation to official support for the Conservative Party, the overall impres sion is that the confederation has come out in favour of Mrs

In the past the CBI has always been careful not to He had just witnessed what become too openly identified Alliance Government would be tolerable, hut the clearly preferred administration would be

all his skills as a former public speech. However, whila Mrs relations man to bear in support Thatcher glowed, Mr David of the Prime Minister. Steel, the Liberal Party leader



Sir Campbell Fraser: " political but not party political "

who was sitting a few yards to live with the fact that, by down the top table, looked more and more uncomfortable and almost angry. Later be grumbled about the polarisa-tion of industrial politics, noting that no one from the or Labour Party bad accepted invitations to be present.

He had reason to be miserable. He was witnessing a 5cene which made the SDP'e early hopes of widespread support from battered industrialists tired of Mrs Thatcher's policies look rather bollow. Now Sir Campbell will have

apeing the TUC's sort of open support for the Labour Party, be has helped to escalate the political polarisation of indus

balance has benefited from the event. Compared with only 1,000 people who turned up to last year's annual CBI dinner to hear a long and boring speech from Mr Patrick Jenkin Industry Secretary, Mrs Thatcher's name pulled in 1,400 applications for dinner tickets, of whom 200 had to be rejected

for lack of space.

Need for formula

in man-

1274123

After only 11 weeks of ably best) television news breakfast television TV-am's nrganisation; AM Television original chairman and Manag- led by the former Minister of ing Director, Peter Jay, has Posts and Telecommunications gone. The Famous Five are Christopher Chataway with reduced to the Famous One. Pearson Longman backing; Anna and Angela are negotiat. AMTV led by Lord Lever towing the size of their golden ing a raft of heavyweight handshakes. David Frost and journalists including Jonathan Robert Kee have been shunted sideways to do "special" but sideways to do "special" but Peter Jenkins; and Daybreak apparently infrequent inter- TV chaired by Sir Leo views. The sola survivor from Pliatzky in company with Alan that group of five is Michael Whicker, William Davis and Parkinson. Just suppose that be had been the only star to go along when TV-am made its bid along when TV-am made its bid argue its case. Led by Richard for the licence.

Marsh, Timothy Aitken and The year is 1980 and the Michael Deakin they declare "a

place is Bromptoo Road, bead-quarters of the Independent Broadcasting Aothority. Under their Chairman, Lady Plowden. the members of the IBA have interviewed aeven sets of enthusiastic hidders with just one still to come. Those who have already put their case include ITN, Britain'e second Dimbleby, David Elstein and

Jocelyn Stevens. The last group arrives to mission to entertain." They will be having a daily quiz, a "Baby talk" spot, recipes, a pop music feature, celebrity guests, agony aunts and uncles, and "Style by Jury" in which the appearance of public figures is criticised.

They are determined, how-

ever, to spurn, metropolitan gloss and the razzmatazz of the star system. Keynote of their own style will be ordinariness, and as an earnest of their sincerity they push forward their chief presenters: a young sports reporter named Nick Owen and an obscure oewsreader named Lynda Berry. Oh, and at weekends when competition from the BBC is expected to be negligible Michael Parkinson and his Missus will do a show with special captions for children. "No contest!" says Lady P. "Presenters that nobody has heard of—splendid. And plenty

as well have occurred in reality. offering e relaxed "human

lodicrous, of course. The IBA's own conditions stipplated that the contract would be awarded for the provision of programmes primarily of news information and current affairs." Yet now, less than three months after the start of the service the imaginery scene might just

interest " magazine, programme which is, comparatively speaking, so successful, and that few busy breakfast time viewers offered such similar services will choose the one interrupted by commercials, the need now is surely for TV-am to start developing a formula all its own. And if they are to avoid the IBA taking a hand just as as they did when David Frost'a last consortium failed with its London Weekend contragt, then they had surely better keep the words "news, information and current affairs " in the forefront

of their minds.

27). APEX conference in Scarborough (until April 26). Mr Cranley Onslow, Foreign Office Minister, begin four-day MONDAY: New vehicle registra-tions for March. Institutional lovestment lo the fourth quarter. EEC steel council General election in Portugal. WEDNESDAY: New construct (February). Mrs Margaret committee in negoti United Nations conference on tioo orders in February. Euro- Thatcher at Cutler's Feast in televised soccer deal.

Foreign Office minister io charge

of Anglo-Soviet relations, starts

visit to Russia. Association of Broadcasting Staffs conference in Brighton. USDAW con-

ference io Blackpool (until April

were disrupted by the chaos in

the car purchase market. As

the Cortica was phased out, the

UK was beset by a rash of dis-counting. In July last year the

Cortina dropped by £250 which,

given the oumber of Cortinas in

use, probably knocked £2.5m off

rental fleet. Second-hand car values are

coming season and will have

8,000 vehicles at the summer

peak. Predictioo of what those

cars will be worth when they are sold (in between six and

12 month's time) is both vital

TOMORROW: Austriao general Palestine election, Mr Malcom Rifkiod, Sharjah. munittee meets.
UESDAY: CBI industrial survey for April. Bricks and cement (first quarter). EEG economic and social committee in plenary session in Brussels (until April 28). U.S. hanks meet on Inter-bank credit lines to Brazil in New York. Institute of Directors hold conference on "International mergers, acquisi- ary). Ucemployment and tions and divestitures—new onfilled vacancies in March. tions for March. Institutional perspectives on their place in Employment on the production corporate strategy at 116. Pall industries (February). Stop-quarter. EEC steel council Mall, SWL, Computer Users pages of work due to Industrial meets in Luxembourg. EEC Association conference at disputes (March). Overtime Foreign Ministers to talks in Majestic Hotel, Harrogate (until and short-tima working in Luxembourg (until April 26). April 29).

Labour-TUC liaisoo pleoary sessioo in Brussels to April 28). EEC Agriculture resume price-fixing President Reagan to meeting. address join session of Congress on El Salvador. Probati offirers to hold one-day strike. Probation THURSDAY: Eoergy trends tute of Directors' policy docu-(Fehruary). Overseas travel ment "The European Community and tourism (Janoary/Fehru-—a policy for reform."

in special Sheffield, discuss unemployment (until meeting in New York (until Commoos. Lauoch of the Insti

FRIDAY: Balance of payments current account and trade figures (March). Natiocal meeting of Ford at Halewood to discuss working practices.
Wales TUC conference in Cardiff (until May 1). TV representa-tives and Football League sub-Margaret committee in negotiations on

THE UNITED STATES DEBENTURE CORPORATION p.l.c.

Economic Diary

and Jerusalem in pean Parliament

	extracts from the Directors, Report 16ar ended 3 1st January, 1963	
	Main Features 1983 1982 % Change	
	Gross Revenue	
:: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Per Ordinary 25p Stock Unit:- Earnings 6.62p 5.92p +11.8 Dividend 6.52p 5.92p +10.1 Net Asset Value 191.4p 153.1p +25.0	

Dividend end Revenue.

holders increased by 11.7% to £4,568 millions (1982: £4.088 particularly resilient in the recession experienced last year. millions). This figure is again a record. Cross Income from United Kingdom investments grew to £5.479 millions (1982: £5.047 millions) end that from North American investments advanced to £1.977 millions (1982; £1.532 millions).

As e result of these welcome increases in income we are pleased to recommand a final net dividend of 4.27p per ordinary stock unit making a total dividend for the year to 31st January, 1983 of 6.52p (1982: 5.92p) per ordinary stock unit. This represents e 10.1% increase. It is pleasing to record that this dividend increase is in excess of the 4.9% increase in the United Kingdom rate of inflation as measured by the Retail Price Index, thus providing our Ordinary Stockholdere with a real return.

Prospects in the current year for the growth of corporate profits in the United Kingdom and in the United States of America appear to be good with further increases expected in the receipt of dividend income. Therefore we consider that it should be possible to at least maintain the current recommended rate of

Investments The market value of the Company's investments grew to a record level of £137.793 millions (1982; £111.398 millions). This 23.7% rise comperes with an increase of 19.4% in the Financial Times All Share Index and a 49.3% increase in the Standard end Poor's Composite Index, as adjusted for movements in the

We continued our policy of reducing investments in Canada and by the end of the Company's financial year these had bean entirely extinguished and the proceeds invested in the United States of America where long term investment prospects are considered to be eppreciably better. The percentage of the Company's investments in the United Kingdom was 69.4% (1982; 71.3%) and in the United States of America was 30.6% (1982: 26.2%). The percentage of investments in Oil, Cas and Exploration fell to 13.4% (1982: 18.5%). This fell was caused partly by a marked underperformance of energy shares end partly because we considered it prudent to lighten our energy portfolio.

The principal actions we effected in our United Kingdom portfolio were as follows. We emphasised companies with a substantial export capability or overseas manufacturing presence. In general we sold the shares of companies whose dividends hed remeined unchanged for too long a period of time, as we are aver mindful of achieving en increasing return for the use of ordinery stock-holders' risk capital. We completed our programme of selling preference shares. We felt it necessary to further reduce those investments in the engineering sector which had suffered from slack demand end poor output. We reduced our shareholding in tha Shell Transport and Trading Company which had become disproportionately large.

United States of America The most salient changes to our Amarican portfolio were as follows. Energy stocks were further reduced and also other stocks closely allied to the energy industry. Convertible stocks were again emphasised in sectors of strong earnings growth such as computers, defence, hospitals and telecommunications. It is intended that convertible stocks will represent a minimum 10%. The Secretary, of the value of our American portfolio. Shareholdings in regional The United States Debenture Corporation p.L.c. hanks were reduced and we are continuing this programme of Austral House, Basinghall Avenue, London EC2V 5DD.

The receipt of dividend income was greater then we had antici- reduction in the current year. Investments in the food manupated and the after-tax revenua available for Ordinary Stock- facturing sector were furthar increased. This sector proved

Energy

The edverse conditions which prevailed in the enargy industries during the year led us to believe that not only would the shares of energy companies underperform, but also that their ability to increase their dividends might be affected. Therefore, despite our long term bias towards energy, we felt it partinent to reduce tha energy content of our investments to levels which equated more nearly to the energy proportion contained in the Financial Times All Shere Index and the Standard end Poor's Composite Index. In the current year it is our intention to et least maintain this defensive posture although we would stress that in the longer term our enthusiasm for energy investments remains undiminished and we still believe that there will come a time when the demand for crude oil and natural gas is egain substantially in excess of eupply. At that time we would hope to have rebuilt the level of our energy shereholdings both in the United Kingdom and the United States of America to their former above-averege

positions.

Investment Policy end Summary Genarally in these times of political uncertainty both in the United Kingdom end the United States of America it would seem prudent. to continua to concentrate investments in senior stocks with proven management, strong balence sheets and the capacity to pay increasing dividends. Nevertheless, in view of our expectations for a resumption of economic growth in the United Kingdom and the United States of America, we intend to concentrate a small proportion of the Company'e investments in those cyclical sectors which seem due for stock market re-ratings.

Whilst it remains our long tarm intention to increase investment in the United States of America to 40% of the Company, this may well take time to achieve due to the prevailing strength of the dollar against sterling. This trend seems likely to be maintained for as long as the outlook for economic growth and interest rates is better in the United States of America then in the

We consider that the present threat to the international benking system will ebate. We believe that international concern over oil price worries will diminish as the price of crude oil stabilises and it is perceived that the economies of the United Kingdom and the United States of America are not beneficieries of cheaper energy. We also believe that there ere clear eigne that the principal nations of the Free World are at last beginning an

The United Kingdom stock market is likely to become increasingly pre-occupied with the timing end result of the next general election and will inevitably place great emphasis on the

In summary there is sufficient evidence to suggest that the worst of the world recession is over. We believe that the recovery in the American economy will be at a faster rate then that of the United Kingdom. We ere optimistic that both the United Kingdom and American stock markets will show further modest rises by the end of our current financial year. Therefore we intend to maintain a fully invested position in both markets,

Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts can be obtained from:

Anti-bovver loudspeakers

for soccer

Sound experts are moving into soccer grounds to beat the hooligans. Instead of policemen leaping over the barricades to arrest the troublemakers a chap with a console high in the stand can fiddle with a few knobs and drown out the chanted abuse with a few

chosen decibels. The system is known as directhose old fashioned hornshaped speakers, in some cases tied to the atand girders and

tailored for individual circumstances so that one section of the crowd cannot bear what is going on behind the gual et the other end of the field. Reliance Systems, part of GEC, has come up with this

anti-troublemaker system by devising a series of loudspeakers whereby broadcasts can be zoned to any given section of the console can address a whole stand, part of a stand, part or whole of the Kop, and deal with any trouble as it starts.

If one section of the crowd starts burling abuse at an adjoining section the speakers can be used to play crowd tional sound. It means that no noises back to the trouble-longer should the club have makers and so avoid the intended recipients of the abuse

hearing the insults. Additionally the intended re-

is a bit complicated but Reliance believes that it could mean e breakthrough in dealing with crowd trouble. It obviously has other applications in Trafalgar Square or wherever the next political demo might

of light entertainment instead of that tedious news and

current affairs, so refreshing!

The licence is yours."

Reliance says: "The pro-vokers will be equally unaware that their efforts have been in the ground. In effect, this vain and so will not escalate means that the man operating the incidents to a level of action between spectators—we bope." Bill Guy, Reliance Sales Engineer, says: "We first had the idea from our own people's reports of bow trouble in the crowd starts. The police see the physical effect but can do nothing to prevent the earlier lead up the verbal abuse. Stop the ahuse we reasoned, or nullify its effect and perhaps, just per-

haps, the physical stage can be everted." belting out pop music and the cipieois of the abuse will be He says that after studying team changes, but a finely taned unable to hear the plea for reports of crowd trouble the

clubs and concluded that its hypothesis was correct. Uotil recently such accurate control of sound broadcasting was not practicable but modern electronics has made it a proposi-But achieving this perfect oitch, so to speak, is a job for

At least Reliance has had some success with its new sys-tem. Ibrox Park and Murrayfield in Scotland, Derby and Liverpool, the latter not known for crowd control, are carrying out experiments.

Perhaps it might not be too long before the Sunday oewspaper sports section headline says: "Hooligans deafened in crowd uproar."

Contributors: John Elliott Chris Dunkley

Blackwood Hodge £3.7m in loss and final omitted

THE RECOVERY from losses seen at balfway was not maintained by Blackwood Hodge in the second half of 1982 and plunging once again deep into the red, this earthmoving equipmeot sales and service group has Allehone passed its final dividend.

senting an adverse swing of Photax (London) Nil £6.t3m to a second-half deficit of £4.33m and cancelling out the which saw a turnround from losses of £19m to profits of

At that time the net interim dividend was held at 0.5p. but this is now left to stand against the 125p total paid for 1981 the forecast pre-tax profit for the year under review not baving

Sales for the 12 months fell from £349.56m to £308.97m and trading profits finished £5.55m lower at £13.53m. From these, interest took £17.84m (£18.07m) but there was investment income of £6t9.000 this time and no exceptional charge compared

exceptional charge compared with £1.1m previously.

Tax absorbed £1.13m (£2.14m), with basic loss per 25p share at 5.89p (3.01p) and fully diluted at 5p 12.55p). There were minority losses af £388,000 against profits of £65,000 but no against profits of £65,000 but no extraordinary debits compared with £950,000.

Announcing the figures, the directors say they believe the group will maintain its comDIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Corres Total pooding for

payment payment Blackwood Hodge Nil June 24 June 25 2.38 Scot Northern Inv 2.65 progress of the first six months Dividends shown peoce per share net except where otherwise stated * Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. Increased by rights and/or acquisition issues.

mining sectors. it may well be some little time before there is a significant general upturn in demand. Results for the second balf bava shown bow difficult it is

to predict economic trends and business developments, even in the short term, say the directors and they therefore do not feel able to make any current-year Nevertheless, although it can-not be said that there are

strong indications of an upturn in business in all or even many of the main industrial parts of the world there are some hopeful trends, they add.
The reorganisation that the

company has carried out over pentive position in the difficult the past two years, involving a trading conditions of 1983 and 21 per cent reduction in person-

will return to prosperity when nel levels and elimination of the world economic recovery is branches and facilities not likely translated into an upturn in de- to be profitable in the foreseeable mand in the construction and future, bas made the group more cost efficient and more The trading pattern of the first effective. It is thus, the directors few months of 1983 suggests that state, well placed to meet demands of the market-place when they arise.

Net assets attributable

ordinary sbareholders amounted to £59.7m at the end of 1982, equivalent to 75p per share. Stocks and debtors were £171.2m (£187m). However, if the 1981 figures were taken at 1982 rates of exchange the would baya been

greater at £24m. geographical analysis of trading profits shows (£000s omitted) UK £7,871 (£7,826); Rest of Europe £896 (loss £44); Africa £2.074 (£2,925): Australia (£3,342); Asia £664 (£583); North America £603

(£4,446).

Grampian TV rises to £768,000

Levy from £188,000 to £6,000 earnings per ordinary and "A" helped Grampian Tetevision to raise pre-tax profits for the year to February 28, 1983 from £642,000 to £768,000. First-half taxable figures of this North of Scotland television programme contractor had risen by £46,000 to £302,000.

The board cautions bowever that the current year could see a modest reduction in profits. During the coming 12 months, the company will have to bear the cost of Channel 4 for the full period, service an increased bank loan and carry certain preliminary expenses relating to the Inverness operation.

The dividend for the year 1982-83 is being raised from 3.25p to 3.6p net per share with programme charges, ITN, special £741,000 (£5,000).

capitalisation, now over £50m

Applications at or above the

350p striking price exceeded the

offer 4.3 times. There will be

5.400 a)lotments of shares and

successful applicants will he

informed on April 28 when deal-

ings are expected to commence.
Allocation will be 100 shares

to applications of 400 shares or

less; 25 per cent to applications between 500 and 10,000 shares;

and 20 per cent up to a maximum of 50,000, to applications

for 15,000 shares or more.

Stylo holds

dividend as

profits slip

Second-balf pre-tax profits at Style were down from £1.53m

to £1.45m, and figures for the 52

Sales of this West Yorkshire

footwear retailer and whole

saler, manufacturer of sports

footwear and retailer of clothing and bousehold wares, improved

The dividend is unchanged at

The pre-tax figure was struck

after interest charges up from

£996,000 to £1.14m. Tax charged

was unchanged at £157,000. There was an extraordinary

debit of £85,000 compared with

a credit of £86,000. Stated earn-

ings per 25p ahare were down from 6.39p to 5.87p.

from £44.01m to £49.6m.

including deferred sbares.

Octopus

SHARP cut in Exchequer a final of 2.5p (2.25p). Stated events and films are all based ordinary non-voting share showed however, a reduction has grown considerably, from 13.1p to 12.3p, after a bigher tax charge of £215,000 (£54.000).

Explaining the cut in the year's Exchequar Levy, the board says the raising of the threshold during the year from £250,000 to £650,000 considerably reduced the company's Levy commitment this time. Turnover for the year climbed

by some 25 per cent from £8.95m to £11.21m. This substantial increase in revenue was largely due to higher advertising salesalthough this success has contri-

buted to higher costs.

In current cost terms, group
Grampian's share of network pre-tax profits came out at

on the company's network revenue, which the hoard says factor affecting costs was the

advent of Channel 4. In the year under review, the company had to pay a subscription of £178,500 to help finance the new channel while it produced little revenue. television operation slipped from £695,238 to £587,809, but Glenhurnie Properties raised Its contribution from £152,467 to £181,125. Blenheim Travel, which began trading 16 months ago, showed a profit of £4,712 for the year. In current cost terms, group

Photax losses mount as heavily over photographic spending falls subscribed

Octopus Publishing Group way by Photax (London) reduction in stock levels. which specialises in own brand months of 1982 and the company books for major retailers like Marks & Spencer, has been finished the year £296,000 in the beavily over subscribed for its offer for sale by tender.

N. M. Rothschild has set a over of this photographic equipment manufacturer and importer photography contracted confell from £6.33m to £4.78m. photography contracted considerably and there was also destriking price of 350p per 20p share compared with the minimum tender price of 275p adding £10m to lts market

The directors say the loss crisis which finally reached the photographic trade. At the midyear stage, the company reported a pre-tax deficit of £43,000 (£251,000 profit). No interim dividend was paid and now the final is also omitted—in 1981 payments totalled 3.5p.

been a substantial recovery in and the Deutsche mark, sales in the first four months, in There was a tax or sales in the first four months, in There was a tax credit of apite of the continuing intensity £161,000 (£116,000 charge) for of competition for camera the year and loss per 25p share husiness. Bank indebtedness bas came out at 9.5p, as against been materially reduced by tha earnings of 13.5p in 1981.

THE LOSSES reported at half- upturn in sales, together with a the directors warn that it is still too early in the year to be confident of the timing red, as against a pre-tax profit of the company's return to satis-of £409,000 previously. Turn- factory profitability. In 1982, consumer spending on

stocking in High Street shops. Towards the end of the year there was a drastic fall in value of sterling on the inter-national market. The directors say this was particularly damaging for Photax as some & per ceot of the products it dis-tributes are paid for in two of the currencies, which bave most This year, bowever, there bas strengtheoed—the Japanese yea

Allebone back in profit and resumes dividends

FOLLOWING reduced losses at £74,000 to £139,000.
mid-term, Allebone & Sons, footwear retailer and manufacturer, returned to profit for the year to January 31, 1983 and is returning to the divideod list with a weeks to January 29, 1983 declined by £54,000 to £770,000. net paymant of 0.5p.

Loses were cut from £282,000 to £156,000 at balfway and the pre-tax profit for the 12 months is £91,000. This compares with a deficit of £700,000 which was struck after an exceptional charge of £469,000.

The directors say that, after the major restructuring of the last two years, Tandem Sboes, the group's retailing subsidiary, reduced its operating loss from £305,000 to £48,000 on turnover

Total group turnover amoun-

ted to £14.24m (£14.55m) and trading pronts were £31,000 to £243,000. Interest absorbed £152,000 trading profits were ahead from charges absorbed £152,000 (£262,000) and tax took £16,000 (nil). Earnings were 1p (9.6p loss) per ahare.

Below the line there were extraordinary credits of £13,000 (£189,000 debits) and this resulted in an attributable profit of £88,000 (£889,000 loss). Dividends cost £36,000 with £52,000 being retained.

of £10.3m (£11.6m).

A. & S. (Footwear), the manufacturing side of the business, to the shareholders of Lendon increased its sales from £2.9m and Scottish Marine Oil over 98 to £3.9m and lifted profits from per cent have been taken up.

Another cash call by Spirax Sarco

Spirax-Sarco Engineering, the steam and hot water cootrol equipment specialist, yesterday launched a £16.65m rights issue to cover most of the costs of a U.S. acquisition announced last

The issue, the fourth in eight years, comprises an offer of one share at a price of 178p, for every four shares held. The share price fell yesterday by 8p

Spirax-Sarco'a £20m acquisition of the Sarco Division from White Consolidated Industries in Obio will be financed tem porarily from cash and bank borrowings when the cash is paid out next week, following an Extraordinary General Meeting on Thursday. Acceptances of the rights issue must be received by May 24. The issue has been underwritten hy J. Henry Schroder Wagg and brokers are Phillips and Drew.

have been met the issue of 9.35m shares will provide Spirax-Sarco with about £16m, sufficient to wipe out its borrowings and leave it with net cash totalling about £4m.
Mr Anthony Brown, the chair-

man, said the issue would allow the company to finance future economy would require. Cbeltenham-based company's results for 1982, announced three weeks ago, showed an increase in pre-tax profits from £7.35m in 1981 to £8.5m on a turnover of £47.8m (£42.8m).

The U.S. Sarco division, which manufactures steam traps and temperature and pressure regula-tors, used to belong to the same group as Spirax-Sarco until 1952.

comment

Spirax-Sarco shareholdes have hecome accustomed to regular whip-rounds over the last eight years and the resilience during the recession of what is a little cause for complaint. But even on the most optimistic assumptions for the profits contribution from the Sarco division, sbarebolders will face significant dilution in their earnings this year. They may why the company ment has such an management has such an aversion to loan capital in any form, particularly now that it is making optimistic noises about an upturn. The U.S. acquisition increases the company's exposure even more to the energy-conservation field—and energy conservation was one of the factors behind the upsurge in its profitability in the mid-70s, But the management refuses to give any indication as to how sensitive its sales might be to a slump in the price of oil and the resulting apathy amongst industrialists governments towards energy example, how much does it depend on acquiring new business as opposed to re-supplying existing customers? If the company can achieve pre-tax profits this year of £10.5m, the ex-rights share price is a high 17 times the fully-taxed diluted

Helene of London ahead at £0.54m

An increase from £504.091 to £543,390 in pre-tax profits is re-ported by Relene of London. The directors of this manufacturer of fashion and leisure year, say the figures are as anti-

At the interim stage there was 2 £50,000 increase to £253,000 in In March 1983 the company ex-tended its children's wear divi-

sion by the acquisition of the trading assets of the children's coat company. LC (Tailorwear).

The directors say the seasonal nature of this trade together with other non-recurring factors)
will cause a reduction in the company's first half profits, but they anticipate that its heneficial influence in the second half, accompanied by the signs of general improvement in business that are becoming noticeable, will signal the beginning of the recovery towards the group's pre-recession level. With this in mind, they are recommending an unchanged final dividend of 1.11p for a same again total of 1.48p net. Tax charged for the year was up from £211,000 to £242,000.

After minority debits of £1.669 (£20,587 credits), and extra-ordinary debits of £89,236 (£40,000 credits), net profits at £210,485 compared with £353,678 Stated earnings per 10p sbare were 1.4p (1.5p).

English Association bids £4m for West Coast Trust

West Coast and Texas Regional Investment Trust, which recently escaped a unitisation proposal from Arbuthnot Securities, is now the object of a £4.23m bid from The English Association. The Association, a fast-grow-

ing merchant banking and financial services group, announced yesterday it had built up a 45.4 per cent stake in West Coast, including Arbuthnot's 12 per cent holding. West Coast invests mainly in U.S. sbares. The Association is now offer-

ing 141p for each of the 1.64m ordinary 10p sbares it does not already own. The Association plans to retain a 20-25 per cent stake and to place the remaining shares with institutions. West Coast's shares rose 1p yesterday to 142p. The Association was keen to

add a publicly-quoted trust to its investment range, said Mr Christopher Spence, a director. manages nearly lt already £100m worth of funds, a quarter of them in the U.S.

The full bid was made after the Association the Association yesterday acquired the 18.9 per cent holding in West Coast owned by the Colonial Mutual Life Assurance

"We bought the Arbnthnot of the trust.

stake last Friday and were obliged by the seven-day rule to wait before we bought the Colonial shares," said Mr Spence. "We were really biting our fingernails that someone else would come along." The offer is equal to 90.4 per

cent of the net asset value of West Coast on March 26. Mr R. E. Henbest of Williams and Glyn's, secretary to the board of West Coast, described the offer as "miserly" but conceded that the 45.4 per cent bolding put the Association io a strong position.

Baring Brothers, the merchant

bank which is advising West Coast, said it was slightly unfor a bid for an investment trust to be made at a fixed formula relating to the price. The firmness of Wall Street since the offer price was calculated might mean it would be ance of an offer at that price,

The Association is not making any offer for the 299,930 war-rants conferring rights to sub-scribe to ordinary sbares. It plans for West Coast to re-main an authorised investment trust specialising in the securi-ties of U.S. companies. The Association will take over as manager

It is seeking early discussions with the West Coast board about the offer. The Atlantic, Baltimore and

Chicago Investment Trust, a sister trust of West Coast, which is also managed by Williams and Glyn's is also subject to a take-over bld, from Morgan Credit a Kuwaiti-backed consortium.

Morgan has offered 138% p per share and has captured 26.33 per cent of Atlanta while also claiming it has received further offers to sell which take its atake to 47 per cent. The Association sold its stake in Atlanta to Morgan.

London and Manchester Group, the ordinary and Industrial life assurance company, yesterday announced plans to unitise British industries and Investment General (BIGIT).

London and Manchester has requestioned the BIGIT board to convene an extraordinary general meeting at which a resolution will be proposed requiring the board to submit a scheme of

The original proposal unitise was put to BIGIT last December but was rejected. Lon-don and Manchester owns or controls 17.3 per cent of BIGIT, which had net assets of £8.78m

OFT to discuss Sotheby's bid Mr Marshall Cogan, one of the options open to it and it would

THE MERGERS panel of the Office of Fair Trading (OFT) expects to discuss the £61m hid from two wealthy American businessmen for Sotheby's, the meeting early next week.

The bid will be considered by the panel because it involves assets—at Sotheby's—of more than £15m, the OFT said.

"The suitability of the per-sons involved could be something we would look at if we thought it was important," spokeswomen added.

did not amount to an admission of guilt to the alleged offence.

two bidders, consented in 1974 respond in full early next week, to the nezorizated settlement of it strongly advised shareto the negotiated settlement of It strongly advised share-a Securities and Exchange Com-mission complaint though this moment. Mr Cogan and his partner Mr

Stephen Swid are barred from The OFT panel would then buying any more shares in pass its recommendation on to Sotheby's until Tuesday at the Secretary of State for Trade who earliest under the U.S. Hartwould decide whether to refer Scott-Rodino Anti-trust Improve-it to the Monopolies and Mergers ments Act of 1976.

Commission.

Sotheby's shares rose 5p yesMr Gordon Brunton, chairman terday to 510p, 10p below the of Sothehy a told shareholders in offer price. The Americans a letter vesterday that the com- already hold 13.9 per cent of

Australians block Cadbury bid

to foreign investment proposals was confirmed yesterday when the new Labor Government blocked an AS48.4m (£27.1m) takeover bid for Allen's Confectionery, writes Michael Thomp-son Noel in Sydney. The hid bad been launched by the UK-controlled Cadbury-Schweppes Australia in partnership with the Anstralian-owned Nelson Tobacco Company.

Mr Paul Keating, the Federal Treasurer, said the proposal was inconsistent with Australia's foreign investment policy, in that it would bave significantly increased the level of foreign ownership and control of local confectiooery manufacturing. Earlier this week, the Government blocked a move by Unilever Australia to acquire two businesses owned Elders IXL. That deal would have been worth almost AS60m. The Government bas not spelt out a detailed change of policy,

Cadbury-Schweppes Australia firm up or be withdrawn.

Said it was disappointed with "Once United Newspapers Benn's ahares rose 15p to 185p tha decision, but added that it had thrown their bat into the following yesterday's announcemight consider re-submitting its ring, I would bave been ment,

ment Review Board.

Cadbury Australia, which is 62
per cent-owned by the UK group, and Nesion Neison, a private company, already hold 11.3 per cent allen's equity.

Life Savers (Australia) holds
19 per cent, while Rothmans of Pall Mall (Australia) owns 14.9
per cent. Rowntree Hoadley and the Singapore property investor, Mr Jack Chia, bave about 5 per cent each.

shire Post. The Benn board has advised

on the offer document which United Newspapers has posted chairman said none of the negotiations had reached "the stage out a detailed change of policy, where we need to say publicly but it is clear it is enforcing who they are." He said "there some of the existing offers may

management's cost-cutting crusade, these effects are likely

3.05

More suitors for Benn

terday that It bad received a number of approaches from other parties following last write to sbareholders advising week's fillm share bid for the company by United Newspapers, the offer's first closing date. The other parties of Purch and the Vork-united bid bas the backing of RELL & SIME. Mr Timothy Benn, who was chairman of Benn Brothers until sharebolders to take no action he was ousted after a boardroom row last December.

He got together 10 family to them, pending the outcome of sharebolders owning 13 per cent discussions with its new suitors. of the equity to give United, Mr Malcolm Lowe, Beno's with the shares it already held, a 14.5 per cent stake from which to launch its oid. out a detailed change of policy, where we need to say publicly United made a 1982 pre-tax but it is clear it is enforcing who they are." He said "there profit of £900,000 on the £8m existing guidelines much more will be others coming in," while turnover of its magazine business, while Benn made f1.24m on a turnover of £16m.

Caparo may lift offer for Barton to 42.5p

Financial Times Saturday April 23 1983

THE BOARDS of Caparo Indo-tries and Barton Group yesterday announced that discussions are taking place which may lead to Capero raising its offer for Barton to 42.5p cash, per share.
The new offer, which would be worth £10.15m, compares with Caparo's cash bid lest week of 33 p per share, worth £7.9m.
Caparo is & steel stockholding, industrial services, engineering and property group Barton, a Birmingham-based tubing, industrial services and engineering group, rejected the earlier offer

on the grounds that it was inadequate. Caparo yesterday built up its stake in two other related com-panies. It purchased 150,000 ordinary shares in Brockhouse, the West Bromwich engineering transport, building and materials handling and equipment manufacturing company, raising its stake to 1.74m shares, represent-

ing 10 per cent of the group's ordinary equity. The move accompanied Caparo's acquisition of 100,000 ordinary shares in Richardsons Westgarth, the London based engineers and stockholders, increasing its stake in that com-pany to nearly 19 per cent. The Barton offer is subject to the group confirming its 1982 results and producing a profits

results and producing a profits forecast for the current year satisfactory to Caparo. A further aunouncement is expected to be made early next Month:

Barton's preliminary results show a 61 per cent decline in pre-tax profits to £40.000, with turnover down from £49.3m to £47.7m over the year.

The earlier effer was triggered when Caparo agreed to buy from Staveley Industries its 10.5 per cent stake an Barton. Caparo already beld a 20.5 per cent share in the company, so the new

share in the company, so the new purchase pushed its state above the 30 per cent limit, beyond which a full bid becomes compulsory.

POLINT

HIGHGATE OPTICAL Extent Optical and Industrial has received acceptances in respect of 1,248,350 ordinary shares in Highgate Optical (16.13

per cent) in respect of its cash offer of 23p per share. This comprised acceptances in respect of 1,245,620 shares (fil per cent) from the directors and certain shareholders who gave irrevocable undertakings to accept the offer, and acceptances in respect of 2,730 shares (0.13 per cent) from other share-holders. These 2.730 shares will be placed with clients of

Heseltine Moss.
Although the sale of Bracecard, a subsidiary of Highgate, to Noticeward was approved at an EGM on April 15, formal completion has not yet taken place: Until then, Exent's offer for Highgate shares cannot be

BELL & SIME Acceptances have been ordinary shares in Rell and Sime which, together with the 119,600 held hy John Fleming prior to the offer, represent 96.5 per cent of the issued ordinary share

preference shares (90.726 per cent).
John Fleming does not at present bold any preference shares. A capital reorganisation of the ordinary share capital of Bell

pensate for the pressure nn

price, and business in other

South Africa and Australia has

beld up. Estimates for Bine Circle's 1982 results due on

Thursday range from £30m to a more optimistic £96m.

and construction business has had another good year. Profits

for the year to December 31, due on Tuesday, are expected to be up about 25 per cent to £65m. The share price has outperformed the market by 31.32 per cent through these has been been about the share her been about the share her been as a share the share t

per cent though there has been

some weakness against the sector in the last quarter. It is

highly rated, based on the good

performance of the management

over the last few years. The latest major development was the acquisition of Hoveringham,

integrated smoothly into Tarmac'a quarry products divi-sion and expected to make a full year contribution of up to £6m

to group profits.

Also due to report next week

Nay.

Tarmac the buildings products

of the world including

has been approved.

parts

Acceptances have also been

received in respect of 45,363

Results due next week

chairman, Mr John Harvey-Jones, told the company's annual general meeting on Thursday that ICI's first-quarter figures to the end of March, due next Thursday, will show a "distinct improvement" on those of any quarter in 1982, when pre-tax profits for the year slumped to a 10-year low of £259m. The primary reason for the improve-ment appears to be an upsurge in demand in March experienced by the loss-making petrochemi-cals and plastics division. Pharmaceutical profits have been forging ahead while analysis expect the loss-making fibres and organics divisions to be breaking even this year. But with weak demand and depressad fertiliser prices persisting, agriculture is not expected to make much progress. Analysts have upgraded their forecasts for the upgraded their forecasts for the first quarter to between £90m and £115m pre tax (£1982 £62m) traditionally come in the second and to between £425m and £475m half and the effect of appalling weather on its UK housebuilding that the control is the second that are the control in the second weather on its UK housebuilding that the control is the second that are the control in At the interim stage, Jehn operations in early 1983 means

ing warned that substantial	Thursday'a	anous	I figur	ree w
erseas losses—chiefly due to	ре по ехс	eption	Total	Time to
stract problems in Venezuela	profits o			
rusce problems in remeassers	branta (, a	NO TE	£46m
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Company	ment .	Last	Algena (
. Company	due.	int.	year (his yes:
INAL DIVIDENDS	404	int.	Final	146
o Needles Group	Thursday .			
(Henry) and Sons	Friday	3.0	10.0	
Circle Industries	Thursday	5.75	11.75	3.0
ycote international	Monday	2.0		6.0
sey and Hawkes	Thursday .	1.9		-t -o .
Internatianal	Wednesday	0.1	=	Ξ.
rd (A.) and Sons	Monday	<u></u>		Q.1
pets International	Wednesday	=	1.25	· <u> </u>
rton (Holdings)		0.9317		
			5.0683	
ment Clark (Holdings)	Tuesday	1.2675		1.4375
e Discount Haldings	Tussday	_	1.5	1.3
Group	Friday	_	2.0	1.0
ies and Nawman Holdinga	Thursday		3.0	3.0
Vers Hotels and Restaurants		3.0	3.0	3.0
vinlebrae Haldings	Thursday	_	_	<u> </u>
ton Group	Tuesday	_	_	-
Group	Tuesday	1.072	3,428	1.5
		4.21	5.4t	4.25t
lish Hational Investment	Tuesday	1.75±		1.84
rell Electronics	Thursday	0.45	11	0.75
ish Hational Investment ish Hational Investment neil Electronics ht Refuelling (Holdings)	Veb2euT	0.93333		1.12
icis Industries	Thureday	2.0	3.0	1.0
merson Prep Invst and Odv Corp		3.0	9.0	3.0
kinsons Holdings	Friday	1,28571		1,5
kins and Horton	Monday	2.0	3.0	
en (I end J.)	Monday	-	0.1	2.0
g (John)	Thursday	-		1.0
ity	Friday	0.4	2.0	
ehell	Wadnasday	1.0		0.4
ehellg snd Hambly	Friday	<u></u> .		
borough Property Holdings	Wadsanday	=	0.4	
inainadii Linhailk Volcius — ricest.	4 Branches	_	V-4	-

-would wipe out group profits marginally up on last yearfor the year, following 1981's seem on the cards, compared advance to £6.2m. Few analysts with £6.2m at the interior. The now differ from that prognosis, main boost should come from a however, most forecasts see pre-tax profits on the UK side continued reduction in interest payments on the back of tighter advancing by around 9 per cent to £12m when the company pubcasb control and falling rates. A costly sales drive, however, is bound to put pressure on margins. The order hook is responding to the effort and to lisbes its annual results on Thursday. The domestic operations abould henefit from an estimated £420,000 loss elimination thanks to the disposal of the markat's revival, but Wimpey's conservative accounting policies mean the benefits will Lytag, the lightweight aggregates producer, and to bigber volumes at Super Homes, which should not show through until the current year. On that basis, analysts predict a 10 per cent increase in the flual dividend, giving a total of 3p nat. receive a filip from lower interest rates. Along with the new to become more marked in the current year. Uncertainties on the overseas front, bowever, mean the total dividend is likely to be maintained at 2,875p net

Bine Circle, the largest manufacturer of cement in the UK. threat of imports hanging over its domestic business while its Latin American operations, which contributed £45m to its £104m 1981 profits, struggle through the region's international debt crisis. The result has been that the share price has performed below the sector and the market as a whole But day). Ca the news is not all had. Volume (year-end,

neen mat ma snare buce	Also due to report next week
berrormed seron die 960.001.	STA N PARTIES (MARKET AND
the market as a wbole. But	
news is not all bad. Volume	
news to not an pag. Volume	
the UK has increased to com-	Hoover (first quarter, Thursday)
<u> </u>	Anopenos Dividend (p)* ment Lest year This year due Int. Final Int. Monday 0.76 1.75 1.25 Tugaday 15 2.76 1.65 Wadnesday 7.5
Company	ment Last year This year
	due int. Final int.
ocon Group	Monday : 0.75 1.75 1.25
n sno Tompkins Group	Tuesday 1.5 2.75 1.65
on	Tuesday 15 2.75 L65 Wadnesday — 0.75 Thursday 1.0 1.8 1.0 Monday 4.0 8.6 4.0 Tuesday 0.9 0.8 0.6 Tuesday —
wengnt Holologe	Thursday 1.0 1.8 1.0
os Eugliseaung.	Monday 4.0 8.6 4.0
gsby (H. C.)	Tuesday DE DE DE
citors Law Stationery Society	Tuesday
light Service Group	Friday 0.6 2.775 0.75
A8C	Tugsday 79 02. 27
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ed Friendly Insurance	Monday
nson T-Line Caravane Iff Corporation of Friendly Insurance ng Resources Trust	Manday 2.75 6.75 3.06
tman Reeve Ancal	Monosy - 0.4 0.4 0.4
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nate Property Jeventment	Monday 0.4 0.4 0.4 Thursday 1.8 3.2 2.7 Thursday 0.85 1.96 0.85 Monday 0.85 1.22 0.85 Thursday 1.0 1.5 1.0
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terim Dividends ston (Sir Joseph) and Sons ston (Sir Joseph) and Sons ston Assats Trust on and Prov Skap Cantres (Hidge) s (S.)	Triday 0.7835 1.35
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uel Properties	Thursday 13 22
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Aurora reconstructs as losses continue

Aurora is in need of a capital reconflistruction. Prior to the announcement of this, and further losses for 1982, dealings in its shares were suspended

yesterday. During the last two years the group has suffered losses of more than £23m from its special steel manufacturing activities, which are being discontinued. These losses consist of a trading deficit and rationalisation costs associated with the transfer of operations to a single site at Openshaw and its subsequent

As a result the directors say the company now needs to rowings have been contained at restructure its capital in order a level within available facilito operate within an acceptable ties. Calculated for the purposes financial structure. Discussions of Articles of Association, the

institutional investors with a £5.3m. view to secure an injection of capital to put the financial footing.

Meanwhile, undertaken to maintain its exist- limits. ing lines of credit while these talks take place. Following the losses and consequent capital erosion, net

assets have been reduced to less

than half the company's called

up capital. In these circumstances an EGM has been convened for May 17. The directors state that £103.43m (£113.6m). Continuing despite substantial losses, bor husinesses made an operating

However, diminuation of the (£330,000) share of company with borrowings con-Accordingly, at the proposed

EGM, two resolutions will be put, one to ratify all borrowings in excess of limits and the other to temporarily substitute new borrowing limits which approximate the group's current facilifor 1982 totalled Sales

profit of £4.85m (£6.65m), while those activities and or being

discontinued incurred losses of

£3.78m (£5.77m).

£300.000 group's capital base, occasioned the company found itself £3.85m structure on a sound permanent by losses incurred, has left the (25.24m) in the red, subject to tax of £458,000 (£1.08m). The Barclays has siderably in excess of authorised loss per 25p share is stated at maintain its exist- limits. 23.46p (32.96p). Provisions for the estimated closure costs of operations at

Openshaw are included in extraordinary debits of £13.39m (£5.42m) which resulted, together with currency losses of £43,000 (£457,000 gains), in a total deficit of £17.74m (£8.71m). . The special ateel distribution activity of Aurora Steels is being continued in Birmingham, while businesses sold include J. Stead

and Company, during 1982, and

Anderson International, Ander

SUMMARY OF THE WEEK'S COMPANY NEWS

Bids and deals for Bath

Saturday April 1

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THE BOARDS A

Rowntree Mackintesh embarked on its long-awaited U.S. enpansion with the 1140m purchase of Toms Foods, a crisps and stack foods manufacturer, from General Mills. The deal represents Ruwniree's largest-ever acquisition and marks a substantial

expansion of its snack foods activities.

Tate of Leeds, the Ford main dealer, announced a possible offer for the outstanding shares in the company not already owned by chairman. Thomas Tate and other family interests. The company said it was engaged in discussions concerning its longterm future and also announced the acquisition of oil and gas interests in West Virgania and Louisiana.

Humphries Holdings, the 75 per cent-owned quoted subsidiary. of British Electric Traction, received an approach from Technicolor which may lead to an offer for the motion films developer and printer.

The Take-over Panel stepped in to block a proposed bid from Canada Northwest Petroleum for Marinex Petroleum, the UK o and gas exploration group. The Panel refused to approve conditional agreement between two of Mariner's directors, both from the U.S., which would have given Canada Northwest contr of their shareholdings amounting to 50 per cent of the company equity. Following its announcement of a proposed tender off for the remaining shares, Canada Northwest stated that It wou make no offer for the time being

Company		Market price**		Value of bid Sm's**	Bidder
Pr	ioes in p	ence unle	s (therw		
berthaw Cement	7602	640	420		Bine Circle
lpine Hldgs	156	146	97	17.95	Kenn & Scott
ndrsn Strthelyde	200*	196	. 179		Charter Cons
ngio Met .	· 900 ·	. 90	80 .	5.31	Atlantic Met
ustin (E.)	60*	32xc	50		Caparo Inds
ustin (James)	87	86		3.91	Trumans Steel
arton Group	421	42	32	10.20	
ell & Sime	160*\$	155	136	0.45	Fleming (J.)
enn Bros	160	185	150	10.73	Utd Newspapers
ilton (P.)	247	286	262	92.4	Trust See
rotherhood (P.)	134	13	. 26	0.61	Thermo Electron
. Coast & Teras	141*5	142	141	4.23	English Assoc
ope Allman	60*\$	60	- 58	23.7	Dowable
rest Int	131	101	13	4.69	Kwik-Fit
avenport Brwy	29555	295	246	23.93	Wolv Dudley
ollands .	374*	150	- 70	0.15	A. P. Ward &
		1.12.			N. Fetterman
din & Gen Ins	28	22	13	5.12	Mills & Allen Intl
leal	£38°.	£36	£16	4.80	Habitat Mthreare
ighgate Optical	23*	63	-35	0.47	Exent
eavons Eng	79	72	62	4.42	Newman-Touks
elsure Inds	382	338	290	7.64	Riley Leisure
rD	16*	18	14	0.30	East Anglian Secs
ron Off	119	155	66	16.10	Clyde Pet
cond City Prop	7511	71	60 .	17.66	Beazer (C. H.)
theby P.B.	520*	510 .	490	59.7	Felt Ind/Knoll Int
cetley	201	212	153	122.9	Reporth Ceramic

Company bid for			Price before hid	Value of bid £m's**	Bidder
Smarle Surman Vily Tea	60°5 14811 206	100 140 190	70 123	1.18	Afcor Invs Rightwise
Tilling (T.) Trident TV A UDS	80155 130	914 135	176 104 89	599.4 1.23 247.9	Preasurama Bassishaw Invs
UDS	136	135	110		Hanson Trust

*All cash after. † Cash alternative. † Partial bid. § For capital not already, held. ** Based on April 22 1983. †† At suspension. †† Estimated. §§ Shares and cash. §§ Unconditional. • Loan stock alternative.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Company	Year Pre-tax profit to (£000)			Earnings* Dividends* per share (p)				
Aberthaw Cement	Ties	3.130	(3,190)	61.1	(61.1)		(-)	
Aguascutum Gro	Jan	333	(1,080)	1.9	(3.9)	2.05	(2.05	
Argyle Trust	Dec	609	(692)	2.7	(1.6)	1.0	(-)	
Arrow Chemicals		360	(146)	21	(3.0)	1.0	(—)	
Automotive Prods		14.110L		~~	(—)	0.5	(3.0)	
Bank of Scotland		45.400	(47,400)	1179		24.D	(21.0	
Bardsey	Dec	250L	(842)		(2.3)	0.1	(0.3)	
Barrow Hepburn	Dec	865	(1.840)	23	(3.9)	2.2	(2.2)	
Bentails	Jan	2.110	(2.035)	29	(3.7)	1.6	(1.5)	
Biddle Holdings	Dec	1,710	(1.510)	23,3	(21.6)	10.0	(9.0)	
Black (A&C)	Dec	335	(122)	32.5	(11.7)	7.5	(5.38)	
Blockleys	Dec	652	(405)	18.5	(15.5)	10.0	(7.3)	
Boustead	Dec	452	(1,420)		(1.3)	1.25	(1.25	
Bramall (CD)	Dec	1,950	(2,110)		(25.1)	6.0	(6.0)	
British Syphon	Dec	467L			(—)	0.5	(1.0)	
Brixton Estate	Dec	7,076	(6,134)		(5.0)	4.0	(3.5)	
Camrex Ilidgs	Dec	802	(837)	6.0	(5.2)	4.02	(4.02	
Chesterfield Props	Dec	5,020	(4,310)		(10.4)	8.25	(7.25	
Clarke Nickolis	Dec	713	(1,190)	14.0	(21.7)	5.0	(4.5)	
Combined English		1,750	(2,681)	1.6	(3.6)	1.82	(3.15	
Cory (Horace)	Dec	368	(206)	2.0	(2.0)	1.4	(L1)	
Crowther (John)		46	(270)1			5.75	() (4.95	
Currys Group	Jan	15,080	(11,270)	20.8	(18.8) (15.6)		(2.9)	
Cussins Property Danish Bacon	Dec Dec	1,300 957L	(1,250) (580)	14.6	(12.0)	6.1 0.1	(3.5)	
Dixor-Strand	Sept	9971	(92)1	LIS	(-)	-	()	
Dincan (Walter)	Dec	549	(675)	28.3	(31.7)	12.0	(120	
Dunlop Holdings	Dec	7.000L		202	(-)	2.0		
Emray		195		1.7				
	Dec		(201)	1.1	(1.2)	0.5	(0.5)	
Feb International		862	(909)		(7.0)	2.4	(2.25	
Fogarty.	Dec	12L	(1,320)	-	(6.3)	4.02	(4.02)	
Garfunkels	Jan	. 321	(82)	-8.4	(—)		(—)	
Haden	Dec	8,620	(7.680)	32.2	(30.1)	'& 63	(7.5)	
Hambro Life	Dec	19,510+	(16,780)				(11.5	
Harrison Cowley		558	(520)	5.1		4.2	(3.85	
Hawker Siddeley		116,200 ((40.1)	9.8	(9.3)	
Hunting Petrim	Dec	7,140	(7,490)	33.6	(39.2)	8.0	(7.5)	
Jerome (S.)	Dec	22	(520)	3.4	(6.8)	2.68	(2.59)	
Laporte Inds	Jan	20,692	(15,212)	19.7	(10.8)	8.75	(7.0)	

Company	Year		x profit 000)	2.27	nings* per sh	are (b	dends*
Lawrence (Witr)	Dec	2,240	(1,840)	40.5	(33.2)	9.3	(8.25)
Leyland Paint	Dec	2.990L		_	(2.2)	_	(1,5)
Lilley (F. J. C.)	Jan ·	11,030	(7,810)	19.1	(20.6)	6.05	(5.5)
L&C Advertising	Dec '	410	(318)	1.3	(1.1)	0.2	(0.15)
Maclellan (P&W)	Dec	317	(339)	3.0	(3.9)	1.5	(1.43)
Marshall (Thos)	Dec	637L	(783)	_	(11.3)	1.2	(2.8)
Midland Inds	Dec	551	(768)	3.5	(5.3)	2.6	(2.6)
Miller (F.)	Feb	2.440	(2.390)	8.0	(7.7)	2.7	(2.44)
Minet Holdings	Dec	17.800	(14,750)	10.5	(10.2)	4.55	(3.8)
Myson Group	Dec	1,300	(7.100)	L 21	(—)	_	(-)
M.Y. Dart	Dec	619L			(-)	0.1	(182)
Nell & Spencer	Nov		(1,450)		(-)	_	(-)
Owen Owen	Jan	1.650L			(—)	3.0	(3.0)
Parambe	Dec .	68	(55)	1.2	(0.9)	0.8	(0.7)
Perry (Harold)	Dec	3,160	(3,720)	12.8	(13.4)	3.75	(3.75)
RMC Group	Dec		(41,670)	25.6	(26.9)	10.2	(9.5)
Savoy Hotel	Dec	1.820	(604)]		(21.8)	14	(1.15)
Scottish Mortgage		_	(6,190)	5.4	(5.3)	5.8	(5.3)
Scottisb TV	Dec	1.890	(2,333)	16.7	(28.4)	7.35	(7.0)
Smallshaw (R.)	Dec	1935	(153)	6.89	(5.4)	2.25	(1.75)
Smith (W. H.)	Jan	26,710	(21,170)	17.3	(14.9)	6.0	(5.25)
Stanley (A. G.)	Jan	97	(2,160)	_	(7.4)	1.0	(2.5)
Steel Brothers	Dec	10,020	(7,810)	51.7	(41.2)	11.5	(9.6)
Sun Life	Dec	8,480	(6,970)	13.4	(11.2)	13.4	(11.0)
Supra Group	Nov	63L	(658)	0.2	(23)	1.9	(1.82)
Tale of Leeds	Dec	574	(611)	43.2	(42.6)	1.25	(1.25)
Tharsis	Dec	512	(383)	16.6	112.1)	2.1	(1.75)
Titbury	Dec	2,510	(2,180)	14.6	(13.6)	5.0	(4.17)
Toye	Dec	130	(44)	5.0	(5.6)	1.75	(1.75)
Twinlock	Fob	1,070	(563)	3.4	(1.5)	0.9	(-)
United Parcels	Jan	6,730	(6,050)	8.9	(8.0)	2.55	(2.25)
Wadkin	Jan	948L		_	(_)	0.5	(0.5)
Websters Group	Dec	1,460	(1,140)	4.5	(2.8)		(2.5)
Woolworth Hidgs	Jan	20,500	(—)t		(-)	—	(-)
York Trailer	Dec	31 L	(1,220)	<u> </u>	(—)	_	()

Offers for sale, placings and introductions

City of Bristol issue of £35m of 114 per cent stock redeemable in

2008 at £98 per ceot.

Microlease has joined the Unlisted Securities Market via a placing *I. J. Dewhirst: One for four. of \$20,000 at 94p per share.

Mnemos is coming to the USM via an introduction.

Interim dividends Half-year Pre-tax profit

INTERIM STATEMENTS

Company	to	(£()00)	per share (p)		
Adwest Group	Dec	2,400	(2,260)	2.1	(2.1)	
Casket (S.)	Dec	281	(256)	0.5	(0.5)	
Cradley Print	Dec	266	(280)	_	(—)	
Dewhurst Dent	Jan	11	(78)L	_	(—)	
Dubilier	March	1,200	(900)	0.9	(0.78)	
Highland Eletres	Oct	201	(38)	_	()	
Kwik Save	Feb	12,330	(10,680)	23	(2.0)	
Linread	Jan	355L	(150)	· —	(- -)	
McKeehnle Bros	Jan	5,500	(5,030)	2.0	(2.0)	
New Cavendish	Dec	63L	(S)	_	(-)	
Nth Sea Assets	March	277	(310)	<u>-</u>	(-)	
Ragian Property	Sept	109	(122)	_	<u>(—)</u>	
SI Gropp	Dec	426	(195)	0.38	(0.3)	
Ulster TV	Jan ·	461	(397)	3.7	(3.3)	
Wade Potteries	Jan	261	(52)	0.55	(0.5)	

(Figures in parentheses are for the corresponding period) *Divideods are shown net except where otherwise stated. † Actuarial surplus. ‡ Calculated on actuarial surplus. § Gross profit. For 15 months. || For previous year. a For previous 18 months. b No comparable figure.

Rights Issues

Atlantic Resources is raising IE4.984m via a rights issue on the basis of four for five at 80p per share.

Combined Technologies Corporation is raising £5.227m via a one for five rights issue at 42p per share.

Bublier is making a one for four rights issue at 85p per share to raise £5.493m

raise £5.493m. Eastorn Produce (Holdings) is raising £2.75m through 8 rights issue

of 10; per ceot convertible unsecured loan stock 1997/2002, at par. The basis of the issue is £1 nominal of stock for every four ordinary shares and £3 nominal for every four warrants.

* Gnest, Keen and Nettlefolds is raising £80.091m via a one for three rights issue at 145p per share.

* Immediate Business Systems is making a one for four rights issue at 1980 per share to raise £2.673m.

st 198p per share to raise £2.673m.

* Mellins is making a rights issue on the basis of one for six at 100p to raise £619.393. Myson Group proposes to raise £4.14m by way of a rights issue on the basis of two for nine at 45p per share. * From last week

Scrip Issues

London Brick: One for one. F. J. C. Lilley: One for one.

F. Miller (Textiles): One for one. W. H. Smith and Son (Holdings): One for ono. Tilbury Group: coe for four.

APPOINTMENTS

Mellor on Ford Motor board

dent car ongineering, Ford of Europe, has been appointed to the board of FORD MOTOR COM-PANY. He joined Ford at Dagenham in 1955 and subsequently held several positions joined Ford Credit as one of in the company's product the original team in 1964, and development received the product the original team in 1964, and the company are product the original team in 1964, and . WE .. development group at Dunton, was involved in establishing

Mr Ronald Mellor, vice-presi- Essex, before appointment to his

(Seamless Drawn Presswork, Oilcans and Elevator Buckets).

The Thirty-third Annual General Meeting of T. F. & J. H. Braime (Holdings) P.L.C. was held in Leeds on 22nd April. The Chairman, Mr. James L. Braime, presided and the following is his statement:—

Difficult trading conditions persisted throughout the year, nevertheless I am pleased to report an increase in turnover to £2,903,890 (1981—£2,492,680) and a trading profit before tax of 554.227 (1981—522.374). In spite of the gradual decline in interest rates throughout the year, investment income of £103,658 almost equals the £105,454 schieved in 1981. Gilt edgo securities were sold towards the end of the year giving rise to an extraordinary profit of £52,040.

Once again the co-operation of all employees throughout the year has enabled us to give a high standard of service to all our customers. I am pleased to express my thanks and appreciation for their support.

I regret to say that direct exports have again failed to match the level achieved in 1980, largely due to severe foreign competition and dopressed world markets.

Braime (E)evator Bnckets) Limited has again traded successfully and has made a useful contribution to the group.
We continue to spend modest sums on research and development with the object of opening up now markets for our products in the foreseeable future. Trading prospects in the early months of 1983 are not

oncouraging and compare with a similar period in 1981. Customers will no longer keep stocks, consequently manufacturing lead times need to be very short, making it extremely difficult to plan production offectively. A return to a more reasonable level of trading profit depends noon an improvement in demand for the specialised services we offer. . .

I am convinced that our patience and perseverance will ultimately be rewarded.

Mr. J. A. H. Braime, the Director retiring by rotation, was re-elected.

Ford Credit operations in Japan, New Zealand and the Far East.

Mr Michael R. M. Foster has been appointed to the board of COURAGE as marketing director from May 3. He joins from the Colgate-Palmolivo Corp where be was director of marketing for the Kendall Company, 2 Colgate-Palmolive subsidiary in the U.S. Hr David Claxton, managing director of Caurage Take Home Trade has also been appointed to the board of Courage from

Мау 3. INTERNATIONAL

chairman, and Mr Hans Jakob Kruse (Federal Republic of Ger-many) succeeded Sir Colin Goad (Liberia) as the other vice-chairman. Rear Admiral Benkert is president of the American Insti-Mr Kruse is chairman of Hapag-Lloyd AG.

Mr M. J. Box, Mr D. W. Fitz-simon, Nr V. C. MacColl, Mr N. Reed and Mr B. A. Skinner join the partnership of GREN-FELL AND COLEGRAVE, stockbrokers.

BABTIE GEOTECHNICAL is a geotechnical consultancy which bas been formed from the geo-technical section of Babtie Shaw CHAMBER OF SHIPPING was end Morton, consulting civil elected Six Adrian Swire as engineers Chairman is Mr David chairman, Sir Adrian, who has coats who, is currently also been acting chairman of ICS senior partner of Babtic Shaw

(formerly M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited)

Over-the-Counter Market Gross Yield

1	4	120	Ass. Sett. Ind. Ord	134	_	5.4	4.0	7.8	10.2
1	58	117	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	151	+ 1	10,0	6.8	-	_
	74	57	Airsprung Group	62x	5 —	5.1	2.8	17.7	17.7
	45	- 30	Armitaga & Rhodes	30		4.3	14.3	3.3	5.9
	20		Berden Hiff	320	+ 2	11.4	3.5	13.4	17.0
	43		· CCL 11gc Conv. Pret	143		15.7	11.0	_	
	70		Cindico Group	210		17.8	8.4	_	-
			Deborah Services		- 1	6.0	11.8	3.4	2.1
	88				-	5.0	1	8.1	. 8.7
	97		Frank Horsell		_				
	957,		Frank Horsell Pr Ord 87	9572	_	8.7	8.1	10.6	11.4
	83		Frederick Parker	62	_	_7.1	11.5	3.9	6.2
	55		George Blair	34				5.9	12.3
.1	00	74	Ind. Precieion Castings	78	1111	7.3	9.4	10,0	12.5
. 1	64	100	Isis Conv. Pref	184	+1	15.7	.2.6	_	_
1	44	- 94	Jackson Group	144	_	7.5	6.2	4.4	2.2
	12	111	James Surrough	212	+ 2	8.5	4.5	15.5	17.2
2		148	Robert Jenkins	152	_	20.0	13.2	1.7	24.1
- 7		54	Scruttons "A"	71	_	6.7	6.0	8.2	31.3
. 4	~		Torday & Carlists		_	11.4	2.9	5.2	8.8
	20	71	UnHock Holdings	26	+ 02	0.45	1.6		
	9	- 21			1.03	8.4	8.6	4.8	6.9
	85	-04	.Walter Alexander	-0/		17.1	6.6	4.1	8.5
2	70	214	W. S. Years	200				•	4.0
			Prices now sysilable	on PTE	aret ba	98 4514	19.		
_	_	<u>-</u> -		_			_		

SHARE STAKES

Whatlings - J. Robertson, a director, has sold 30,000 ordinary

Pearson and Son - The

shares, reducing holding to 72,500 (1.8125 per cent).

Dickinson Trust has disposed of 24,205 ordinary shares reducing belding to 5,606,163 shares. The Dickinson Trust and the Cowdray

Trust have disposed of a total of 39,372 ordinary shares reducing

bolding to 423,372 sbares. The

Cowdray Trust has acquired 1,289,344 ordinary shares increasing bolding to 4,861,967 shares. The Dickinson Trust has disposed of 1,289,344 ordinary shares reduction bolding to 4,238,913 wheres

4.338.819 shares.

Northern Goldsmiths —
Anthony Charles Glover, chairman and his family have acquired a further 37,340 ordi-

nary shares. Erith R. F. Erith, a director,

has acquired 100,000 ordinary shares increasing holding to 150,000. M. J. Shannon, a direc-

tor, in respect of his wife, bas acquired a total of 8,000 ordinary

Brixton Estate has placed £15m of 111 per cent first mortgage debenure stock 2018, at £99.782 per cent.

Spring Ram Corporation is placing 2.254m shares at 105p each on

Strikes Restaurants is joining the USM through a placing of *Wilson (Connolly) Holdings: One for one. 600,000 ordinary 10p shares at 47p per sbare. *From last week.

since the death of Lord Inverand Morton, Managing director
forth in June 1982, is deputy is Mr Paul Carter and the other
forth in June 1982, is deputy is Mr Paul Carter and the other
forth in June 1982, is deputy is Mr Paul Carter and the other
for over two years. The appoint
for over two years. MEMOREX UK. He bas been NESS MAHON LEASING and Sir Hnbert Newton has been national, where he is responsible LOEBL, re-elected chairman and Mr John for subsidiaries in Northern brokers. Europe, includiog the UK.

Quipp, elected deputy chairman for the onsuing year of the BRITANNIA BUILDING Mr Hugo Dunn-Meynell has ben appointed director general sponsorship department, will be of the INTERNATIONAL WINE AND FOOD SOCIETY.

* Mr John Gourley, oxecutive head of the National Theatre's sponsorship department, will be joining arts sponsorship consultants KALLAWAY as development director from May 16. Mr Peter J. Bates, director of AND FOOD SOCIETY.
sales and marketing for GLENEAGLES HOTELS, bas been appointed to the main hoard of a partner of W. GREEN

Mr K. M. Feeoy is to become a partner of W. GREENWELL &

Mabon and Co. Mr D. Briefley bas become a partner with MONTAGU, LOEBL, STANLEY & CO. stock-

J. Lyons and Co, food division the company.

CO, stockbrokers, on May 17.

Mr John Clarke has been appointed managing director of appointed a director of GUIN
spartner of W. GREENWELL & J. Lyons and Co, 1000 division managing of following board changes in He was much following board changes in He was much following board changes in He was much form June 1 Mr Keith R. Jamie
Bromley.

son becomes managing director, an assistant director of Guinnoss Sinco 1978 be has ben chairman and managing director of Baxters of Speyside; from May 1 Mr Stephen H. Alexander will be appointed a director with responsibility for special projects. He has been with Lyons Tetley since October 1982. Mr Frank Merry, 2n assistant managing director of Lyons and respon-sible for the grocery sector, remains chairman of Lyons Tetley.

> BSG INTERNATIONAL bas appointed Mr Peter Johnson as managing director of the main Ford dealership at Cheltenham. He was managing director of the company's dealorship st

Granville & Co. Limited

27/28 Lovat Lane London EC3R 6EB Telephone 01-621 1212

High	Low	Company	Price	Change	div. (p). %	Actual	taxed
142		Ass. Srtt. Ind. Ord	134	_	6.4	4.8	7.8	10.2
158	117	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	151	+ 1	10.0		-	_
74	57	Airsprung Group	62x	1 —	5,1	2.8	17.7	17.7
45	- 30	Armitaga & Rhodes	30		4.3	14.3	3.3	5.9
320	197	Berden Hift	320	+ 2	11.4	3.5	13.4	17.0
143		· CCL 11pc Conv. Pret	143	-	15.7	11.0	_	
270	210	Cindico Group	210	-	17.8	8.4	-	-
88	-51	Deborah Services	- 51	– 1	6.0	11.8		2.1
97	77	Frank Horasii	97			_	8.1	. 8.7
957	757	Frank Horsell Pr Ord 87	9572	_	8.7	8.1	10.8	11.4
. 83	61	Frederick Parker	62		7.1	11.5	3.9	6.2
. 55	34	George Blair	34			_	5.9	12.3
.100	74	Ind. Preciation Castings	78	_	7.3	9.4	10,0	12.6
154		Isia Conv. Pref	184	+1 .	15.7	.2.6	_	_
144	- 94	Jackson Group	144	_	7.5	6.2	4.4	2.2
212	111	James Surrough	212	+ 2	8.5	4.5	15.5	17.2
250	148	Robert Jenkins	152	_	20,0	13.2	1.7	24.1
. 83	54	Scruttons "A"	71	_	6.7	6.0	8.2	31.5
157	112.	Torday & Carlisis	115	_	11.4	2.9	5.2	8.8
29	21	Torday & Carlisis ' Unitock Holdings	_26	+ 02	0.45		-	_
85	64	rebnexelA veolsW.	67	_	8.4	8.6	4.8	6.9
270	214	W. S. Yestes	265	_	17.1	6.6	4.1	8.5
		Prices now evailable	on Pre	stel pay	18 4874	15.		

PROVIDENT MUTH FUNDS EXCEED £1,000m

Extract from Chairman's Statement - Mr. David L. M. Robertson

SOCIETY.

Total funds under management at the end of the year were £1,089m, a notable achievement albeit helped by considerable capital appreciation in investments during the year.

New annual premium income for the group increased by £8.5m to £45.4m but the Association experienced a reduction of £0.7m to £30.6m.

Single premiums for the Association were £17.3m, a reduction of £4.2m largely on the ordinary life business, whilst in the Managed Pension Fund subsidiary they increased to £41.9m from £12.5m for the previous year. Indeed it is the conspicuous success of the Managed Pension Fund that has enhanced total group figures but it must be remembered that 1981 was an exceptional year for the Association and to have kept up with those results in 1982 is creditable.

Bonus Philosophy. The different philosophies behind traditional with-profits insured contracts and the newer, very popular unit linked contracts are becoming hiurred, and there is evidence that bonus distributions on traditional contracts are being structured in a way which emulates the attractions of unit linked contracts whilst carrying not only guarantees on sums assured but also those implicit in reversionary bonuses. There is a limit as to how far the two philosophies can be reconciled in one contract before one prevails over the other. A danger does therefore exist that the interests of one generation of policyholders may conflict with those of another by the excessive use of terminal

bonuses. To distribute surplus on traditional contracts in a way which reflects the volatility of investment markets undermines the concept behind these contracts. If this is to be avoided the actuary must discharge his responsibilities in advising the Board on bonus rates by reconciling the interests of different generations of policyholders and ensuring a smoother release of surplus which reflects investment conditions over a

Unit Linked Contracts Perhaps the most noteworthy event of 1982 was the launch by the Association of a complete range of unit linked contracts in the autumn. To date sales have been. good, particularly of investment bonds which attracted almost £5m in single premiums by the end of December. We now believe that we have a comprehensive range of contracts to meet all major requirements of the life and pensions market and should therefore be able to take maximum advantage of new business opportunities.

Commissions are no longer regulated by a voluntary agreement and a free market prevails. So far there has been nn evidence of a commissions war although broadly speaking scale. Industry wide discussions a new agreement can be reached on rates to be paid. Inevitably there are conflicting marketing commission structures and it has in the longer term it may prove

possible to maintain an orderly market without a commission

agreement. In 1982 total funds managed by the

longer rather than shorter term.

Commissions commission rates have advanced by 10% on the previous life offices' are continuing in an effort to see if strategies which dictate different not yet been possible to reconcile the varied interests. Nevertheless

Managed Pension Fund

Managed Pension Fund subsidiary again grew substantially, from £90.5m to £210.3m, 118 new clients joined the funds during the year and total premiums received rose from £34.3m to £85.0m. Out of e net £80.3m actually allocated to purchase units during the year, naly £11.7m was in respect of schemes transferring from an insured arrangement with the Association. Thus one can justifiably say that this operation is a force in the market in its own right, This flow of new money for investment has been the result of . our good long term investment record. For 1982 investment performance has been mixed but satisfactory, and the longer term positing remains good. Not only do we have to maintain this record but also we must ensure that our nverall service meets nur clients' needs. In 1982 we extended the range of funds by starting a Mixed Stock Fund for clients who wish to retain discretion over property investment but wish to delegate other decisions. From the

Principal Consolidated Results . 1982 1981

beginning of 1983 an Index-Linked .

made significant improvements in

Gilt Fund is available. We have

the range and quality of our

information services to clients,

whilst announcing a reduction in

administrative charges for 1983.

Altogether a period of significant

New annual premiums 45.4 38.9 New single premiums 59.2 34.0 Funds at year end 1,089



Provident Mutual Life Assurance Association 25-31 Moorgate, London EC2R 6BA Telephone 01-628 3232

AUB. Nov. 100 100 110 120 130 13 8 8 15 24 LASMO (*505 810 860 250 270 890 800 520 300 520 350 1 2 2 4 12 27 8 10 18 22 37 115 95 78 65 43 7 13 18 27 47 25 60 90 100 16 11₂ 2 4 3 18 P. & O. (*187) 100 110 120 130 140 160 - 04 012 41 1 21 112 24 2 14 12 Franci Met. 280 500 550 560 690 100 65 45 50 52 70 115 R.T.Z. (*582) 590 480 480 500 550 600 116 77. 47 Vani Reefs (*\$114) 80 90 100 110 130 150 140 29 20 14 91₂ 51₂ 1 1 1 1 6 10 15 501g 221g 171g 121g 9 21₂ 6 61₆ 141₂ 125 98 80 36 20 -68 46 Option Beecham (*405) 860 890 490 Apr. 32 Total Contracts 6,181 Calls 2,670 Puts 551

Underlying security price.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

shares increasing bolding to 187,600. Horizon Travel—B. W. Tanner, chairman has sold 25,000 ordi-nary shares and his wife Mrs A. Tanner has sold 15,000 reducing holdings of Mr Tanner and his family to 432,024. Pentland Investment Trust — On April 18 Scottish Ontario Investment Co bought 183,300 ordinary at 2784p and 50,000 at Dominion and General Trust bought 91,700 ordinary at 2764p and 50,000 at 276p. RTD Group - Following a further purchase of ordinary shares. Mr and Mrs D. E. Hawkins

> LADBROKE INDEX based on FT Index

> > Tel: 01493 5261

and Mr Martin E. Yestes, who are deemed to be acting in

concert. now hold 122,412 ordinary shares (5.50 per cent).

	Companies and Market	3		·	· 		<u>V(</u>	<u>)R</u>	LD S	T	<u>)(</u>
:	NEW YORK	Stock Apr.	Apr. 20	Api Stock 91	Apr. 20	6tock	Aor 21	. Abr.	Stock	Apr. 21	Apr. 20
·. i.,	Stock Apr. Apr. 20	Clorex 304s Cluett Peaby 27 Coastal Corp. 20	271s Gt Nth	L Pac, Tee. 111 e.Hokoosa 44 est Financi. 271	28 MO	ohasooonarch M/T	215	234	Schlumberger Scientific Atl.	54 2	4174 1614 354
	ACF ledustries 35 35 AMF 16% AMR Corp. 28% 28%	Coca Cola 36% Colgate Palm 227s Collins Alkman 95% Colt Inds 671s Columbia Gas 30%	56ar Greyh	man	244 Mo 874 Mo	oore McCmr organ (JP) orrison Knud orton Thloke	K; 25-	4 2714	Scott Poper Seacon Seagram	2234 2858 . 1412	2233 2812 1233 5114
	ARA 4714 4758 ASA 6916 7138 AVX Corp 2678 97 Abbott Labs 4354 4354	Columbia Gas 3078 Combined Int 354 Combust'n Eng 541s		tates Uti 143	Mu 4 : 1434 Mu	ptorola	19	1107g 124- 687g	Searlo (GO1 Sears Roebuck	6714 5834	4814 667 38
	Aeme Cleve	Cmwith Edison 9718 Comm. Satelite. 67	974 Guil U 875 Hallis	B)	3134 Mu 3154 Na	urphy Oli	263	8 253 ₄ 8 57 4 22	Security Pac Seco	3.2	5414 33 32 304
	Actna Life & Casi 41% 41% Ahmanson IH.F.) 39% 57½ Air Prod & Chem 4514 4512	Comp. Scioco 177s Computervision 381s Condec 165s	18 Hanna 375 Harcot	Mining 251 urt Srace 246 Bancp 55	2456 Ha 241 ₂ Ne 3514 Me	it, Can t, Can t, Detroit t, Olst, Gher	385	6 26 6 2818	Shell Oil Shell Trans Shorwie-Wms Sigma Aldrich Signal	2814 48 5152	28 44h 314
þ	Alberts Ouly	Cone Miller	26 Harris	Corp 44	42 Na	it, Gypsum it, Medical E it, 6smjoduc	mt 361 tr 323	321g 3514 321g	Simplicity Patt	[256]	91q 275q
:	Aloo Standard 60 2278 Alexander & Ai 2254 8112	Cons. Freight 524 Con. Nat. Gas 2578 Consumer Power 2048 Contl. Corp 36	861s Heller 201s Holler 355s Hercul	Minieg 211 HJ) 435 Intl 503 rick & P 185 es 357	311a Na 311a Na 1834 Na	t Steel It mas	971	6354 2734 16	Skyline Smith Inti Smith Kilne Be	2234	245 225 687
:	Allied Bancshrs 633e 231e Allied Corp 4634 465e Allied Stores 4634 47	Conti. Group 434 Conti. (Ilinola 2976 Cont. Teleph 2014 Coetrol Data 4878	251s Hewler 207a Hilton	tt Pkd 77 Hotels 485	7914 HG	NB	1121	1117	Sony	1434 19 2558	274 1478 234 37
:	Allo Ghelmors 135s 14 Alphe Portd 191s 12 Alcoa 591s 317s			y (nns 441 Sugar 367	NY NY	State E& G	207	21 705a	Southern Co Sthn. N. Eeg. T Sthn. Pecilic	1634 el 5635	161 ₈ 667 ₆ 541 ₂
1	Amax	Cooper Inds 285e Coors Adelph 1814 Copperwold 17 Corning Glass 715e	7158 Hones	stake	341s Nie 303s Hid 104 Nie 17 Nie	wmont Mieli ag, Mohawk, COR Inc olsen (AG) A. ke 8	973 343 167	1714 2814 33 8 1634	Southlands B. W. Bancahare Sparry Corp	354 801 3658	561g 561g 411g
:	Am. 8roadcast's 674 67 Am. Can 361 ₂ 57 Am. Cyanamid 42 415s	Corroon Slack 2614 Cox Comms 4812 Crs ns 3012 Cray Research 5938	4854 Hoovel	r Uni	3319 2758 1 5014 HL No.	Industries,	164 14	1 154	Squere D Squere D Squibb Stanley (A.F.) Std.Brands Pali	35 .	3312 53 2314
:	Am. Elect. Powr. 1934 1234 Am. Express 6832 5734 Am. Gee. Inenco. 7238 71	Crocker Nat 3134 Crewn Cork 5454 Crown Zoll 3279 Cummins Eng 555a	3478 Housto	n Inds 213 ne Hat Cas 367 n Bay Mng 131	2178 HU 375 NU	priolkSouther h. Am. Coal h. Am. Philip theast Util	65	4 361g 4 53	Std Oil Gliforni Std Oil Indiane		37
	Am. Hoist & Dk 114 12 Am. Home Prod 4714 4758 Am. Intl. Dro 93 99 Am. Hosp. 2uooy 48 4954	Curtiss Wright 4114 Damen	3534 Human	S Tool	Nt	heast Util hn, IndianaP he State Pw orthrop West Alvilnes	r. 31	141e 311g 7514 4614	Stanley Wks Stanley Wks	935	451 ₂ 221 ₄ 25
i	Am. Medical Intl. 3514 5524 Am. Motors 714 678 Am. Nat. Resces. 5434 3436	Data Gen	6559 Hutton 2034 Hybrits	(EF) 551 ech 25	25 N	West Bancor West Energy Vest leds Vest Steel W	17	6014	Sterling Drug Stevens (J.P.) Storage Tech	241e	254 934 554 124
:	Am. Petrina 531s 537s Am. Quasar Pet. 51s 514 Am. Standard 335s 331s Am. Stores 771s 771s	Derre	361s ICI ADI	Basio Ind 223 R 71 orp Amer. 141	718 Hot	erton gimon orton gimon	241	243 81	Sun Co	6634	5710 3634 4354 3514
1	Am. Tel ± Tel 6612 67 Ametak Inc 385 38 mfec	Detroit Edison 145s Diamond Intl 445s Diemond Shank 25	1414 Ingerso	ol Rand	431 Oc	cidental Pet ean Drill Ex plee	241	24	Superior Oil Super Val Stra. Syntex Sysco TRW		991 ₂ 593 ₄ 533 ₄ 551 ₂
i	Amstar	Disboid	24% Interia	ike 355 lorth 975	1958 Ogi 5518 Ohi 97 Oli	ilvy &Mrth lo Edison in nark leok ithoard Maria	49 165	49 131 ₄ 301 ₅ 24	Tampax	564	554
	Applo Comp 3918 3056 Archer Dahiels 2654 2058 Anizona Pub. Ser. 9573 26	Disney (Walt)	92 7314 leti. Flo	evours 284	87 1 OV	rerzezs znip.	10	10	Tandem Comp. Tandy Toktronix Toledyne	142 "	14412
	Arkia	Cow Jones 434 Drayo	4514 Intl. Mi 1170 Intl. Mi	in. & Chem 574 ultifoode 355 uper 544	574 OW 3916 PA	vens Corning vens-Illieols	974	9734	Tesors Pet	375e 1514 :	675g 151g 345g 371g
	Ashland 0 II 31 3078 Assd D. Goods 6112 694 Atlantic Rich 42 4334	Dresser	1534 lett. Te 2378 Irving 12514 Jeffn-P	Bank 591 Biot 527 Cos 437	525g Pat 527s Pac	H Droup G Inde bst Brewing c. Cas & Elec		6112	Texas Comm. B Texas Eastern Texas Gas Trn Texas Instrint	. 150½ .	511 ₀ 291 ₂ 1604 351 ₀
í	Auto-Data Prg 361a 6612 Avco 31 3114 Avery Inti 4114 4114 Avnet 365a 3814	Du Pont	51 Johnso 8178 Johnso	n-Contr 363 on & Jus 481 as Logan 303	485s Pac 665s Pac 483s Pac	c Lighting c Lumber c Pwr.&L	2214 Z834	26 295 384	Texas Utilities. Textroe Thomas Betts	895g	25 281 ₈ 654 ₁ 231 ₈
! !	Avon Prod 321s 321s Baker leti 17 174e Baldwin-Utd 95s 9	Eastern Airlines 814	; 28 K. Mar 81 ₂ Kajser	1 931 1 34 Alumn 181	345g Pa	e, Hand Pipe	8354	965	Tiger Inti	614	652
	Eally 2112 8178 It Gas & El 3018 2978 Eangor Punta 22 2178 Bank America 2368 2378	Eastern Cas & F. 1814 Eastman Kodek. 8178 Eaton 6758 Echlie Mfg 1758	821g Kaiser 375g Kenob 171g Kenob Kenob	Steel 375 Services 1436 an 8rd 231	38 Per 1434 Per	rker Drilleg rker Hanfn	885e	93g 287g	Times Mirror Timken Tipperary	5	794 544 5
	Bank of N.Y 60 ⁵ 4 59 ⁵ 8 Bankers Tst. H.Y. 47 ¹ 2 47 ¹ 8 Barnett Bks Fl 33 81 ¹ 4 Barry Wright 24 ⁵ 8 23 ⁷ 8	Eckherd Jack 5118 Electronic Oata 5914 Elect. Momories 834 El Paso 1718	5934 Kempe 854 Kempe	75 49 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	281s Per 49 Per 95 Per 31 Per	abody Inti nn Central nne y (JC) nnzoil	251 ₂ 677 ₄ 363 ₄	26 665g 671g	Tom Brown Tosco Total Pet Trys R.U.S Trano Transamerice.	101 ₀ 117 ₀ 531 ₁	1014 1918 5558
	Baxt Trav Lab 66% 66%	Emerson Elect 587g Emery Air Fgt 15 Emhert 527g	574 Kidde - 1434 Kimber 531 ₂ Knight	rly-Clark 824 Rdr. Hws. 53	3018 Per 8218 Per 5412 Per	opies Enorgy psico rkin Elmer tris Stores	241 241	2554	Transamerice. Transco Energy Transway		39 691 ₆ 27 62
	Beatrico Foods, 263s 2514 Bectoe Dick son : 481a 48 Beker Inds	Eegelhard Corp., 36	Kraehk	173 er	131 ₂ Pet 131 ₂ Pft 38 Pho 153 ₄ Pho	trolane zer elps Dodge i5ro Salomo	821 28	8312	Trans World Trevelore Tricentrol Tric Continents	3374	354 335 55 275
	Benoficial 94 24 8eth Steel 2118 2114	ENSERCH 2054 Esmark 20 Ethyl 20 Evans Prod 121s	521g Lanier 2014 Lear-Si 195g Leasev 264	Bus Prod 133 legler 383 way Trans 431	134 Phi 391e Phi 434 Phi	lia Elect llip Morris llips Pet	651 33	174 67 634	Triton Energy.		243
	Elzek & Deckor 2173 22	Exce 3278 FMC 5319 Fabergo 1834	365e Leeox. 361s Levi St 1914 Levitz	7auss 473	4664 Pol	isbury meer Corp ineer HI-Bro	25	2014	Uellever H. V	761g	7854 731g
	8lock HR	Farmers Orp 4414 Fedders 618 Federal Co 2715 Fed, Express 78	4359 Libby (Owene Fd. 307 307 11) 637 11de 637	8854 Pia 6314 Pia	tistoe insteg Rosid	b. 157	167g	Union Carbide. Usion Electric. Union Oil Cal Union Paolitic	3179	511 ₂ 15 327 ₂ 501 ₈
	Eorg Warnor	Federal-Mogul 291/2 Fed. Hat. Mort 28 Fed. Paper 8rd 544	294 Lockhe	tar inds 323 sland Ltg. 185	1164 Poi	go Prod'o laroid tlatch ab Robots	1834 534 415	54 414	Unito, Brands	131s 1114 275s	1949 1119 2758 3379
i	8P	Fed. Dep. Stores: 617g Fieldarest Mi	1954 Longs	Orugs Strs 425	Pri	mark Ima Compute	273 273	61 28 614	USAIR Group US Fidolity G	1 .	4934
	B wn Grp	1st. Charter Fin 30	Lower	stein 44	6134 Pul 4458 Pul 3748 Pul	octor Gambleb, Serv. E & b. S. Indiana	C. 231 263 541	4 2554 4 261 ₄ 5 681 ₂	US Gypsum OS Homo US Inde US Stoe	171 ₂ 143 ₆ 721 ₂	171g 141g 711g
	Bucyrus-Erio	latCity Bank Tex B1% 1st Interstate	2034 3834 Lucky 3834 M/A G 1114 MCA	Stra	211 ₈ 261 ₄ Ou 38 RC	laker Oats	231	8 814 2514	ils Tobacco	296	2334 35 2856 3716
	Burlington Hrthe 8412 8534 Burndy 2214 23 Burroughs 46 4554 CBI Inds. 35678 37	Fischbach	958 Macmi	UA Ent 145	1414 Rai 884 Rai	imada Ines ink Drg. ADF	71 81 791	2 758 2 818 2 7614	US Trust		755g 215g 67 701g
	G85	Flexi-ven 25 Florida Pwr & L 3756 Fluor 2014 Ford Motor 4656	3734 Man. A 2034 Man. A 4578 Micra	Assistant 14	131 ₄ Re-	ymond lett ytheon pading Bates sdman Inds	50		Valoro Energy. Varien Assocs. Verhitron	443	2938 461g 155g
	Campbell Red L. 251 2716 Campbell Soup. 4716 4614	Foremost Mok 441s Fort Hwd Paper. 48 Foster Wheelor 131s Froeport McM 204	4734 Marine	Mid 274 Mid 275 St 693 McLean 443	9416 Re	pichhold Cha public Air public Stea publicbano	m 244	84	Virgiele EP Vulcan Matris	155g	1354 62 304
	Can Pacific 3814 3778 Can, Randolph 5914 59 Cap, Citles Com. 147 14678 Carilele Corp 3278 33	Fruehauf	Maryla	und Cup 55	321g Re	sort Intl A voo (D6)	167	8 157g 2834	Walgrose	HL 01	204 6234 3554
	Carrille Corp 3276 33 Garnation 4634 4644 Caroline Power 2178 2218 Carp Tech 384 3636	GAF	2914 Mass & 5012 Mattel	Wulti Corp 265	931 Ren	vere Copper	301	4 34	Warner-Lambt Warner-Lambt Washington Po	341g	5454 271 531 681
	Carter Hawley 2314 2212 Caterpillar 46 4638 Celaneze Corp 5834 3878	Ganeet	19 Mayta	603 loch 125	497s Rio	oynoids (RJ) oynoids Mtis, ohardsna Vk ta Ald	931	2 5114	Weste Mangt Wels Mkts Wells Fargo W. Poiet Peppi	3314	474 331 53 454
	Centex	Gen Electric 474 Gen Foods 425	1161 ₈ MoDor 421 ₈ McDor	m'tinti.in. 161 naide	73 Roi 6758 Roi 464 Roi	padway Experience (AH) ochester Garackwell Intl	50 211	60 4 203 1 174	Western Airline West Nth. Am., Western Union	34g	55e 55e 376
-	Certain-teod 24 tg 23 5c 28 277c Champ Home8id 3 5 Champ Int	Gen Instruments 4914 Oen Milis	623g Mead. 661g Mead.	Geol	241s Rol 481s Rol	hm & Heas Hine	1165 131	110 154 49	Westavaco	625 ₄	324 394
	Champ 6p Plug 85g 25g Charter Co 1112 115s	Oen Pub Utilities 9 Oon, Reinsur 683e Gen Signal 421e	814 Mellon 6858 Melvill 43 Merca	Nat I 623 817 ntile \$ts. 154	811s Ros	yai Grown yai Dutch	_ 237 415	24	White Consolid White Consolid Whiteker	384 4034	8016 5356 414 975
	Chase Manhait'e 375 574 Chomicai HY 5478 Ghiseor. Pond 42 41 Ghicago Proum. 16 1458	0an Tirs	29 Mered	1th	1127s Ryc 1127s Ryc 9714 SFI	ibbermaid an Homes der System 'N Companie	5114 5 38	425g 427s 691g	Williams Co Winn-Dixio 5tr Win eebags Wiso Elec Pow	464s	24 481 ₂ 151 ₂ 243 ₈
	Ghrysler	Dertier Prod 977q Getty Oil 647g Gillette 477g Global Marino 83g	481s Metro	Pet	500 Sal	S Tecil biec Corp feco foway Store	195	201s	Wrigiey Wyły	4378	6678 4514 1178 4318
•	Citicorp	9codrich (B.F) 381g Goodyear Tire 521g Gould 355g Grace 433g	5314 Mineso	bradley 603 bta MM 841 bil Eeergy 18	281 ₂ 5t. 841 ₄ St. 18 Sar	Regis Pape Inte Fe Inda, Il levest	7014 7 514	5834 315e 861e	Yello Frt Sys Zapata Zayrs Zoeith Radio	151 ₂	987g 151g 86
		Grainger (WW). 4914	4914		Sch	horieg Ploug	h 434			1	
C	NEW YORK	Indices		-	·	<u> </u>	.:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·	
	NEW YORK	April April April High	1983 Slece C	I		Aor-	Aor.	APT. A0	High	986 Lov	w
٠.	• Industris 1188,27,1191,47,1174,54	1185,24 [71.54 [65,25 1181.67	Low . High	All Or Meta	RALIA d. (1)1/661 is & Miels. (111,1	897.4 847.8	688.5 6 642.1 5	81,1 887, 29,8 840,		487.8 411.8	
:	Hrme 8nds 73.94 75.83 75.95 Transport, 551.15551.56525.41	629,78,329,94,525,90 651,55	(8/1) (20/4/85) 79.79 — (8/2) 454.24 651.53	12,32 Credi	t Aktion (2/1/82)	64,42	64,86 6	4,74 64,6	7 64,74 (28)4)	43.44 [15/2)
•	Utilities 187,49 188,30 186,30 Trading Voi	(3/5)	(311) (20/4/85) 113.51 193.52 (3/1) (29/6/83)	13.5 Beigh (28/4/42) DENA	n SE (31) 12:68)		121,66 12			100,58	
	• Day's high 1802.11 (1197.56) low 1180.92 (1170.47)	. 51 Yearago	FRAN	CE Deseral (61/12/6) Ordance (61)12/6	113,9	120,0 1	17,21 188, 119,5 181, 124,6 128,	8 121,6 (18:4)	36.1 36.1	
	1edust*1 div. ylald % STANDARD AHO POORS	4.59 4.88 4.1		GERO FAZ-		316.25	Z15,97 Z	512.0 616. 157.1 958.	25 813,25 (22/4)	241.85 (25/11
	81 80 18	April April April High	Low High	Low Hang	KDHG Seng Sank (61/					781,63	
	Indust'it 179,17 188,66 177,75 4Comp's 'te 188,88 160,71 158,71	173.84 177.74 177.14 180.65 (20.41) 164.74 158.75 166.11 180.71 (20.4)	754,95 166,96 (6/11 (20,4/85) 169,54 160,71 (6/1) (20,4/85)	1,44 Banca	Comm Ital.(16	872) 130,27	181,11 18	5,60 196.	70 216,95 (21/34	190,45	(1011)
	#Indst'l div. yleld 2	or. 20 Apr. 16 Apr		approx Dow	Ayerago (18/41 Now SE (4/1/65			84,48 8641. 2,42 819.	8582,55 (18/4) 622,42 (20/4)	7803.18 574.51 (
			94 7.73 46 12.9	ANP 6	ERLANDS 385 General (19 385 Indust 1976	125.9 195.6	128,4 106,1	5.k. 128. 4.3 108.	131.0 (12/4) 199.2 (12/4)	160.1 85,5	(4/1)
:	N.Y.S.E. ALL COMMOH	R/s	end Falls' (April 91 April 20)	April II [AY E (4/1/85)	179.9	179,49 18	8.04 185.8	1 170,80 (22/4)	99,81(4	vi) .

SINGAPORE

SOUTH AFRICA Gold (1868) Industrial (1868)

SWEDEN Jecobece & P. |1/1/55)

Capital Intl. (1/1/79)

SWITZERLANO SwissBankCpn.(61/12/68), 618.5 618.9 313.4 317.4

551,18 (4:1) 528,13 (8/1)

7948,8 |4/1|

April April April April High Low

91,8582,2981,1891,71 29,29 80,92 (20₁) (24₁)

April April April April 21 90 18 18

Industrialo 592.79 592.90 887.16 685.78 592.90 (20/4) Combined 386.07 385.44 383.81 380.86 689.44 (20/4)

NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS

TORONTO Composite 2512,52522,5 2278,8 2286,8 2522,6 (28/4)

MONTREAL

1,944 1,145 484 517 281

1983

Dow nearing 1200 at mid-day

capitalised" issues.

By mid-day, the Dow Jones
Industrial Average was up 5.91
to 1,194.18, making a rise of 22.84 on the week, while the NYSE All Common Index, at 892.14, ross 19 cents on the day and 96 cents on the day and 96 cents on the week.

But the broader was a product making jumped S4; to with an easier bias.

Swiss Bond prices narrowly begun climical testing of a new mixed, with recently issued product which is to aid the France Foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

THE AMERICAN SE Market France Foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to marked down to point, while the very Australia steady.

The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to marked down to point, while the product which is to aid the product which is to aid the product which is to aid the france foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to product which is to aid the product which is to aid the france foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to product which is to aid the france foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

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The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to product which is to aid the product which is to aid the france foreign Bonds mostly diagnosis of cancer.

The average yield of Swiss Sharply higher to product which is to aid the
and can often set the direction for the rest of the market

Analysts attributed yesterday's climb in IEM's stock to widespread speculation that the company will announce a dividend increase at its annual meeting monday.

Share prices failed to maintain opening gains as a spate of profit-taking swept through markets, although the underlying tendency remains firm and both Foreign and Domestic investors were call in markets.

increase at its annual meeting monday.

Volume leader Chrysler moved up \$2 to \$25\(\frac{1}{2}\) do turnover of more than 1.5m shares. Thursday it reported record first quarter earnings. Ford and American Motors have not yet reported but were also ective, with Ford up \$1\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$47\(\frac{1}{2}\) and American Motors have not yet reported but were also ective, with Ford up \$1\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$47\(\frac{1}{2}\) and American Motors taking. Bayernhypo slipped reported higher earnings earlier this week, gained \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$85.

In and Domestic investors were still in markets. But the Commerzhank Index, calculated at the midsession, was 0.50 higher at 948, the highest since Jone 1961.

What is annual meeting both Foreign and Domestic investors were still in markets. But the Commerzhank Index, calculated at the midsession, was 0.50 higher at 948, the highest since Jone 1961.

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But the Commerzhank Index, calculated at the midsession, was 0.50 higher at 948, the highest since Jone 1961.

Banks were hit by profit-taking. Bayernhypo 5lipped 5250 to 319, after touching 323.50, and Bayerneyerein shed

Hoseywell were up \$1 to \$1021 with Share Warrants. hot General Electric were of Internetional Switzerland St at \$1101. Commodore sdvanced \$2 to \$861 and Coleco \$1 to \$26}.

American Telephone and Telegraph firmed \$1 to \$661.

Closing prices for North America were not available for this edition.

772.28 (5/1)

95,52 (11/1)

888,18 (8/1)

817.91 (22/4)

118,58 (16/4)

818,8 (22/4)

174.2 (29/4)

118,98 110,95 109.85 111,43

- 174.2 174.2 172.9

STOCK PRICES climbed higher Eastman Kodak Si to S82 North-dustrials.

on Wall Street yesterday, led by the Blue Chip and "heavily Pogo Producing jumped S41 to with an easier blas capitalised" issues.

S241. Lockheed improved S11 Swiss Bond prices

this week, gained \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$85.

Texas Instruments fell \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$104\frac{1}{2}\$.

S144\frac{1}{2}\$ Motorola \$5\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$104\frac{1}{2}\$.

To \$120\frac{1}{2}\$ and Teledyne declined \$1\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$140\frac{1}{2}\$.

Has expected Dollar Bond in the six and
DENMARK

Domestic shares steady in moderately active trading, bol-stered by the softer dollar. But Thursday's slightly lower Wall Street close made for a cautious

NETHERLANDS

Advances outnumbered declines by two-to-one in the French section and by six-to-one

factors.
The Market Average rose 20.06

to 8,563.12 on volume of 410m (320m) shares.

"Large-Asset" issues such as Rallways, Warehouses and Ship-pings gained ground, but International Populars were neglected because of the lack of news. Steels and Shipbuilders were

Shipping and International Grain Markets buoyed Shippings. Sanko Steamship moved up Y50 to Y245 and Yamashita-Shinnihon Y10 to

Recent signs of recovery in the

Vi53.
Non-Ferrous Metals, Optical
Non-Ferrous Metals, Optical attitude.

Most trading activity centred on selected Financials and In-

AUSTRALIA"

ustrials.

Banks fluctuated narrowly Sanyo Electric improved Y12.

the week. Training volume decreased 1.85m shares to 5.35m. The average yield of Swiss. Sharply higher in active trad-rompared with midday Thursday. Federal Bonds fell to 4.42 per ing, due largely to the strength cent from 4.43 Thursday, the of the Oil and Gas sector.

edged declines by only some 50 issues. Volums fell 1384m shares to 54.90m, compared with noon Thursday.

As the Dow moved toward the slusive 1,200 mark, which has never been breached, analysts said investors were turning cautious and primarily but the relatively safe Blue Chip issues.

Bellwether 1BM paced the rally advancing S21 to 5136 in heavy trading. IBM is the most popular stock among Institutions and can often 5st the direction for the rest of the marks.

Certmany

Lana 443 Thursday, the of the Oil and Gas sector.

National Bank reported.

In the Foreign Sector less to 59.74, pushing the gain over the past five days to 31.2 midsession, with gains coming over a broad range.

Stocks were sharply higher at active Dollar stocks traded above midsession, with gains coming over a broad range.

Stocks were sharply higher at active Dollar stocks traded above midsession, with gains coming over the past five days to 31.2 mid since the beginning of April to 92.1.

The All Ordinaries Index ruse 6.9 to 597.4 pushing the gain over the past five days to 31.2 mid since the beginning of April to 92.1.

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The All Ordinaries Index ruse 6.9 to 597.4 pushing the gain over the past five days to 31.2 mid since the past five days to 51.2 mid since the past five days to 52. The All Ordinaries Index five days to 52.

The All Ordinaries Index ruse five days to 31.2 mid since the past five days to 51.2 mid since the past five days to 52. The All Ordinaries Index five days to 51.2 mid since the past five d of Australia 3 cents to 45 cents and Woodside 3 cents to 95 cents.

Prices showed a slight upward blas in what traders described as a technical session.

Operators were taking sdvantage of the new monthly trading account, which began Friday, Some market observers said they were disappointed by the more subdued tone, following the market's firmness on Thursday.

Advances

of Australia 3 cents to 45 cents and Woodside 3 cents to 95 cents.

In Resources, BHP put on 34 cents to A\$8.44 BBP and its joint venturer Exploration well flowed oil at a rate of 3,500 harrels per day during a recent production test.

Hong Kong

Hong Kong

Steady on sporadic overseas

French section and by six-to-ons among Foreign issues.

Tokyo

Slightly higher on scattered buying of "low-priced" issues, bot Blue Chips were narrowly mixed in a market waiting for fresh factors.

Singapore

Narrowly mixed in active selective trading.
The Straits Times Industrial Index rose 5.52 to 917.91.
Hotels, Properties, Commodities and the Second Trading section were also mixed.

EXCHANGE

47 ...

22.2

Johannesburg.

Gold chares strady at their easier opening levels in line with the Bullion price, in quiet pre-weekend trading. Diamonds and Platinums eased, while other Kinings were quietly steady. Industrials mixed.

[JAPAN (continued)

1	Stock	Apr.	Apr.	Apr. 22	Price	+ or	Apr. 22	Price	+ or	Apr. 22	Aust. 8		Apr. 22	Yen	+- 01
Į	AMCA Intl	8672	9372	Asrhus Olle	574	+4.5	ACF Holding	150	+4 .	ANZ Oroup	4.18 0.82	-0.03	Konishiroku		-8
1	Abitibi	921	1834	Andeisbanken Battica Skand	485.4	+1	Ahold	159.5 56.6	+1	A.O.D	1.66 1.66	-0.0	Kyosera	397 4,010	1_1_
I	ATCOR ASSIMIL	1 59	38	Copilandelabani D. Sukkeriab	.: 502.8	+1.8	ABH	119,6		Assoc. Pulp Pap Aust. Cons. Ind Aust. Guarant	1.4	+0.85	- I MEKING BUTTER	1.760	===
Ì	Algoma Steel	: 111	311g 111g 5514	Fast Asistic	129.4	+5,2	Bredero Cert	190	+1.	Aust Nat Inds	2.55	+0.04	Maruben	990 316 593	-4
ł	Bk Montreal Bk Nova Scotia Basis Resources	45	0,76	Forende Brygg	252.4	+7.4	Buhrmann-Tet	44.5 30.1	+0.5	Bond Hidge	2.85	+0.00	Marul	989	-10 +10
			2734	LS.S.B.	· 460 '		Calend Hids Elsevier NDU	307	+1	Brambies inds	2.76	+0.85	MINISTER REDE	-1-1-	_18
1	Be Canada Bombardler Bow Velley	15	15	Maria Mari	. 1 4 5 4 1	_280	Euro Comm Tat	82	+0.2	BHP	3.48		M'bishi Corp	-628	_5 _9
	8P Canado Res	2558	234	Privatbanken Provinsbanken Smidth (F.L.)	218,6	+7.5 -1.0	Heleaken		-0,7	CSR	1 5.3	-0,04	M'bish Estate	-500	+2 - +5
	Brascan A Brinco B.C. Forest	2.95	3.00 111	Smidth (F.L.) SophueBerend Superfor	742	+4.6	HunterDouglas	15,5	+0.6	Carlton & Utd	4.5		Mitsul Co.	410	-6
į	Cadillac Fairview	94	274	FRANCE			Nauden	51,8	+1,5	Comalco	9,78	+0.12	Mitsukoshi	500	-3
Ì	Can Cament	175	1.147			-8.50	Net Ned Cert	142 30,2	-3.5	Consolidated Per	1 1.DO	+0.02	Nihon Coment	1,510	+6
٠	Can Packers	3912	24 40	Apr. 22			Had Mid Bank Ned Lloyd	90.3	-0.7	Dunlop E.Z. Indi Elders IXI	8.56 3.12	-0.19 -0.86	Nippos Express.	256	+12
٠	Can Imp Bank	385g	384	Emprunt 4% 187	1,890 8,375	+1	Onmeren(Van)	23.8 53.8		Energy Res Gon. Prop. Trus	1.58	-0.84 -0.89	Niepon Gakka		+3
1	Can Pacific	2318	2558	Alt Liquido	3,210	+5 -41	Pakhoed	45.5	-0.7	Griffle Coal	4 8.5	_0.05	Minnor Salko	498	-26
1	Carting O'Kfs	62	144	BiC	530	+8	Rijn-Schalds Robeco Rodamoo	NR9	+0,9	Hartogoe Energy HeraldWy Times	2,25	+0.02	Nippon Stas	170	+1
	Ghis ftain	2136	214 484	CIT Alostel Carrefour	1,668	-	Rollneo	275	+0.8	Jim baiana (bileft)	0.26	+0.02	Mippon Yusen	4,550 277	60 +9
	Cons Bathst A	205a	201e 6.40	Club Medit	708	+8	Stavenburgs	114.6	0.5	Kia Ora Gold Land Lease	-4		MIRRENT MODEL	731	-1 +13
	Dann Devel	1.90	1,84	Club Medit	725	-1 -15	Tokyo Pau Hg :	250	+8	Mayno Hkless	0,09 4.7 2.95	+ D.B6		1 719 I	+1
Į	Denison Mines	I SAP	285g	Cotimeg	./ 46	+1.5	Vmf Stork	67.9	+0.7	Mockethans	1.5	-0.05	Omro Tetelsi	1,200	—10 —10
1	Dome Petroleum	3.90	4.00	Ourty Dumez Eaux (Glo Gen);	160	+9	West Utr Bank	122	-0.4 -1.5	Nat. Aus. 8k	8,9	+0.05	Pioneer	12.590 i	-10 50
	Dom Foundries	18	174 243	Elf. Aquitaine Gon. Occidental	148	-1.8			٠.	Nicholas Kiwi North Bkn Hill		+0.06	Rепоуп	740	+7
ł	Faicon Ltd	614	65 82%	Lafarge-Coppes	51,8	-0.7	NORWAY			Oakbridge Otter Expl	1.85 0.72	-0.05	Sankyo	701 - 487	-9 +12
ı	Genstar	221	28	L'Orea L	1,420	-71 -10	Apr. 23	Price	+ or	Pioneer Co	1.78	一0.1 +0.03	Sanyo Elect Sapporo Sekisul Prefab Sevon-Eleven	743	+6
1	Gulf Canada	1512	161g 1.52	Maisony Phanix.	1,490	-11 -20		Kroner	T-0	Recidité Colman Repco	1.12	+0.02	Sharp Shimadzu		-30 +10 -8
ĺ	Hawk Sid. Can		1842	Michelie 8	810	+10	Bergens Bank Borregaard	115.5 146	+6,5	Smith (H)	5,4	+0.1	Shionogi Shisa'go	810	_6 _11
-	Hudsoe Bay Mng	19	1670	Most-Hennessy, Moulinex	B3	+6	Christiana Creditbank	183,6	+2.5	Bouthland Mie'9 Sparges Expl Thes, Natwide —	0.29	+0.02	Soey	450	60
ı	Hudson's Bay	1012	1034	Pernod Ricard Pernor	. 462	-15	Fikem Norsk Data	249	+6,5 —19,5	Tooth	5.10		Stanley Stomo Elect S'tomo Marine	543	+4 +14 -3
1	Imp Oil A	634g	667e	Petroles (Frq.) Pougeot-SA			Norsk Hydro Storebrand	365 148	mrs L	Vamgas	7,9	+0.2	I I SIDO I MOTSI	157	+12
l	Indai Intor, Pipe	21	9 LL 271	Printemps Au	122	+8				Westere Mielog Westpac Woodside Petrol	2.95	+0.02	Taihei Dengyo Taisei Corp Taisho pharm Takeda	243 726	+8
J	Mac Bloedel	981	264	Redoute	938	_ŏ +2	SPAIN			Woolworths Wormald Inti	9.05	-0.86	TDK4	1,540	+7 +20
Ì	Marks & Spencer Massey Forg	4.55	4.58	Roussel-Ucias Schneider	117.5	-0.5	Apr29	Price	+ or		1. 7		Telkoku Oil Tokio Marine	770 514	—15
ı	Meintyro Mines Mitel Gorp Mcoro Gorp	837	971g 857g	Sefimeg Skis Rossignol Telemech Elect.	793	+85	Boo Bilbao	934	-	HONG KONG			Tes	608	+5 +7 -20
ł	Hat. Ses Prods A Horanda Mire	971	87g 251g	Thompsoe (CSF).	187,8	+2.7	Boo Central	289	¥5	Apr.23	Price	+ or	Tokyo Sanyo	127].	+1
ı	Hthn. Telecom	10634	10434 .	GERMANY			Boo Hispano Boo Santander	817			H.K.8	_	Tokyo Style Tokyu Cor	965. 331	+5 +65 +14
١	Oakwood Pat	7	74	Apr. 28	Price	+ or	Drs sados	157	+8	Bank East Asia Carrian invest	99.4. 0.87 9.6.		Toppan Print	538	
1	Pen. Can. Pet	25	0.97 93 95		Om.	. T. O.	Hidrolo	53 44,2	+0.5	China Light Hang Lung Devel.	14.4	T-0.2	TOTO	327	
I	Placer Doy	95 991g 1514	25 161	AEG-Telef	67.6 636	-0.9	Telefonica	85 74	-8.7 +1	Hang Seng Bank HK Electric	44.5	+0.5	Topo Seikari	641 100	-18 +90
ļ	Ouebec Strgn	75e	760 95s	BASFBayer_	148.2	+0.2				Nk kowloon Whi	4,05	+0.08	Victor 9 Wacosi Yamaha	700 549	+10
1	Reed Stenha A		16	Bayer-Hypo Bayer-Vorein		-2.5 -1.5	SWEDEN			HK Shanghai Bk. HK Telephono	8.16	+1	Yamanouchi 1 Yamazaki		+5 50 +9
ł	Rio Algom	48 337s	46te 341g	SHF-Bank SMW Boveri	998.5 539.5 176	-1.5 +8		Price [Hutchison Wpa Jardiee Math Naw World Day	15.7 15.7 3.45	+0.2 -0.1 -0.02	Yanuda Fire Yokogawa Bdge	948- 445	_5 _4
ļ	Royal Trusco A Sceptre Res	4.90	8634 6.00 381 ₈	Commerzbank	168.8	+1.8		535		Oriont O'eeas	8.56 4.47	40.08			
ł	Shell Can Oil Steel of Can A	58fs 245 867	245s	Daimler Benz	589 340	-8 +14	AGA Aifa-Lavai ASEA (Free)	462 560	_13	Swire Pag A	8,65m	-0.06 +0.1	SINGAPORE		4
	Teck B.	104	104	D'sche Babcock	183	-1.5	Astra [Free]1	626		WheelockWitime	3.85 2.15		Apr. 93 - 1	Price	+ or
ł	Texaco Canada., Thomson Haws A Toronto Dom 8k.	55	55 543 ₈ 60	Dresdeer Bank	187.5	+1.8	Cardo (Free)	568 600	-9 -	World Int. Hold's	1.61	-0.03		2.1	-7
١	TransaltaTrans Can Pipe	23 864	934	GHH	167.5 621 144.7	-2.2	Gelitiesa Electrolux B	193 447	_2	(anax		· }	Fraser & Negve	9.95 8.6	-0.08
۱	Walker(H) Res Westcoast Trans	244	95 144	Hoesch	54.8 544	-0.1 -1	Eriesson Esselto (Free) Fagersta	925 360	-6 +8	APAN		. 1	Haw Par	3.96	-0.02 +0.1
ł	Weston (Goo)	54	54	Horten Kail und Saiz	158 166,5	+8 -1.8 -2	Mo och Dom	510 875	_10	Apr. 22	Yen H	- 4	Malay Banking :	3.29 . 8.4	-0.1 +0.86
I	AUSTRIA			Karstadt Kaufhof	276 265 248.5	+1	Saab-Scaela Sandvik 8 (Free)	299 271	······································	Alicomoto	820 240	—• · -1	OCBC	6.25 12 2.51	-0.05 +0.1 +0.01
1	Apr. 82	Price Seh%	+ or	Kloesknor Krupp	80	-1 +0.9 +1	ekan Enskilds	258 158	+8	Amada	557 310	_2	Straits St mahip.	8.08 7.1	-0,01 -0,01 -0,05
-	Creditanstalt	208	+1	Lufthansa	383 115,1		Sven Hendelsbn	613	+10	Asshi Glass Bridgestone1	500 500	-5 +2			-0,02
Į	Goesser	370 812	-43	Maneesmann MarcedesHid	187 170,5 483	+0.2 +0.5	Swedish Match	885 446	_å · [Ghoosi Pham	200	+50	SOUTH AFRICA		ं
ŀ	Perimooser Stoyr Dalmier	886 171	-15	Metal Igesell Muonch Ruook	242	∓9	•	· .	• •	Delel	590 J	-10	Apr. 22	الند	• •
١	Veitscher Mag	800	-8	Preussag Rhein West Elect	270	+1	SWITZERLAND			Dalwa House	288	+18		tang.	f or
I	BELGIUM/LUX	MROI	IRC:	Scharing	873	+7	Apr. 22	Price		Elesi	366 300	on P		10,0]	+0.05
Į	Apr. 89	Price	+ or	Thyssen		-0.2 -0.5		FNL		Fanue	500		Anglo Am. Coal	25,25	+ 0,5 -0.6
l		Fra.		Verta Vebs	165,5	10.5	Alusulase Bank Leu	4,000	+4	Fujisawa1	070 910	+10,	Serolays Bank	14.6 1	-1.6 +0.1
1	ARSED Bang Int A Lux.	1,202 3,900		Vorein-West	807	-0.0	Brown Boveri	1,170 1,916	—o_ 10	Green Cross 11	660 r		Suffale		_0.1 _1
ŀ	Beksort 8	2,650 1,930	-30				do (Part Corts)*	1,545	+5	Hasegawa HelwaReal Est Hitachi	599 726	. 0	Currie Finance	4	0.1
ł	Cocksrill	4,060		ITALY.		· 11	Fischer (Ceo)	565		Hitachi Hitachi Gredit 1	450 845	-20.	Orlefantely	7.6	-0.1 -0.3 -0.5
1	EBES Electrobel Fabrique Net	8,485 6,880 2,595	-10 +10 +50	Apr. 22	Lire	or '	Hoff-Roche PtGts 7		+875	Hova	04E I	-1 - (old Fields \$A 18		-U.S -5
1	G.S. Inno GSL (Brux)	3,100		Banca Comils		+200	Jacob Suehard	5,575	+150	to-Yokada 1	329 110	+2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Verbank 1	l4	-1
L	Gevaert	2,160 4,570	+10	Bastogi IRBS	2,241	-19	andis & Gyr	1,280	Tu.,,	ACCS1	387	+50 1 -2 5	Protein Hidge	'A COM	
1	krediothank	6,440	_50"	Credito Varesino Fiat		68	Der-Suchrie	1,890		AL	350 (+1	tennies	0.1 <u> </u>	0.05 0.15
	Pan Hidge	5,500	-70	Generali (Assio).	125,125	-500 (Pire/II	5,250	+50	lusoo	349 558 555	-8 S	A Brews	5.4 + 8.45 -	0.1 0.62
ľ	Soc Gen. Band	6,450 2,780	-50 -25	taicement	124	+1,250	Schledler(Pt.Cts)	820	-5	CITIC		-5 S	mith (C.G.) 2 organtHuletts 1	0 +	0.2
l	CON COM BAINS	T COOL		Piroli Co	2,875	-28 1	wise Sank	320 7.175	-1 1	Cometeu	517	š.		AOI	-0.05
ŀ	raction Elect.	4,705 2,750 5,500 6,500 6,500	+45	Iniz Viscosa	1,660	-50 E	Jeion Bank	.245	+10	NOTES Price	00	this pr	Programme Co.	e egyine. ad n==	100
,	JC8VielleMont	6,390	+40	do, Pref	2,300 9,250	+900 [1	Winterthur S Zurich ins	.840	-35 1 -100 s	uspended, ad E			at maded prices. In		
1	-:	4.		1.79		1	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		— 2	a Ex eli.				1 7350 A	

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

MONEY MARKETS

Heavy

shortage

UK clearing bank base lending

rate 10 per cent

(since April 15 and 18)

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Pound steady

late much movement together with a general rejuctance to take with 8 general reluctance to taks ling's weaker tendency towards out fresb positions ahead of the close.

weekend. Against the dollar the dollar terrencies. Onco and \$1.5510 and closed at \$1.5440 against most currencies. Onco and \$1.5510 and closed at \$1.5450 again business was rostricted by \$1.5460, up 20 points from the proximity of the weekend Thursday's close in London. It ond also recent intervention by was olightly weaker against the the West German Bundesbank and the U.S. Federal Reserve with DM 3.7825 and SwFr 3.1850 Bank to restrict the dollar's against SwFr 3.1875. These also

Australia

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Singapore

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ing to Long Bereit

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Sterling showed little overall Y365.0. Its trade-weighted index change in currencies markets rose to 83.2 from 83.1, having yesterday. There was little in stood at 53.1 at noon and 93.2 the way of new factors to stimuin the morning. The final calculation did not fully reflect sterling's weaker tendency towards

against SwFr 3.1875. It was also "recent firmer trend. Consequently flower against the French frame the dollar fell to DM 2.4485 at FFr 11.3450 from FFr 11.36 against the D-mark down from but improved against the Thursday's close of DM 2.4555 Japanese yen to 2356.25 from and SwFr 2.0600 from

SwFr 2.0630, and also FFr 7.34 however, at Y236.80 from Y236.40. On Bank of England figureo the dollar's trade-

Trading within the European from FFr 7.3625. It was a little Monetary System was a little firmer against the Japanese yea, more subdued, with the D-mark benefiting from recest central bank intervention. Earlier this week it had been placed close to its lowest permitted level against weighted index fell from 122.6 the Damsh krone, Irish puot and French franc.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

<u> </u>	cantral mies	amounts against ECU April 22	from central case	qwargence adjusted for	nivergence limit ",
elgian Franc aniah Krons ermeo 'D-Mark ranch Franc utch Guilder sah Punt allan Lira	44.3662	45.0497	+1.54	+0.55	±1.5430
	8.04412	5.02641	-9,22	-1.21	±1.6410
	0.21515	2.25968	+2.01	+1.02	±1.0567
	6.79271	5.77776	9,22	-1.21	±1.4016
	2.49587	2.54328	+1.50	+0.51	±1.4941
	9.71705	0.715180	-0,25	-1.25	±1.9896
	1386.78	1345,59	2.57	-2.07	±4.1463

week currency. Adjustment calculated by Financial Times.

THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Apr. 22

Dautschamark Japanesa Yen 1,000

Fronch Franc 19 Swies Franc

Notch Oulder Italian Lira 1,000

Canadian Bollar Bolgian Franc 100

5 months per oz.

OTHER COMMODITIES
Cocoa Shipments I...
Cocoa Futures July...
Coffes Futures July...
Cotton Index.....
Des. Coconut......

Pound Sterling U.S. Dollar

April 22	Day's spread	Close	One month	p.E.	Three months	p.s.
บ.ร.	1.5440-1.5510	1,5450-1,5460	0.17-0.12c pm	1.12	0,40-0,35 pm	0.97
Canada	1.8950-1.9060	1.2960-1,2970	13.20-0.10c pm	. 0.86	0.45-0.36 pm	9.84
Nethind.	4-251-4-2812	4.25%-4.26%	24-140 mm		5-5 pm	4.93
Belgrum	75.25-75.80	75.40-75.60	Sc pm 5 dis		2 pm-8 dls	~9.18
9 en mark	13.42-13.48	12,43%-13,44%	2-24ore die	·1,45	47-87 dis	-2.04
Iraland	1.1960-1.2040	1,7960-1,7975	9.41-0.55p dis -	4.81	1.30-1.48dia	4.64
W Gat.	5.77-3.80-	2,784-3,794	2-12pt pm		54-44 pm	0.10
Portugel	151.50-159.00	154,50-158,50	360-1505c dis	73.12	646-2200dis	-35,36
Spa.n	210.00-211.00	210.10-210.20	170-2550-dis	-12.13	475-595dis	-10,12
Italy	2,252-2,263	2.263-2.255	S-11-lie dis		33-37 dis	-2.27
Norway	11.01-11.05	11.03-11.04	24-34-ore dis		71-84 dis	-3.03
France	11,33-17,38	11,34-11,36	14-24c.dis	-2.11	74-84 dis	-2.91
5wedon	11.56-11.61	11.50-11.572	· 14-120to dis	-0.58	13-23 dis	-0.5B
Japan	364'-367	3051-3651	1.40-1.20y pm	4.25	3.70-3.50 pm	3,93
Austria	26.55-26.75	26:58-24.63	125-10 gro pm	5.18	35-291, pm	4.95
Switz.	3.17 -3.20	3.18-3.19	14-14c pm		4'-4's pm	5.65

Salpien rate is for convertible finnes. Financial imne 76.05-76.15. Sur-month forward deliat 0.61-0.56c pm. 12-month 0.77-0.62c pm.

Pound Striling U.S. Dollar | Dautsche

0,408

9,215

Ch'nge on. wosk

£8890 +15 £8854.5 +8 \$83.22 +9.4

\$89/91. 2458.0 £473.25 6730 +11.5

£111.20y -0.55

£148,00z

£136,10u

10.54

8,838 1,189

0,859

1,997

April 22	· spread	Closs	One taenth	D.S.	Three months	p.a.
UKT	1.5440-1.6579	1.5450-1.5460	9.17-9.12s pm	1.12	9.40-0.35 pm	
Irelandt	1.2890-1.2930	1.2900-1.2910	0.70-0.60e pm		1.80-1.68 pm	
Coneda	1.2275-1.2310	1.2290-1.2285	per-0,03c dis .		0.04-0.07dia	-0.19
Nethind.	2.7530-2.7630	2.7560-2.7580	0.95-0.85c pm		2.79-2.69 pm	
Belgrum	48.70-48.83	48.81-48.83	472-8c dis		12-15 dis	-1,11
Denmark	2.6850-8.7075	0.6975-8,7075	4-14 ore dis		31-41 dis	-1,95
W. Gor.	0.4425-2.4865	2.4480-2,4490	0.90-0.85pf pro		2.64-2.59 pm	
Portugal	98.00-105.00	T00.0-102.0 ·	300-1100c dis	81,95	500-1650dle	-41.95
Браіл	135.75-138.19	135,96-136,05	136-175c dla .	-13.67	385-415dia ·	-11.47
italy	1,4561-1,4601	1,458-1,459	82-51-ilm dis	-1.41	28-28 die	-7.41
Norway	7.1250-7.1450	7.1300-7.1400	2-3ore dis	-421	0.80-7.80dis	-4,10
Franço	1.3300-1.3800	7,3375-7.3426	1.95-2.15c dis	2.35	1.00-7.40dls	3,53
O vre den	7.4810-7.4925	1.4850-7.4900	4-14om dis	1.60	2,70-3.20dis	-1.57
Japan •	235.85-237.00	238.75-238.85	9,62-0,57y pm	3.01	1,80-1.72 pm	2.97
Austria	17,181-11,233	17.22-17.23	8.90-5.10gro-pm	3.83	18.00-15.50p	m 3.89
öwitz.	2.0640-2.0650	2.0595-2,0006	0.79-0.89c pm		2.45-2.35 pm	
4 1114						

April 22	· spread	Closs	One taenth	p.s.	months	р.ь.					
UKT	1.5440-1.6579	1.5450-1.5460	9.17-9.12s pm	1.12	9.40-0.35 pm	9.37					
irelandt	1.2890-1,2930	1.2900-1.2910	0.70-0.60e pm		1.80-1.68 pm						
Ceneda	1.2275-1.2310	1.2290-1.2285	per-0,03c dis .	-0.15	0.04-0.07dis	-0.19					
Methind.	2.7530-2.7630	2.7560-2.7580	0.95-0.85c pm	3.92	2.79-2.69 pm	3,98					
Belgrum	48.70-48.83	48.81-48.83	412-8c dis	-1.29	12-15 dis	-1.11					
Denmark	2.6850-8.7075	0.6975-8.7075	4-14 ore dis	-1,72	33-43 dis	-1.95					
W. Gor.	0.4425-2.4865	2.4480-2,4490	0.90-0.85pf pm	4,29	2.64-2.59 pm	4.27					
Portugal	98.00-105.00	100.0-102.0	300-1100c dis	81,95	500-1650dle	-41.95					
Браіл	135.75-138.19	135.95-135.05	136-175c dla .	-13.67	385-415dia -	-11.47					
italy	1,4564-1,4602	1,458-1,459	82-51 im dis	-1.41	26-28 dis	-7,41					
Norway	7.1250-7.1450	7.1300-7.1400	2-3ore dis	4-21	0.80-7.80dis	-4,10					
Franço	1.3300-1.3800	7,3375-7.3426	1.95-2.15c dis			3.53					
O vre den	7.4810-7.4925	1.4850-7.4900	4-14om dis	1.BQ	2,70-3.20dis	-1.57					
Jepan •	235,85-237.00	236.75-236.85	9,62-0,57y pm	3.01	1,80-1.72 pm	2.97					
Austria	17,181-11,237	17.22-17.23	8.90-5.10gro pm	3.83	18.00-15.50pr	n 3.89					
öwitz.	2.0640-2.0650	2.0595-2,0505	0.79-0.89c pm	4.31	2.45-2.35 pm	4.66					
† UK	† UK and Italand are quoted in U.O. currency. Forward pramrums and										
	discounts apply to the U.S. dollar and not to the individual currency.										

Swiss Franc | Nutch Nulld | Italian Lira |Canada Dollar Belgian Franc

2264. 1458.

595.1 8154,

1,897 1,227

9.445 0.841

2,514

THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

	may's			~	Three	4.			
April 22	• spread	Closs	One taenth	. p.s.	months	p.a.			
UKT	1.5440-1.6579	1.5450-1.5460	9.17-9.12s pm	1,12	9.40-0.35 pm	9.57			
irelandt	1.2890-1,2930	1.2900-1.2910	0.70-0.60e pm	0.04	1.80-1.68 pm	0.39			
Ceneda	1.2275-1.2310	1.2280-1.2285	per-0,03c dis .	-0.15	0.04-0.07dis	-0.19			
Methind.	2.7530-2.7630	2.7560-2.7580	0.95-0.85c pm		2.79-2.69 pm				
Belgrum	48.70-48.83	48.81-48.83	472-8c dis		12-15 dis	-1.11			
Denmark	2.6850-8.7075	0.4975-8.7075	4-14 ore dis		31-41 dis	-1,95			
W. Gor.	0.4425-2.4865	2.4480-2,4490	0.90-0.85pf prp		2.64-2.59 pm				
Portugal	98.00-105.00	100.0-102.0	300-1100c dis			41.95			
Браіл	135.75-138.19	135,96-136,05	136-175c dis .			-11.47			
Italy	1,4564-1,4604	1,458-1,459	82-51-ilm dis			-7.41			
Norway	7.1250-7.1450	7.1300-7.1400							
Franco			2-3ore dis		0.80-7.80dis	-4,10			
	1.3300-1.3800	7,3375-7.3425	1.95-Z.15c dis		1.00-7.40dls	~3.53			
O vre den	7.4810-7.4925	1.4850-7.4900	4-14om dis		2.70-3.20dis	-1.57			
Japan •	235,85-237.00	238.75-238.85	9.62-0.57y pm	3.01	1,80-1.72 pm	2.97			
Austria	17,181,-11,237,	17.22-17.23	8.90-5.10gro pm		18.00-15.50pt				
öwitz.	2.0640-2.0650	2.0595-2,0505	0.79-0.89c pm		2.45-2.35 pm				
† UK and Italand are quoted in U.O. currency. Forward pramrums and									

	April 22	· spread	Closs	One tsenth		months	p.a.
	UKT	1.5440-1.6579	1.5450-1.5460	9.17-9.12s pm	1.12	9.40-0.35 pm	9.97
	irelandt	1.2890-1,2930	1.2900-1.2910	0.70-0.60e pm		1.80-1.68 pm	
	Ceneda	1.2275-1.2310	1.2290-1.2285	per-0,03c dis		0.04-0.07dis	-0.19
	Methind.	2.7530-2.7630	2.7560-2.7580	0.95-0.85c pm		2.79-2.69 pm	
	Belgrum	48.70-48.83	48.81-48.83	43-8c dis	-1.29	12-15 dis	-1.11
	Denmark	2.6850-8.7075	0.6975-8,7075	4-14 ore dis	-1,72	31-41 dis	-1.95
	W. Gor.	0.4425-2.4865	2.4480-2,4490	0.90-0.85pf pro	4,29	2.64-2.59 pm	4.27
	Portugal	98.00-105.00	100.0-102.0	300-1100c dis	81,95	500-1650dle	-41.95
•	Браіл	135.75-138.19	135.96-136.05	136-175c dla .	-13.67	385-415dia -	-11.47
	itsly	1.4564-1,4603	1,458-1,459	82-51-ilm dis	-1.41	26-28 dis	-7.41
	Norway	7.1250-7.1450	7.1300-7.1400	2-3ore dis	4.21	0.80-7.80dis	-4,10
	Franço	1.3300-1.3800	7,3375-7.3426	1.95-2.15c dis	2.35	1.00-7.40dls	3.93
	O vre den	7.4810-7.4925	1.4850-7.4900	4-14om dis	1.60	2,70-3.20dis	-1.57
	Jepan •	235,85-237.00	236.75-236.85	9.62-0,57y pm	3.01	1,80-1.72 pm	2.97
	Austria	17,181,-11,237	17.22-17.23	8.90-5.10gro-pm	3.83	18.00-15.50pt	m 3.89
	ŏwitz.	2.0640-2.0650	2.0595-2,0006	0.79-0.89c pm	4.31	2.45-2.35 pm	4.66
	t UK	and Iteland a	re queted in L	1.0. currency. · F	brawro	pramruma an	nd
				er and not to th			

Day to day gredit was lo short supply in the London money market yesterday. The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £950m, later revised to £900m. Factors affecting the market included bills maturing in official hands ond a net take up of Treasury billo -£477m, Exchequer transactions -£150m and a rise in the oote circulation of £265m. Assistance in the morning came to \$332m and com-prised purchases of £100m of eligible bank bills in band 1 (up to 14 days) at 10 to per cent and in band 2 (15-33 days) £39m of local authority bills and £164m of eligible bank bills at 10 per cent. In band 3 (34-63 days) it bought £16m of eligible bank bills at 918 per cent and in band 4 (64-91 days) £8m of Treasury bills and £41m of eligible bank bills (64-84 days) at 9; per ceot.
The Bank also arranged sale and repurchase agreements on £464m of bills at 10 per cent, unwinding

Argantina Peso. 112,001-119,261 72,440-79,490 Austria. Australia Dollar. 1.7780-1,7800 1.1505-1,1515 Belgium 1.780-1,7800 1.1505-1,1515 Belgium 1.7800 1.1505-1,1515 B

OTHER CURRENCIES

Apr. 29

LONDON MONEY RATES

Courtight	Anr. 22 . 1983	Certificate of deposit	Interbank	Authority deposits	Local Auth. negotiable bonds	Finance House Deposits	Company Deposits	Narket Deposits		Engible Bank Bills d	-Trac
	2 days notice 7 days or 7 days notice 1 ne month Three months Three months Nine months One year	103, 104 107, 107 107, 107 101, 10 101, 10	104-107 104-107 104-109 194-109 106-197 108-107 191-194	1918-1914 1914 1014 1014 1014 1015 1015	11-1054 1954-1054 1056-1044 1034-10 1072-1018	10% 10% 10% 10%	105g-193 ₄ 1034 195g 105g	10-101 ₈ 97 ₈ -10 97 ₈ 63 ₄	10,, 913,081	er,	10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,

ECGD Rate Export Finance Scheme IV Avenue Rale for interest period March 2 to April 5 183 (locinalve): 10.97 ECGD Rate export there's scheme is Avening rate for interest seven days fixed. Long-term local authority moragent mass applicable there years 10% per cent; four years 10% per cent; five years 11 per cent. 48mk bill rates in table am buying rates for plims paper. Suying rate for lour months bank bills 30% 95% per cent months trade bill: 100% per cent.

Approximate saling into for one month Treesury bills 30% per cent; two months 90% 90% per cent; and three months 90% 90% per cent; and three months 90% 90% per cent; two months 100% per cent; and three months 30% 90% per cent; trade bills one month 10% per cent; two months 100% per cent; and three months 100% per cent; trade bills one month 10% per cent; two months 100% per cent; and three months 100% per cent; trade bills one month 100% per cent; two months 100% per cent; and three months 100% per cent; trade bills one month 100% per cent; two months 100% per cent; and three months 100% per cent; 10% per cent. Finance Houses Base Rates (published by the Finance Nouses Association) 11½ per cent from April 1 1983, Londo and Scottish Clearing Bank Rates for lending 19 per cent. London 9sposit Rates for sums at seven days' notice 6/ pe cent.
Timesury Bi2s: Average tender intee of discount 0.7565 per cent. Cartificates of Tax 9-specific (Series 0). Depasts of £100.000 and over hald one month 10% per cent; coe-three-months 10% per cent; three-als-months 10% per cent six-12 months 10% per cent. Under £100.000 to per cent from April 9. Depasts hald under Series 3-5 10% per cent. The intes for all deposits withdrawn for cash 8 per cent.

purchases of £5m of eligible bank billo in band 1 at 10% por cent, £10m of local authority bills in band 2 at 10 per cent and £18m of eligible bank bills in band 4 at 9% per cent.

Weekend interbank money opened at 101-103 per cent and rose to 101 per cent before slip-ping back to 10 per cent. A high Further help in the afternoon of 103 per cent was touched in came to £33m, making a grand the afternoon before rates fell total of £365m and comprised mway to finish mt 1 per cent.

Note Rate

98.60.90.90 75.65.78.40 18.45.18.58 11.20.11.40 5.77.6.81 2.77.6.81 11.00.11.10 150.176 11.50.176 11.56.11.55 5.11.3.20 1.53.1.554 11.2.176

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

(Market closing rates)

Apr. 92 Snort	notice	Month	Months	Monthe	Year
Sterling 104:1012	1016-1012	101-101-	10 te 10 te	10 %-10 %	101 a 1
2-S. Dollar 85:878	814-016	51-91-	9 te · e · è	6 %-9 %	
Can. Ocilar	81g.9	8,1-0,1	9,2.9 k	65-96	65.6
	45g.47g	016-514	5,6-5 k	5-6-6	54.5
	95g.9	434-476	412.45s	4-4-8	44.4
Beutschmisk 45s.45s	414.414	1914-105	418-516	5-6-5-5	556-5
Frinch Franc. 184-10te	1214-1914		1016-1558	14-6-15	1034-1
italian Lira 1417-1012 Beig. Franc	1454-1014	163, 1054	105g-17tg	174-1778	18-1
Fin	10-11	104-105	1014-1034	10 tg - 11	103 ₄ -1
	10-4-10-2	105-105	1034-1034	10 tg - 10 tg	103 ₆ -1
	6-4-5-4	51g-51	6-6-5-6	0 4 - 5 tg	552-5
1, Krone 197g-157g		114-114	114.111 ₂	11 tg 11 tg	1189-1
Azio \$ (Sing.), 87g-9		94-94	91-9m	914-95g	916-9
		انتقصصا			

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

AMERICAN MARKETS

11,00 a.m. APRIL 89)

& month U.S. dollars		8 months	U.S. dollars
bid 9 8r19	offer 9 6r16	bld 9 5/18	offer 97/16

The fixing rates are the erithmetic means, raunded to the necreat one-sisteenth, of the bid end operad tates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference banks at 11 am each working day. The benks are National Wasonineter Sank, Sank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Senque Netional de Paris and Morgan Guaranty Truet.

COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

WEEKLY PRICE CHANGES

Alumipium 2880 - \$2580 - \$1368(1090 + 15

Nickel Present State Sta

0.647

0,264 2,730

11,881 0,314

11,255

0,527

REVIEW OF THE WEEK

1,125 11,64

1.891

Chinese buying boosts copper market

BY OUR COMMODITIES STAFF

11.545

9.995

10, 3,562

2,662 0,035

0.841 2.595

8,807

9,747 1,418

1,879

96.70

522,8 115,9

190,1

High Low

\$2050/400 02049/2169 \$1799/850 £876,0 £1120,5 £932,75 \$903.26 £1159.95 £956.25 £868,5 £1150 £984.25 £877.5 £11360 £922,75 \$589.5 £11360 £922,75 \$589.5 \$409.25 £328.25 £318 £887.5 £341.25 £2328.125 £298.75 £3926 £4830 £4384 245/2750 £255/285c £162|132c

£105.55 £121.95 £110.75

£133,50 £151,09 £143,50

25,900 \$1,900 \$1,429

£189,85 £120,80

£123,29

\$505

£985 £926.5 £1,138,5 ;71,30c £590 \$292,75 £269 566 £22 5

+ 15

+6.5

4.0

cases on to the market when copper and other base metals, prices moved to higher levels, was the firm trend in gold,

BASE METALS

COPPER:

COPPER Official - Unofficial -

High Grae & E E

Cash 1195-6 4.25 1106.5-7 8 months 1103.5 4 1138-4 Cathodes

34. Kerb: Standard, thma months-£8,840, 45, 40, 35, 30. Turnover: 2,370

Lead—Morning: Cash C296, 96.50, three months £309, 08.5, C8, 07.50, 08.50, 07 G8; Korb: Three months £307.50, 07.25, 07.50, 07.75, 08, 07.75, Kerb: Thise months £308, 08.50, 08, Turn-

Zinc—Moming: Three months £470.50, 70, 68: 67, 65; 67, 57.50. Kerb: Three months £458, 69. Altor-noon: Three months £470, 70.50 11, 71.50, 72, 73, Kerb: Three months £472, 72.60, 72, Tumover: 18,550 tonness.

£ 458-9 476-5

Cash. 452,5.5.5.4
Z months 469.5 -5.62
Settiom t 458.5 -4
Primw ts

official - Unofficial -1

over 8,700 tonnes.

ZINC

8 £ £ 8885-e0 8800-0 -57.5 8854-5 8910 -05 -

the market virtually ignored Traders estimated that total news that U.S. copper workers' union had agreed terms with Kennecott of new three-year labour contracts to replace the June. It is expected this will provide a precedent for other companies to settle as well and

Helping the uptreod in

silver and platinum. Silver was before closing up £18 on the day particularly otrong, boosted by and £7 on the week at £1,629.50 hopes of a rise in industrial a tenne. demand as well as speculative interest. However, the market fell. back yesterday with the bullion spot price losing 29,30p to 776p a troy at the morning fixing, still 14.15p up on a week

this week as fairly good physical tonne. demand compensated for the renewed steadiness of sterling. up on the week at £1,278.50 a

Dealers said the market was held within n relatively narrow range with producers selling on price advances and manufacturers buying on declines. Hedging against producer sales were well absorbed, they added.

Renewed concern over the prices yesterday and the July position on the London futures effectively meant this amount market reached £1,660 a tonne was being held off the market.

Dealers were also concerned about port labour problems at Le Havre.

Sugar higher although most fundamestal news was bearish. The London daily sugar price rose Cocoa prices nn the London to £114 a tonne before ending futures market moved higher £9 up on the week at £111 a 9 up on the week at Ell1 a May July Reduced export allotments at Supt

the weekly EEC tender in SUGAR WORLD '11' 112,000 to: poor world an increased indication demand while mated by West German statis-tician F. O. Licht, and an increased world 1982-83 crop forecast by London merchant C. Czarnakow also tended to reduce prices. On the other hand, there was increasing coocern about weather damage to late arrival of African robusta the Cuban crop and a Tate and shipments boosted nearby coffee Lyle decision to defer delivery. of 100,000 tonnes of Thai sugar

SECAUSE of the present time difference etween the U.S. and Europe, this dition corries American merket prices

HEATING OIL 42,000 U.S. galfons NEW YORK conts/U.S. galle ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lb; cente lb High 83.19 61.50 81.19 81.33 82,25 83.00 83,76 84.75 Close High Low 114,70 115,00 114,40 113,15 113,50 112,75 114,70 115,00 114,40 113,15 112,05 112,05 112,05 112,05 112,19 111,35 108,00 108,30 107,40 109,50 101,20 100,80 100,50 10

June July August Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan 100.50 100.50 100,50 CHICAGO

LIVE HOGS 30,000 lb; Cents/lb Close 50.02 50.62 48.00 44.32 44.60 46.30 45.37 47.70 46.30 Nigh 51.20 01.60 48.87 44.90 45.40 47.00 45.47 47.75 48.30 June July Aug Net Dec Feb April June April PORK SELLIES 38,000 lb: Cems/lb Close 70.30 68.90 85.67 62.62 62.55 63.72 63.22 60.35 High 70.75 69.60 66.15 62.70 62.55 93.72 63.75 60.95 Prev 69.32 68.40 65.10 62.02 62.00 63.25

Close 306.9 310.0 304.2 299.2 306.4 313.0 319.2

C'026 627.4 644.0 648.4 652.4 665.0 677.4 690.4 700.4 719.4

Close 187,4 199,3 190,7 192,5 193,5 193,0 200,0 204,5 207,5

SOYASEANS 5,000 bu min; cents/60 lb-

High 628.4 644.4 649.4 655.2 658.2 678.4 681.0 701.0 711.4

SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tons; \$/ton

High 187.6 189.5 190.9 192.8 194.2 199.0 201.0 201.0 208.0

21.00

Low 185.8 188.2 189.5 191.7 193.6 197.5

21.00

Nigh 77,30 77,76 77,95 78,30 80,80 62,75 83,05 84,70 66,60 97,10 GOLD 100 troy oz: \$/troy oz Prev 438.8 440.0 443.0 449.7 456.7 463.8 471.2 478.7 486.2 493.0 501.8 510.0 518.5 434.9 445.0 452.0 458.3 466.0 472.0 481.0 497.0 438.0 445.0 452.0 458.0 468.0 479.5 487.0 492.9 MATZE 5,000 bu min; cents/66 fb-bushel May July Sept Dec March May July

123.78 123.80 121.80 120.23 117.88 115.03 113.00 111.28

Prev 422.8 430.1 437.1 445.1 455.0

May July Aug Sept Nov Jan March

Low 76.69 77.05 77.95 78.20 79.90 81.70 82.45 83.60 85.00

482,9 490.6 498.5 506.7 515.2

COFFEE "C" 37,000 lb; cents/lb

Closs Nigh Low 124.71 124.75 123.90 124.65 124.90 123.83 122.40 122.45 127.85 120.70 120.80 120.35 119.45 118.45 119.45 115.83 — 113.25 113.50 113.50 112.00 112.00 111.35

Nigh 426.U 432.5 439.5 448.4 455.0

Low 419.U 424.0 430.0 445.0 451.0

PLATINUM 50 troy oz: \$/troy oz

Closs 418.0 424.5 431.8 439.5 448.5

COCOA 10 tonnes; 0/ton

10.05

25,000 lb; cents/lb

MOODY'S

Oow | Apr. | Apr. | Month | Year Jones 21 20 000 890 Spot 140.60 140.0 | 150.25|125.58 Fut m 145.06|147.06|148.16 128.70 | Sesa: Occamber 31 1974-100}

The physical market opened quiet, estadied alightly throughout the day and closed questly steady. Lawfe and Poet reponed a May lob price for No. 1 RSS in Kuals Lumout of 263.5 (263.9) cents a kg and SMR 20 232.0 (233.9). TABLE table table table table table table

149,80-56,2 + 2,65 150,40-47,45 181,80-51,2 + 2,94 151,70-49,00 165,00-55,2 + 2,76 155,80-52,40 150,66-87,7 + 2,89-151,20-50,56 184,00-85,0 + 9,50 - 164,00-65,0 + 2,60 -

May July Aug Sent Ort Dec Jen Parch May Cioss 1772 1809 1833 1863 1897 1918 1943 High 1787 1830 1847 1875 May July Sept Dec Metch May July SOYABEAN DIL 60.000 lb: cants/lb July Aria Sept Ont Dec Jan March May COTTON 50,000 |b; cents/[b Cices 71,90 71,35 72,66 72,60 73,60 74,00 75,20 Low 71.40 71.10 72.55 72.30 73.50 75.20 May Jrdy Oct Dec March May July 71.90 72.53 72.97 72.60 74.02 74.40 75.20 73.35 73.30 14.08 75.25 WHEAT Cines High Low May 243.0 349.0 May
July
Snot
Dec
March
May
SPOT SILVER 5,000 tray oz: cents/tray oz Close Night 1198.3 1242.0 1200.9 1245.9 1209.5 1252.0 1218.5 1284.0 1239.0 1239.0 Prev 1228.0 1230.0 1239.5 1249.5 1269.9 1190.0 1235.0 1210.0 1230.0

taking. Closs (U.S. \$ per tonne): May 441.00, 442.00, 445.00-432.00: June 451.00, 452.00, 454.00-441.00: Aug 480.50, 485.00, untraded: Oct 470.00, 480.00, untraded: Oct 480.00, 494.00.

untraded: Feb 490.00, 408.00, untraded. Sales: 78 (6) lots of 25 tonnes. SUGAR

LORDON DAILY SUGAR—Raw super £111 (£114) s tonns cil Apni-May-June shipment. White auger £143.0 (£145)-table reble toble table table table sales: 2,157 (2,956) lots of 50

£ per tonno

‡ Unquoted, (g) Madegascat. (u) July. (v) June. (y) Sept. (z) May. (s) May-June. w) Aptil-May. § Ghanz close. LONDON OIL GAS OIL FUTURES

74.5p #270w \$645 £111w £285w 148p 122p 394p ki

SPOT PRICES	merket, re	ecting te ik and a qu icel marke	waaka iist bu t, rapo	quiescent r santiment t sometvhat erts Promisi
CRUOE DIL-FOB (Sper barren	Month	Yest day's	+ or	Business Dons
Arabian Light	April	5 U.S. per tonne 251.00	-	
North Seg (Brentr 29.70-26.05) 0.02 African(Bonny Li'htt28.85-30.58 0.44:	May	248.50 246,20 245.25	2.00 2.00	249.75-47.75 247.50-46,50 240,25-44,25
PRODUCTS—North West Europe CIF IS per tonns	Sapt.	951,75	2.25 2.25	247,75-48,00 260,00-46.00 268,00-59,75
Premium gasoline	Dec	208,25 255,75 7,566 (2,	-0.26	255,00-53,25 ota ol 100

GOLD MARKETS

Gold closed unchanged from LONDON FUTURES Thursday's close in the London bullion market yesterday nt-\$437-438. The metal opened nt \$4361-4371 and traded between a high of \$437-438 and a low of \$435-436. Buying interest picked up a little in the afternson, in following the opening of New York but volume remained at a very low level ahead of the

Yest'rday's + or Business close - Dons

	S per troy ounce		
April	438.00-39.0	 _0_500	459,29-55,80
nia	441,80,41.8	-0,560 -0,750	441,70-69,40
lugust	448,00-48;5 451,00-52,0	-0.400 -0.400	448.05
Turnover	455,00-56,8	-2.200	<u> </u>

July 444,50.46,91-0,750; — 448,00-48,05	LEAD Official — Unofficial —1
Sept451_00.52.0 -9.400 Oot455_90-56.7 -2.209 Turnover, 682 (585) lots of 100 troy	& £ £ £ £ £ 6 £ 6 £ 6 £ 6 £ 6 £ 6 £ 6 £
guncas.	Settle m't 290.70 2.25. U.S. 5pot 21.24

	Apr 0 22	April 21
Close		(fine outce)
Opening :	34861 ₈ .4371 ₈ (2282) 3486,25 (2221)	4-283) 1843812-43912 (£28314-284) 452)' 18440.50 (£285.298)
Krugrnd \$450)	Gold Colm	5 Apr. 22 King Sov \$105.107 (267-691)



COPPER VALUES advanced resping a handsome profit. strongly on the London Metal Nevertheless, the Chinese Exchange this week following huying gave an important reports of some heavy buying pyschological boost to the by the Chinese, particularly at market, which was showing the lower price levels. The distinct signs of uncertainty cash price of high grade copper about the forecast recovery in

closed last night £46.75 up on the U.S. economy. As a result the week at £1,133.5 a tonne. the market virtually ignored Chinese purchases could be close to 100,000 tonnes, but it is unclear how much will actually be taken off the market existing contracts expiring in oince the buying has been concentrated on three months forword delivery. At the end of last year the Chinese are believed to bave sold back n in June. large proportion of forward pur-

thus avoid the threatened strike

Aluminium—Moming: Three months 2906, 05.50, 06. Kerb: Three months 2906:50, 07. 08. Alternoon: Three months £008, 07.50. Kerb: Three months £007, 08, 09, 10, 10.50, 11, 12. Turnover: 19 375 tennes.	ALUI	UINIU	M.	٠.		
lamover: 18 3/2 renues.	£906, 05.5 £906:50, months	60, 08. 07. 08. 0908, 07. 907. 08. 0	Kerb: Aht 50. 9. 10.	Three rhoon: Korb:	months Three Three	
Aluminim a.m. + or g.m. + or Official -t			_	p.m.	+ or	

Amelgemeted Metal Tmdinp reported that in the morning cash Nigher Grede traded at £1,135.50, 3S, 34, 33.50, 33, 32.50 32, 32.50, 33, 32.50, Cathodes: Three months £1,106.50. Kerb: Higher Grede; Three months £1,130, 31, 32, 32.50, Atternoon: Higher Grede; Three months £1,130, 31, 32, 32.50, Kerb: Nigher Grede, three months £1,133.50, 34, 34.50, 35, 36, 37, 37.50, 37, Tumover: 38,950 sonnes.

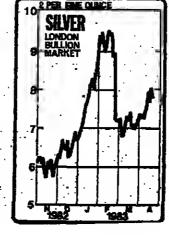
		<u> </u>
ř.	NICKEL Nickel-Morning: Cash £3,130,	
	months £3,215, 10, 05, 02, 3,200, 3,200, 05- Korb: Three months	C3,21
5	Afternoon: Three months £3,219. Three months £3,210, 20 30. over: 1,068 tonnes.	

Cash 1085-7 -125, 1087-90 -155 0 months 1106,5-7 -122 1110-5 -2 Settlem t 1087 -15 -	NICKEL	e.m. Official	+ 01	p.m. Unofficial	į.
U.S. Prod 979-85	Onet	5180.50	-56	5125-55	ľ
TIN	3 months	5205-10	-59	5910-5	i
TinMarmine: Standard, cash E8.910. 05. 8.800. 8.895 8.900. 05. three				+ MS per	1
months £8,840, 50. Higher Grade, cash £8,910. Standerd: Kerb, three months	† On prev		fficia	close.	
£8,840, 35, 40, 50, 40. Afternoon: Standard: Thms months £8,840, 30, 35	SILV		151	(219) los	
34 Kerb: Standard thms months.	10 000			Three m	

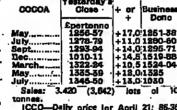
LMS—Turnover: 151 (219) lots of 10,000 oze. Morning: Three months 797.9, 98.0. Kerb: untraded. Afternoon: three months 798.0, 99.0, 98.0. Kerb: three months 798.0, 801.0, 800.9, 799.0, 800.0, 801.9.

SILVER por troy oz.	Sullion fixing. price	i — 1	L.M.E. p.m. Unofficil	+ 4
Spot 5 reonths 6 months 18months	794,00p 815,85p	-50,2 -50,1	797.15p	- 16 - 15
5liver - v lower lor	waa fized apot dali	vary .	ın the Lo	n de

bullion market yestorday of 775p. U.S. equivalents of the liaine fovels wors: opot \$12,019, down 40.3c; three-month \$12,277, down 40.7c; examenth \$13,086, down 41.2c; end 12-month \$13,086, down 41.4c. The metal opened at 780-782p (\$12,06.12 19) and closed at 778-780p (\$12,04-12,08).



COCOA



188.52). Indicator prices for April 22: 88.35 (85.46). COFFEE

COFFEE	Yest'day'a Close	+ or	Susiness Done
May July Sept. Nov January March May 2sies: 5,8	1817-22 1829-30 1528-30 1528-30 1495-02 1495-03 14450-75 57 (5,357) Cator paul	1-54,9 +18,6 1+81,0 1+06,9 1+87,0 1+00,0 10ts of formed): C	1000-03 1587-58 1050-04 1510-74 1450 S tonnos April 21
GRAIN			

Susiness done—Whast: May 134.52.
3.50, July 138.40-5.20, Sopt 117.85-7.70,
Nov 120.55 only, Jan 123.80 only,
March 126.30-5.25. Solos: 218 lots ol
100 tonnas. Barley: May 120.60-20.15.
Sapt 111.25-10.95, Nov 114.40-4.05, Jan
untraded March 120.50 only. Sales:
102 lots of 100 tonnas. WHEAT RARLEY

Mey. 124.40 +0.85 199.15 -0.45
July 108.10 +0.80 +0.80
Sog 117.70 +0.80 111.90 +9.20
Nov. 120.55 +0.20 114.40 +0.25
Jan 123.55 +9.20 117.50 +9.95
May. 135.35 +0.30 120.45 LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. Oark
Northam Spring No. 1 14 per cent,
May 134.75, June 129.25, July 128.00,
Aug/Sopt 127 transhipment Eoot Coast.
Maize: Franch, May 146 transhipment
Eest Coast. Rariev. English leed lob.
Sept 115 quoted East Ceast. Rest

inquoted.
HGCA—Locational ex:[arm HGCA—Locational ex farm apot pricts. Feed barley: E. Mids 124.00, N. East 125.90, Scotland 123.40. The UK monetary coefficient for the weak beginning Monday, May 2 (based on HGCA calculations using 3 days exchange rates) is expected to mimein unchanged.

POTATOES 54.50 88.50-86.60 70.90 71.00-89.80 83.50 85.00-75.81 93.50 95.40-82.86 100.50 99.09-67.50

Tum giver: 516 (521)

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES Apr. 21 Apr. 20 M'th ago Y'ar ago 269,55; 269,01; 975,07 | 244,02

(Base: July 1 1962-100) REUTERS Apr. 82, Apr.21 Meth ago |Yar ago 1756.7:1749.5 1701.2 1598.7

Apr. 21: Apr. 20 M'th ago 'Y'ar ago 1042.5 .1041.3 1055.4 997,2 mbar 31 1931 = 100) DOW JONES

craps were easier eithough only Apri-attracted much interest, raports Colsu-and Harper. RUBBER

No. 1 Yestardys Previous Business R.S.S. close close Done

Sales: 84 (240) lots of 15 tennes: nil (3) lots of 5 tennes: Physical closing prices (buyero) were: Soot 74.50p (74.00p); May 13.00p (same), June 75.50p (same). SOYABEAN MEAL

Seles: 188 (115) lots of 100 tonnes. The market opened £2 higher on a reduced American Soyabean Association gmin stock eadmete, reports T. G. Roddick. Strong c5ah markets increased the gelns with uredo and commission house buying adding to 20YABEAN Off.—Prices opened \$4.00

April May June July Sopt Dec Jan March May July 1259.0 1255.0 1277.5 ---1297.0 1350.0 1318.0 1364.9 1339.0 1362.0 1318.0 1295.0 1298.0 17.75 (amm) cents per pound. Nordy and Herman allver 1362.0 1362.0 1366.9 ounce.

tonnad.
Tota and Lyle delivery price for grenulated beers white sugar was

May ... 120.75-20.80 1722 20-25 25 122 50-29 25 Aue ... 181.05-61.18 182 10-82 16 182 50-80 28 50 Oct ... 185.25-63-89 146 25-48, 40(140.00-38, 30 Dec ... 144.59-45.00 146.76-46.00 145.56-44.50 Morch 163.60-53.75 184.78-64.86 194.50-63.80 May ... 158.00-69.80 168.75-58.86 187.75-57.60

UNIL C

1254 NL 81 87-91

114 HL 62 88-92

7% NL 82-11 89-98

C

F.220 35 8.40 F.240 79 3.90 8 F.190 — — F.200 21 4.70

F.112.60 — — : 99 : 9.60 F.115 — : — 340 1.19 F.115 — : — 18 : 2.99

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTO 10,668

A-Arked B-Bid

C F.97.50 - - 1 - 59 | 5 C F.100 - 1 - 100 | 9.60 : - 1

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS

Heavitre Brewery 11: pcsr (511 724: (15.4) (15.4) Hist. Thomson SpcDb 1987-82 57714: 15: (20,4)

riss. Incomes SpcDo 1987-82 5.77%. %
(20,4)
Home Browney 8/apcPr (£1) 55 119.4)
Importal Browning and Leisure 4/apcDn
1982-87 £755; 118.4). 3/apcDn £31
115.4/. 0/apc2nd2b 1884-89 £78 (19.4).
7pc2nd2b 1987-92 £75% 115/4/. 7/upc
2nd2b 1985-90 £78% (19.4). 8pc2ad2b
1885-94 £79 (2.14). 7.1pcLa 1994-95
£66% 7.19.4. 8-apcLn 1990-95 £934ntni Distillem and Vilners 6/apcLn 198792 £819.

54agram 9:stillers 12-agr.bp 2512 21-1-1 120-4) Thwistes (Daniel) 5pc1stP1 (£19) 450 115-41 (2000) 1980-85 £261-1)8.41

Supcin 2554
Websier (Sampel) Sons 74pcDb 1988-95
E74': (18 4)
Whitereed 4':pc1stPf [£1] 40 (2014)
Whitereed 4':pc1stPf [£1] 40 (2014)
4':pc2pgPf [£1] 48 (19 4] 8:pc3p [£2]
E1' S6 (19 4) 4':8:Db 1009-2804 £48,
5':pc0b 1881-85 £544: 19 49 (0.pc2p)
1987-92 £724 (1944) 8':pc3b 1984-87 £554
E741 [19 4' 8':pc3b 1984-87 £554
E741 [19 4' 8':pc3b 1984-87 £554
E741 [19 4' 74pc1n 1895-99 £08;
7 (20 4) E741 [19 4]
Singcin £42'
Singcin £42'
Singcin £42'
Singcin £42'
State 18 42'
Whitshead Invest 154

COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL

А---В

AAH Hides GotP* (£11 48 119.4)
A.C. Care (59) 43
A.E. Care (59) 43
A.E. 7:pc:05 1980-85 £93 (19 4). 8pcin
1989-94 £448.
A.E. 1892-111 4 2
A.E. 1892-111 70 (20) 111
Abwood Macbine Tools OpePt 1997 [01]

Arrow Ret.n 1882-2002 £39; Advance Services ADCP [£1: 67:18:4) Aerline Elreant 7eorabia 10:50Db 1991-80 £80 - 20 - 7: (2014) Albion 1:00: 7: (2014) Aleseaders Hidge A (Rst-V) [100) 9:00 Allesone Sons 70cts 1994-88 £40:10:4) Allesone Sons 70cts 200b 1988-83 £72

Amber Day Ridge 19:00-1 1£1: 53 American Telephone and Telegraph U103: 187: 194

187: 119 4 Strathcive Socia 1886-91 675-40 4D Ausscurum Go 7 1000 1611 72 1184) Archiel (1840 1611 72 1184) Armitage (1860 1611 73 185 1861 73 1841 73

120/4: Arritaga Shaoks Go 10pcLn 1080-04 £70: 184

Assoc Elevano (18 4), 5-ascub (1991-98 2.7)
Assoc Fleneries quecus 1991-98 2.7
Assoc Fleneries 7: pcLn 1988-94 570
Assoc Fleneries 7: pcLn 1988-94 570
Assoc Elevano 7: pcLn 1988-94 570
Assoc Fleneries quecus 1991-98 2.7
Assoc Fleneries qu

Automated security epicle 90-25 25-3 (19/4)
Automative Predects Spect (£1) £2 3 (18/4), 19/40-20 96-2001 £81 \(19/4)
Avena 750-7 (£1) 5£ (15/4)
Avena 750-7 (£1) 5£ (15/4)
Avena 750-7 (£1) 5£ (15/4)
BAT 3\(100-50 \) 69-94 £95-2 (£2) (19/4)
61CC 650-7 (£1) 52. 5\(100-7 \) 612 (19/4)
61CC 650-7 (£1) 52. 5\(100-7 \) 613-1-85 £87 (£-1) 54. 75\(100-7 \) 85-99 £78\(100-7 \) 90-95 £77 \(100-7 \) 85-99 £78\(100-7 \) 90-95 £77 \(100-7 \) 4

EMC 8pclp 98-2003 £431. 7 pcln 87-87 £574 % 8. £pcln 98-2005 £55

9PB 1803 119,41 BPM NV 8 81 BSG Inter 7pcDb 93-98 £69; (20'41, 12 lpcLa 93-98 £72!; (19,4) 5SR 51:octa 95-90 £57 Balley IC. H.; 6 (10p) 161: Baldwin H. J.) (10p) 10 11£;4) Baldwin 7pcPi 4511 55; £ (18,4) Baldwin Dobson Bapcla 90-95 £51. 12pc

Barker Dobson Biptin 90-95 651. 12pc Ln 77-84 698h Barr Wallace Arnold 7st 94:0 0:0 Barratt Developments Biptin 95-97 E5314 Barrow Hepburn 7.75ocPf 1E11 821:

Jan.

- F,45.60

- F.114,99

8 ;; 15 ;; - F.217.50

- F.114.20

59 | 9.99 |F.96.90 -- - |

P-Put

Oct.

10 5.40 20 2.90

F.126 5 6 1.80 60 2.60 F.199.50 F.136 19 0.10 90 1.10 F.195 F.197.50 305 0.50 229 1.80 9 23 3.00 F.130 9 5 1.10

C F.100' - ! - ! - ! - | 159 ! 0.90 | F.97.00. |

99 9 60 --

Number StapePt (£11 50): Back Publishers 71pcPf £11 53:

Db 1907-92 £78 /20 41. 8 apcirm@ureLc £53; 5 Culoness (Arther) 4nd Sons 7 apcia 2001 £71 4. 1926.2 1991-98 £390 Hardys and Hansons 455 (20,4). Spc1st CpmPf (£1) 41; (154) Hogylpre Brewery 11 apcFf (£1) 227 vices Unless officerwise indicated, danominatiess ara 25p and prices are The prices are those at which the basiness was dane in the 24 hasrs so to 3.20 pm on Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Teleman system;

Hill & Smith Hipp: 14ec1st0a 2000-03 £95's (20.4) Hipp: 123 Hopkings 123 Hopkings 123 Hopkings 124 Soots 73.pc.Ln 88-95 0783, 91; Bouston Pauf SpcPf (£1: 81: 1)834) Bowster Corp SigncPf (£1: 51: 2/20/4). SigncPd 1997 £55. 7pc.Ln 92-97 £61; 120/4) Hopper 123 Hopkinsons Hidgs 5,25pcPf 151) 56 1: (18;4) Hpme Bros 7 LpsLn 1995-2000 5674 Newfoundland 412pcPf (£1/ 3512 Sovaner Newfoundiand 4:3007 (2.17 331)
11941.
Bowthorie 7861a 90-95 258 [2014)
Braime 60 (18:41. A HV 54 12914)
Bridso Bracia 2002-07 454 (1914)
Fripcia 2002-07 262 (18/4)
Brigort-Gundry SpcPf (2.1) 4141 12
Bright J.) Secla 88-95 277
Bristol Stadium (5p1 72 115/4)
Bright J.) Secla 88-95 27
Bristol Stadium (5p1 72 115/4)
Bristsh Alean Aluminiam Blacob 81-80
4.95 40
British-American 7obacco SpcPf (4.11 48
120'4). SpcPf (4.1) 581; 71; 119/41.
7pclh 82-87 583. 120 e)
Hasse of Fraser 41:pcPf (£1) 34 (29 4).
Specin 1993-98 £580. 8 upcin 1998-98 1
£74:
Howard & Wyndham (50e) 4. N-V (20e)
5. 18pcin 1976-91 £94
Humphres Higgs 43 4 1 1: 7:
Hungin Hidgs 34
Hunging Asstal Indus Deferred 155 (19 4) I—J—K

8ritish-American 700acco 57: 71: 119/41.
70cLh 82-87 £31 58: 71: 119/41.
70cLh 82-87 £93
8ritish Amer Tobacco lav 198cLn 89-88
£921: 119/41 191-8cLn 99-95 £91: 2
British Electric Traction 59c.90 £451:
6ritish Ever Ready 60cLn 92-97 £594 ICL \$84Db 1983-38 £7840. OlorOb 1981-88 £844 (20.4) NM 740cLa 1966-91 £754. 74pcLa 1988-93 £7) 1; 2: [28:4], SecLa 1885-1990 O78 (10.4) battch Salidine British Ever Ready Backs 120/41 | 120/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/41 | 140/4 hstech 8 iliding . Prods 7 recob 1985-90 (70:: 119:4) 238 (19 4)
Imperial Foods 6-upcDb 1985-90 £77:
(20'4)
Imperial Group 5-upcLn 1982-85 £99.
6.99tLn 2004-08 £60: 1 7.5ecLn
2004-09 £65's 10.5pcLn 1999-95 £00
1 1 2pcLn 1985-90 £86 t 7: 8
Inco 15-upcLn 2008 £107 t
International Paint 8-upcLn 1989-95
£70-1; 12 1 £20'41
International Stand £1ec Corp 5:pcLn
1978-89 £75 0 (18/4) 2003-08 ESS (1944; //wpcln 2005-08 070 Frooke 7ooi Engineering 17pcPf 15981 85 /10 41 Brown Bovert Kent 4/pcPf (£11 55 129/41, 8pctn 82-5 £50x, 1916/1 Brown (£p) 250/15-38 2003 48 12014) 8pctn 15p 250/15-38 Brown (£p) 250/15-38 Buller Lumb SocPf 6£11 31 (15/4) 8urgest Prinderts A NV 37 (20/4) 8urgest Prinderts A NV 37 (20/4) 8urgest Anderson 11pcln 83-34 £52 (15/4) Rurrauchs Cerro (%1 £2*8 119/4) 8urgest Marhines 8urget 1977-95 £7914: :: 119'4). Stockn 1980-65 £88 (20/4)

Jamerous Chocolates (109) 85 119(4)
Johnson & Firth Brown (1.05per) (5.1)
35 8. 11961a 1993-98 560: 50
Johnson Group Cleaners Sach (2) 82
Johnson Matthey Sper (5.1) 42: (10.4)
Johnson Group State (10.4)
Johnson Group State (10.4)
Johnson Group State (11.1)
Johnson Group State (11.1)
Johnson Group State (11.1)
Johnson Group State (11.1)
Johnson (11.1) 720 4) 9rrin Grp Wts 2440, For la 1976 590; 9rrin Grp Wts 2440, For la 1976 590; 1541, Borth 1998 2003 578 1. 8 or la 1898-2803 571 4.; 15041 Brill's Sinchedb 18*2-17 583 4.; (144), Spc2ndb 192-97 575 (18*4) Sutterfield-Harvey 51-067 1511 26 115 41 Kayser Sondor 5 pcDb 1882-87 083 (elsey indus 1114pcPf IS11 113 |18'4) (rait Prods |10p) 35 (18 4) L-M

C—D

C.N.A. Invests 180.500 |
Cadbury Schweppers 3::pc1stPt | 101) 49.
8::pc1stDb 1994-2004 £72½; [2044]. 9pc |
1stDb 1958-93 £55½;
Catyns 0::qc1stPt | £51) 45½; (1944). 10pc |
Pt (£1) 90 (194) |
Cskebraug Robey (10p) 135. 8::pcLn 1993-92 £69 | 15 4)
Camors (20q1 00 | 720 4)
Carcle Engin Grap | 10;:pcPt | £51) 87½; (12*4). 10pcPt | £51) 87½; (12*4). 10pcPt | £51) 87½; (12*4). 10pcPt | £51) 85½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [18*4]; (1950-1958-91 £64)½; [1950-1958-91 £64); LRC International Socia 1990-95 £70 115'4). 10-2xin 1990-85 £88 119.4) Lndbricke Greup Warrants 154 5. 8pcin 1990-92 £784 ½ 18.41 Laing U.: A N-V 91 2 3 0 7: Laborte Indias Hidgs) Socia 1993-98 £73 (15.41 Lnbram U.: Boch Lorrence Scott SpcDb 1985-90 £ 72D 4) Lees (J. (10g) 54 129.4) Lees (J. Partnership SpcPt &1: 7:sccPf (£1: 02 (194) Levis (J.) Partnership Spcry. 12.1.
7:sccPf (£11 02 (194)
Levis 10.1 Partnership Spcry. 12.1.
Levis in v 7sf 0:spcDb 1985-90 £75:
Levis Service 2nd Warrants 122 30 5 7.
8:spcLn 1002-97 £80 1
Lindustries 0\u00e4pcDb 1984-69 £7£; 115/41 (20'4)
Seventam 6-pointff (£1) 43 (20'4). 7pc
1stR1 (£1) 48 9:- 7-pointff (£1) 57
1stR1 (£1) 48 9:- 7-pointff (£1) 50 7
1stR1 (£1) 49.5 t.0 7
1stR1 (£1) 4 Lindustries Olupcob 1984-89 £7£: 115-4) Lindustries Hidge 12pcLn 1988-90 £163 120-4) Linread 7-apcob 1989-93 £78; Lister 5-pcP: (£1) £1 118-8; Liverpool Dally PBS & 8cho SpcPr (£1) Liver (F. H.) Hidgs 7 apcle 1981-91 569 Extreme Resistance Hides SpcDb 1886-91 E57 (20 4) certal Sherrwood 10prPf (£1) - 88 88 certal Sherrwood 10prPf (£1) - 98 "bangel 7-enel Invest (50) 199 "bangel 7-enel Invest (50) 199 Sharron Inde £1:pc1stDb 1003,98 £71's: 119 4) Charron 7pcPf (£1) 50 (1844) Charron 7 79 Lardon & Midland Indus & worLn 1983-85 £75- (184), 9tecl.p 1988-9) £138 (204) 575- (184). 9-pctp 1988-9) £738 (204) Landon & Provincial Poster Gp E-pctn 1986-91 £82 119 41 Lendon Brick BotP [51] 88 (2945). 14pc th 1986-91 £87 (204) Lengo & Hambly 7pcP (£1] 54 [154] Lenthe 7-pct 150 1955-91 £72 1184). 9pc2ndDb 1987-92 £80½ (204). 8-pc th 1981-84 995 tryll (Y. ... (Hidgs) 8-pctb 1987-82 £79 turne 1981-88 £70½ 80 (204). 1932-cth 1993-68 £70½ 80 (204). 1932-cth 1993-68 £70½ 80 (204). 1932-cth 1993-67 £86½ tyles 53 11pcPf (£1) 05% (154) tyles 53 11pcPf (£1) 05% (154) 6'dwers 100 Patons 4'-pcln 2002-07 £42'-Ln 2902-07 £61. 7'-pcls 1899-95 L 2'-ladge [Hidgs1 28 30 (18/4)

nchsedge [Midgs] 28 30 1849; oben (A.1 A (2001 233 F callins (V.1 SecOb 1993-98 £584; (2044) oben 68 7 7 technical from 1992-97 £65; cmhired Enollsh Stores 7 technical from 1992-97 £68 (1941) or 1992-97 £68 (1941) or 1995-92 £72 £72 £72 £74 M.Y. Dart Deferred [10s) 14 McCorquidala 3-pc) stDb 1807-87 5774 McYechina 8ros 102cla 1994-99 1863p) okson Grp 70-Pfd (50p) 25'- 115 4) 123
Meonat & Southerns 5,25acPf t£11 65 (20.4)
Miglan (J. J.) 177 8 (29.4) (20.4) (3.0) 177 8 (29.4) (4.1) 183 (29.4) (5.1) 177 8 (29.4) (5.1) 177 8 (29.4) (5.1) 184 (6.1) 185 (6.1) 709 Allman Intel
720-4)
740-4)
740-41
740-41
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740-41 (10'41 May & Haysell SocPf (£11 39 Merce Le sure 7pc) \$10 1 1955-90 £791, Merce Le sure 7pc) \$10 1955-90 £791, Metal Sox 4 9pc M (£11 57, 2.8mc2md M (£0'1) 331; (15'4), 10";pcin £851; 6 991, (20'4) ctal Closures Gro SucPf (E1r 40 118'4), ocDb £891: 42 (18/4)

N-0-P

Ocena Coss 55 9 (18/4) Oldham Ostterles 71-pcDb 5771; 115/4) Dilver Jecorgo (Feotweer) (25m 235 Dilvmpia (Redacro) (20p1 75 8 0 Oppermae (Fildes) 7-pcDb 5277 (19/4) Diven Owen 71-pcLn £59 (20/4)

DEG 7-pcln 19:8-91 (£78) Delgety 4.*ScrPf (£11 81). 7pcDb Delgety 4.55cpf (£11 81'). 79c08 1922-67 £256 Datastream (55) 2276 306. New f5p) 725 7 8 930 Davies M-torife 1100 62 120'4) Datascream (53) 2276 Age. New 159/ 225 7 8 9 30 Davies M-turife 1100 62 120-4) Debendams SignoAPT (51) 55% 120-4). 7 arc2n-10b 1001-96 5724, 5 gettin 1975-91 5681. 7 lockin 2002-07 563. 7 lockin 2002-97 562; 11scin 1993-1002 5126 1-8 Davis Groff (51) 48 (19-4). 7 lockin 1925-00 579 13 10 lockin 1994-99 5920 Denny (M.) SpCP (51) 32 118-4) Dentschy Bipcin 1901-91 562 NSS Newsagents SpcPI (£)1 108 (19/4) Hash Industries (2501 48 (1914) National Medical Enterprises (50.05) £ Dentry (H.) Sport 1901-91 £62
Dentry Block 1901-91 £62
Descutter 8-75 (Hildes) 3.25pcPt (£11 501)
Devirure Partner (100) 171; (1644)
Ditre (J.) 31 15-41
Ditre (J.) 31 15-41
Dollonds Patter (200) 171; (1644)
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Dollonds Patter (200) 145 (1945)
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I.D.-Perry [india])1pcPf (RS10) 8 (1944)
E.R.F. (Hidgst 10pcPf (51) 70 (1844)
E.R.F. (Hidgst 10pcPf (51) 70 (1844)
East Midland Alled Press 143 (20:4).
SpcPf [£1] 384:0 12 (19:4)
Eastern Produce (Hidgst Wts 12. 10]:pccLn
(1997-2002) £14 5 1; £ 14
Electro Parkised Textile Hidges 73 (1814), 4.2pc F1 (51) 315 (15:4) Parrish (J. T. 155 Patrison Jenks 11.5pcPf (51) 405 8 11914

Fine spinners and Doublers 46c1stDb 530
119/4)
Finiav Packagins 7:pcDs 1086-91 673
(1014)
Firmin and Sons 00 (2014)
Fishes 01-pcDs 1984-89 £7714 (1814)
Sincta 2004-99 £5214
Fietcher (£.1 Esildam 10pcLn 1986-91
£88; f1814)
Foughty 10:pcPr (£11 1031;; 1:2 (1814)
Folles (john) Hefo (5p) 349
Ford Intell Cas Core SpcLn 1081-87 £82
(3014), 74pcLn 1080-86 £9234
Ford Intell Cas Core SpcLn 1081-87 £82
(3014), 74pcLn 1080-86 £9234
Ford Intell Cas Core SpcLn 1081-87 £82
(3014), 74pcLn 1080-86 £9234
Ford Intell Cas Core SpcLn 1081-87
Forte Midgs 4.0pcDb 1983-86 £7814 7.7pcDb
1985-90 £801: 11814)
Fortnum and Misson 7pcPf [£1] 58 (1914)
Fortnum and Misson 7pcPf 1£1 58 (1914)
Fortnum and

s highest and lowest desiring process. The five previous days is given for those securities in which his previous days is given Official List, the latest with the relevant date. # Bargains at special prices. O Bargains done the previous day. A Bargains

Superdrug (10p) 259 7: 8: 8 9:60 5eter Did: 588 39 1)944, 9464 Cev 10 1995-209 295 8 100%) 2 Swan (John) 125 97 6(1) 23 (15:4) Swine (John) 8.3cc 97 (51) 23 (15:4) Symbols Engr (5p) 19 (19:4) T-U-V TACE 40pc Pid (10p1 \$1 129 4)
7.7pc
7. Gro 5.8pc Ln 1989-94 153 7.7pc
1n 1989-94 162 9pc Ln 1980-94 167
(1981: 81-pc Cnr Ln 1985 1981: 81-pc
11 Ralegh 0pc 0pb 1978-85 1964 (20,4)
Talbot Mater 51:pc Deb 1984-89 580

Tamac 71:pc Beb 1987-92 578 p. 150 4).
71:pc Deb 1992-97 177 (20:41 84pc Ln 1990-95 575); 8: 173:41 18 5 190 4).
74te and Lyle 51:pc Pri 151 85 190 4).
74te and Lyle 51:pc Pri 151 85 190 4).
90 575 (20:41 19) pc Ln 2005-98 (86:2) (15:41, 15:pc On Ln 1994-99 £126 ; (15.41, 739c Cm (15.41)
7avier Woodrow 7'4pt Ln 1987-00 870
(16.4)
Teifox 12pc Cm Ln 1991 £150 120,41
Thomson 9r8 4.75pc
1st Pri (21) 52.5c
7topt Ln 1887-95 £564
7topt Ln 1887-95 £564
7topt Ln 1887-95 £564
7topt Ln 1889-92 £73 18-43, 7topt Ln 1989-94
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Tionide Grb 111:pt Ln 1001-98 £221:1
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Tootal 70 (R0.18) £77 90 115/43
Woodrow 7'49C Ln 1987-00 870

(10s) 65 (184). A Nod.V (10s) 45:-frafatuar -House 7:-pc Pri (£11 60. 7pc Deb (£11 55 (28/4), 8pc Ln 1994-00 £70 (20/4), 9f-pc Ln 2008-05 £79 : 10 Lpc Training - Home Treft Pri (£11 60. /m.

Training - Home Treft Pri (£11 60. /m.

Deb £11 56 (28.4), Sec in 1994-00 £70

La 5001-05 £87 129.41

Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1993-98

£71 (18.4)

Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1993-98

£71 (18.4)

Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1993-98

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Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1993-98

£751 (18.4)

Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1993-98

£751 (18.4)

Transport Devel. Gra 8.001a 1985-90

£751 (18.4)

\$1.001a 1995-2009 £70 (15.4)

Transport Devel. Gra 8.000 1997-92 £77 (19.4)

77226 (W. A.) (100) 171:

UBM Grp 71:pcCb 1986-91 575: 119.4)

UDS Grp 4:pcCb 1985-90 554 (15.4)

Rec0b 1978-83 598 84:pcch 2002-07

5.58 9

Uniter 7:pcch 1978-84 552

Uniter 7:pcch 1978-84 552

Uniter 100) 21 (10.4)

Uniter 100) 21 (10.4)

Uniter 100: 1981-85 579 4 (14.4)

Uniter 100: 1981-85 579 4 (14.4)

Uniter 7:pcCb 1981-85 579 4 (14.4)

8:pcch 1972-97 593

Uniter 7:pcch 1991-95 564 (20.4)

8:pcch 1972-97 593

Uniter 7:pcch 1991-96 564 (20.4)

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Uniter 7:pcch 1991-2005 570: 11.4

Uniter 7:pcch 1991-2005 570: 11.4

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Pf (51.75, 10.4)

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44 (19 4)
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265 (19.4)

Valor Stock (£1), 105 4 (20.4)

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Victoria Carnet Hidgs 18 2 (10.4) W-Y-Z

Wnddiagton (John) 10-eCDb 1990-95
£88 90-: '= (2941
Wads Porteries 10p.Pf (£)1 £8 118 41
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Wastwood Parker 15 11 25
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Wicterhorbard Strochan Playne 60cFf (£1) Windowski, Hidos 121ct 1927-29 £101

INSURANCE

Commercial Umpn SpcPt 1989-2009 (£1)
471: 119/41
General Acc Firs Life Ass. Con. ScocPt
(£1) 52: 118/41, 71:pcl.n 1987-92 £77
L. (20/41, 7-pcl.n 1902-87 £75 £0.4)
Guardian Royai Erich 7pcPt (£1) 71 (£0-41, 7-pcl.n 1996-91 £75 84 7)
Issurance Cpn Ireland A. Itr£0.25t 300
(19/4)
Jondon Ass. 4pcPt (£1) 31 118/4) (19:4) Lendon Ass 4pcM (£11 31 119.4) Suz Alliance London StacLn 1800-85:£67 (20)41 INVESTMENT TRUSTS

INVESTBLENT TRUSTS

Aberdeen Appl (£11 39) (15:4)

Allance Appl £35; (15:4). Alappl
£37; 118;4. 4-lappl
£4]; Applo Scottish Clapplb 1994-98 £53;
Asset Special Strustions Wris sub Ord 10
£15;4.

4. 3pri Sahic Chit £ee Wris sub Ord 40
£20;4. Assets Sooff (£1) 44 (20'4)
A.P. L Assets SocP! (51) 44
Beiling Gifford Japan 7st Wrts, sub Drd 58
(20'4)
Bankers 3.5pcP! £45
Bishonegate 7st 7pc-17pc StepdlatDb 2023 Bishopogate, 7st 7pc-17pc Stendiardb 2023 5:103 9order Sauthern Stockholders 7st SpcPf (£1) 44 6ritish Assets 7st A 5scPf £45 (2014) 4pcCb 1890-85 £68 15'4) 5ritish 1avst 7st StocPf £42 119:4) 5ritish 1avst 7st StocPf £42 119:4) 5ritish 1avst 7st StocPf £42 119:4) 5ritish 2st 7st 7st 2st 8st 22 (2014) 6ritish 2st 7st 7st 2st 8st 1310 33 (1844) 9ritish 1st 5st 5st 42 5ritish 2st (8st) 310 33 (1844) 9ritish 2st (8st) 310 33 (1844)

Comment Com | 151 | 252 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 |

Scortish Mercardie 7-perf (£1: 03 (194).
Scordish Eastern 4-perf £41 (194).
12(accids 2012 5106): a (184)
Scortish Mortgage 4perf £33. Superf £46. Scottish National Societ (£1) 54: (184) Scottish Northern 4.activ £430 Scottish United 4.activ 1972-25 £66 Security United August 17:41 115-41 Secs Try Scotland Algorit (40 19-4) Stockholders 4-sect 16:40 5ocist Dh 1985-90 6684 7 secto 1997-5002 555 (29-4) TR City of London Sec2odit (£11 51) 21, (20 4)
TR Indestrial Gen 4 octob 5371. 5450
Db 1992-97, 5581. (20 4) 50,005
1942-57, 2551. (12 4), 4 octob 199499, 5194 (15 4)
TR N America Soch (51) 43 (19 4)
TR Pocin Raja With 102. 8 octob 19975002, 559
TR 7cchactory Soch (51) 43: (20 4) TR Technology SocPi (£1) 43: (20'4)
78 Trustees SocDb 1972-87 £75 (29'4)
78 Trustees SocDb 1972-87 £75 (29'4)
78 Trustees SacCb 1987-91 £784
78 Trustevest 7-pcDb 1987-99 £785

MINES-MISCELLANEOUS MTD Mangulai 1881: 24 (204) Minerals Resources (\$81.40) \$33k 135 9850 5 50 5 50 North-Kalpurit Option 33 3: 1-8 North-Kalpurit Option 33 3: 1-8 North-Kalpurit Option 33 3: 1-8 No Thro-Zine Corp 570 5 8 50, 3:3250c

MINES—SOUTH AFRICAN Characte (Transmal) (R0.50) 530 (15 4) Coronation Syndicate (R0.25) 82 4: East Rand Proc Outlook 560 Margle Will (Western Areset Societ (R1) Mindle Wits (Western Arsset Court 1.20 (20/4)
Trans-Nath/ Cost (R0.50) 539 (1E 4)
Western Dees Cotion £14.88. 12pcDos 1985-93 (R1/48) OIL P 9pc 2nd Pf (£1) 85 7 (20:4)
Britoli (10:1) 200 2 5 4 5 £ 7 9. New |
Drd (10:1) 204 5 8 7 8
Bernsk 01 74:pc Pf (£1) 86. 8pc Pf (£1)
71': 118'4), 7:pc 1981-88 £39'; 00
Concor 71:pc 1987-83 £74'49
Bome Petroleum NPV 195
Shell 77:expoort and Trading 5::pc 1st Pf (£1) 52. 7pc 2nd Pf (£1) 69

PROPERTY.

Albence Since Deb 1992-97 £83 ¼ 120/41

Albed Lordon 10nc Pf (£1) 197 (20/4).

Binc 19998 £124 (20/4)

Albente London 7/nc 1st Mrg Deb 199095 £74

Arrayle Select 12pc Deb 1993-08 £951-0

Arrayle Select 1984-89 £73 £4.

Rampton 84nc 2002-07 £65 119 41

Sempton Prop Go 7/nc 1881-90 £06 (20/4)

Bilton (Percyl 355 (18/4) PROPERTY. Bempton Prop Go 75mc 1881-90 £06 120 43 1810 (Petry) 365 (18 4) Revitord 105mc Pf 1811 112; British Land 15mc 15t Map Deb 1887 £109 (194), 120c 2002 £207 307 14 British Land 15mc 15t Map Deb 1883-8£ £81 14 (18 4), 9pc 15t Map Deb 1893-85 £81 (18 4), 10 20 15t Map Deb 1892-97 £81 (18 4) Capital and Counties 94pc 19901-98 £87 (20 4), 0pc 8th 1987-98 £87 (20 4) Comman 1£ Alex 279 £72 (18 4) Comman 1£ Alex 279 £72 (18 4) 1086-01 £84 (15 4), 2pcin 1001-90 £87 (27 4) (27 4) Commercial Prop 3cc Deb 1983 £87 (20 4) Commercial Prop 3cc Deb 1983 £87 (20 4) 51 (20 4) 4 515 (20 4) 4 515

Commercial Pros Soc Deb 1983 £57.

Country and New 70wn 170x1 031- 4 51:

Criston Combined Superbo 1986-91 £70

/20141

Bares Est Soc 1992-97 £72

English Prop 71-pc Deb 1002-97 £741s:

12: (2014), 9-pc Deb 1007-2002 £88

120:41, 7pc 1005-2095 £55 (2014), 12pc

2003-05 £997- 100

Espley-Tyrs 111-pc 1988 £89

120'41. 7pc 1005_1095_155 (20'4), 12pc
120'2-05 (29'4) 100
25964-7yes 111:ec 1988 E89
Estates. Prop 6pt Deb 1985-87 £84'2
119'41
Grest Portland Euro Deb 1990-95 976
(70'4)
Guidshall 110 (18 4), 8 spc Deb 1990-95
270 (18'4)
Helse 50
Helse North Brit 91-pc 1996 £92 (28'41 North Est 84pc Deb 1985-88 £93's 720'41 720/41
Prop Hidg Stoc 2001-05 £103 (19:4)
Prop Hidg Stoc 2001-05 £103 (19:4)
Prop Sec Soc Pf 1511 B41;
Reliable Prop 57 115/4)
Sampel 71:07 Deb 1905-2000 5711; 129 4)
SheeBank 72:06 Pf (51) 28 115/4)

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N-rhorough [F.M.S.] Eather (1907)
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Padrid Senting Dibber (10p) 56 (1974)
Rembis Robber (5p) 030
Romay 74 Heldys (5) 745 118(4)
Spoonspa (10p) 400 118441
(agmos) Value Tes (25p) 147)
Western Docers 74 Helds (611 190

DATIWAYS

RAILWAYS
Canadian Facisc 4000 2004). 4pcpt
Interch Transi £900
Fishered Celedonis Invests SpcDb 1980-85 £0047

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(c) 12014)

Peolirssian Drient Steam Nav SocPf £51

Shamaton, 10W 50E RM Steam Pkt (50p)

2250. SocPf £51 382 91

7urnbull Scott Hidgs £51 120 119 41

7urnbull Scott Hidgs (£71 320 119 41

UPILITIES

Calcutta E'ect Supply Corps: Iliedia) (Ru101 44 (18 4) 71 spcPf | Ru101 24 Electricite de France 124-sel.n 3008 51001; 1 (19 4) Marchestr Ship Canal SpcPf (£1) 35½, 0 7 (20 4) Mersey Docks Herbeur Combined Units 27 ½ £ 31 spcDb 1974-88 £49 1394.0 30 spcDb 1984-97 £43½ (20 4) 3 spcCb 518 1194-97 2431; (20.4). 3-pocDb £18 t19:4)

WATER WORKS

£ristol Waterworks 4.5pc (Fmly 7-pc Maxil
5521- (20.4). 4.025pc (Fmly 7-pc Maxil
1963-85 £53 118/4). 121:pcDb 2004
£1031- (1944)

Cambridge Water 3.5pc [Fmly 5pc) £36111841. 4.2pc (Fmly 5pc) Pf 1964-86
£85. 7-pcDb 1957-85 £92 (20-41.) 9-pc
Db 1992 97 £93
Chester Waterworks 4.2pc (Fmly 5pc)

Mussimhite Elec Inde 380 4 (2014)

Mussimhite Elec Inde 380 4 (2014)

Advindidan Dil B (15/65)

Medina Minz 22 (15/65)

Midonature Rei (15/65)

Monato Fitte 21; (15/65)

Morato Fitte 21; (15/65)

Milliant 875

Newmont Mining USISS 46 (2014)

Nicholas Kiwi 118 20 (15/65)

Nicholas Kiwi 118 20 (15/65)

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Ott 15 (15/75)

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Pan Facili Electry 486

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Pan Facili Electry 486 Bemond Crisps (10st 97.9: 2 100 Berbeler Hav Hill lov (10s) 10°2 Berselt (10s): 148 (12:4) CAMRA H31 115 Canvermoor 12D X Gro (10s) 127 Chy Site Estabsi 49 (20:41, 10scPl -31 (20:4) Chef OH 8 50 12: 142 29 (20/41, 10mcPf (20m) Deliter 30 Eldridge Poor A 15.11 700 9 Fundar Building Construction (50s) 150 119281
First Talisman Inv (2001 25: 50 (20:4)
First Talisman Inv (2001 25: 50 (20:4)
Fuller Smith Tartuer A (E7) E11.1 (19:4)
Graineer Tat 188
HS Electrone Tat 188
HS Electrone Components (10:6) 88
HS Electrone (5:0) 34.5
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70:07 (5:1) 130 5:
INCOMMENT (5:0) 50
Commune (5:0) 50

r mancial Times Saturday April 23 1983

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Segringor Consister (2014)
Septil Canadia A 75
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Jampings Bros. or better (E.1) 30 4 17:347
Jersey Geas (E.1 200 120/4).
Jersey Gaa (E.1 200 120/4).
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Jersey Gas 3peptel (E.1) 34 (20/4)
Jessel Tst (Sp) 19 11 (20/4)
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Le, Richey Stores (91) 279 52 (19-4)
Limerick Racecourse Jirko.50*) 775*
(19-4)
Nationwide Lessure (Sp) 19 20 1

RULE 163 (2)

Intervision Video 110s1 52. 8 4 12: 9, 70c91 (51) 130 6: 50
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Mess World (100) 129 (19(4). New (100) 129 9 50 7
Mess Court Natural Resources Warts to sub 11 (19/4)
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Television South 14/20scl.n 86-88 £109
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Pann Central Stib; (1914)
Penney (1. C.) 5454
Penney (1. C.) 5454
Pennaky (1. C.) 5454
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Congress 419: a (20/4)
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Congress 419: a (20/4)
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RCA S14 (18/4)
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Authorised Units-continued

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84/70 High 5t, Crowdon, CRO 9XN

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Philippine bank plans \$167m borrowings

By Emilia Tagaza in Manila

THE STATE-OWNED Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) will this year borrow USS100m from U.S. banks and \$42m from Japanese banks. It will also raise \$25m in the Japanese bond market.

Mr Cezar Zalamea, DBP chairmao, made the announcement in connection with the planned shift by the bank from develop-ment financing to expanded commercial and international

The plan was disclosed earlier by Mr Cesar Virata, the Prime Minister. He said DBP would be authorised to accept demand deposits, open letters of credit and undertake all functions inherent in full banking operations. At present, it may accept only savings and time deposits and cannot provide import or export financing.

DBP will have to tap external fund sources because the Government has decided to reduce its equity contributions in all financial institutions, in line with the programmed reduction of the budgetary deficit from 13.2bn pesos (\$1.37bn) last year to 9.4bn pesos this year and 8.8bn pesos next year.

Lost year, the Treasury failed to provide a capital infusion of decree Issued by President Fordinand Marcos. The pinch on DBP was aggravated by the feet that government revenue and the Treasury was forced to "lilise a substantial portion of its cash halances. This meant "hdrawa) of deposits in among

RITE IC

18.

others, DBP. According to Mr Zalamea, the ".S. loan is being raised by a undicate led by Bankers Trust empany Chartered Bank, Chase Manhattan Bank, Chemical Bank and Citibank. The Japanese banks involved have

BSN increases payment as profits move ahead

BSN-Gervals Danone, fully moved out of the glass- exception of packaging, making business to concentrate on food processing, has main-

Sales rose to FFr 21.9bn from FFr 126m.
FFr 19.3bn in 1981. The com-

the pany's various divisions all a net profit of FFr 176.25m

largest single component in the sained a strong rate of profit group's profits advanced from growth with a 29 per cent rise FFr 155m to FFr 201m last in net earnings to FFr 574m year. Fresh food products also (\$82m) for 1982. showed an impressive profits net profits
As a result the dividend is increase from FFr 58m to 1982, ag
going up from FFr 45 a share FFr 104m. Dried food products FFr 293m. advanced from FFr 109m to The parent company reported

French group which has success showed profit increases with the compared with net earnings of FI'r 153.4m the year before. The company has set aside depreciation allowances total

FFr 128.8m a year earlier. Schneider's parent company net profits were FFr 344m in 1982, against a loss of

Profits include FFr 454.6m of

Japanese brokers' results mixed

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

JAPAN'S securities houses months ended March, with three of the big four producing bigher profits in contrast to a setback at Nikko Securities. In general, revenues from

operations and share transactions rose, reflecting high turnover levels, the yen's strengthening against the dollar and firmer stock prices in Japan. Daily average turnover on the Tokyo Stock Exchange rosc by 44 per cent to 384m shares from

266m shares in the preceding April-September period. Consequently, receipts of commissions on stock transactions

ARBED, the Luxembourg steel

group with interests throughout

Europe, has incurred losses

amounting to more than LuxFr 20bn (\$408m) since the

start of the steel crisis eight

years ago, writes Paul Cheese-

Losses last year were LuxFr 4.3bn after a deficit

of LuxFr 3.2bn in 1981, Mr

right in Brussels.

by the four companies reached Y176.3bn, or 75 per cent of the vious full year. At Nomura, Japan's largest

income rose by 14.3 per cent to Y22.37bo (\$94m) from Y19.57bn a year earlier. Earnings per share rose to Y14.02 on 1.59bn outstanding shares from Y12.63 on 1.55bn nutstanding shares a year earlier. Revenues rose by 26.8 per cent

told shareholders yesterday.
The high losses were partly caused by heavy write-offs and

Financial charges accounted for 9.5 per cent of earnings.

The group's future is tied in

Daiwa's unconsolidated net income rose by 11 per cent in Y11.23bn from Y10.12bn Revenues rose by 19.1 per cent to a first-half record of Y98.86bn

Losses mount at Luxembourg steel group

the bigh level of interest rates. far led nowhere,

from Y81.33bn. Earnings per share rose to Y12.32 from Y11.66.

Nikko's unconsolidated net income fell by 21.1 per cent to Y8.89bn from Y11.26bn. Earnings per share slipped to Y7.85 oo 1.13bn outstanding shares ing shares.
Yamakhi's unconsolidated net

income rose by 5.7 per cent to Y8.29bn from Y7.847bn a year earlier. Earnings per share rose to Y9.68 on 857m outstanding shares from Y9.61 on nutstanding 816.2m Revenues rose by 9.5 to a first-half record of Y78.51bn

Emmanuel Tesch, the president, collaboration with other com- until the last quarter of the

in new plant, talks with unspeci-

panies over major investment year.

Amfas forced to reduce dividend

By Our Financial Staff

AMFAS, the Dutch insurance group, has cut its dividend by two-thirds following beavy

The company, which has been hit by major provisions in its property division, has run up a loss of F1 68.4m (\$35m) at the net level, having furecast a deficit of around Fl 60m. In 1981 Amfas made a net profit of Fl 43m.

As a result of the setback, sharebolders are to bave their divideod reduced to just FI 2.40 a share by the absence of a final payment. In 1981 an interim dividend of F1 2.40 was fallowed by a final of FI 4.80.

Reversing earlier expecta-tions of another big loss in 1983, Amifas now says it bopes to move back to some sort of profit in the current 12 mouths-although it "will take some time to reach the profit levels of earlier years." Last year's move into the red arose from provisions

against real estate and non-life insurance activities, Amfas said yesterday. The life side bad again been favourable. Amfas, which has diversi-

fied away from insurance in sixth largest insurance group.

The main problem now, be

production levels.

HK dealer appeals over

BY ANDREW FISHER IN HONG KONG

leading figure in the colony's as chairman and a director. The financial community, has lodged removal of his registration was a formal appeal against the oot linked to any business dooe revocation of bis dealing regin commodities, but the ex-stration. He said the with change wanted to remove any drawal of bir registration by association with the events Mr Robert Fell, the Securities causing the revocation, Commissioner, was "too severe. The transactions over wrong in principle, and ought Mr Scales lost bis registration

this year.

THE CANADIAN Government tion over its reorganisation dropped its objection to though it did regulate the tele-Bell Canada's corporate re- phone service business. The organisation and the company Government will not take its Government will not take Its will set up a new umbrella hold-ing company called Bell Canada says it will act legislatively to After nearly nine months of sindies and litigation, the Government, which indirectly regulates Bell's telephone.

hold 100 per cent of the existing Bell telephone service business plus Bell's interests in the 80 subsidiaries. Existing Bell Canada shareholders will swap their shares for BCE shares one-for-one and will have the same dividend rights.

The telephone service business will continue to be regulated by the CRTC, on a return-onequity formula, while nontelephone service activities will canada's largest telecommunications equipment maker.

Earlier it successfully argued in the Quebec Court of Appeal that the CRTC had no jurisdictive will no longer support the regulated telephone business.

loss of registration

Canada go-ahead for

Bell reorganisation

BY ROBERT GIBBENS IN MONTREAL

lates Bell's telephone service business through the Canadian Radin, Television and Telecom-munications Commission

(CRTC) said the reorganisation should go ahead because it will

help the company to compete

Bell Canada, based in Mon-

treal inperates most of the

eastern Canada telephones sys-

tems and has 80 subsidiaries, including Northern Telecom.

more effectively.

Mr. Fell'a decision, announced at the end of March, was based brokerage firm called Wustock Brokers, which is nwned by Mr other, Scales and his wife, Mrs May porary Wu Scales, Her registration was suspeoded until the end of

Following the revocation of

NEL Trust Managers Ltd. (a) (g)

MR PETER SCALES, a Hong Kong Commodities Exchange Kong securities dealer and pressed Mr Scales to step down

The transactions over which took place with Kai Fu, a stock broking and commodities con-cern owned by Mr William Wnng Both sides have legal pending against each .Kai Fu had a temporary association with Wustock up to January this year,

said Wustok passed clients' securities to a third party without adequate safeguards.

Stockholm halts share trading for seven days

By David Brown in Stockholn

STOCKHOLM's stock exchange will suspend all share tradin for seven days starting Apri 29 because of a growing log jam within the exchange's

clearing system.

Mr Bengt Gronqvist, president
of the exchange, said fre
accumulation of unsettled accumulations had become business had become "tremendous" following the upsurge in share prices this

The main Stockholm bourse index has grown by more than 50 per cent since January, and trading volume has been running at 3½ times that of the corresponding period of las year. Mr Grongvist sald. 'If we continue at this rate, we'll have a yearly volume equivalent to between 40 and 45 per cent of London's." London trading volume in 1982 was \$325n, compared Stockholm's according to Capital Inter-

national. strain" on the system which has been aggravated by hitches in a new computer system installed over the Easter break in handle the turnover, Mr Gronqvist said. The exchange's central securi-ties registry is required to deliver a share certificate to new owners before a trans-action can be settled. The registry's delivery time is at

present running at double the official six-day period. Apart from periods during World War II, the last time trading was halted for this length of time came during the so-called Krueger crash, named after the Swedish tycoon. Ever Krueger, who committed spicide in Paris The suspension runs between April 29 and May 6, as well as on May 13, All trading will

be closed on April 29, May 2

and May 13.

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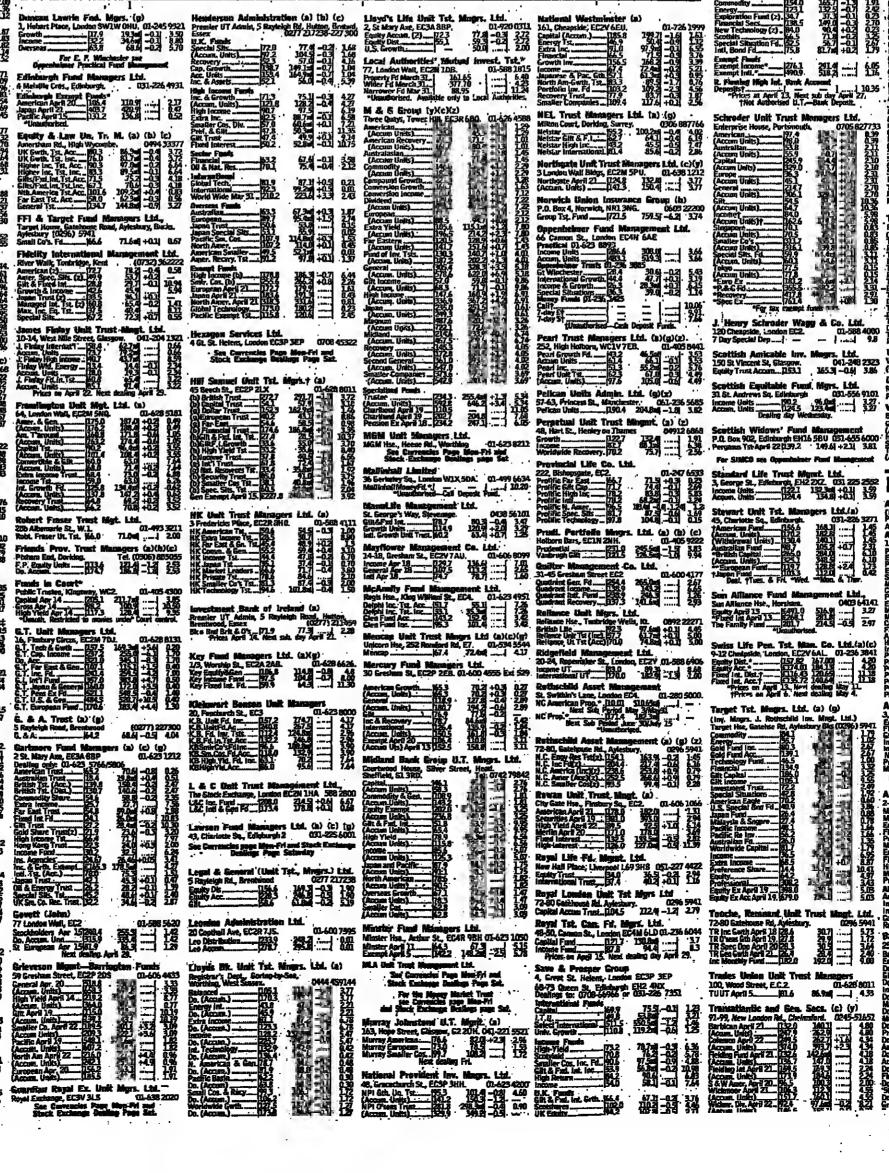
of the European steel industry, quarter and Mr Tesch thinks ing state help and wage levels. but Mr Tesch ooted that despite that the overall demand, for Arbed acrounts for some 40 per the group's preference for steel is not likely in pick up cent of Luxembourg's exports. Sritannia Gg. of Upit Trusts List, (a)(c)(g) Salisbury Hence, 31. Findary Circus, Acaden EC2 01-638 0478,0479 or 01-588 2717 Britandia Viewpoint 01-673 0048 | Mer. Min. & Crig. | Mil. | M Crown Unit Trust Services Ltd.

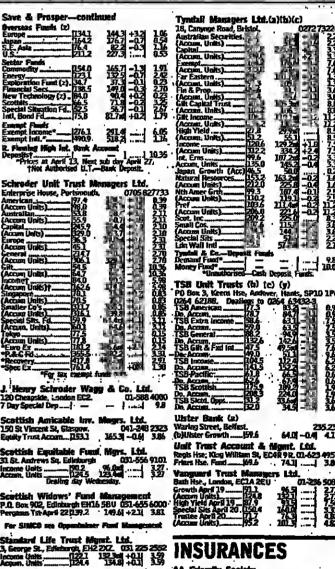
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fied French companies bad so said, is not price levels but

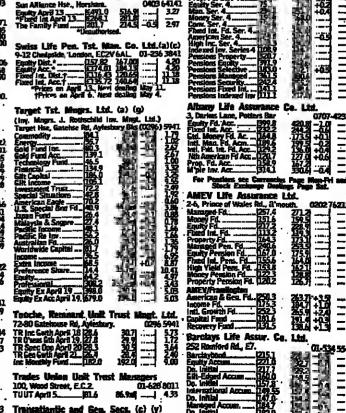
The in-sediate future is not Gn Tuesday the Luxembourg encouraging. Production during Government will hold talks the first quarter was 26 per with the group and the unions cent lower than in the 1982 first on the group's 6nances, involv-











Equities change direction again and index closes week financial times stock indices 7.5 down but 13 points up on fortnightly Account

*First Declara- Last Account Dealings items Dealings Day on balance at 132p. Elsewhere Apr 11 Apr 21 Apr 22 May 3 in a quietly dull Insurance Apr 25 May 6 May 16 sector, Sun Life lost 13 making May 9 May 19 May 20 May 31 a two-day fall of 33 to 470p after "" New-time" dealings may take place from B.30 am two business days

Another swift change of directioo yesterday left investors puzzling over the immediate outlook for London equity markets. The dence prevailing early last Monday, when the FT Industrial Ordinary share index seemed poised to break through the 700 barrier evaporated quickly over the two following days only to return with a veoge ance on Thursday and then falter again yesterday.

tion of Thursday's upsurge, which in index terms equalled the second largest rise this year, and technical considerations were blamed for the reaction yesterday, the final session of the two-week trading Account. Lack of follow-through U.S. investment support for current favourites ICI and Glaxo, and end-year influences—three job-bing firms completed their financial periods yesterday — were also dampening influences.

Institutional investors were reluctant to commit fresh funds and renewed profit-taking deand renewed pronturing de-pressed Glaxo and ICI, although both closed above the worst. The unresolved Cowley washing-time dispute also caused some uncertainty, but revived demand after the official close generally re-duced losses and the fall in the FT 30-share index. Down 6.8 at 3 om, the index ended a net four points down for a loss on the week of 7.5 at 688.0; on the Account, however, it was 13

points up Overshadowed throughout the week by the events in equities, Gilt-edged markets slipped lower with the accent on longer-dated maturities. Considered to be berefit of scope for improvement until America follows cheaper UK money trends and with many investors having switched funds to other areas, resumed scattered selling found the longer eod of the market thin and un-The result was falls ranging to i in selected highcoupon stocks. These contrasted with only minor losses among near-medium and short-dated issues. Sentiment was little affected by last year's PSBR overshoot or confirmation of the year-on-year inflation rate of Zimbabwe Settlemen; Annui-ties attracted further support and rose 10 points more for a rise on the week of 34 points to £355.

Minet dip and rally

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

Figures to garentheses show must of stacks per section

Electricals (33) __

CAPITAL 6000S (206)

settled Minet which dropped to 124p before closing only 2 easier comment on the results. Pearl relinquished 10 to 628p and Hambro Life 6 to 360p. Composites gave ground with recentlyfavoured Sun Alliance closing a off at £117. Phoenix lost S to 322p while Eagle Star, 403p, and General Accident cheapened 7 apiece. Accident,

Interest was at a low ebb in the banking sector. The major clearers closed mixed with Lloyds firming 5 to 520p following the AGM and Midland giving up 4 to 373p. Reflecting firm gain yesterday.

A cool financial Press receptared well, Commerchank putting on 30 to 875p and Deutsche moving up 13 points to £904.

Lorlin Electronic, which started trading in the Unlisted Securities Market last Tuesday. attracted fresh support and put on 10 to 130p; the placing price was 80p. Buildings drifted back on scat-

tered offerings in the absence of fresh support hut some steadied after the official close and ended above the worst. Blue Circle finished 5 off at 475p, after 470p, while Tarmac, down to 430p early on, picked up to close without alteration at 436p; both companies have preliminary results due in the next Account Developments succumbed to fresh selling oo talk that a broker had downgraded profit estimates following a lunch with the company and the shares touched 494p before closing a net 4 down and 32 lower on the week at 498p. Further consideration of the annual re-sults left F. J. C. Lilley 8 cheaper at 214p. On the other hand, buylug ahead of the annual results, due shortly, lifted Travis and Arnold 12 to 330p.

After Thursday's leap of 32 on the chairman's optimism about first-quarter trading, figures due next Thursday, ICI encountered profit-taking and came back to 456p before picking up again in the late dealings to close 8 down on balance, but 24 higher on the week, at 460n, Elsewhere in the Chemical sector, Novo Industries

B rose 7) points to £1741. End-Account profit-taking prompterd quietly dull conditions among the major Stores. Weelworth, at 26Sp, lost 9 of the previous day's jump of 22 which followed the better-than-expected results and accompany-Ing optimistic statement. British Home dipped 6 to 221p and Gussies A relinquished 5 to 565p. Marks and Spencer softened a couple of pence to 209p. UDS closed a penny harder at 135p:

Fri April 21 1983

Est Gross
Earnings Div.
Day's Yield % Yield %
Change (Max.) (ACT at 30%)

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Tve April 19

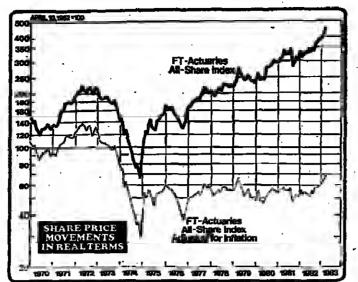
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| Electricals (33) | 1829-51 | 1-1.6 | 6.54 | 1.90 | 19.64 | 1800.23 | 1763.32 | 1777.46 | 1803.76 | 1397.87 | 1829-51 | 12246 | 12246 | 12247 | 1290.22 | 12140.22 | 84.71 | (25.86.5) | 8.42 | 49.53 | 8827.57 | 482.37 | 84.33 | 49.74 | 49.53 | 82.75 | 129.53 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 19.75 | 1

Moa April 18

Wed April 20

Index No.



contrast. Babcock met further

gained 6 further to 431p. A late

Caparo which may lead to offer

subsequently began edging off

the bottom in places. Cadbury Schweppes ended without alter-

ation at 112p, after 110p, but

Rowntree Mackintosh, which announced its biggest-ever

acquisition earlier in the week, finished 6 down at the day's

lowest of 232p, Unigate, a couple

of pence cheaper at one stage.

picked up in the late dealings to

close a penny dearer on balance at 1020. Outside of the leaders.

Bio-Isolates encountered selling

and dipped to 190p before settling a net 20 down at 200p, but Danish Bacon A, a depressed

market etrlier in the week on

End-Account profit-taking in

the wake of cautious comment

advance in miscellaneous indus-

trial leaders. Recent star per-

a fall of 57 to \$83p, after 875p. Reckitt and Colman declined 12

to 408p and Unilever S to 807p.

Secondary issues were featured by a fall of 30 to 360p, after

Trust following adverse tele-

vision publicity given to the

proposed Telejecter/Football League deal. Bellair Cosmetics, oo the other hand, rose 5 to 78p

Hill bid discussions, while improvements of 8 and 10 respec-

tively were seen in William Baird, 282p, and J. H. Fenner,

Highs and Lows Index

(27/1) 479.82 (18/4/83) (1/1) 462.65 (15/3/83)

(2//1) 1904.92 (11/10/82) (1/2) 523.05 (5/2/82)

(271) 1894-9; (1111932) (112) 523-05 (572/02) (11) 230-26 (2414/01) (41) 192-29 (4/5/79) (241) 170-59 (15/1/69) (11) 461.18 (18/4/83)

Lows

10.22 (11/4) 9.69 (11/4)

96.67 100.00

100.00

29/12/67 29/12/67

10/4/62 31/12/75

31/12/77 31/12/77

House, Cannon Street, Landon, EC4, price 159, by post 28p.

1983

413.64 402.34

1523,07

391.02 193.53

former Glaxo led the retreat with

poor figures, rallied 6 to 60p.

Glaxo lead retreat

reversed the recent

worth 424p.

results, W. H. Smith A gave up 6 more to 246p. Allebone, on the other band, gained 21 to 261p in response to the profits re-covery and resumption of dividend payments. Mellius attracted revived speculative support and gained 8 to 168p.

Lec below best

Lee Refrigeration jumped to 235p before closing 18 up est 223p on the announcement that the full final dividend has been reinstated following institutional pressures. Arien continued to go from strength to strength, clos-ing a further 22 up and 80 better oo the week at 377p dollowing persisted buying fuelled by bopes of large orders for the company's oew long-life starter for flourescent lamps. United Scientific gained 13 to 411p in a thin market and Farnell improved 5. proved 5 to 280p; the latter's results are due next Tuesday. GEC moved against the trend among the leaders, closing S to the good at 23Sp with sentiment helped by news of the £25m RAF contract for its Marconi subsidiary.

leaders slackened considerably. but late support lifted TI 8 more to 172p, while GKN, down to 158p initially, rallied to finish a penny firmer on balance at 162p. Hawker reacted a couple of pence to 383p, but still recorded a gain of 16 since Wednesday's ennouncement of the prelimin-ary figures. Spirax-Sarco fell 8 to 208p oo the proposed £16.6m rights issue, while Blackwood Hodge fell 5 to 19p following the bigger anoual loss and passing the final dividend. Dealiogs la Aurora were temporarily announced yesterday that it pro-poses to seek a capital recoostruction. Renold eased 2 to 33p The threat of a Lloyd's of the offer from Hansoo Trust has on news that the company is Baird. London ban if St Paul of the been declared unconditional with about to announce a major 126p. U.S. locreases its stake in the over 62 per cent acceptances, restructuring programme. In Gra annual results and the Board's Further consideration of the

year's £7m loss and final dividend but on 10 to 180p. omission left Dunlop down In Plantations, Lanuva another 3 at 49p. The failure to advanced 30 to 500n in belated agree a settlement in the Cowley response to the results. dispute clipped 2 from BL to 31p. Kwik-Fit shed 3 to 44p following the announcement that the company's bid for Crest International had heen declared unconditional. Elsewhere in Motors, Abbey Panels put on 4 to 52p on revived speculative support, while oew-time buying lifted Healys 4 to 99p and Jessups 8 to 59p. Lex Service encountered profit-taking and, at 277p, relinquished 7 of the previous day's gain of 18. Benn Brothers, in receipt of

an unwelcome offer from United Newspapers, jumped 15 to 185p support and put oo 5 more to 165p and Simon Engineering on the disclosure that the com pany bad received approaches speculative flurry accompanied by bid rumours left Delta 3 to from other parties. In Properties, Percy Bilton attracted sizable new-time buying the good at 57p while Barton Group rose 5 to 42p on news that on hopes of a counter to Trust Securities' bid for the company discussions are taking place with

and put on 16 to 286p. Stewart Nairn firmed 2 to 72p, while Thames Investment, a thin Leading Foods encountered selling in the early trade, but market, put on 8 to 88p. Sheraton Securities touched 141p before reverting to the overnight level of 14p; Greenwich International and associates have increased their stake in the company to 16.08 per cent. The leaders finished the Account on a subdoed oote, Land Securities and MEPC softening a couple of pence apiece to 325p and 225p respectively

P & O Deferred met further higher at 155p; the preliminary results are due shortly. Elsewhere in Shippings, British and Commonwealth gave up 10 to \$20p, bot John L Jacobs closed 2 firmer at 56p.

Textiles presented a mixed appearance Gaskell and Broadloom responded to the good results with a gain of S to 62p, white Carpets International awaiting next week's preliminary figures, improved 11 to 521p. Hicking Pentecost edged up 2 to 47p, but F. Miller drifted off 3 more to 115p and Stroud Riley eased a couple of nence to SOp. Reflecting the dull trend in Tobaccos, Bats eased 10 to 640p and Imps 3 to 1080.

Among Financials Britannia Arrow traded firmly at 552p, up 11. following the company's announcement that sales of unitised funds in the early part of 1983 bave exceeded all pre-vious records. Press mention stimulated loterest in Majedle, 4 to the good at 88p.

Grampian Television firmed 2 Oil shares opened lower and fluctuated narrowly to close with small losses oo the day. BP Shell floished without alteration and 98 puts.

the leaders, Lasmo were noteoptimistic statement, but SelecTV worthy for a fall of 12 to 305p. encountered end-Account selling Burmah settled with a loss of 4 and weakened 5 to 37p. Photax at 172p and Britoil finished a (London) shed 3 to 38p on the couple of pence cheaper at 204p. annual loss and dividend omisafter 202p. In the more speculative issues, Jebsens Drilling encountered further demand and

In Plantations,

Quiet Mines

Mining markets closed a mixed week on a subdued note. Turnover in Golds fell to minimal levels as end-account profit-taking developed. Further selling reflected the lack-lustre performance of the bullion price which closed unchanged on the day at \$437.50. Leading heavyweights showe

losses ranging to 1, as in South-vaal, £401, although the majority of stocks closed 1 to 1 down. Despite declaring dividends at the top end of market expectations, the Anglo American mines in the Orange Free State all ended around i cheaper, includ-ing President Brand, £331, and

President Steyn, £351.
Expectations to the general rule in heavyweight golds were provided by recent favourites Randfontein, which put on £11 to £1041, and Hartebeest, 1 un at

In cheaper-priced issues ERGO attracted Johannesburg support and closed 9 firmer at 598p despite an interim divideod broadly in line with market

The Gold Mines index dipped 5.3 to 643.9, which is 7.9 lower over the week. South African Financials regis

tered minor movements either way. The Anglo American group during the week but tended to ease yesterday on profit-taking. De Beers, a feature earlier in the week owing to persistent and sizable Johannesburg buying, retreated 12 to 555p while Angle American Corporation dipped 1 to £141. "Johnnies" beld at a year's best of £884 and "Amcoal"

at a 1983 high of £171. London Financials marginally firmer but well down on the week following last Consolidated of 9.1m RTZ shares at around 562p; RTZ touched a 1983 high of 614p in initial dealings on Monday bot by the close of trading resterday had

retreated to 585p.

The sharp gains in London and Wall Street markets earlier in the week led to substantial demand for Australians oo domestic markets, hot the trend was reversed by yesterday's profit-taking io London. Prices edged off the lower levels to the

Interest in the Traded Option market waned with the oumber of deals shrinking to 2.121 from

the previous day's 3,294. GEC were fairly active, recording 456

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

Parloo Parloo Amount	10 7 2		83 Low	Stock	000 1000 + or	Net. Div.	Times	Oross	P.E.
68 F.P 6110 F.P 6223 F.P 680 F.P 680 F.P 680 F.P 6848 F.P 11 F.P	6/5	100 103 160 253 60 138 148	110 188 £50 97 89	Airship Inda Att'to M'tro'n U.S.O. 18 #Bensona Crispa 18p. #Bryant (Oerek) 10p Maiastream 50. #IntervisionVideo 18p #Lorlin Eloet. 20q. *Wilsa World Grp. 18o Perstorp AB Free 'B' #Riviin 1. O. & S. 6q. *Vitd. Packaging 10p #Yorkgreen Inv. 10p	96 — 5 140 — 5 297 — 5 36 xt + 2 130 + 10 128 — 1 £60 —	61.0 63.0 68.843 F0.1	3.5 2.1 5.0 2.5 5.8	B.8 6.4 1.4 4.0 1.1 5.4 0.7 0.4	28.7 14.5 22.0 17.3 28.6

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

issue price	Ameunt paid up	atest enuno dete	1983		Stock	Deing 100 E	f or
	2 9	750	High	Low		80	<u> </u>
######################################	NII £10 £23 F.P. F.P. £25	20/5 50/6 20/6 20/6 6/5	2434 1912 98 1700m 12 28 223p 1003a 1003a 102 26 102	24/2 19/4 95 11/2 13/0 99 100/2 110 26/2 101/2	Bifurcated Con. Gum. Red. Pref. '91-9' Brixtot Est. 11 spc fleb. 2018 Brixtot 11 pc Red. 2008 Brixtot 17 Conv. Cum. Prf. 500 Eastern Prod. 10 Con. Uns. Ln. '97-200' Folkestone&Dist. Water/T. Rad. Prel. '8 Hambros Inv. 6-17 Stpd. Deb. 2018 - %Intervision '7 Conv. Red. Prf. Nationwids Bdg. Soc. 11 sp. 8ds. 1958 - Do. Newman Inds. 192 Cm Cnv Red. Prf. NowThrogmorton Tst. (25) 12. 8pcb. 208 Pearson (8) 13% Uns. Ln. B007 Sundorland 11 sp. Red. B008 Button Oist Water '7 Prof. 1988 - Tomatin Oistillers 7pc Cum. Cn. Prel. Con.	241 191 97 215pp 111 27 130 1005 14 101 313 25	+ + 9 m
100'	F.P.	} <u> </u>			Wellman Eng. 10% Cum. Irr. Conv. Pro		

"RIGHTS" OFFERS

	lasue Once	mount ald up	Rei	test nunc.	19	85 	Stock	Closing	f 0!
i		Ad		Z	Hìgh	Low		<u> </u>	
	75 55 10 155 280 175 45 22 95 386	NII F.P. F.P. NII NII	88/4 30/4	15/5 80/5 51/5 20/8 80/5 3/5 84/5 16/5 27/5	94 510m 16½ 206 78pm 750m 8pm 4pm 116 620	430m 11 ¹² 175 500m 45pm 5pm 1 ¹² pm 105	#Aideom Int, 100 BSR 10p. BSR 10p. Bluemoi Bros. Brit. Car Auctions 10p. Collina (William) Do. A Comben and Come, 10p. East Rand Come, 10p. Ferguson Ind.	48pm 14 205 780m 730m 6pm 40m	+2 +2 -1
	108 163 80 162 860 198	F.P. F.P. F.P.	7/5 11/6 12/4 27/4 15/4	29/5 10/5 10/5 18/5 13/5	1B0 '	118 162 40 5pm 304	*Carfunkeis 100 Geers Gross 10p Guinnoss Pest. Hampton Gid Mining 10p Harris Queensway *Immediate Business 10p	1B0	+4
	Ir£0,58 185 110 140 990 176 A\$1,50 	F.P. F.P. Nil F.P. Nil P.P. Nil Nil F.P.	28/5 28/5 28/5 28/5 28/5	6/5 25/5 6/5	95 717 15pm 194 116pm 68om 113 14pm 58pm 100	92 815 70m 173 82pm 50pm 67 11pm 40pm 97	irish Olstillers	96 507 40m 178 82pm 50pm	10 7 4 7 7 7 7 7 19 7 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19

Renunciation dete usually last day for dealing free of stamo duty. b Figures based on prespectus estimates. d Dividend rate paid or payable on pert of copitals cover based on dividend on full capital. g Assumed dividend end yield. u Forecast dividend; cover based on previous year's camings. F Orividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983. H Olvidend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983-84. Q Gross. † Cover allows for cooversion of shares not now ranking for dividend or ranking only fer restricted dividends. • Figures or report swated. § Placing price. p Pence unless otherwise indicated. • Lissued by tender. § Officiation holders of ordinary shares as a "rights." ** issued by way of capitalization. §§ Reintroduced. • I leeved in compaction with reorganisation marger or take-over. [[] Introduction. [] Issued to former preference holders. [] Allotment latters (or fully-paid). • Provisional or partly-paid allotment latters. • With warrants. • Effective Issue price after scrip. • Formariy deals in under epocial rule.

2 20 41.	114011							
		April 22	April 21	Aorli 20	April 19	Aprii 18	April 15	year ago
		81.24	81,60	81.64	81,68	82,19	82,09	6 7.5 1
Government		85.97				64,35	84.25	68,24
Fixed intere		688.0				695.0		567,1
Gold Mines.		648.9		626 1				
Ord. Div. Yie	,	4,54	4,52	4.60	4.55			-
Earnings, Y		9,26	9.20	2,36	9,26			
P/E Ratio (no		17.08	- 17.18	12,98	15.12			
Tobal bargai		25,702	25,858	25,500	24,665	25,612	27,085	15,415
Equity turno		, – 1	502,11	520,47	367.91	255.81	248,98	118,4
Equity barge			22,875	21,268	25,629	25,065	25,282	13,938
Shares trade		-	188.7	206.4	211.5	140.7	145,5	79.7
9 ₈ sis 10 Gold Mines	Y Gavt	Secs.	685.2. 16/10/2	3 pm 8. Fixed 974.	685.2. Int_ 1	. •		1/7/35.
		,v	Mila	12.24	-			
HIGH	S ANI	LOV	VS		S.I	E. AC	TIVI	Γ¥
	19	83	Since C	ompilat	rn .		April 21	April 20
	High	Low	High	Low	Dai	ihe	3 (3	<u> </u>
Govt. Secs	82,75 (11/4)	77.00 (24/1)	127.4		GIN E	dged gains	145.7	162.9
Fixed Int	84,36 (18/4)	79.03 (1/2)	150,4 (28/11/4	7) (6) 1/7:	Bar Val	gains uo Avrga	148,2 610,5	157.8 647.7
Ind. Ord	695.5 (15/4)	698,4 (12/1)	(15,4/8	4B.4 6) (26/8/4	GiH-E	dged gains	175.5	196,2

IFADERS AND LAGGARDS

FEWDENS VI	
Perculage changes since	Freperty +154
December 31 1982 based on	Insurance (Life) +15.1 Overseas Traders +15.1 Engineering Contractors +14.5
Thursday April 21 1982	Overseas Traders
	Engineering Contractors +14.5
Office Equipment+37.96	Packaging and Paper +14.8
Motors +33.49	All-Shern Index
Health and Household Products +32.15	Other Consumer
Neurspapers, Publishing +29.47	TOO Charte I was a series of the series of t
Shipping and Transport +27.78	500 Share Index
Chemicals +27.07	Indicate of Grant
117807 41700 2000000 77	Capital Goods + 11.1
Others Industrial Materiels +25.83	Merchent Banks +12.0 Industrial Group +11.7 Capital Goods +11.1 Building Materials +10.9 Consumer Group +8.5
Banks +25.34	Consumer Ground + 8.5
Metals and Metal Forming +23.75	Contracting, Chimeruction + 8.1
Insurance (Composits) +23.07	Discount Houses + 7.8
Other Groups+22.27	Food Manufactoring
Finencial Group +21.08.	Electricals + 64
Textiles +20.76	Brewers and Distincts 1 1.5
120 24	Browers and Distillers
Leistre	Stores + P. Food Tetailing - 0.0
Investment Trusts +17.51	Food Tetailing

Other Groups	Tobaccos + 1.60 Storas + P.12 Food Tetailing - 0.01
ОРТ	IONS
First Last Last For Deal- Deal- Declara- Settle- ings ings tion ment Apr 18 Apr 29 July 14 July 25 May 3 May 13 July 28 Aug 8 May 16 May 27 Ang 11 Aug 22 For rate indications see end of	the call included BSR, Hawley Group, Barker and Dobson, Town and City, Grovehell, London and Liverpool, Dunlop, Forward Technology, Sangers, John L. Jacobs, Coronation Syndicate, Jove Capital and W. E. Norton, Glaxo and Alexander Discount

Share Information Service double sption was arranged in Stocks to attract money for KCA International.

For rate indications see end of

HOTELS (1) Prince of Wales
INDUSTRIALS (16)
EASTern Pr

INSURANCE (2)

LEISURE (3) Assoc Leis

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1983 NEW HIGHS (87) LOANS (1) AMERICANS (9)
American Express Bankers NY
Chrysler Exten Corp
Exten Corp
101101 (E.F.) 10 Ind.
Aerold Lynch Morgan U. P.) PROPERTY (1) famon (E. F.) CANADIANS (3) TEXTILES (2)

Marshalls (Halifax) Travis &rArnoid
Stores (2) MINES (5 NEW LOWS (16)

were dealt in for the put, while

Jarvis (1) Vioros Taylor Woodrow ELECTRICALS (1) F0005 (1) PAPER (1)

Aut & Wibor TECTILES (1) TRUSTS (1) -. Alva hav: - L'ASMO OPS

RISES AND FALLS Yesterday Rises Fan-Falle Same 231 168 48 294 1.727 3.752 687 1.345 142 291 18 75 197 285 284 246 27 62 768 305 65 13 69 1,211 561 117 341 798 1,356

ACTIVE STOCKS

GEC 238 + 1	6 Minet 132 - 2 B Sun Alliance 21/1, - 0% B Trevis and Amold 330 +12
Arlon Eloc 55 365 + 6 ICI 50 468 + 37 Groveboll 29 20 + 3	ngo Stock changes close change Glaxo 22 940 - 2 G GEC 19 230 + 8 G Grand Met. 1B 336 + 4 2 RTZ 18 594 + 9 C Courtsolds 17 94 + 4 B Ounlog 17 52 - 3

5-DAY ACTIVE STOCKS

 Gisxo ICI Arien Elec. BAT Inds. RTZ Boecham	114 584 97 413	week +70 +40 +54 -25 - 4 + 1	Stock ch Security Centrs Ultramar LASMO Rank Org GEC Currys	Chenge Close week 85 495 -20 317 +42 78 168 +6 76 230 +2 75 258 +68
London & Lival	94 390	+20	Pleasey	

Paper industry 'threatened'

ing vulnerable to a new plastic Studies.*

packaging which until now has its consu

invulnerable to conventional polyethylene films, according to a study by leading chemical groups in the U.S. and Western Europe.

THE PAPER industry is become report by Wolpert and Jones packaging which until now has list consumption is expending mainly replaced other types of at a time of huge overcapacity plastic film.

Linear low density polyethy. In Britain, Imperial Chemical Industries has without the paper industry which are invulnerable to conventional in the field area. To British ing the field open to Brailsh Petroleum while ICI concentrates on PVC.

*Linear Low and Medium Europe.

Density Polyethylene: Supple ment II, by Vladimiar M. cheaper than conventional low Wolpert, 50 pages (Wolpert density film and its production and Jones, 24, St. John's Road, uses far less energy says a London NW 11.) £62.

49.14 (12(1) 480.55 (18/4/83) 63.49 (13/12/14) 267.24 (4/1) 324.67 (18/4/83) 55.82 (13/12/14) 273.48 (4/1) 357.74 (15/3/83) 62.44 (12/12/74) 270.71 (31/1) 334.55 (14/14/82) 81.40 (10/12/74) 332.67 (12/1) 415.66 (19/4/83) 44.88 (2/1/75) 174.73 (4/1) 215.30 (19/4/83) 43.96 (13/12/74) 409.98 (1/1) 631.47 (12/4/83) 65.86 (16/12/74) 152.21 (1/1) 278.57 (15/7/2) 31.21 (7/1/75) 163.23 (4/1) 303.18 (18/5/72) 33.29 (17/12/74) 358.26 (1/1) 424.53 (18/4/83) 71.63 (13/12/74) 358.26 (1/1) 424.53 (18/4/83) 71.63 (13/12/74) (1/1) 296.26 (14/8/81) 66.31 (30/9/14) (4/1) 488.51 (18/5/81) 97.37 (6/1/75) (1/1) 441.52 (18/4/83) 61.92 (13/12/74) Fri **Aprii** 25 **AVERACE GROSS** FIXED INTEREST REDEMPTION YIELDS 9.49 (29/3) 10.91 (24/1) 11.18 (31/1) 12.16 (12/1) 9.35 19,08 11,33 12.94 14.29 14.08 13.58 14.18 14.25 13.78 12.68 11.29 12.01 10.40 10.92 18.34 12.16 (24/1) 11.76 (24/1) +0.05 116.80 3.99 12.79 (12/1) 12.29 (12/1) 12.28 (24/1) 11.82 (24/1) 11.87 (2/2) 11.33 11.10 10.49 9.89 128.88 -0.34 129.32 2 5-15 years. 4.77 11.36 11.19 138.34 -0.54 139.09 461 3 | Over 15 years 18.22 151.21 162 9.95 128.27 127.89 -0.29 4.45 12-66 12-68 12.99 (1/2) 12.09 15.16 11.97 12.03 12.81 (2/2) 22.00 · (18/4) 3.03 -0.03 | 103.68 103.65 12.09 12.90 (4/2) 12.01 (18/4) - 251 14 Prefarence 89.16 -0.56 80.61 12.26 12.18 15.48 13.24 (24/1) 12 18 (21/4) Equity section or group Equity section or group 31/12/70 29/12/67 128.06 114.13 31/12/80 31/12/80 287.41 . · 238.14 Other Industrial Materials 30/12/77 31/12/74 29/12/67 114.13

63.75 100.00

253.84 153.84

128 20

31/12/74 31/12/71 31/12/71

ering Contractors .

Financial Times Saturday April 23 1963 FOOD. GROCERIES-Cont.



MAN IN THE NEWS

Leading with the chin

BY ARTHUR SMITH

"A FUNDAMENTAL aspect of our management success isand will continue to be-a sensitivity and responsiveness to the needs of the men and the women who work in our factories and offices."

Those were the confident words of Mr Harold Musgrove, chairman of Austin Rover, be-fore the successful launch last month of the new car BL terms ' the miracle Maestro."

This weekend Mr Musgrove, amid union accusations of " regime of fear and authoritarianism" must ponder the timing of his threat to dismiss any of the 5,000 strikers at Cowley, Oxford, who Ignore the com-pany instruction to report for work. Warnings emanating from management of the con-sequences should employees vote to stay out have become the more shrill before each mass meeting of workers has voted to do just that.

National newspapers by yes terday bad escalated the risk posed by the stoppage from a mere threat to future investment to the possibility of



Harold Musgrove

closure of the Cowley assembly plant and switching production

Mr Musgrove, clearly heir to the confrootation style of management pioneered so suc cessfully hy Sir Michael Edwardes, the former BL chairman, shows every sign of baving relished the brinkmanship of the last 10 days. He bas dashed from all-night talks with national union leaders to face the television cameras, conduct hreakfast time interviews with the local Press and offer hriefings to the nationals.

Throughout the mounting crisis he bas jutted his chin, leaned forward resolutely to the camera, and stressed: "This is neither an idle threat nor a

His gaunt features, intense gaze and clipped sentences have pushed across the message that this is a new style BL management sure of its objectives and not to be deflected. setting up a trade union bank and has put £1.25m towards the venture.

The union is not allowing the savings which the bank is to a helpful and constructive seeking will involve natural dialogue over the next few wastage, retraining, redeploy-

Mr Musgrove, into his early fifties, but impeccably well groomed and sharply dressed. reflects the triumph of the line manager—the production man over the specialist. Gone are the days when the industrial relations executives, for so long the gurus in what was once a sprawling state owned giant, reigned supreme.

Mr Musgrove spells out the reality—and expletives flow freely. He insists that having invested £225m in the Cowley assembly plant facilities must he used to the full. Workers must put in a full 39 hour week. Management has the right to manage and shop stewards can no longer have the power of

He is very much a company man: as chairman of Austin Rover he has swapped his chauffeur driven Jaguar for a Royer. Fellow directors do not question either his forceful personality or anthority. Promotion under Sir Michael was rapid. He was plucked in 1978 from the Leyland truck and hus division, where he was a general manager, to become a director of the volume cars division.

He was the driving force hehind the £285m project to revamp the glant Longbridge plant Birmingham, and push through labour changes ready for the successful launch of the

Mr Musgrove, a Birmingham boy, joined the old Austin Motor Company as an apprentice in the Longbridge tool room st the age of 15. Almost s contemporary was toolmaker Mr Derek Robinson—"Red Robbo" dismissed when Mr Musgrove returned as managing director.

The Austin Rover chairman. with his first hand knowledge nf the shop floor clearly feels his two acquired companies and tough line will also eventually assert at Cowley management's with other European special it, we tried to do everything but that would depend on the

right to manage.

Rising tide of engineering disputes

BY NICK GARNETT, NORTHERN CORRESPONDENT

Engineering Employers Federa- years." tion believes the npward trend wage settlements.

Half the representatives of the 17 local associations within the management board this week that a trend was apparent. The West Midlands and the North-West appear to have wit- a day. nessed the most marked rise in disputes. There have been smaller indications in West Yorkshire and Humberside and

The federation said yester-day: "There is no doubt that, as a general view, the number two years, has frequently been were nolly faint st used for pinning up notices These did not ye because there were no disputes significant trend.

party coalition Covernment of

combined with local elections

The announcement, by Sig Bettino Craxi, the Socialist leader, would seem to ensure

the fall of the Covernment— Italy's 43rd since the end of the Second World War—in the

next few days. But whether his wish for general elections

in two months will be granted

has lasted five months, for its

achievements. He singled out

the conclusion of a new wage

indexation agreement between

unions and employers, and taxa-

He maintained, however, that

BY JOHN LLOYD, LABOUR EDITOR

The redundancies, most of

which will be compulsory, are

the first involuntary cuts called

for by a high street bank, although others, notably the

The blow to the Banking In-

surance and Finance Union is

the greater because of the Co-

op's strong links with the Labour movement. The bank is

setting up a trade union bank

Continued from Page 1

director, explained that the

group has been unable to hold

most of the customers of the

could not compete on price

Mr Arthur Watt, managing

levels by voluntary means.

the Socialists supported the

In his opening speech to a meeting of the Socialists central committee, Sig Craxi that early praised the government, which unnecessary.

set for June 26.

is much less certain.

and Liberals.

Sig Amintore Fanfani and called

BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN ROME

yesterday announced that it elections, to open the way to a

was withdrawing from the four- new and more lasting stability."

for new general elections to be Italian President, before May

Siz Fantani's coalitinn in- munists have let it be known

cluded the Christian Democrats, that, despite public protests,

Government's formation last Christian Democrat Chief Whip, December on the understanding said that it was "unintelligible"

cent, told the main bank union London, Manchester and Skel-

yesterday that it wanted a cut mersdale-would meet in Bir-

of 250 in its 3,200 staff within a mingham on Wednesday. He

Midland, have reduced staffing to the Labour Party. Even if

Democrats.

to a lesser extent in South

ENGINEERING companies in of disputes has increased in the to report. In the past few days, some of Britain's traditional past couple of months, though manufacturing areas are begin- not to very significant proporning to be affected by more tions. A lot of rapport has been union disputes than at any time built up between management in the past two years. The and managed over the past few

Mr Kim is a sign of shop-floor frustra- director nf West Midlands tion and greater resistance to Engineering Employers Associenforced redundancies and low ation, said his organisation had dealt with two or three disputes a day among its 1,200 members federation reported to the about a dozen daily, almost all over pay grievances. In the pre-recession boom years the average was about 40 disputes

> employers' association is in the North-West, and covers most of Greater Manchester, Merseyside and Lancashire. It has an action board which, in the past Derbyshire said yesterday there

June elections demanded in Italy

as Socialists pull out of coalition

THE ITALIAN Socialist Party this spring. It was time for Covernment and, in the next

Whether they will be called

by Sig Sandro Pertini, the

11, the last possible day to

allow time for a minimum 45-

day election campaign, is

uncertain. It depends on the

outcome nf the elaborate game

of political poker being played

out between, yet again, the Socialists and the Christian

Democrats, Liberals and Com-

the Socialists, Social Democrats they would not be averse to a Christian Democrats could be

Democrats, bowever, maintain

with increasing outspokenness

Sig Ciriaco de Mita, the

Christian Democrat leader, is

due to make known his party's

position today, but there seems

little doubt be will reject Sig

Christian Democrat Chief Whip,

Government's formation last Christian Democrat Chief Whip, prevent elections when they December on the understanding said that it was "unintelligible" have seemed probable. This that it would survive only to for the Socialists to praise the time, his attitude is unknown.

Co-op Bank seeks 250 job cuts

THE Co-operative Bank, which deputy general secretary, said ment and some measure of earlier this week reported a last night that delegates from redundancy."

fall in profits of nearly 60 per the three areas affected ____ Mr Eric Hutchinson, the

expected a request to be made

to the executive for a ballot on

that strong," Mr Molley said,

because we are not affiliated

we were, our members' interests

come first. We told the hank

this morning that we expected

A statement from the hank

the members would be angry."

said that the purpose of the cost reduction was "to enable

in February," he aaid.

Mr Watt said the directors

had made the wrong decision

dustry, "but once we realised

possible to make it work."

in entering the special steel in- sales were planned. He hoped

"The Labour link is not all

industrial actinn.

Thatcher and Kohl gloomy

Republicans Social

general election. The Christian recapturing some lost ground.

Democrats. bowever, maintain If that is the case, the

little doubt be will reject Sig
Craxis's call. Last night Sig
Pertini. In the past he has
Cerardo Bianco, the infinential always fought successfully to

largest engineering

The

the association has bad half a dozen disputes on the board.

One of them, at N. Greenings. Warrington wire company. involves 550 workers who have been on strike for four weeks over redundancies.
Mr Mike Bamber, the associa-

tion's assistant director, said: I think there is a shift in attitudes. There's a greater challenge to the trade union leadership and to management decisions Some officials said the water

workers' strike had also had an impact on shop-floor attitudes. Some feared disputes might now take longer to sort out hecause of the decline in the influence of paid union nfficials.

The engineering association for South Yorkshire and North were nnly faint signs of unrest. These did not yet add up to a

hreath, to provoke its downfall.

In any case, Christian Demo-crats and Socialists would have

to co-operate, as now, in subse-

quent governments after the

next elections. So what was the

point, Sig Bianco asked, of hold-

ing them a year before they

The Socialists' determination

to force an end to the current

Parliament reflects the party's

fear that its growing popularity

of the last two nr three years may have reached a peak.

the Socialists and there are

indications that, under Sig De

Mitas' forceful leadership, the

Christian Democrats may be

happy to go to the country this

summer. But publicly, they are

expressing opposition with the aim of pinning the blame for elections, which Italy in general

shows no sign of desiring, on

Mr Eric Hutchinson, the

union's organiser at the bank,

said he had warned management

for some years that its perform-

ance was poor. "It has to be said that it's got itself in this position through outright had management. I believe it's ripe either for a takeover or the

Co-operative Wholesale Society stepping in and saying it's not

The Co-op's statement said

that while it did not seek the same level of profitability as

private sector hanks, an increase

in the return nn funds was

making companies, made trad-ing profits of £4.85m last year compared with £6.6m in 1981.

to stay on as managing director,

views of the new shareholders.

Mr Watt said no further asset

the Socialists.

Recent scandals have involved

constitutionally fell due?

a factory occupation over five redundancies st a Sheffield drop forger, and there had been two three-week strikes in Worksop and Barnsley

Mr Nick Kemp, the association's director, said "much-vaunted co-operation" was showing signs of stress.

The association for Yorkshire

and Humberside has witnessed from ICI was enough to set the stock market alight last week, a rise in "petty niggling, squabbles and minor disputes there is still no sign of more hich could indicate a degree than a few select spots of manuof frustration," Mr Vernon facturing industry sparking into renewed life. On all the avail-Minett, its director, said. Some officials believe that able evidence, many of the companies that have been lead-

signs that some companies may no longer be at rock-bottom have helped to fuel unrest. 700 mark have yet to catch There is no way that companies could withstand a rash of significant disputes," federation added.

Claim for 35-hour week, Page Editorial comment and Hazards of recovery, Page 22

adviser retained

By Max Wilkinson.

MR TERRY BURNS, the

The decision was announced

The extension of Mr Burns's four-year contract is short enough, however, to allow an incoming government to make a reasonably early decision on whether to keep him in office or to appoint someone else.

civil servant rather than as a political adviser, Mrs Thatcher strongly sympathised with his views on the importance of monetary discipline. He regards his job in a non-political light, bowever, in contrast to Professor Alan

sonal economic adviser. Mr Burns moved to the tuess School where, as urged the need to fight inflaalready gaining ground in the Treasury under the last was taken up more vigorously by the Conservatives in 1979.

UK TODAY Sunny intervals, showers, heavy at times; windy in E and

London, SE, S England,

Outlook: Continuing unsettled.

WORLDWIDE

	. 0						
on EEC matters, the British Prime Minister, said she was confident she would secure a rehate on Britain's EEC hadget contributions for 1983 by the first week in June. In spite of the EEC Commission's reluctance to move quickly on the UK problem, Mrs Thatcher took heart from assurances given by Herr Kohl that his government would do everything possible to ensure that the rebate was secured at the next EEC summit in Stuttgart on June 6-7. West Cermany holds the presidency of the EEC Council of Ministers until the end of June. While Britain sets great store	determined to round off its presidency with the approval of a declaration on European Union designed to give the Community new momentum. One important feature of the plan is the abolition of the practice allowing governments to veto decisions in the Community's Council of Ministers when vital national interests are at stake. Mrs Thatcher remains adamant that governments should retain the veto. The Prime Minister said it was important that progress	including methods of bringing down inflation. It appears likely, however, that Britain will take a much tougher line than West Germany on restricting East-West trade when the matter comes up for discussion next month at the Western economic summit in Williamshurg, Virginia. President Reagan intends to push for tighter measures to prevent the export of high technology goods to the Communist bloc. His efforts to prevent European companies exporting U.Slicensed equipment to the Soviet Union for the Siberian gas pipeline brought about a	Amadm,	28 79 L M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	federal F federa	112 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	
Continued from Page 1 Aurora sections for the past two years.	eks reconst. "I'm glad we got out. Prices have gone down even further since we announced the closure	The group's other activities, including industrial fasteners,	Ednbgh. Company of the company of th	.9 48 Ri 15 59 Ro 17 63 Sa 14 57 S. 18 64 Sh 10 50 S 11 62 Sh 12 54 Sh 12 54 Sh 14 57 Ts	o J'ot ome F sizog C ciscot F Mritz. ngapr. F tisget ckhm. C resbg. S dney S ngir F I Aviv narifs F	18 6 13 5 11 5 34 8 5 4 15 5 22 7	34 52 33 39

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Treasury

Treaury's chief economic adviser, has been given a 12-month extension of his contract, which was to have expired at the end of this

by the Prime Minister yesterday. It means that Mr Burns will remain in his joh as a at least until after the next election.

Mr. Burns was appointed, at the comparatively early age of 35, in January 1980. Although he came in as a

Walters, Mrs Thatcher's per-

Treasury from the London Professor of Economics in charge of the Centre for Economic Forecasting, he tion through monetary and fiscal controls. This view was Labour Government but it

Weather

Midlands, N. NW England, SW Scotland Some bright intervals. Winds

moderate. Max 14C (57F). Rest of England, Borders, Wales, SE Scotland, N Ireland Cooler. Max 13C (55F).

Rest of Scotland Cloudy; snow on hills; wind strong, gales in places. Max

Temperatures near normal.

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sight of a genuine recovery in volume. Indeed, investor anticipation has raced so far ahead of production activity that the City is beginning to scent some sort of share price correction among the engineering com-

benefits of the slide in sterling, particularly against the D-Mark, are coming through swiftly. For an engineering company, the currency factor, though un-doubtedly there, works differently. Even an exporter half-Aurora way down the chain between Stock E light consumer orientated products and the heavy contracting end tends to be tied into long-

term contracts. A motor com-ponent manufacturer, for example, may now be making translation gains on foreign earnings and picking up market share in the after market; but the full effect of more competitive pricing an winning new business will take time to feed In the bome market, higher

While the bullish statement

ing the market up towards the

ICPs improvement is mainly

dne to currency. In its com-modity trading husinesses, the

demand is very much confined to consumer durable producers and the hullding sector. The High Street boom bas pulled the white goods manufacturers out of the recession and is maintaining the momentumbut that is a process that began last summer and has now heen more or less absorbed. In the cuilding industry, the encouraging noises that emerged from RMC last week, or from BICC construction division a few weeks earlier, translates the effect of the rise in honsing starts, the strength of DIY demand, and increased local authority and maintenance

The contractors are now look-

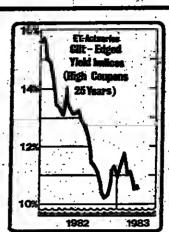
activity.

Index fell 4.0 to 688.0

in fun City

THE LEX COLUMN

Walking wounded



tors have perfected a language

Stock Exchange traders have been so busy dehating the arrival of an industrial recovery this week that yesterday they may hardly have noticed two hattered victims of the recession limping through the side door. to deliver their own judgement on booming Britain. Aurora announced a suspen-

sion of its sbares pending a capital reconstruction and Blackwood Hodge unveiled a set of preliminary figures which bad been held over for a week owing to an unspecified problem with the company's auditors. As it turns out, no amount sophisticated accounting could bave made the figures look anything but profoundly

chin, charging £13.4m below the line for 1982 on top of a loss after taxation of £4.3m. The retained loss has virtually extinguished both ordinary and preference shareholders' funds leaving the group with no option but to seek a capital reconstruction.

For the banks and institutions, ing for a further boost from larger scale public works programmes. But even where these are emerging, they take at least 12 months from conception. to trundling the bulkdozers on £600,000. The final withdrawal whole company at about £15m site. The same goes for the from special steels will have a With the Sunley family trusts neutral effect on cash flow so condrolling 35 per cent of the might start to push through to a sizable capital injection will ordinary equity—and trustees the process plant makers back be needed if Aurora is to be in sitting on the board—the insti-

asset disposals—particularly in Australia—will be needed.

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Pace encount

Aurora's expansion into special steels during the late 1970s looks, in retrospect, one of the most monumentally illconceived decisions of decade. The heady growth of those years would never have been possible, however, without the spirited co-operation of the banks and institutions, which installed the management responsible and underwrote the necessary issue of equity. The Department of Industry, which is actively involved in the reconstruction, is presumably impressing on them their moral obligation to put this fallen angel back on its feet.

Blackwood Hodge

As recently as inst September, the chairman of Blackwood Hodge felt condent enough to predict that "hi file absence of unforeseen profiles we would expect to see a time farst time, he proved mark too optimistic.

A pre-tax profit of £639,000 at the interior stage has translated to a full year loss of £3.7m. The position would have looked worse still but for a decision to shift the results of its Nigerian shift the results of its Nigerian operations from associate to investment status benefiting the pre-tax line by £734,000. At the same time, the group has suddenly abandoned current cost ccounts.
These secounting adjust-

ments may give some indication of the pressure being felt by Blackwood Hodge. The 28 per cent fall in sales incurred during the second half was very Aurora has taken the full cost first quarter, the company is of its withdrawal from the special steels business on the special steels business on the recovery in orders. Debt has falls roughly in line with sales, but Blackwood has still not managed to improve its all important stock to sales ratio: while net borrowings are equivalent to about 150 per cent of shareholders equity. Blackwood's very high stocks have always enabled it to run up monumental levels of trade will demand a considerable debt but the group's bankers at the far end of the recovery a position to trade its way out tutions may be powerless to cycle. Nn wonder finance direct of trouble in its slimmed down take any initiative.

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